"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,662. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1911.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. } Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

THE WEATHER.

Rain Friday, colder at night; Saturday fair, colder; brisk south to northwest winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 20.

FIGHT ON TO STOP THE STEEL INQUIRY

House Likely to Foil Move to Avert Calling Carnegie, Morgan, and Rockefeller.

A ROCKEFELLER DENIAL

Oil Man Gives Out a Paper Signed by the Merritts in 1897 Retracting What They Say Now About Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Mr. Stanley, the Chairman of the select committee of the House which is investigating the United States Steel Corporation, has determined to take to the floor of the House the question of the authority of his committee to go on with the investigation. He has been slowly but thoroughly aroused to the danger that besets him in the attitude of members of the committee, and especially of Representative Martin Littleton, who is now openly aligned against the Chairman.

Mr. Stanley wants to complete the inquiry upon the plan laid down in the beginning. Mr. Littleton takes the position that, under the terms of the House resolution, the investigation must cease. Such an event would excuse Andrew Carnegie and J. P. Morgan from appearing to be interrogated on the formation of the Steel Trust, and would also foil the intention of Mr. Stanley to bring John D. Rockefeller before the committee to be examined in regard to the story of the two Merritt brothers of Minnesota, who told the committee this week that Mr. Rockefeller had stripped them of millions represented by the rich iron deposits of the Mesaba range in Northern Minnesota.

Mr. Stanley will not ask the House to change the language of the resolution authorizing the investigation, but will ask that the membership of the committee be increased, and he will take care that the additional members will not lean to the side of the Steel Corporation.

Mr. Stanley takes the ground, and is supported by several of the best lawyers in the House, that under the language of the resolution authorizing the investigation the suit begun by the Government against the Steel Corporation does not cut the committee off from further jurisdiction as an investigating body.

As the committee is now constituted there are five Democrats and four Republicans. Mr. Littleton can at any moment, by going over to the Republicans on any question involving political issues as to pursuing the investigation, further overrule the Chairman. Mr. Littleton, it is expected by some, will voluntarily withdraw from the committee, in view of the difficulties that have arisen. He takes what he regards a lawyerlike position in regard to the jurisdiction of the committee, but it has been apparent all through the investigation that he has not been entirely in accord with the drastic and trenchant methods of investigation pursued by Mr. Stanley.

The battle royal that will take place when the matter is taken up in the House is awaited with intense interest by all who know of what is coming. There is no doubt as to the attitude of the majority of the Democrats in the House, and it is a foregone conclusion that they will support Mr. Stanley and insist on carrying the investigation to any length that the Chairman of the committee asks. The situation is so strained that the Democratic leaders are not unlikely to demand that the differences between Mr. Stanley and Mr. Littleton be thrashed out in a party caucus rather than have the harmony that has existed thus far imperiled.

There has been a threat that the Tammany members will rally around Mr. Littleton and inject into the situation an element of discord that might afford a rallying point for the mischief making propensities of the Republican members, and result in Mr. Stanley's defeat. The spectacle of a Democratic member defending a trust would be as enjoyable to the Republicans as it would be galling to the Democrats. To avoid this it is believed that Mr. Littleton will try to smooth out the trouble and may decide that the Steel Committee is no place for him.

Mr. Stanley has addressed a letter to John D. Rockefeller inviting him to appear of his own accord before the committee to give the facts from his viewpoint of the transactions by which the Merritts, as they allege, were stripped of their holdings in the Mesaba iron range and of the railroad they had built to the mines from Lake Superior. Mr. Stanley sets forth the narrative of the Merritts carefully and characterizes the affair in a way to emphasize the importance to any American citizen of revealing the whole truth of such a transaction if but a part has been told.

A similar letter was sent to the Rev. Dr. F. D. Gates, who is said to act as a religious, charitable, and financial go-between for Mr. Rockefeller.

Congressman Martin W. Littleton, who, as a member of the Stanley Investigating Committee, has been credited in newspaper reports with the statement that he would join hands with the Republican members of the committee in an effort to have the investigation stopped at the earliest possible moment, told a TIMES reporter yesterday that there was no truth in these reports.

"The question has not come up formally before the committee as to whether we should go further in investigating the Steel Trust at present or wait until Congress meets and the committee can receive further instructions," said he. "Six members of the committee, attending an executive session a few days ago, after discussing that matter informally, decided unanimously that it should not be put to a vote in the committee until all the nine members could be present.

"I do not hesitate to say that I consider it very doubtful if the committee is vested with powers to proceed any further. Under the resolution creating the committee we were instructed to investigate whether the Steel Trust was guilty of violating the Sherman anti-trust law. Since this investigation was started the Government has brought action against the United States Steel Corporation in the United States Circuit Court of New Jersey, flatly charging a violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust act. So it would seem that the committee could serve no further purpose by going on.

"Personally, I think it is wrong for the committee to continue its work with the Government litigation against the Steel Corporation pending before the courts.

Continued on Page 2.

THAT FRIDAY NIGHT DINNER.
Hungarian Menu, with wine, $1.
CAFE BOULEVARD, 2d Av. and 10th Street.
—Adv.

THE HUHNS SEPARATE.

Philadelphia Broker's Break with Wife Shown by Advertisements.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23.—Mr. and Mrs. George A. Huhn have legally separated, and articles of separation have been signed by both, but their terms could not be ascertained.

It is learned, however, that ample financial provision is made for Mrs. Huhn. The confirmation of the report of the separation was contained in this advertisement published in Philadelphia and New York newspapers:

> Notice is hereby given that articles of separation having been signed between George A. Huhn and Alyce M. Huhn, his wife, under which ample financial provision has been made for the wife, the undersigned will not be responsible for any bills or indebtedness contracted by his wife, Alyce M. Huhn. GEORGE A. HUHN.
> Philadelphia, Nov. 23, 1911.

What led to the separation is not known. Incompatability is believed to be the moving cause. Mrs. Huhn is not in the city, and has been away since late in the Spring. It is understood that she is now in a sanitarium in Rhode Island.

Mr. and Mrs. Huhn were married in 1898 at New York, the latter then being the widow of Thomas Iasigi of Boston. Her maiden name was Alice Janney. She was a daughter of Thomas Janney, who died some years ago at Baltimore. There is one child, a girl, Ethel Huhn, about 11 years old.

George A. Huhn is the head of the brokerage firm of George A. Huhn & Sons, a leading concern in this city. He is well known in social and club circles.

SUES BAUDOUINE IN RENO.

Wife of New Yorker Seeks Divorce for Third Time.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 23.—Suit for divorce was filed in this city to-day by Mai Alden Baudouine against John F. Baudouine. It is not known what the cause of action is, as neither the plaintiff nor her attorneys will discuss the case. From the fact, however, that the parties separated two years after their marriage, which took place at the Larchmont Athletic Club in 1900, and that a subsequent suit for divorce was filed by Baudouine, followed by a counter suit by Mrs. Baudouine, it is believed that desertion, cruelty, and possibly other statutory grounds are set out in the complaint.

Baudouine is a prominet clubman and whip. He inherited a fortune from John Martin, the well-known horseman. Mr. Baudouine is a member of the New York and Larchmont Yacht Clubs, the Lotos Club, and the New York Athletic Club.

Mrs. Baudouine has been a prominent figure in the local divorce colony since her arrival in Reno. She was one of the conspicuous figures at the "Divorceeons" ball given in Reno a few days ago. At the time of her marriage Mrs. Baudouine, then Miss Chatterton, was 17 years of age. Baudouine was 36, and a widower with three children.

Mrs. John F. Baudouine of New York was reported to have arrived in Reno to take up her residence, the latter part of last May. A suit for divorce had been brought against her in 1908 by her husband, to which she had replied with a counter suit. The case was before the Supreme Court on several occasions on motions by counsel for Mrs. Baudouine for alimony and amended complaints of both the litigants, but it was never brought to trial.

Mrs. Baudoine was Miss Mai Alden Chatterton and she was married to John F. Baudouine in 1900, when she was 17. They were separated at that time and reunited after a few months. They were friends for three days, and then Mrs. Baudouine returned to her mother. A suit for divorce was started by her in 1903 and dropped a year later. The next suit began in 1908.

SWEARING OFF TAXES.

Cut for J. D. Rockefeller, Jr.—W. K. Vanderbilt Pleads Non-Residence.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., called at the office of the Tax Department yesterday with a notice that he had been assessed on $500,000 worth of personal property. He said that his personal holdings were valued at only $394,495, of which $333,908 was in bonds. As he had failed to register his bonds under the new secured debt law he will have to pay taxes upon them.

William K. Vanderbilt also appeared and swore off an assessment at a valuation of $2,000,000. He stated that in the first place he lived in Oakdale, L. I., and therefore was not a resident of New York City, and in the second place his bonds were registered under the new law and were not taxable in any locality in the State.

Mrs. Alice G. Vanderbilt, through her attorney, swore her personal assessment down from $500,000 to $400,000.

Deputy State Controller Julius Harburger reported to Controller William Sohmer that over $6,000 was paid in taxes yesterday in the new Secured Debt Bureau recently established in the State's local office at 165 Broadway. Bonds to the extent of over $1,000,000 were brought in by J. P. Morgan & Co. Stamps were affixed and canceled, thus exempting these particular bonds from future local taxation.

Among the principal issues exempted were securities of the United States Steel Corporation, Beech Creek Extension Railroad Company, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Southern Railway Company, and the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company.

MAYOR SELLS TURKEYS NOW.

Offers 300 to Indianapolis Residents at 17 Cents a Pound.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 23.—Mayor Shank has obtained the services of A. L. Long, a produce dealer, to assist in reducing the high cost of living for Thanksgiving Day. The Mayor will have for sale on the city market next Tuesday 300 live turkeys, 100 live chickens, and a large number of live ducks. These will be sold at 17 cents a pound for turkeys, 10 cents a pound for chickens, and 12 cents a pound for ducks. He will have some real country butter for sale at 28 cents a pound.

The Housewives Protective Association plans to reduce the high cost of living by asking grocers in different parts of the city to submit bids to furnish foodstuffs at cost, plus a reasonable profit. It is proposed that the city shall be divided into districts, and grocers asked to bid for supplying foodstuffs to families living in their respective districts. The grocers will be informed of approximately the number of families to be served in each district and will be asked to submit bids to cover a period of six months or a year.

In the event that grocers are unwilling to submit reasonable bids it is proposed that department stores shall be asked to bid. It is also possible that some one will be designated to act as a purchasing agent, to investigate prices elsewhere, and to keep members of the association posted on market conditions generally. This is in line with a suggestion by Mayor Shank that the city employ a man to perform similar work in connection with the city market.

SPEND THANKSGIVING
AT VIRGINIA HOT SPRINGS.
Special train leaves Pennsylvania Station Nov. 29th. Returning on Bankers' Special Sunday night, Dec. 3.—Adv.

OUR NEW CARDINALS WELCOMED IN ROME

Great Interest Taken in Arrival of Mgrs. Farley and Falconio—They Visit Merry del Val.

THE POPE TO RECEIVE THEM

Secret Consistory Next Monday, Public Consistory Thursday—Farley to be Back Here for Christmas.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 23.—The arrival of Cardinals-designate Farley and Falconio was the great event of to-day.

When Archbishop Farley drove to the Vatican in the afternoon all the officials there gathered to pay their respects to the new Cardinal, who is Archbishop of one of the most powerful dioceses in the world. All admired the simplicity and modesty of the new Prince of the Church. Cardinal Merry del Val embraced him affectionately and had a long, private conversation with him.

The whole day, notwithstanding the fatigue of the journey, has been a very busy one for Archbishop Farley, as his friends and admirers would not be denied, and paid him long visits. Mgr. Falconio escaped to some extent the enthusiasm of his friends by taking refuge in a Franciscan monastery.

Archbishop O'Connell has had an unexpected adventure. His landing at Naples and departure for Rome were announced to-day, and friends went to the station here to meet him, but when the train arrived, to the general astonishment and almost dismay, he was not on it. Later it was learned that owing to the rough sea this morning he had been prevented from landing from the steamer Canopic. He will arrive here to-morrow.

ROME, Nov. 23.—Cardinals-designate Farley and Falconio arrived here at 8:15 A. M. A large crowd of ecclesiastics had assembled at the station before dawn, but the train containing the two American Archbishops was an hour and a quarter late. The first to alight from the car was Archbishop Farley, who was immediately followed by Archbishop Falconio. Both looked well, notwithstanding the fatigue of their long journey.

All the ecclesiastics present knelt and kissed the rings of the Cardinals-designate, while many travelers and other persons about the station, learning of the presence of the American prelates, joined in emphasizing the cordiality of the reception. A characteristic note was given to the occasion by the circumstance that some of the clerical suite carried rolled American flags bound with white and yellow ribbons, the Papal colors.

The warmest congratulations and respectful greetings were then presented to the two Cardinals-designate by Mgr. Kennedy, Rector of the American College in Rome: Mgr. Dennis O'Connell, Auxiliary Bishop of San Francisco; Dr. Bernard J. Mahoney of Albany, spiritual director of the American College; Father Dolan, formerly of New York and now Rector of the English-speaking Church of San Silvestro here; Fathers Nelson, O'Kelly, Scannell, and Baker, all of New York; Father Mynahan of Buffalo, and Father Hilary Jordan of St. Paul.

The Superior Procurator General of the Franciscan Monks took Cardinal-designate Falconio to the Monastery of St. Antony, while Cardinal-designate Farley, accompanied by Mgr. Kennedy, Mgr. O'Connell, and Dr. Mahoney, drove to the Hotel Bristol, followed by the suite. The report of the arrival of the American Cardinal-designate had caused many persons to gather around the hotel.

At the usual Papal audience this morning Cardinal Merry del Val, Papal Secretary of State, communicated to the Pope the arrival of the two Cardinals-designate, and informed him of the cordial reception that had been accorded to them everywhere, showing the satisfaction given by their elevation. The Pope appeared very pleased, and said he was looking forward to receiving them.

"It is a great satisfaction to have to do with such an appreciative country as America," exclaimed the Pope to-day, showing to Vatican officials a large package of clippings and messages from America expressing gratitude and the warmest thanks for the granting to the United States of three new Cardinals.

This afternoon the two Cardinals-designate were received by Cardinal Merry del Val. Archbishop Farley described to him the immense impression of gratification produced in America by what he called the "most courteous, generous, and noble recognition of America." He added that the pleasure expressed by Americans was not limited to Catholics, the Protestants having shown equal enthusiasm, as was proved by the more than 2,000 messages received from all classes and the monster send-off given to him when he left New York.

Cardinal Merry del Val received Archbishop Farley like a brother, saying it was one of the happiest moments of his life to greet the Archbishop of the American metropolis as a member of the Sacred College.

Mgr. Falconio referred to the strength of Catholicism in America and the progress it was making in all branches. Cardinal Merry del Val congratulated Mgr. Falconio on the active services which he had rendered as Apostolic Delegate at Washington, and added that he was deserving of the highest praise and appreciation.

Although the Cardinals-designate are supposed to be here privately until after the secret Consistory, at which they will officially assume their new honors, Archbishop Farley to-day held an informal reception, being visited by many friends who wished to extend their congratulations.

The Vatican has placed at the disposal of the Archbishops of New York and Boston the chief Master of Ceremonies, Mgr. Tani, who will have charge of all the ceremonies in which the new Cardinals will participate.

Mgr. Falconio has been notified that he will be received in audience by the Pope to-morrow morning.

The Papal Secretary's plan to give a dinner in honor of the new Cardinals has been abandoned, the Holy See considering this year, which has been marked by the celebration of the Italian jubilee, as a year of mourning. For the same reason Mgr. Kennedy has been advised not to invite Cardinal Merry del Val to the dinner in honor of the American Cardinals which he intends to give at the American College.

The secret consistory will be held next Monday, and the public consistory will follow on Thursday. At the secret consistory only the Pope and the Cardinals resident in Rome will be present. At the public consistory the ceremony will be much more imposing, the new Cardinals receiving their red hats from the Pope in the presence of a brilliant gathering.

Archbishop Farley hopes to take possession of his titular Church of Sancta Maria sopra Minerva in the first week of December. He intends to leave Rome about Dec. 10 for New York, sailing from Naples, and will spend Christmas at home. He will probably have an audience of the Pope on Friday.

"No Thanksgiving dinner without Angostura Bitters, world-renowned appetizer; exquisite flavor."—Adv.

AN AMERICAN THE STORM CENTRE IN PERSIA

W. Morgan Shuster, who is managing the finances of that troubled country, has had a remarkable career. Read of it in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

WOMAN FIGHTS CROWD TO PROTECT A HORSE

Mrs. Catherine Campbell, Secretary of Bide-a-Wee Home, Attacked by Men and Boys.

WAS DRAGGED FIFTY FEET

But Causes Arrest of the Driver and Two of the Mob She Says Struck and Kicked Her.

When Patrolman Connell of the West Thirtieth Street Station arrived at Fourth Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street on the double quick at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon in response to a telephone message that there was a riot there he found Mrs. Catherine Campbell, Secretary of the Bide-a-Wee Home, surrounded by a crowd of 500 men and boys, who were pushing and shoving her about. With one hand she held the bridle of a horse attached to a delivery wagon and with the other grasped firmly the arm of the driver, who was struggling to break away. By her side was Capt. Jacobs of the S. P. C. A., and he was doing his best to beat the crowd back.

Connell pushed through the crowd to Mrs. Campbell, whose hair was disheveled and her clothing disarranged. When the policeman reached her she cried, "Now, I'll get you!" and pointed out two men who, she declared, had pushed and shoved her.

Mrs. Campbell told Policeman Connell that she had been sitting at the window of her studio at 420 Fourth Avenue when she happened to look out and saw a truck driver kicking his horse. She ran into the street and remonstrated with him. He told her to "mind her own business" and she grasped him by the arm. Then the crowd began to collect.

To her surprise, said Mrs. Campbell, almost every one seemed to sympathize with the driver. The trouble occurred but a block from Madison Square Garden, where the Horse Show is being held, and Mrs. Campbell said that none of the traffic officers stationed there made any attempt to aid her. She declared she would make a complaint to-day to Police Commissioner Waldo.

Capt. Jacobs took the driver, who said he was Edward O'Donnell of 425 West Thirtieth Street, away without interference on the part of the crowd, but when Policeman Connell, accompanied by Mrs. Campbell, started for the West Thirtieth Street Station with his prisoners, the crowd followed them, hooting and jeering. When they had gone a block an attempt was made to take the prisoners away, and the policeman was forced to back up against the stoop of a house and threaten to use his club on the prisoners if they tried to escape.

The crowd then turned its attention to Mrs. Campbell, and several times on the way to the station house she cried out that men were kicking or hitting her.

The prisoners said they were Louis Newman, a roofer of 115 Irving Street, Mount Vernon, and Harry Kronenthal, a nurse of 1,470 Brook Avenue. Mrs. Campbell charged them with interfering with her while, as an officer of the S. P. C. A., she was performing her duty.

Mrs. Campbell appeared in the Night Court last night against O'Donnell. She said that she had been mauled and pushed about by the crowd before Connell arrived on the scene, and that O'Donnell had attempted to drive the horse away, causing her to be dragged fifty feet. O'Donnell, who is employed by Harry Ahlers of 414 West Thirty-first Street, said that he had been trying to mend a broken harness, and that he had kicked the horse to make it get to one side. He was fined $5.

LADY BOUNTIFUL IN FLAMES.

Laden with Gifts for Children, She Falls Over Stove—Dies of Burns.

Mrs. Elizabeth Boylan, an aged widow of 5,514 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, was burned to death yesterday at noon. Mrs. Boylan had her arms full of Christmas gifts she had prepared for the children of the neighborhood when she stumbled over a small gas stove in the parlor of her apartment in the two-family house at 5,512 and 5,514 Sixth Avenue. The mass of Christmas gifts in her arms quickly caught fire.

Her screams brought Elizabeth Tallon from the adjoining apartment. Miss Tallon beat out the flames. Dr. L. J. Denchfield of 78 West Ninety-fourth Street, Manhattan, who was treating Mrs. Boylan for rheumatism, happened in at this time time and found that his patient was dead.

Mrs. Boylan's husband, who died thirty years ago, was a manufacturer at Troy, N. Y., and two years ago Mrs. Boylan, then 69 years old and childless, came to Brooklyn to live. She took a great interest in the children of Public School 94, at Sixth Avenue and Fifty-first Street, three blocks away, and frequently invited them and their mothers to be her guests on trips to the parks and Coney Island. She had planned to make this coming Christmas, the third of her Christmas tree parties for her young friends, the best of the series, and had prepared a large number of gifts.

Mrs. Boylan had so far as known no living relatives, and her only mourners, those at her house said last night, would be her young friends.

ESCAPES FROM MATTEAWAN.

John Fitzpatrick the Second Inmate to Gain Freedom This Week.

Special to The New York Times.

FISHKILL LANDING, Nov. 23.—John Fitzpatrick, an inmate of the Matteawan Hospital and a trusty, made his escape to-night. Fitzpatrick was at work at one of the barns, and the attendant in charge neglected to take the man to the ward.

The patient made his escape into the woods. A number of attendants are searching for him to-night. He is the second inmate to get away this week, Miss Ottilie Schneider escaping on Monday night.

CRETA CREME HAND SOAP
For Automobilists. Sold by The General Auto Supply Co., 53d Street & Broadway.—Adv.

PENNED, INCHES AWAY FROM MADDENED DOG

Widow, Cornered in Her Kitchen, Sent Out Calmly for Help as He Leaped Nearer.

HER DAUGHTERS HYSTERICAL

But Mrs. Vetter Kept Cool and as His Paws Reached Her Chest Slipped by Him—Dog Shot in Time.

Mrs. Carrie L. Vetter, a widow, living at 32 McCoomb's Place, almost wept yesterday morning as she fastened her pet bulldog "Tige" to the leg of the kitchen table by a heavy chain about four feet long. Since the animal, then a pup, followed her home some six years ago it has been a great pet of hers and of her three married daughters, who visit her frequently.

"Tige" had the freedom of the house, but several weeks ago he limped home after a run in the street with both forepaws slightly crushed. A veterinary cured the dog's wounds, but afterward Tige began to shows signs of ill-temper. He snapped and growled when even Mrs. Vetter approached him, and on the advice of the veterinary Mrs. Vetter chained the dog to the table intending to watch him for a few days in the hope of discovering the cause of his changed disposition.

Mrs. Vetter entered the kitchen shortly after noon yesterday to prepare dinner. She stopped to caress Tige as she passed the animal. The dog responded to her advances with a growl, and Mrs. Vetter turned to her cooking with a sigh of regret that her old pet should have changed so. She was bending over the range when, turning suddenly as if impelled to the movement by some sense of impending danger, she saw Tige crouched for a spring. The dog's jaws were open and his fangs showing clearly beneath the drawn back lips. As though he realized that Mrs. Vetter had seen him, the animal sprang the instant Mrs. Vetter turned toward him.

The woman jumped back, but not in time to prevent the dog's forepaws from striking her on the chest and aiding her movement backward. His teeth narrowly missed her throat and his breath fanned her face. Mrs. Vetter crouched back against the kitchen window, safe for the moment, but less than twelve inches from the dog, which crouched on the floor, where his leap had landed him.

Mrs. Vetter was struck speechless by the astonishment and terror of the sudden attack. She shrank back from the dog until the hard edge of the window frame pressed into her shoulderblades. Her hands, which she had thrown up to protect her face, still covered her eyes as the dog gathered himself for another spring and then launched himself through the air directly at his mistress.

The chain creaked as the dog's outward leap drew it taut, but it held, and the now snarling animal was jerked heavily to the floor, his forepaws moving spasmodically as he strove to reach Mrs. Vetter, his jaws clamping and unclosing with a click of the strong white teeth.

But, her first fright passed, Mrs. Vetter quietly called to her daughters, Mrs. Blanche Stiles, Mrs. Edna Thorout, and Mrs. Myra Fitzgerald, all of whom had chosen the same day for a visit to their mother, and who were in the front room. At Mrs. Vetter's summons the younger women came leisurely to the back of the flat, unsuspicious that anything was wrong.

As they reached the kitchen door they saw their mother, crouched close against the wall and in front of her a snarling, growling form, little like the old pet Tige, which leaped viciously against his restraining chain, each movement dragging the heavy kitchen table a trifle across the floor, and bringing the dog a part of an inch nearer to the shrinking woman.

From the daughters came a chorus of hysterical cries, but Mrs. Vetter, still crouching but apparently undismayed, stopped them with a word. In a voice as quiet as though she had been engaged in an ordinary conversation, she exclaimed:

"Now, don't faint. I am in no danger if one of you will only hurry out and get a policeman. Tell him there is a dog here that must be shot. Tige cannot reach me now, but if you delay he will get his teeth into me. Hurry! I am all right for a few moments."

Of the daughters only Mrs. Stiles seemed to grasp the situation. She rushed out of the house, calling to her mother that she would be back in an instant with a policeman. Mrs. Fitzgerald fled for the front room in hysterics. Mrs. Thorout held her ground spellbound with fright.

Even as Mrs. Vetter had spoken, the dog had leaped again, and as Mrs. Thorout watched, helpless and panic-stricken, the animal sprang again and again, each leap bringing him that much nearer to the woman, who stood calmly just beyond his reach, watching closely and estimating the seconds which should elapse before one last jump forward jerked the table close enough for the animal's teeth to touch her.

Finally there came the final leap which dropped the dog, jerked down again by its chain, at the very feet of the crouching woman. Another spring and his teeth must reach her. The claws of his forefeet had brushed her dress on the last jump. Then Mrs. Vetter called again to her frightened daughter:

"Stand back from the door," she said. "When Tige jumps again I am going to try to get past him."

Mrs. Thorout shrank back from the door, the dog sprang once more against his chain, and Mrs. Vetter, almost brushing Tige's flying body, slipped past the animal and reached the hall, safely out of reach. At almost the same instant Mrs. Stiles, bringing Policeman Horan of the West 152d Street Station with her, rushed into the house.

Horan ran to the kitchen. The dog was springing into his collar with quick, frenzied leaps, striving to break his bonds. He was growling and snarling, snapping at the table leg, at the chain, at everything within reach of his jaws. At sight of the policeman Tige sprang at him. Horan snapped the trigger of his revolver. A bullet entered the dog's head and he was sent, writhing and twisting, back upon the floor. Up he bounded, however, as though unharmed, and again he darted toward the policeman. Once more Horan pulled the trigger, and once more the bullet found lodgment in the dog's head. Once more the animal was sent whirling back by the shock of the flying bullet, and this time he lay limp and still on the kitchen floor. Both bullets had entered his brain.

Horan took the dog's body to the station, that it might be examined later by the Board of Health. Mrs. Vetter, as calm and unmoved as though her old pet had never turned against her, busied herself quieting the nerves of her daughters, as upset by the incident as though they had stood backed against the window while Tige snarled at their feet.

GENERAL CHANGE OF TIME TABLES.
A general change in time tables of the Pennsylvania Railroad will be made on Sunday, November 26.—Adv.

MARQUIS KOMURA DEAD.

Ex-Minister to This Country Succumbs to Illness in Tokio.

TOKIO, Friday, Nov. 24.—Marquis Komura, who was Foreign Secretary in the Katsura Cabinet, died this morning.

For some time his health had been in a critical condition.

Marquis Komura, ex-Minister of Foreign Affairs, and former Ambassador to Great Britain, was born in 1855. After being graduated from the Imperial University he was sent to Harvard as one of the first students to be educated at the expense of the Government. In 1884 he was appointed Secretary to the Foreign Office, and was shortly afterward promoted to the post of Director of the Translation Bureau. Till the eve of the outbreak of the Chino-Japanese war in 1894 he was Chargé d'Affaires at Peking.

In 1901 he accepted the foreign portfolio in the Katsura Cabinet, and thus opportunity helped him to achieve unusual distinction at the most momentous period of Japan's diplomatic history.

He was Japan's chief plenipotentiary at the Portsmouth Peace Conference, the treaty of peace, the second Anglo-Japanese alliance treaty, and the Chino-Japanese negotiations, which were a corrolary of the Portsmouth treaty of peace.

JOHN F. DRYDEN STILL LOW.

Ex-Senator's Condition Unchanged—Physicians Have Little Hope.

The condition of ex-Senator John F. Dryden, who is critically ill at his home in Newark, following an operation for gall stones, was reported unchanged early this morning.

The attending physicians still hold out little hope for his recovery, and his family, who are at his bedside, are prepared for the worst.

WOULD FORCE RUSSIA TO ACT

Senator Penrose Says She Should Honor All American Passports.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23.—United States Senator Penrose, in a letter to a local Jewish publication to-day, pledged himself to do all he can as a member of the Senate to force Russia to honor all American passports. The Senator suggested that all Jewish organizations arouse the interest of all members of Congress and newspapers in the matter.

"It is my earnest belief," the Senator said, "that these suggestions will so mold the sentiment of the American people as to create a universal protest against the continuance of a policy which is a direct insult to our National honor and self-respect. As for myself, I wish to say that I shall sacredly keep my promise, and as soon as I return to Washington I will begin effective work in that direction untiringly until our aim be accomplished."

BANKERS ADRIFT IN RIVER.

500 in Danger When Tiller Chain on Steamboat Snaps.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 23.—Some of the leading men in American finance were in danger this afternoon when the big steamboat Natchez drifted helplessly down the Mississippi River. There were aboard 500 bankers, their wives and daughters, who were here attending the American Bankers' Convention.

The boat was one of several in which the delegates made a pleasure trip up the river. Soon after the vessel reached the midstream current, one of the Natchez's tiller chains broke. The siren called for help, while the big brass band aboard was ordered to play its loudest to keep the passengers from becoming alarmed. Other boats in the harbor were whistling salutes to the bankers, however, and it was several minutes before the blasts were interpreted as distress signals.

The steamer Wilmot, which was to carry another crowd of delegates, had not left its dock and put out in time to prevent a collision. Lines were passed to the Natchez and the other boat pulled her ashore, where repairs were made. Most of the party were ignorant of their danger.

A serious stabbing affray, in which a negro cook was wounded fatally, marked the journey of the J. H. Menge, the third boat in the "Bankers' Fleet."

3 DYING OF PTOMAINE POISON

Mother and Children Found Unconscious—Ate Canned Soup, Doctor Says.

On coming home yesterday evening at 6 o'clock Henry Ravella of 419 Humboldt Street, Williamsburg, was startled to find his wife, Barbara Ravella, and their three-year-old daughter, Kate, lying side by side, unconscious on one of the beds. He was trying to decide what to do when he heard moans coming from the kitchen. There he found his two-year-old daughter writhing on the floor in convulsions.

Ravella quickly summoned Dr. Sullivan from St. Catherine's Hospital, who found that the mother and two babies were suffering from ptomaine poisoning.

After removing the patients to the hospital, the doctor learned that Mrs. Ravella had purchased a can of soup yesterday, and that she and the children had eaten it for dinner. Dr. Sullivan said that all three are in a dying condition. Some of the soup was saved and analyzed.

HEIRESS, 15, SEEKS DIVORCE.

Miss Huntington Was at School in New York When She Met Dawley.

ELYRIA, Ohio, Nov. 23.—Wedded in April to 17-year-old Noyes Rand Dawley, 15-year-old Lillian Huntington Dawley now wants a divorce. To-day her attorney filed a petition in Common Pleas Court.

In April Miss Huntington was in a fashionable girls' school at New York, and her mother, wife of Commodore W. R. Huntington of the Sandusky Yacht Club, took her for the Easter holidays to Asheville, N. C.

At Asheville was young Dawley with his mother. They had come from Parkersburg, West Va., where the senior Dawley is a wealthy banker. The mothers were friends. The young people, too, had known each other. Soon they decided on matrimony and found an Asheville preacher who married them.

It is said the young couple have been kept separated as much as possible because of their youth. What grounds for divorce were advanced could not be ascertained, as the attorney was permitted to withdraw the papers from the court files.

Young Mrs. Dawley is a triple heiress, three estates contributing to her wealth. She inherited largely from William Marsh Rice, for whose murder Albert Patrick is serving a life term in prison in New York. Her grandfather Huntington was one of the early Standard Oil capitalists.

"IRON CITY EXPRESS."
Beginning November 26, the "Iron City Express," Pennsylvania Railroad night train to Pittsburgh, will leave Pennsylvania Station, New York, 11:04 P. M., arrive Pittsburgh 9:05 A. M.
—Adv.

BEATTIE DIES TO-DAY; BIDS ALL FAREWELL

His Aged Father Sits for Hours Holding the Boy's Hand in Silent Communion.

MANY APPEALS BY MAIL

Gov. Mann Receives Letters from Sympathizers—Preparations for the Execution.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 23.—The last day on earth of Henry Clay Beattie, the young wife murderer, was spent in communion with his aged father, and in prayer with his two spiritual advisers, the Rev. J. J. Fix and the Rev. Benjamin Dennis. The preachers stayed with him until after 8 o'clock. They will return early in the morning and go with the young man to the electric chair, where he will expiate the crime of slaying his young wife on Midlothian Turnpike on the night of July 18.

Besides the gray-haired father, Beattie's brother, Douglas, and sister, Miss Hazel, and other relatives gathered in the chamber of death in the basement of the great prison and bid the condemned man farewell. The father remained close to the cell and through the bars grasped the hand of the erring son and communed in silence. The scene of despair during the last hours of farewell brought tears to the eyes of all present.

To-night the prison is closed to newspaper men, and no news is allowed to come from the death chamber, where through the long vigil of the night a lone guard sits with the condemned man who meets his death to-morrow morning between 7 and 7:30 o'clock.

While the local public to-night is at nervous tension over so young a man going to the electric chair, the real solicitude is felt for the aged father, who is suffering intense anguish for the sins committed by a son, who he steadfastly believes is innocent of the crime for which he must give up his life.

No confession or statement of any kind has been made by Beattie, and everything indicates that he will go to his death with the secret of the murder in his own breast.

When the father and son met this afternoon the contrast between the two was striking. The eyes of the elder man are dull and lustreless, and have long since ceased emitting tears. The eyes of the doomed man were bright with the feverish light of suppressed excitement. The young man became very sparing of speech and sat motionless, grasping the palsied hand of the older man.

Warden James B. Wood has notified the twelve witnesses to be present a little before 7 o'clock to-morrow morning, and immediately after the invited guests arrive they will be ushered in single file to the death chamber under a guard.

The body of the slain man will be removed from the mortuary room in the basement of the building to the Beattia burial section in Maury Cemetery. To-night the grave was prepared between the graves of the young man's mother and the wife he slew.

The ministers who christened Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., and who officiated at his marriage to Louise Wellford Owen and who conducted the services at her tragic funeral will also say the last rites over his body as it is laid to rest to-morrow morning.

Letters of appeal in behalf of Beattie poured into the office of Gov. Mann to-day, but they are too late, as his last word has been said. The father of Beattie and the condemned man also received a quantity of mail to-day, the words for the former being sympathy and for the younger man commiseration. Beattie's spiritual advisers hope he will break his silence before he enters the death chair.

Word from Washington to-day was to the effect that Paul Beattie told the truth when he denied last week having made affidavits in Washington repudiating the testimony he gave at the trial. Paul said he was doped and probably signed papers while in that condition, and as soon as possible he hastened to Richmond to deny the story of the affidavits which had preceded him. The information corroborating Paul's story of having been drugged comes from his landlady, Mrs. Mary J. Field of 517 Thirteenth Street, who says that she certainly found some queer looking pipes in his room. She also overheard remarks, which created much suspicion in her mind.

A statement has been received here from Lawyer Balderston, the notary before whom the real or supposed Paul made affidavit that he had lied at the trial. This statement is withheld from the press. It is understood that a man appeared before the notary with a statement written on two sheets of paper which he wanted acknowledged. The notary objected to the form of the statement, and said he would not acknowledge it in that shape. The man went away and came back two days later with a statement written on one sheet of paper, and with the person who signed himself as Paul Beattie.

While in Washington, Paul at first passed as Eddie Jones. His companions also had aliases.

Mrs. Field, the landlady, told Paul that he had no reason to conceal his identity, and after that he admitted that he was Beattie. It is supposed the affidavit was obtained to influence Gov. Mann to extend clemency.

BOMB WRECKS SHOP FRONTS.

Avenue A Tenement Inmates in a Panic—Perpetrator Unknown.

Tenants of the flathouse at 172 and 174 Avenue A were startled last night when a bomb was exploded in front of the butcher's shop of Goldstein & Feinberg at 172 and the Black and White Trading Stamp Company at 174 Avenue A. They fled to the street in a panic, and found that the fronts of the two stores had been wrecked. Contents of the show windows were scattered over the street.

It is only a month ago that the butcher shop of the United Beef Supply Company at Twelfth Street and Avenue A was dynamited. This shop, like Goldstein & Feinberg's, gave Black and White trading stamps to their customers, and it is said that they had won over almost the entire trade of the neighborhood. It is believed that a rival set off both bombs.

Last night's bomb broke most of the windows in the flathouse. No one, apparently, saw the bomb put in place, though the street was full of persons at 8:15 o'clock, when the explosion occurred. No one was hurt.

DEWEY'S PURE CLARET WINES.
A great aid to digestion, with meals.
H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N. Y.
—Adv.

GAYNOR NOT TO SEEK PUBLIC OFFICE AGAIN

Tells Queens Business Men No One Will Ever Have Chance to Vote for Him.

HOPES BOROUGH REFORMS

Talks Plainly of Graft There in the Past—Defends ex-President Gresser.

Mayor Gaynor was guest at the annual dinner of the Business Men's Association of Long Island City, held in the Court Square Hotel, last evening, and made a speech, in which he said, incidentally, that no one would ever have the chance to vote for him again. He began by paying a tribute to ex-Borough President Lawrence Gresser and also complimented the borough on having President Connolly as his successor. It seemed to tickle the Mayor that Gresser was not succeeded by "some scamp," as he feared.

"When I first came to Brooklyn to live," he said, "your Mayor was in jail. Deservedly so. And you have had Mayors since I think that were in jail or that ought to have been in jail. You have had from that time a succession of the worst government that I have ever known. [Applause.]

"The rule over here seems to have been for every official to rob everybody else if he could. And so it went on. Now and then a reformer was elected, and you are the judges of whether he was any better than the other fellows. The soil seemed to produce that kind of thing over here.

"I made up my mind that if I ever had the opportunity I would do what I could to stop that, and when I became Mayor an honest old German over here was elected Borough President. I allude to Lawrence Gresser. And he inherited all the bad conditions that had grown up here for thirty years. They were not of his creation. But he was surrounded with them. And I offered to help him. In December, before we took office in fact, he came to me and asked me to help him. And with the aid of good citizens here, some of whom I see sitting here to-night, like Mr. Adikes, of Jamaica and men here who want good government, Mr. Gresser removed one after the other, every corrupt head of department over here, or every undesirable head at all events, and I undertake to say superseded them in each case with an honest and competent man.

"And yet Gresser was removed by the Governor after he got through doing that. Certain people over here combined against him and he was removed. The referee took the evidence and the Governor said that he was honest and free from dishonesty, but tehy thought that he did not measure up to some point of fitness which seemed to fit in their heads. That is a very elusive thing to deal with, fitness. For that reason the people pass upon a man's fitness when they elect him in this free government. And if we went removing people on a score of unfitness, or some standard of fitness that we set up, there might be more people than honest old Lawrence Gresser removed from office.

"I say that much in tribute to that man because I found him to be honest. His removal embarrassed me very much. If it were designed as an embarrassment it could not have been greater.

"However, we have to rejoice that he is succeeded over here, contrary to the expectation of a good many of us and contrary to the hopes of some other people, which you might well get rid of over here, by a young man who promises not only to give good government here but to measure up to the highest standards of efficiency.

"I suppose your government over here has been just as good as you are. By you I mean the people of this borough and of this Long Island City, as it used to be called. Bad peopel, bad government. Water rises no higher than its source. Your government is just what you make it. If you are careless and dishonest and corrupt here, you will elect the same kind of people to office. That is so everywhere, except by accident now and then, and now and then comes pretty seldom.

The Mayor referred to the fact that the borough now had a fine bridge and that his administration had abolished tolls on all bridges. The toastmaster, John F. Galvin, had referred to this, and the Mayor went on:

"So there is a little decency left in the world after all. [Laughter.] And I suppose O'Keeffe, (turning to Bridge Commissioner O'Keeffe,) the whole lot of them would just as lief vote against us to-morrow, although we did it for them. But that is all right. I am satisfied if they are. It is all the same to me. Nobody will ever have the chance to vote for me again, so I will speak for O'Keeffe and not for myself. [Laughter.] But they are all free, from here right down to the old Brooklyn Bridge, as they ought to be.

"Now, there are several things that are uppermost in your minds over here, but I cannot detain you by saying much. As you perceive, I ought to say as little as possible and in the fewest words. As I said, you are growing here fast. You are growing so fast that you present the greatest problem in the world, even to keep your streets in order over here, and open up the streeets to meet the growth of the place. I know you get impatient, but things cannot all be done at once. Organizations like this, made up of business men, in place of growling, must come forward and help. That is what you are for. Do you want to help and will you help? We have plenty of people who don't want to help but want to be little smart, slick politicians and make a noise, and they join organizations for that purpose and they get into office for that purpose and not for the public good."

The Mayor also favored the opening and operating of the Steinway tunnel even if it did cost the city $7,000,000. When the Steinway tunnel was offered in connection with a complete subway proposition its value was placed at $3,000,000, but now that it stood alone he realized that its value was easily $7,000,000. He said the people of Queens wanted to know why the Steinway tunnel was not placed in operation. He said that innumerable petty obstacles were in the way. The Public Service Commission, he said, was still hatching. Even if the franchise had expired before the company got the Steinway tunnel in operation he considered the City of New York too big to try and gouge any concern out of its money.

YUAN TO AVOID FIGHTING.

Chinese Imperialists Not to Attack Rebels—Chang Repudiated.

PEKING, Nov. 23.—Tang Shao-Yi, ex-Minister of Posts and Communications, and prime mover in the scheme for settling the future government of China by a conference of representatives of the provinces, in an interview to-day said he had refused to retain his portfolio in Premier Yuan's Cabinet in order that he might retain freedom to approach both the Government and the revolutionaries in the interest of peace. He left here last week disheartened by the Premier's unswerving support of the Dynasty, but has returned to Peking, having decided to renew his efforts and has discussed a compromise with Yuan.

"The Government," said Tang, "is now willing to meet the people, but the matter of the abdication of the throne will not be pressed unless the compromise scheme fails.

"The Premier desires to prevent further fighting, and agrees not to attack the insurgents anywhere, although the Imperialists must fight if they are attacked. The movement of troops against the Shan-Si revolutionaries has accordingly been abandoned.

"The situation at Nanking," continued Tang, "is beyond the Government's control. Gen. Chang is acting on his own responsibility, and his defeat is only a matter of time. The Government has no sympathy with him."

TOKIO, Nov. 23.—The report that a secret understanding has been reached between Russia and Japan for the dismemberment of China is emphatically denied here.

MANILA, Nov. 23.—The American army officers stationed in the vicinity of Manila to-day began the physical test which has been ordered by the military authorities. This is to prepare them for a possible call for volunteers for service in China, for which purpose it is intended to raise the Fifteenth Infantry, due to arrive here on Dec. 1, to war strength.

No information is given out officially, but it is admitted that the Fifteenth Regiment is to be reinforced as a precautionary measure, and that the troops will be ready to start for China two days after their arrival here.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 23.—The revolutionary troops captured one of the forts on Chun-Shan Hill, near Nanking, after several hours' desperate fighting, according to a cablegram received to-day from Shanghai by The Chinese Free Press.

SEND OIL TRUST MEN BACK TO THE WILDS

No Shelter at 26 Broadway for Employes of the Divorced Subsidiaries.

A SAD HIKE FOR MANY

Who Have Married and Established Homes Here—Their Home Offices as Far Off as California.

Preparations are under way for a great exodus from 26 Broadway, the Standard Oil Building, of the employes and officers of the thirty-odd subsidiaries which will be finally divorced from the New Jersey company on Dec. 1. Orders went out yesterday to employes of the various concerns to be prepared to follow their jobs to distant cities, some as far West as California.

There were many tales of woe current in the sombre building near Bowling Green yesterday of the hardships which moving involved, for since the gathering together of the subsidiaries in 1882 and in legitimatized form under the wing of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey in 1899 those of the employes who came from the original centres of the trade in the Middle West have sent out deep roots into New York soil, and many have married into New York families. One man in particular was heard of yesterday who found extra hardship in his order to get ready to go to Denver in the fact that he has just finished paying for his home in a New Jersey suburb.

Literal compliance with the order of the United States Supreme Court ordering the separation of the subsidiaries has been the policy of the Standard Oil Company since the decree was handed down last Spring. The shooing away of the offices of the subsidiaries from 26 Broadway, an address which has become synonymous with Standard Oil power, is in line with the literal division of the subsidiaries' stocks among the shareholders of the New Jersey Company without any attempt to avoid the issuance of fractional allotments which require six figures to express their denominators.

All of the subsidiaries which do business outside of this State have already offices and organizations in their home States, but have had representation of one sort or another at 26 Broadway. It is apparent that those in charge of the fortunes of the Standard Oil Company have no intention of leaving any stone unturned in their desire to comply with the Supreme Court decision. The Directors of the New Jersey Company who now have places in the subsidiary boards will get out as soon as the various divorced companies can elect new Directors. It has already been made known that there will be no "interlocking" Directorates, and the removal of the offices and employes of the divorced companies from 26 Broadway was looked upon yesterday as just another step in the same direction.

There is no directory of the Standard Oil Building, but it is known that among the subsidiaries whose officers have made their headquarters at 26 Broadway or which have some sort of representation there are the Anglo-American Oil Company, Limited; the Atlantic Refining Company, the Colonial Oil Company, the Continental Oil Company, the Galena Signal Oil Company, the Ohio Oil Company, the Prairie Oil and Gas Company, the Southern Pipe Line Company, the New York Transit Company, the various pipe line companies gathered together under the title of the United Pipe Line Companies, and the Standard Oil Companies of New York, California, Indiana, Kansas, Nebraska, Kentucky, and Ohio.

There is no big building in New York quite like the Standard Oil headquarters. The fifteen stories of the solid old building wear an air of silence and mystery quite out of keeping with its more modern and bustling neighbors. Most of the mystery which the building presents to a stranger is heightened by the fact that, alone of the big buildings downtown, it carries no directory of offices in the entrance. It is necessary to apply to the special officer in the lobby or to the elevator men to find out where any particular company or individual is located, and the panes of ground glass which mask the doors of the offices in many cases, where the most retiring of the company's officials are located, bear no name. It is probably the largest building in the country devoted to a single interest, although E. T. Bedford, the Director of the Standard Oil, whose retirement was announced a few days ago, has made emphatic declaration that the Corn Products Refining Company, which is located there, has no connection with Standard Oil.

Stories that John D. Rockefeller will retire from the Presidency of the Standard Oil Company when the dissolution is accomplished and will be succeeded by John D. Archbold were revived yesterday, but no official word on the subject was obtainable. It is the general belief at 26 Broadway, however, that Mr. Rockefeller will stick to his office to the last.

FIGHT ON TO STOP THE STEEL INQUIRY

Continued from Page 1.

Should the committee find that no violations had been committed, for instance, that would prejudice the case of the Government. Should the committee, on the other hand, find that there had been violations, that would place the defendants at a disadvantage.".

DENIAL FROM ROCKEFELLER.

Gives Out a Signed Statement in Which the Merritts Retracted All.

John D. Rockefeller made a statement last night in reply to the Merritt brothers, who testified before the Stanley committee in Washington that they had been ruined by him as he wrested from them their stock in the Mesaba iron mines and the Dulth, Mesabe & Northern Railroad, Mr. Rockefeller denies the truth of their narrative, and says that they, with other members of their family, signed a statement in 1897 withdrawing the charges and claims against him.

Mr. Rockefeller's statement was issued from the office of the Standard Oil Company, at 26 Broadway. It read as follows:

"In the matter of the evidence of the Merritt brothers before the Stanley committee in Washington, D. C., reflecting upon Mr. John D. Rockefeller in connection with some ore and railroad properties on the Mesabe Range, Mr. Rockefeller authorizes the following statement:

"'Referring to the testimony of the Merritt brothers before the Stanley committee, in which they charged fraud and misrepresentation by Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Gates in connection with the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, and that they were deprived of their interest in that company by means of a loan made them by Mr. Rockefeller of $420,000, which he called during the panic of 1893, all of which statements were denied under oath in the United States court at the trial of the litigation in 1895, it would be absurd to try in the newspapers at this late date the issues in that case, but it is significant that upon the settlement which was made at the close of that litigation both Alfred and Leonidas Merritt, the two who testified before the Stanley committee, together with all the other members of the family, gave Mr. Rockefeller the following paper:

Letter Signed by Merritts.

"Certain matters of difference have existed between the undersigned and Mr. John D. Rockefeller, and a certain litigation has been pending between the undersigned Alfred Merritt and Mr. Rockefeller, in which litigation it was claimed that certain misrepresentations were made by Mr. Rockefeller and those acting for him concerning certain properties sold by him to Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines. It is hereby declared that from recent independent investigations made by us or under our direction we have become satisfied that no misrepresentation was made or fraud committed by Mr. Rockefeller, or by his agents or attorneys for him, upon the sale by him of any property to us or any of us, or to Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, or upon purchase by him from one or more of us of any stocks or interests in any mining or railway company or companies, or upon the pledge by us or either of us to him of stocks and securities belonging to one or more or us, and we hereby withdraw all such charges and claims and exonerate Mr. Rockefeller and his agents and attorneys therefrom.

"ALFRED MERRITT,
JANE A. MERRITT,
LEONIDAS MERRITT,
ELIZABETH E. MERRITT,
ANDRUS R. MERRITT,
ELIZABETH D. MERRITT,
LILLIAN MERRITT,
MAY I. MERRITT,
JOHN E. MERRITT,
ETTA M. MERRITT,
WILBUR J. MERRITT,
IDA MERRITT,
ANDRUS R. MERRITT,
(as surviving partner of the late firm of C. C. & A. R. Merritt;)
ELIZA M. MERRITT,
HANSON E. SMITH,
(as administrator estate of Cassius C. Merritt, deceased;)
NAPOLEON B. MERRITT,
MATILDA T. MERRITT,
EUGENE T. MERRITT,
ANNA MERRITT,
THOMAS A. MERRITT,
JENNIE S. MERRITT."

Duluth, Minn., January 22, 1897, in the presence of Merrill M. Clark and Joseph B. Cotton.

Rockefeller Loan Version.

"'The facts with regard to the loan were as follows: The loans, aggregating $420,000, were made by Mr. Rockefeller in various amounts during the Summer of 1893. Mr. Rockefeller never called these loans. In February, 1894, the Merritt brothers, being pressed by other creditors, applied to Mr. Rockefeller for further assistance. Instead of calling his loan, as they charge, he furnished them an additional sum of $480,000. They sold him 90,000 shares of stock at $10 a share, amounting to $900,000, the several members of the family contributing different proportions. For one-half of this, more than enough to cover his loan to them, he gave to each of them an option to repurchase in a year at the price that they had sold it to him, with 6 per cent. interest. Prior to the expiration of the year Alfred Merritt, one of the brothers, who testified before the committee, brough suit against Mr. Rockefeller, and he and several of the others never endeavored to exercise the option. Another brother and nephew at the expiration of the option applied for an extension of it on their stock, which was given, and they subsequently took back their stock, amounting to 10,000 shares, and on the formation of the Steel Corporation sold it to that company.'"

In his book, "Random Reminiscences of Men and Events," John D. Rockefeller tells of his purchase of the ore lands and railroad and of the part played in it by the Rev. Mr. Gates.

"Getting into the iron ore fields," he says, "was one of those experiences in which one finds one's self rather against the will, for it was not a deliberate plan of mine to extend my cares and responsibilities. My connection with iron ores came about through some unfortunate investments in the Northwest country."

Mr. Rockefeller says he knew little about these properties, in which he was a minority stockholder, and just before the panic of 1893 values were more or less inflated. He became acquainted with the Rev. Mr. Gates, who traveled about a good deal in connection with his work for the American Baptist Education Society, and it occurred to him that the Rev. Mr. Gates might aid him in learning how these properties were actually getting along. After the Rev. Mr. Gates had reported on some of the properties in the South and West, Mr. Rockefeller "arranged with him to accept a position whereby he could help me unravel these tangled affairs."

Example for Young Men.

"So we went carefully through the affairs of these crippled enterprises in the hard times of 1893 and 1894, carrying many of them for years after; sometimes buying the interests of others, and sometimes selling our own interest, but all, or neary all, escaped the expenses and humiliation of bankruptcy, receivership, and foreclosure.

"When we realized that events were shapening themselves so that to protect our investments we should be obliged to go into the business of selling in a large way, we felt that we must not stop short of doing the work as effectively as possible; and, having already put in so much money, we bought all the ore land that we thought was good that was offered to us. The railroad and the ships were only a means to an end. The ore lands were the crux of the whole matter, and we believed that we could never have too many good mines. * * *

"Going over again in my mind the events connected with this ore experience that grew out of investments that seemed at the time, to say the least, rather unpromising. I am impressed anew with the importance of a principle I have often referred to. If I can make this point clear to the young man who has had the patience to follow these reminiscences so far, it will be a satisfaction to me, and I hope it may be a benefit to him.

"The underlying, essential element of success in business affairs is to follow the established laws of high-class dealing. Keep to broad and sure lines, and study them to be certain that they are correct ones. Watch the natural operations of trade, and keep within them. Don't even think of temporary or sharp advantages."

MERRITTS TELL OF THE DEAL.

Practically Penniless, They Say, When Rockefeller Offered to Settle for $525,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—When the Merritt brothers, Albert and Lon, the Minnesota lumbermen, who said that John D. Rockefeller ruined them in the Mesaba mining deal, returned to their hotel to-night after the theatre they found a battery of newspaper men waiting for them to admit or deny a statement that they had in turn defrauded their lawyer, who won the big suit against Rockefeller. The two invited every one to their room to "hear the truth." They said that A. A. Harris of Fort Scott, Kan., had been their lawyer and had won the suit and got judgment for $900,000. Harris had a contract with them at the rate of $10,000 a year so long as he should be engaged on the suit.

The brothers were unable financially to go on with the case through the higher courts and agreed to a settlement, by which they got $525,000. Then they paid their lawyer, Harris, $36,000, which was a sum proposed by him and entirely satisfactory to him and to the Merritts. It was, in fact, more than he would have received at the rate of $10,000 a year under the contract for his services. The Merritts were told that Mr. Rockefeller had authorized the publication of a paper signed by the Merritt brothers exonerating John D. Rockefeller from any charge of wrongdoing in connection with the acquisition of the Merritts' property in the Mesaba Range. The existence of this paper they admitted. As a matter of fact, one of the Merritts had himself given a copy of the paper to Mr. Stanley and asked him to have it placed in his testimony with his explanation of the circumstances under which it was signed. The Merritts stated that Mr. Rockefeller made the signing of this paper a part of the settlement and would not agree to pay the $525,000 unless it was signed. The Merritts were financially unable to go on with the suit and they felt that they had a judgment at the time by the lower court and in the higher courts they might meet with a reversal and lose what advantage they had. They were unable to push the case. They were poor and they decided to take the amount offered by Rockefeller rather than take chances of absolute poverty, although they knew and said that they were being paid only a part of what they were entitled to.

The lawyers for Merritt were anxious that they should get the money, and they strongly advised that the exoneration be signed, and so they finally did it. Without it, Rockefeller's lawyers said, the oil king would not proceed with the settlement. The Merritts intend to return to Minnesota in a few days. They believe that Mr. Rockefeller should come before the Stanley committee and tell his side of the case.

"He cannot deny," said Lon Merritt, "that I went to New York at his invitation, and after several months' time I left there practically penniless. I went there with bonds and securities representing properties that are now worth $700,000,000."

The brothers hope to be able to come back to Washington if Mr. Rockefeller should appear before the Stanley committee and listen to his testimony, and, if necessary, give further testimony.

BONUS GIVEN TO MERRITTS.

St. Louis County Figures Its Loss on Mesaba Range Railroad at $625,000.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 23.—The testimony given before the Stanley Committee investigating the United States Steel Corporation at Washington by Leonidas Merritt of Duluth, telling of a transaction in which he said he lost heavily to John D. Rockefeller, brought out to-day the fact that St. Louis County, Minn., is still paying $12,500 a year interest on $250,000 in bonds voted for the Merritts in 1893.

The Merritts wanted money for their railroad project to the Mesaba Range, and St. Louis County, at a general election, allowed them $250,000 as a bonus. Thirty-year 5 per cent. bonds were sold and the money was turned over to the Merritts.

When the Merritts lost their money the bonds kept on drawing interest. With the interest when the bonds are due in 1923, $625,000 will be marked down as the county's loss on the transaction.

Advertisement of
JOHN DAVID
Edited by Baumann

THE stinging lash of the most whipping wind can't pierce a *Stein-Bloch* Storm-Ulster or "Belt-Back". It's pure, fine-fibred wool, stalwartly interlined. The fabrics are not bulky and "bunchy" as in middle-class Overcoats, but almost unbelievably *light*, while amazingly *warm*.

As for Raglans, the most baffling coats to draft and drape, only a *Stein-Bloch* has the rough-and-rugged, easy-loungy, *"carefully careless"* grace without which this coat is a dowdy "botch."

Stein-Bloch cuts the *premier* Chesterfield Overcoat — loose, longish, sweeping-lapeled, stride-free. And,—always remember the serene *pride of possession* that a Stein-Bloch confers.

Made by Stein-Bloch
Overcoats, $20 *to* $60
Suits, $20 *to* $50

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

EVANS' ALE
INDIA PALE
EVANS ALE

Start Thanksgiving To-day

by ordering a couple dozen bottles of good old

EVANS' ALE

The beverage that is as American and enjoyable as the day itself. Affords comfort and pleasure which make everyday a day for Thanksgiving.
Your Grocer or Dealer.
ONLY Brewery Bottling has Trademark on cap.

STEINWAY
PIANOLA PIANO

The New Era of Musical Enjoyment

Favored indeed was the 17th Century home, that possessed a Clavichord of the period—absurdly limited as these instruments seem to our modern view.

Utterly inadequate likewise was the primitive piano upon which Beethoven composed his early masterworks.

Notwithstanding their imperfections, however, these instruments had to suffice even the wealthiest music-lovers of their day and generation.

Far beyond the most ambitious imaginings of these earlier times is the great musical instrument now available to trained and untrained music-lovers alike—

The

Steinway Pianola Piano

Grand and Upright

Less than a decade ago wealth untold could not have purchased what this noble instrument provides.

—A pianoforte so developed and refined that the sheer beauty and grandeur of its voice is known and reverenced in every land the sun shines on.

—A marvelous mechanism built into its structure that endows even the veriest novice, with *playing ability* surpassed only by the great virtuoso's.

What the Steinway Pianola Piano—the famous Steinway and famous Pianola, united in a *single instrument*—offers, has no equivalent in money.

The ability which this instrument confers on anyone, to play—to lovingly interpret even a dozen masterpieces of musical art, would be worth its price *many times over*.

Whereas the possessor of the Steinway Pianola Piano has at command *all the music of the world*—all the old, all the new; all the serious, all the gay—*more than 16,000 different compositions,* to play and to enjoy.

The Price of the Steinway Pianola Piano is $1250 and upward
Cash or easy monthly payments

Liberal allowance for other instruments in exchange
Other Pianola Pianos $550 upwards

The genuine Pianola Piano (including the Steinway) is obtainable in Manhattan *only at Aeolian Hall*

THE AEOLIAN CO. AEOLIAN HALL, 362 Fifth Ave. Near 34th St., New York
The Largest Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the World

For Christmas—The Pianola Piano

We now have ready for immediate delivery

Garford
TOWN CARS

Broughams, Limousines, Landaulets,
IN FOUR AND SIX CYLINDER MODELS—30- 40 & 50 H. P.

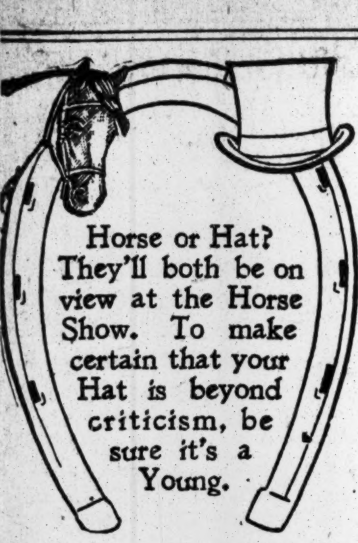
Distinctive and original in body design, with many new features. Extra wide doors (25 inches) with full height. Chassis built very low, yet with ample road clearance. Bodies are made of aluminum, therefore light in weight. Equipment complete in every detail, including electric lights inside and out. Non-smoking oiling system. These cars are built entirely in the Garford shops. You are cordially invited to call and thoroughly inspect

THE SMARTEST TOWN CAR IN NEW YORK

THE R. & L. COMPANY

J. T. Rainier Pres.

Telephone 7800 Col.
Broadway and 62nd Street
Garford Distributors



Horse or Hat? They'll both be on view at the Horse Show. To make certain that your Hat is beyond criticism, be sure it's a Young.

Young's Hats
NONE BETTER MADE

IF YOU PRIZE YOUR HAIR

don't wait until it begins to "fall out" or grow thin in spots. Don't risk using doubtful or dangerous "restoratives," but keep on the safe side.

USE

crudol, a natural nourisher and preserver of the hair, to keep the scalp healthy and free from dandruff, to prevent the hair from "falling out" or combing out and to strengthen its growth.

CRUDOL

at drug or department stores in collapsible tin tubes, 25c. and 50c., or direct from THE CRUDOL COMPANY, 1777 Broadway, New York. A liberal trial tube, 10c. in stamps.

BRYCE MAY SUCCEED SIR EDWARD GREY

Belief That the Foreign Secretary Will Retire Owing to the Many Attacks on Him.

ASQUITH'S TROUBLES GROW

Government's Persian Policy Denounced—Redmond's Demands Increase—Laborites Dissatisfied.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The belief prevails in political circles that Sir Edward Grey will retire from the Cabinet after his eagerly awaited exposition of foreign relations in the House of Commons next Monday, and that James Bryce, Ambassador to the United States, will succeed him.

The resignation of the Foreign Secretary will almost certainly be handed to the Prime Minister should any lack of confidence be shown in his policy in the debate which will follow his statement on Monday.

Sir Edward, who, during the earlier years of his occupancy of the Foreign Office, received the almost unanimous support of all parties, has recently been the object of continuous attack, not from the Opposition, but by members of his own party, or, rather, the extreme Radical element in that party. The secrecy with which diplomatic negotiations have been carried on has aroused the ire of the Radicals, who latterly have received some support from the more moderate Liberals. The disclosures regarding the Anglo-German conversations with respect to Morocco and the statement that these two countries were on the verge of war, have given the Radicals another opening, and they are now, it is understood, pressing for the retirement of Sir Edward, declaring: "We won't be drawn into war without knowing the reason why."

The Radicals favor an Anglo-German understanding, and accuse Sir Edward Grey of balking their efforts in this direction, either by his own design or through the influence of anti-German officials in the Foreign Office. Should Sir Edward resign, Lord Haldane, Secretary for War, and Reginald McKenna, the Home Secretary, will probably follow his example.

Mr. Bryce is the statesman thought most likely to be Sir Edward's successor, as Mr. Bryce would be supported by the entire party, as he was when the Unionists attacked hi mfor the part he took in the negotiations on the subject of reciprocity between Canada and the United States.

By a tacit understanding, the Unionist leaders support the Government's foreign policy, or at least refrain from criticising it. They, like, the moderate Liberals, argue: Why turn a brilliant diplomatic victory into defeat by sacrificing the victor in order to obtain the good-will of the vanquished Germans?

Another difficulty confronting the Government is its apparent acquiescence in Russia's demands on Persia. Questioned as to the entry of Russian troops into Persia in spite of the compliance of the Persian Government with the terms of the Russian ultimatum, Sir Edward Grey stated in the House of Commons this afternoon that, while Persia had agreed to comply, the matter was not likely to be completed for a few days. In the meantime the Russian Government had assured the British Government that the dispatch of troops was only a temporary measure taken in order to obtain satisfaction.

There is no confirmation officially here of the assertion that Russia has demanded the dismissal of W. Morgan Shuster, Treasurer General of Persia. Should the demand be made, however, it is probable that Great Britain would not oppose it, as the Cabinet is most anxious to keep intact the Anglo-Russian agreement in regard to Persia. Diplomatic circles incline to the opinion that while Mr. Shuster is a most able administrator his action in insisting against the advice of Great Britain on appointing British officials in the Russian sphere of Persia lacked tact.

The lobby is full of rumors of other troubles besetting the Government. It is said in Unionist quarters that the Cabinet is not able to satisfy John Redmond's Home Rule demands, which have increased through fear of the growing O'Brienite strength in Ireland, and the Laborites are dissatisfied with the findings of the Royal Commission with respect to the railway strike. They blame the Cabinet for failure to obtain recognition of the unions.

The Prime Minister, it is true, is under moral obligation to avoid a crisis during the King's absence, but it may be beyond his power to do so.

Members of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce interested in the Persian trade have made a protest in the interts of Lancashire trade against "Russia's persistent hostility to the Persian Government and her apparent determination to prevent any foreigner of ability from carrying on the work of reorganizing Persia's internal affairs."

A statement issued by the Chamber of Commerce says that the only salvation for the country lies in the assistance of experienced European or American officials such as Mr. Shuster, whose work Russia is trying to nullify, while she is also trying to have him dismissed. Surprise is expressed that Great Britain has acquiesced in all the movements made by Russia, which are absolutely detrimental to British trade. Had Mr. Shuster been allowed to continue his work, it is asserted, he would have brought about an improvement in Persian internal affairs—an improvement which would have deprived Russia of any excuse for intervention.

K-C

Oriental Rugs

A Special Collection of Antique and extraordinary Rugs now on exhibition

Unusual opportunity for intending purchasers

KENT-COSTIKYAN
Incorporated
8 West 38th Street
Wholesale and Retail.

ITALY TO BLOCKADE THE DARDANELLES

Notification of Her Intention Made to Powers—Blockade May Begin Sunday.

TURKS EAGER FOR BATTLE

Correspondent in Tripoli Reaches Them and Finds Them Well Equipped and with Adequate Supplies.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 23.—The expectations of an Italian blockade of the Dardanelles, which have recently been growing, received justification this evening. The Ambassadors of Russia and Austria-Hungary went to the Porte, where the Cabinet was in council, and intimated that their Governments had received a notification from Italy that she was about to blockade the Dardanelles.

It is learned privately that next Sunday is considered the probable day for the commencement of the blockade.

Asked at the Porte what would be the attitude of his Government, the Russian Ambassador returned a noncommittal reply.

It has been recognized in Turkey for some time that the present condition of "stalemate" in the costly war is insupportable for Italy, and that even the possibility of objection by the powers would not restrain her from employing the weapons she possesses.

Though expert opinion considers that the Dardanelles could be rushed by a determined commander with small loss, it is not thought probable that Italy will attempt to carry the war to the Turkish capital, in view of the large foreign interests which would thereby be involved.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—That the City of Tripoli is virtually besieged by the Turks and that Homs is in no better situation is the opinion of a correspondent of the Temps, who has succeeded in joining the Ottoman forces near Zouagher.

He telegraphs under date of Nov. 12 and says it is certain that after a month and a half's war, after large expenditures and serious losses, the Italians are no further advanced than on the day following their disembarkation. If the Turkish forces are inferior in numbers to the Italians they make up in confidence what they lack in numbers. The correspondent adds:

"I expected to find disorder and discouragement. On the contrary, everywhere I met order, discipline, and contentment.

"Patient and ready for everything, the Turkish soldier is accepting all without complaint. If he suffers he knows it is for the empire of Islam, while the Arab knows that if he dies paradise with Mohammed will be his.

"The food of the Turkish Army is frugal, but sufficient. Its arms are adequate, many carrying rifles captured from the enemy."

The correspondent did not find any dissension between the Arabs and the Turks. He says the Arabs, whose forces have just been swelled by the fierce, war-loving natives of Misrata, are most enthusiastic, insisting that they be marched toward Tripoli to recapture it.

The correspondent is unable to divulge the numbers or plans of defense and offense of the Turks, merely saying that the foreign Military Attachés must have made helpful observations.

NO CHANLER RECONCILIATION

Judge Issues Decree in Cavalieri Case—Divorce Hearing Later.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—Mme. Lina Cavalieri, the grand opera singer, and Robert Winthrop Chanler were summoned to-day before Judge Monier of the Civil Tribunal of the Seine for the purpose of an attempt to bring about a reconciliation. This is a formality in divorce proceedings required by the French legal code before the final hearing.

Although it is understood that Mr. Chanler is in Europe, he did not come to the court, Mme. Cavalieri alone putting in an appearance.

Judge Monier thereupon issued a decree of non-reconciliation, and will later fix the date for the hearing of the divorce suit.

Swedish Crown Prince Operated On.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 23.—Crown Prince Gustaf Adolf of Sweden, son-in-law of the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, was operated on to-day for appendicitis. His condition is quite satisfactory. He had suffered slightly for several months and was operated on at his own request.

Army-Navy Football

Franklin Field, Philadelphia,
Saturday, November 25, 1911.

SPECIAL TRAINS
via
Pennsylvania Railroad

Direct to Gates of Grounds.

Leave Pennsylvania Station, New York, 10:25 A. M., 10:45 A. M., 10:55 A. M. Parlor Cars and Dining Cars only. 10:35 A. M. Dining Car and Vestibule Coaches only.

Returning, leave Franklin Field thirty minutes after game.

Round Trip Pullman Tickets sold for Special Trains.

TABLE D'HOTE MEALS, $1.00 EACH.

Extra accommodations on regular trains. Consult Time Tables.

Pullman reservations and information of
C. STUDDS, D. P. A.,
263 Fifth Avenue, New York City.
Telephone—Madison Square 7900.

SUFFRAGIST LEADER GETS MONTH IN JAIL

Sentence on Mrs. Lawrence, Who Led Tuesday's Rioters, Hissed in London Court.

12 COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

Others Choose Jail Rather Than Pay Fines—One Pays Under Protest Because of Her Father's Illness.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Mrs. Pethick Lawrence, the head and front of Tuesday night's Suffragette riots, was the central figure of to-day's police court proceedings. Standing unconcernedly in the prisoners' enclosure at Bow Street, she listened to the evidence in support of the charge against her of assaulting the police and obstructing them in the performance of their duty. When the Magistrate sentenced her to a month's imprisonment without the option of a fine she did not flinch.

According to the evidence Mrs. Lawrence, at the head of thirty women, stormed the cordon of police time and time again. She struck a policeman in the face twice and struggled for fifteen minutes when she was arrested and taken away.

Mrs. Lawrence made a statement in court in reference to the poster produced yesterday. It called on women to assemble in their thousands and "see fair play and protect women from being brutally victimized by the police in uniform and plain clothes as they were on Black Friday, 1910, when, as the result of ill usage, one woman died and many were seriously injured." She remarked to-day:

"I am glad to state that as far as the police in my vicinity were concerned there was no repetition on Tuesday of the brutal usage of women. I am inclined to think that what happened on the former occasion was done on the instructions of the Government."

She added that such scenes were repugnant to women, but that it was the only way to obtain freedom for women. She protested against the Government's "shameless insult to women by enfranchising more men, while leaving women voteless."

Mrs. Lawrence explained that a policeman had his hand on the throat of one of her comrades, and she (Mrs. Lawrence) struck him in the face in order to release her.

The sentence was heartily hissed by the public in the court.

A long line of Suffragettes again filed in and out of the courtroom. The accused, almost without exception, took their sentences with Spartan indifference, choosing jail in preference to the payment of fines.

Mrs. Kathleen Rothwell managed to deliver a brief speech in spite of the protests of the Magistrate. She had broken a big plate glass window on the Strand. "It is out of my great love for humanity and, particularly, my devotion to women and children that I did this," she said. "Sex disqualification is the root of all social evils, and I am prepared to do anything the militant branch of the Suffragists dictates in order to gain the vote for women."

Mrs. Rothwell was committed for trial. She refused the offer of bail in the interval, saying she preferred to remain in jail until the trial.

Miss Fairlee Harmer, evidently of superior social position, paid, under protest, a fine and the costs of repairing the windows of a Government building which she had smashed, explaining that her father was seriously ill, and saying she would pay rather than go to jail.

Altogether a dozen of the accused were committed for trial, and eight others were sentenced by the Magistrate. The court then adjourned.

OPPOSES WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Talcott Williams Says the Franchise Would Be a Menace to Women.

"No woman was ever born in favor of female suffrage," said Talcott Williams of Philadelphia, talking to the anti-suffragists at Sherry's yesterday afternoon. "A few have been obsessed by it and others have taken the contagion. It is for you to stop it."

Mr. Williams was one of the speakers at the luncheon given by the New York State Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage and Mrs. Frank Goodwin was the other. There were a large number of guests. Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan is one of the most recent additions to the club, but she was not present. She spent a week in Colorado last Spring, and was so unfavorably impressed by the political conditions of the State that she came home and joined the anti-suffrage organization. Mrs. Herbert Satterlee, Mrs. Morgan's daughter, was one of the guests.

Mr. Williams urged the women to do all in their power to prevent the suffragists from gaining more States, and pictured the conditions which would prevail if the women should all be enfranchised.

"We will see the American woman strangely changed and altered," he said, "fighting as men do, like the savage women of old, instead of being what the American woman should be."

He spoke of the women who "sacrificed their priceless heritage" and were led by "prejudice and passion instead of being guided by the star of justice." He said that if the women had done their duty California would never have become a woman suffrage State.

"See that you do your full duty," he continued, "and that not another State is added to the list. You also have a duty to your young sisters whom you may find facing the plausible arguments of the suffragists. California followed the other suffrage States because the natural leaders of the women had selfish personal ambitions instead of a desire to save the State. There is no sign that suffrage for women has improved one whit these characters."

Mrs. Goodwin has a poor opinion of all the militant suffragists.

"It seems now," she said, "that we are face to face with—shall I say it?—with women who have a steady passion for being a nuisance. I must say I grow a little angry. I resent these people who come here from England and go into our best society and our best homes and insist that we believe as they do from the sheer force of their personality. For myself I'll be glad if the conditions become so serious that Mrs. Pankhurst will have to leave everything here and go home.

"They say, 'Haven't women brains?' Yes, just as good as any, of their own kind, but the woman's brain differs from the man's brain temperamentally. The vitality of women is so exhausted now that they can't do the duties that God and the family demand of them. Would you bind another burden on their shoulders? They are asking us to do our work and man's besides. Do you think we are equal to it?

"It is not a privilege; it's a terrible responsibility. But if our friends the suffragists get it in spite of us we've got to get right out and do the best we can politically. The world is grounded on sentiment; and we made the great mistake in this country when we granted manhood suffrage without restriction of property or education. With the expensive experiment we are now making in the Southland I don't think we want any more."

Mrs. Goodwin said the better class of women had nothing to fear from the professional politicians, but that there was a certain class of women who would certainly be exploited by the ward boss. She is also afraid of the "intelligent, conscienceless woman," who will make trouble, as the same class of men have made trouble. She spoke of the "Mormon control" in several woman suffrage States.

"I am glad they have the vote in California," concluded Mrs. Goodwin. "The way it works out there will keep other States from it, and it is better to have it tried out in California than in New York or Massachusetts."

Among the women present were Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, Mrs. Fritz Achelis, Mrs. Francis S. Bangs, Mrs. George Phillips, Mrs. Elihu Root, Mrs. Francis M. Scott, Mrs. William A. Putnam, Mrs. Robert McVickar, Mrs. George Douglas Miller, Miss Alice Hill Chittenden, Mrs. John A. Church, Mrs. Barclay Hazard, Miss Eleanor G. Hewitt, Mrs. Killian Bayard Taylor Killani, Mrs. Henry G. Sanford, Mrs. William Forse Scott, Mrs. Gorham Bacon, Mrs. Howard Carroll, Mrs. Chester Griswold, Mrs. David H. Greer, Mrs. James J. Goodwin, Mrs. William C. Gulliver, Mrs. John Greenough, Mrs. Edward W. Humphreys, Mrs. S. H. Hanford, Mrs. Lowell Lincoln, Mrs. Charlton T. Lewis, Mrs. Hart Lyman, Mrs. C. Grant La Farge, and Mrs. J. Elliott Langstaff.

Positive Advantages
of
Automatic Sprinklers

1. They are always on duty.
2. They put water on the exact place to do the most good.
3. They are not handicapped by smoke.
4. They are as effective on the tenth floor as they are on the first.
5. They are mechanical and therefore sure.

General Fire Extinguisher Company
New York Office, 1 Liberty Street

Any Automatic sprinkler is better than none. The Grinnell is better than any.

EDITORS IN DUEL OVER MME. CURIE

Leon Daudet Wounded—Dispute Due to Charges Brought by Mme. Langevin.

IS SUING HER HUSBAND

Mme. Curie and Prof. Langevin Have Made Researches Together—Alleged Love Letters Between Thm.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—A dispute over the merits of the charges hich Mme. Langevin has instituted against her husband, Prof. Langevin, Professor of General and Experimental Physics at the College of France, involving the professor's coworker in scientific research, Mme. Curie, resulted to-day in a duel with swords between M. Chervet, editor of Gil Blas, and Léon Daudet, editor of L'Action Française.

There were several fierce bouts under the cameras of a score of photographers. Finally M. Daudet was wounded in the arm. A reconciliation followed.

The charges, in which the names of the two eminent scientists Mme. Curie and Prof. Langevin ehave been involved, have created an immense amount of comment here and have raised bitter partisan spirit. The alegations were founded on the fact that Mme. Curie and Prof. Langevin were in constant close association in their scientific researches. This gave rise to a jealous feeling on the part of Mme. Langevin, who thereupon brought suit against her husband, coupling with his name that of Mme. Curie.

A Paris paper on Wednesday published the complaint of Mme. Langevin against her husband despite the efforts of the authorities of the Sorbonne to suppress any publicity that might follow her suit. Letters were quoted in the complaint to show that an intimacy existed between Mme. Curie and Prof. Langevin. One long letter is given in full. Excerpts that have been cabled to America show Mme. Langevin as complaining that her husband rented an apartment in the Rue de Banquier in July, 1910, and that he renewed the lease the following year under the name of Crosnoer. It is alleged that Mme. Curie and Prof. Langevin met there continually, although the people of the neighborhood recognized them.

One of the letters which, Mme. Langevin says, were written by Mme. Curie to Prof Langevin is in part:

> Au revoir dear Paul. I take your dear head in my hands to caress it softly with tender maternal feelings. I am sorry I am unable to renew the flowers, chez nous. There is beautiful heather here, and I would like to take some there for you. I kiss you most tenderly.

In the letters the familiar "tu" and "toi" are used, while "chez nous" could only be rendered in English by "at our house." Many of the letters treat of the unhappy domestic life of the Langevins. "There are the profoundest affinities between us," says one alleged letter from Mme. Curie, "and they need only a favorable mode of life for development."

From her own unhappy life and Prof. Langevin's family-life failure Mme. Curie is quoted as saying, "good work together ought to rise and a good solid friendship, and even the fine children of love in the finest acceptance of the word." The letter goes on to urge Prof. Langevin to deprive his wife of every pleasure until she is driven to seek a separation.

The alleged letters of Prof. Langevin to Mme. Curie deal with his marital difficulties. One quoted in the complaint says:

> Yesterday there was a fresh explanation from 11 to 4 in the morning. I made some advance, my wife promising to withdraw her threats and leave me at liberty to choose between you and her. She will not consent to restore the stolen letter. She is ready to swear that she will not use it or threaten you. I am trembling with impatience at the thought of seeing you again and telling you how I have missed you, and to kiss you tenderly, again to hear your voice and again see your dear eyes. Until Saturday, darling, I shall think of thee only.

The bond of interest Prof. Langevin and Mme. Curie found in their scientific work is shown in another letter cited. "I have been thinking of your letter," writes Prof. Langevin, "and will tell you what to say on the consequences of the discovery of radium."

Co-discoverer of radium, with her husband, the late Prof. Pierre Curie, and herself the discoverer of polonium and of a number of phenomena in connection with radio-active substances, Mme. Marie Sklowdowska Curie is the most prominent woman to-day in the scientific world. To her has always been given the joint credit with Prof. Curie of the great discovery of thirteen years ago, and since he met death accidentally in a street of Paris five years ago, she has carried on his work in the laboratory of the Sorbonne and in a private laboratory of her own. She lives in Paris with her two daughters, now about 18 and 14 years old. Mme. Curie was talked of as a candidate of the scientific section of the French Academy last year, although the honor of becoming an "Immortal" had never been granted to a woman. This year she actually became a candidate for the honor, losing the election to the venerable Prof. Edouard Branly, the scientific author, by only one vote.

Mme. Curie was born in Warsaw 44 years ago. She was a daughter of one of the professors of physics in the university there. The passion for science came to her when she was a tiny child, according to a statement she herself has made.

"My nursery was a laboratory, and my dolls were test tubes, retorts, and crucibles," is the way she once described her early life. When she was 24 years old her father died, leaving no money, and she and her sister had to make the most they could out of their scientific education. The sister went to Austria, where she became a well-known physician. With 50 francs in her pocket, but an invincible scientific enthusiasm, Marie went to Paris. She immediately obtained a psoition in the laboratory of Prof. Lippmann there. She earned only enough to get a room in a garret. Later Prof. Lippmann discovered that she had been the daughter of a fellow-scientist, and, sympathizing with the girl's enthusiasm for chemical research, gave her a special table in his laboratory and facilities for more ambitious work.

Mme. Curie's interest in science resulted in her meeting Pierre Curie, who at that time was a young and ambitious student of chemistry in the laboratories of Paris. Their marriage took place in 1895. The couple worked in a laboratory of their own and discovered radium in 1898.

After Prof. Curie was killed by a cart in Paris in 1906 Mme. Curie was appointed Professor of Radio-Activity in the University of Paris, the only chair occupied by a woman in the institution. Continuing her laboratory work alone, Mme. Curie, after experiments extending over a number of years, announced the discovery of polonium, an element possessing radio-activity superior to that of radium, about a year ago.

Prof. Langevin was a co-worker with Prof. Curie, and has been associated with Mme. Curie in scientific discoveries for a number of years. He, Mme. Curie, and a number of other scientists of Paris, recently went to Brussels together to attend a scientific conference. A Paris newspaper published a story to the effect that Prof. Langevin and Mme. Curie had "disappeared." Mme. Langevin, announcing that she had some of Mme. Curie's letters to Prof. Langevin, started a separation suit. Mme. Curie's friends said that the story was started by the "anti-fiminist" clique in the French Academy, who wished to spoil Mme. Curie's chances of election.

30 DROWNED IN A TRAIN.

French Bridge Collapses—Some Passengers Saved After Many Hours.

SAUMUR, France, Nov. 23.—A passenger train to-day plunged through a bridge on the State railway at Montreuil-Bellay and sank in the Thouet River. The latest estimate places the number of victims at thirty.

Owing to the floods it was found impossible to rescue passengers who succeeded in climbing through the windows before the cars went to the bottom and who clung to the roof of one of the cars throughout the day, while hundreds of persons lined the shores, unable to go to their assistance.

At nightfall, however, a detachment of military engineers arrived with pontoons and succeeded in taking off eleven persons who had been clinging to the wreckage, over which swept a torrent. In addition to these the conductor was saved, and the engineer, who caught hold of a pig carried along by the flood, was towed ashore by the animal.

The local Deputy declares that he called attention to the weakness of the bridge years ago, but the Administration asserts that the bridge was tested recently and found to be quite sound. The break is attributed solely to the floods, and it is said that the undermining of the pier could not be foreseen.

The ill-fated train, which had started from Angers, was traveling to Poitiers. It contained about 100 passengers. While it was crossing the bridge the structure broke down, crashing with the whole of the cars into the swollen stream.

Many of the passengers who succeeded in getting out of the cars through windows tried to save themselves by clinging desperately to the tops of trees which showed above the surface of the water. In most cases, however, they were quickly washed away by the rushing current. All the boats in the locality had been carried off by the inundations, so that it was impossible for the people of the neighborhood to assist much in the work of rescue.

A merchant who tried to row out to the wreck in an effort to save a child was drowned.

BERLIN CLOTHING STRIKE.

Over 50,000 Workers Affected—Higher Wages Are Demanded.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—A general strike of the Berlin cloak and suitmakers and workers in the children's clothing trade began to-day. The strikers demand from 10 to 15 per cent. increase of wages, with a guarantee of the maintenance of the higher rate for several years.

The strike affects 50,000 female homeworkers and 3,000 tailor intermediaries. Picketing has been ordered by the trades union to prevent the giving out of materials by the manufacturers.

The strike will affect the delivery of Spring models, which are due to be dispatched to New York in a month.

FARRAR ON WAY TO CANADA?

Report in London in Regard to the Dismissed Royal Chaplain.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—It is reported here to-day that the Rev. Frederick Percival Farrar, whose appointment as chaplain to King George and honorary chaplain to Queen Alexandra, was canceled by the King without any motive for the step being made public, is on his way to Canada.

Mr. Farrar is probably traveling incognito, and the name of the steamer in which he sailed has not so far been ascertained.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

DANZIG, Nov. 23.—The armored cruiser Moltke, a sistership of the Von der Tann, is said to have attained a speed of thirty knots an hour over the measured mile to-day. Her turbine engines developed 50,000 horse power, her contract calling for only 45,000. On a previous trial she made twenty nine and one-half knots.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, Nov. 23.—The rate of exchange rose to-day to 20 to 1, making $20 of Nicaragua equal to $1 of United States currency.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Sir William Collins has been appointed fourth British delegate to the International Opium Conference at The Hague.

Odd Lots of Stock

We offer the small investor, the owner of a few hundred dollars, a plan designed especially for his convenience and safety.

On this plan, we buy 1 share or more of stock and 1 bond or more.

Send for Circular No. 40—
"Odd Lot Investment."

John Muir & Co
Specialists in Odd Lots
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Why I Need Not Join the "Me-Too" Chorus.

To me, the fabric markets of the world are open. Since I conduct my own shirt factory, no manufacturer can "thou-shalt-not" me. Your taste and needs alone dictate the weave of the fabrics, the designs and the models of my

Two Dollar Shirts (Four for $7.50)

The hackneyed designs which are peddled on the highways and byways of this and every other town, from coast to coast, find no place in my stock. No. I am in a position to offer you the weaves, the patterns and the models which are characteristic of the finest grade custom-made garments—and at two dollars instead of two-fifty.

IMPORTANT SALE OF HIGH GRADE SCARFS
Regularly $1.00 and $1.50 Special at 65c.

Fine Brocade, Moire, Barathea, Mogadore and Poplin Silks, woven at home and abroad, done into big, generous De Joinville, Four-in-hand and Puff Scarfs. White, gray, black and an infinite variety of stripes and individual designs, gay and grave.

Lion Collars need not join the "Me-Too" Chorus only in this: every shape that is to be found in any other brand is included in the series of Lion models. Then, there are quite a few exclusive with Lion. In quality and service, Lion Collars are soloists. Two for a quarter.

TRADE MARK

Cortlandt near Church St.
Broadway, cor. Leonard St.
42d St., 3 doors west of 5th Ave.
Factory—79 Orange St., Newark.

William G. White
Conducting Seven Shops and a Shirt Factory

Wall St. cor. Broadway.
Nassau near Liberty St.
Broadway cor. 26th St.
79 Orange St., Newark.

Clothes-satisfaction for Men
15.00 to 25.00—at Saks'

¶ We have progressed so far in perfecting men's clothes that, aside from the natural and necessary impulse to improve them continually, we have now to contend only with the problem of inducing you to examine our productions.

¶ The moment you enter our Men's Department our difficulties end—and so do yours, because the merit of Saks clothes at 15.00 to 25.00 is so palpably apparent that no need exists for further argument on our part, nor for skepticism on yours.

¶ Combining a uniform excellence of workmanship, finish, fabric, and style with the greatest variety of models ever assembled, Saks overcoats and suits at 15.00 to 25.00 have a prior claim to your preference, which you will be only too ready to admit once you look into the matter. But look into it today. Never let a good proposition hang fire.

¶ Overcoats and suits in the favored models, but differentiated from the vulgar average by those touches of superior tailoring which spell Saks and distinctiveness. The choicest fabrics and colorings, and so many fine points over other clothes at these prices that to ignore them any longer is neither fair to you nor to us.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.

The HARRINGTON Piano

A Remarkable Instrument Within the Reach of All

THE Harrington is not a high-priced piano but it is a better one—more artistic and more durable—than many for which much higher prices are asked.

You get the most possible piano value for your money in the Harrington.

It is a thoroughly artistic and reliable instrument with double warranty behind it,—that of its manufacturers, E. G. Harrington & Co. (Est. 1871), and that of its owners, Hardman, Peck & Co., makers of the Hardman Piano.

Under the supervision of experts of these two houses of reputation it has been made for the past forty years.

Harrington Pianos from $250 up

Hardman Upright Pianos from $425 up
Autotones (the Perfect Player-Piano) from $550 up

Terms arranged to suit your own convenience.
Liberal allowance for instruments taken in exchange.
Finely Illustrated Catalogue sent on request.

Brooklyn Branch 524 Fulton St.
Hardman, Peck & Co.
Founded 1842
Hardman House, 433 Fifth Ave., N. Y. (Bet. 38th & 39th Sts.)

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

we offer a special line of overcoatings and suitings made to measure for $20.00. Formerly sold by us for $25.00 and $30.00. Ready for Thanksgiving if desired.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

TELLS A JURY WHY SHE SHOT HUSBAND

Mrs. O'Shaughnessy Recites a Pathetic Story of His Mistreatment of Her.

CAST OFF FOR ANOTHER

Came Over from Ireland in the Hope of Making a Home for the Man She Killed.

Alone in court and without a close friend or relative in this country, Mrs. Frances O'Shaughnessy, who is on trial for her life before Judge Foster in General Sessions, took the stand yesterday and testified to events leading up to May 5, when she shot and killed her husband "to save his soul," and surrendered herself to the police.

Witness after witness had testified as to her good qualities and expressed their belief that she had committed no wrong in killing the man who spared no chance to wreck her life. As the prisoner spoke of her old home in Ireland and mentioned the name of her husband she could not keep back the tears.

At the opening of the session her counsel, Joseph Rosalsky, announced that he would call eight witnesses for the defense, his first being Mrs. Mary O'Brien, the matron of the Tombs. She related conversations between the defendant and herself and ended by saying:

"I am sure that the poor child must have been insane when she killed her husband, because there is no wrong in her gentle heart."

Mrs. M. W. Auberle, an orderly in the Tombs; Dr. Bishop, the resident physician at Bellevue Hospital, and Dr. McGuire, the Tombs physician, all corroborated Matron O'Brien's testimony. They spoke in the highest terms of the defendant and agreed that she must have been insane when she killed hr husband.

Miss Mary Shanahan, cashier of Healy's grocery store, where O'Shaughnessy and Tessie Hayes worked, identified letters written to him by the Hayes woman and told of a conference with Mrs. O'Shaughnessy on the night before the shooting when she explained the relations between the Hayes woman and O'Shaughnessy.

Father Innocent of the Church of the Queen of the Angels, at 113th Street and Third Avenue, told of attempting to reclaim O'Shaughnessy at his wife's request. His efforts were fruitless.

Mrs. Simeon Ford of 43 West Seventy-fourth Street, who followed Father Innocent, said she found Mrs. O'Shaughnessy a kindly, intelligent woman while she was in her employ. Mr. Rosalsky then called the defendant herself. She said that her mother, father, and five sisters and brother were still living at her old home in County Louth, Ireland. Describing her meeting with O'Shaughnessy, she said:

"I met George in Liverpool, where I was working, and we became engaged. I knew we would have to have money to get married, so we decided to come to America. George came over first and I came over three months later, and on April 17, 1910, we were married.

"We did not go to housekeeping, as we could not afford it. It had been planned for me to go to the seaside for the Summer with Mrs. Ford, but George was afraid I might meet some one else and forget him, and I did not go. That was before I was married, though. We didn't have any honeymoon. We intended to have that last Summer."

As the prisoner recited these details in her soft broque, some of the jurymen were visibly moved. There was a furtive wiping of eyes and shifting of positions that could not be mistaken. Even the stolid court attendants, accustomed to such tragedies of the law, had trouble in concealing their emotion.

"We intended to have a celebration on the anniversary of our marriage and invite all our friends," the defendant went on, "but George grew cold before that time and was transferred from the store in 115th Street to the one in 103d Street. I asked him what the matter was, and he said: 'Oh, a cashier in the store is bothering me,' and laughed, and I laughed, too. That was before I met Tessie Hayes, though.

"Nights when I didn't come to see him he came down to Mrs. Ford's to see me, but for two nights running he didn't do this, and on the third night I went up to see him. I had to wait until midnight. When I did see him I asked him what the trouble was, but he wouldn't tell me anything.

"He told Mrs. Geyer that he was going to get me a mesh bag for an anniversary present. I never got the bag, but saw Tessie Hayes carrying one one night when I met George and her walking on the street. That was the Monday night before May 5. That was after I had learned of the relations between Tessie and George and had seen Father Innocent. George told me then that he liked the Hayes girl, and said: 'All the priests in New York can't reform me.'

"On the night that I saw Tessie for the first time I made up my mind to meet her, and waited until the store closed. Then George came out with two young women and walked to the corner. There one of them left him, and the other put her arm on his and they walked down the street. I went over to them and said:

"'Don't you know this is my husband?' Tessie said she did not, and I said: 'Will you please give me your name and address?' George shook his head, and she said: 'I don't work at the store.' She didn't give me her address. I then took her arm from George's, and he walked home with me.

"When I spoke to my husband about Tessie he simply said: 'She loves me more than ever now. She laughed at you today when she saw you coming up the street.' He said he had been with her every night.

"On the day before May 5 I found a bundle of letters under George's pillow. I read them, and some were so terrible that I burned them up."

Mr. Rosalsky then proceeded to offer in evidence forty-six letters found under O'Shaughnessy's pillow. They were admitted, and Judge Foster adjourned the case until to-day, when Mrs. O'Shaughnessy will finish her story, and both sides will sum up.

MRS. VON CLAUSSEN HURT.

Breaks an Ankle in Attempting to Escape from Bloomingdale Asylum.

Mrs. Ida Von Claussen attempted to escape from Bloomingdale Asylum at White Plains a week ago by trying to lower herself from a second-story window with an electric light cord. The cord broke and she fell twenty feet, fracturing her left ankle. The news of her attempt did not come out until yesterday.

She has been in the asylum for several weeks, having been sent there by the Supreme Court. Supt. Russell said that when the nurse left her alone in her room in the private section of the asylum she appeared to be sound asleep. When the nurse closed the door Mrs. Von Claussen jumped out of bed, put on some clothing, and then taking a cord from the electrolier in her room tied one end to the bed post and attempted to reach the ground by it. She tried to crawl out of the asylum grounds with her broken ankle, but dropped exhausted two hundred feet away, where she was found by the nurse.

ARMOURS DROP TEMPLETON.

Disagreement Reported Over Handling of Big Cash Wheat Deal.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Operators on the Board of Trade were demoralized to-day by a split between the Armour interests and one of their aids, James S. Templeton, who recently was credited with having made a bid for 5,000,000 bushels of cash wheat, said to be the largest amount ever sought in a single transaction here.

It was asserted by traders that Templeton, who has had the handling of much of the business of the Armour-Lichstern interests, had been dropped by the Armour Grain Company because of his attacks on the inspection and elevator methods of giving out wheat for shipment. The Armour people, it is said, will attend to their own selling and distribution.

Officials of the Board of Trade also were considering charges against cash wheat dealers who have offered wheat at Eastern points at less than the Chicago prices in violation of the board rules.

SING SING OFFICIAL ON TRIAL.

Powers Paid Illegal Claims and Juggled $10,000 Item, Witnesses Say.

OSSINING, N. Y., Nov. 23.—The hearing of the charges against John T. Powers, Superintendent of Industry at Sing Sing Prison, began this morning before Warden John S. Kennedy. There are eight charges against Powers, including the paying of illegal claims.

The first witness called was John V. Hayes, who is the citizen instructor in the clothing department at the prison. He testified to having made a suit of clothes and an overcoat, each worth about $30, for Convict E. O. Quigley when the latter was discharged from prison. Quigley was clerk in Powers's private office. The witness said this was unusual, as convicts when discharged were usually given ordinary suits of clothing and never an overcoat.

Leon Weinstock, an accountant, then testified to having gone over the books of the prison from 1903 up to the present time. He said that Powers had been absent from the prison 982 days, at an average expense to the State of $704.89 a year, in all amounting to $5,639.16. He said that much of the time had been spent by Powers in traveling about the United States, Canada, and Europe. He also testified that royalties had been paid to Thomas Hill of Jersey City amounting to an excessive charge of $6,052.72.

John McGauth testified he had been connected with the Sing Sing Prison for ten years. In 1902 Powers had work done in the printing shop, he said, by convicts on prison paper stock and with prison presses, type, and material for the New York State Firemen's Association, of which Powers was an officer. Some thousands of impressions were run off.

After recess Leon Weinstock was again called to the stand and asked about the shoe industry of the prison. He said that the books showed that one day $10,066 was charged to the maintenance department by the industry department. He said this transfer was made because the former department had a surplus and the latter a deficit.

JUDGE BARS UNWRITTEN LAW.

McMahon's Wife Not Allowed to Tell of Daughter's Disgrace.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 23.—The hearing of testimony in the trial of Frank W. McMahon, charged with the murder of George A. Leary, was brought to a close to-day, without the introduction of the expected evidence involving the question of the unwritten law.

Anna McMahon, the defendant's daughter, the last witness called by the defense, left the stand after answering three trivial questions, and was not permitted to tell of her relations with the dead man.

The rebuttal of the Commonwealth was confined to medical testimony bearing on the insanity plea of the defense. It was announced that the case would go to the jury to-morrow, after the closing speeches on both sides.

Efforts of counsel representing McMahon to inject the unwritten law into the case were foiled to-day, when Judge Bregy refused to permit the mother of the girl to testify as to the relations that existed between her daughter and Leary. The latter was shot by McMahon because, it is asserted, he refused to marry his daughter.

Mrs. Winifred McMahon, the mother, was asked: "Have you a daughter Anna?" Counsel for the Commonwealth objected, and the Court ruled that the question could not be answered. In the effort to get the name of the girl into the record twenty-three questions were asked by counsel for the defense, but Mrs. McMahon was not permitted to answer them.

McMahon took the stand in his own behalf, and told what led to the shooting. He said he met Leary on the street and asked him to marry his daughter.

"'I do not want money, but I want you to do the right thing,'" McMahon testified he said to Leary.

"'You are a good actor,' Leary said to me, and I told him I was not acting. There was some further talk, and Leary told me to go home. I told him he was a dirty cur, and I don't know much what happened after that. I was either seized or thrown into the street. I always carried a revolver with me for protection, and I used it that night, I guess."

PIGNIULO UNDER $5,000 BOND

Government Agents Investigating Charges of Extortion in Hartford.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 23.—Under bonds of $5,000, Pasquale Pigniulo, an agent of the Bureau of Investigation of the United States Department of Justice, charged with blackmail, has been held until to-morrow for a hearing. Representatives of the Department of Justice are in town to-day investigating the case.

While the police assert that they caught the detective taking marked money from the keeper of a resort here, Pigniulo says that he will prove his innocence when the proper time comes. United States District Attorney Robinson is conducting an inquiry. The resort keeper maintains that the money he gave the detective was to prevent his arrest in connection with certain white slave cases in which Pigniulo was interested. The police allege they have possession of a check for $150 which Pigniulo is said to have returned to Pasquale Fusco, the resort keeper. They allege that Pigniulo was afraid to cash the check, and that he came here by appointment to return this and get the money.

George C. Craft, Assistant Superintendent of the agents of the Department of Justice, refused yesterday to discuss the arrest of Pigniulo on the ground that he had no information about it. He stated, however, that he was not at all inclined to believe that Pigniulo was guilty until he had been proved so. Pigiulo, Mr. Craft said, was regarded as a thoroughly reliable man, and had been engaged in many important cases in the five or six years that he had worked for the Government.

Pigniulo was one of the agents who arrested ex-Congressman Harry M. Coudrey a week or two ago on the charge of having used the mails to defraud. He also distinguished himself in connection with the breaking up of a Black Hand conspiracy in Toledo a year ago.

BAKERS VOTE TO CLEAN UP.

Union Will Expel Members Who Won't Run Sanitary Shops.

The Master Bakers' Association held a special meeting yesterday to consider the insanitary conditions in the bakeshops of this city. The reports of investigators that the shops had been found ill-kept, without proper light and ventilation, and are run without due regard to the health of employes, brought out resolutions from the bakers themselves, declaring that only men who ran sanitary shops may continue as members of the master bakers' organization. They also recommended that the power of the Board of Health be increased.

It was unanimously voted that only those shops which meet the health regulations in the future be recognized by the union.

"It was not a meeting for protesting against any of the health reports that have been made," said one of the officers. "It was to serve notice that all members whose shops are not clean must make them clean at once. Otherwise their names will not be continued on our lists."

It was voted to recommend to the State organization that inspectors be appointed by the master bakers to inspect all the shops in the State. Where a shop comes short of cleanliness the owner of the establishment is to be warned and given three days to remedy the faults. If not remedied his name will be dropped from the rolls of the union.

There were between 600 and 700 bakers at the meeting yesterday, which was held at Terrace Garden. Speeches were made by Andrew Wallace and George E. Millspaugh.

To-Day with Salad
soups, meats, fish
Delicious
WAW-WAW
Sauce
At the same time see how easily you digest your food.
St. James Importing Co. (Importers) New York City.

STOKES WILL TELL HOW GIRLS SHOT HIM

To Take the Witness Stand To-day Against Lillian Graham and Ethel Conrad.

HAVE NO FEAR, THEY SAY

Prosecutor Tells Jury How They Got Money from Stokes and Bought Two Revolvers.

Assistant District Attorney Emory R. Buckner opened for the prosecution yesterday in the case of Lillian Graham and Ethel Conrad, who are on trial before Justice Louis W. Marcus in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court for attempting to murder W. E. D. Stokes, the owner of the Ansonia, on June 7 last, after he had refused to sign a check for $25,000 for the Graham girl.

The greater part of the day was consumed in the selection of a jury. Assistant District Attorney Buckner confined himself to questioning the talesmen in regard to their business relations and asking if they would be swayed by any sympathy for the defendants because they were young women. Clark L. Jordan, counsel for the Graham girl, and Robert M. Moore, counsel for the Conrad girl, asked prospective jurors about their views upon the standard of morality among women. Other questions were:

"Would you be prejudiced against these two defendants if it should be shown that they were actresses and had been prior to the shooting and went on the stage again immediately after the alleged attempt upon Mr. Stokes's life?

"Would you be at all inclined to hold against these girls the fact that they had revolvers in their home prior to the 7th of June, when the alleged attempt was made on the complainant witness's life?

In his opening address to the jury Mr. Buckner related all the facts leading up to the shooting. He said that Mr. Stokes met the Graham girl for the first time during the Spring of 1906 at the Ansonia Hotel, where she was living with her sister. He said he would show that she went to visit Mr. Stokes on his farm at Lexington, Ky., in 1907, when she was engaged as an actress in a musical comedy, and remained there for several days. Later Mr. Stokes sent her to Paris on two occasions and paid all her expenses. He said:

"In the Spring of 1911 she returned and the complainant witness began to grow cold toward her. Mr. Stokes told her that she must leave the Ansonia, and after she had done so she called many times to ask him for money. On May 1 she called to see him and demanded $500. He refused to give it to her and she said: 'If you don't I will kill myself,' and took a bottle from her bag, which she raised to her lips. Mr. Stokes grabbed it from her and gave her $25."

Mr. Buckner described other interviews between Miss Graham and Stokes, and coming down to May 31, said:

"This is the big day, gentlemen, for on this day the Conrad girl stepped upon the stage in the tragedy. She called upon Mr. Stokes and told him she had found a girl who said she was Lillian Graham starving in the street and had taken her in. She appeared nervous and excited, and said she had returned to her home in the Varuna Apartments and found that Miss Graham had taken carbolic acid and had left a note to the press saying that she had numerous letters from Mr. Stokes which she wanted published, because he had ruined her life. Mr. Stokes gave Miss Conrad $30 to obtain a nurse for Miss Graham.

"All this happened in the morning, but where do you suppose these two girls were in the afternoon of the same day? They were in the sporting goods department of a large Broadway department store, buying two nurses."

Here Mr. Buckner produced two revolvers.

"These are the nurses, gentlemen," continued the Assistant District Attorney. "The Graham girl bought the white one and the Conrad girl the blue one. The poor girl who was suffering from the burns of carbolic acid was joking and talking with the salesman."

Mr. Buckner then told of an agreement made between Mr. Stokes and Ethel Conrad to the effect that he would pay Miss Graham's expenses to Belgium if she would not bother him. Mr. Stokes gave Miss Conrad the money, $200. Mr. Buckner then told of a telephone conversation between the Conrad girl and Mr. Stokes on June 7, in which the girl said she would give him the letters if he would call for them at her apartments that night.

"Stokes put on his short outdoor overcoat, and, wearing his everyday business suit, went to the apartments of Miss Conrad," said Mr. Buckner. "She invited him into the parlor, and as he was entering she bolted the door, and then the defendant, Miss Graham, came crouching along the hall, carrying the white nurse, and said: 'Now I have you where I want you, and don't you move or I will blow your head off.'"

The shooting, said Mr. Buckner, happened after Mr. Stokes had refused to sign a check for $25,000 for Miss Graham. He said she shot first and Mr. Stokes wrested her revolver from her, and then the Conrad girl began to shoot.

In closing his opening address Mr. Buckner said he would put Mr. Stokes on the stand to-day as his first witness.

The jury is as follows: Joseph L. Flomer, insurance agent, 2,398 Creston Avenue, the Bronx; J. Frank Campbell, hotel man, 3,784 Bainbridge Avenue, the Bronx; Domonic Lamdorlfi, clerk, 313 East Ninetieth Street; George L. Sammis, agent, 1,793 Sedgwick Avenue, the Bronx; Charles R. Wagner, manufacturer of labels at 42 East Twentieth Street; Otto F. Vetter, secretary, of 2,062 Bainbridge Avenue, the Bronx; David Tannebaum, merchant, 342 Canal Street; George Hohmhorst, wine agent, 760 Westchester Avenue, the Bronx; John L. Dixon, secretary, 315 West Seventy-ninth Street; Paul Schmolck, manufacturer, 500 West 166th Street; Terry Hinkle, manufacturer, 604 West 116th Street, and Peter H. Sponheimer, a clerk, of 13-15 Park Place.

The two defendants appeared very hopeful over the outcome of the case, and Miss Conrad said:

"We haven't given out half of our case yet, and do not have any fear about the verdict."

WILLIAM BURRESS MARRIES.

Actor in "The Million" Weds Miss Carrie M. Turner in Hoboken.

William Burress, who plays the rôle of Porter in "The Million," surprised his associates by running away and getting married yesterday morning. The bride was Miss Carrie May Turner of Los Angeles, and the ceremony was performed at the Lutheran Church in Hoboken by the Rev. Dr. Rudolph. The only witnesses were Mr. and Mrs. Philip Hexamer, friends of the bride; Mr. and Mrs. William Bramwell, and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Williams. A wedding breakfast was served at the Hexamer home in Hoboken after the ceremony.

The wedding was kept a secret until after the performance of "The Million" at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre last night, when Mr. Burress confessed.

"Everywife" Litigation Settled.

The troubles of "Everywife," the burlesque of part of "Everywoman," which was put on during the Summer in "The Follies of 1911," are over. Judge Lacombe yesterday authorized the discontinuance of the action brought by Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., against Joseph Hart, Clayton White, Percy G. Williams, Benjamin F. Keith, and the United Booking Offices of America over the piece. Dittenhoefer, Gerber & James, counsel for the plaintiff, informed the court that the parties to it had settled the matter out of court. In asking for the injunction Ziegfeld alleged that he had acquired from George V. Hobart, the author of the dialogue and lyrics, all the rights in the piece, and that the staging of "Everywife" had cost him $12,000 of the $40,000 he had expended on "The Follies of 1911."

AGED SLAYER COLLAPSES.

Pleads Guilty Rather Than Let Grandson Tell of Wife-Killing.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Rather than see his eight-year-old grandson go on the witness stand and testify against him, Harry Ingham, 63 years old, a well-to-do farmer of Milwood, who killed his wife on May 22 last, suddenly told his lawyer to-day in the middle of his trial at White Plains for murder in the first degree, to change his plea of not guilty. His counsel, ex-District Attorney G. C. Andrews, said that Ingham desired to enter a plea of guilty of murder in the second degree, and Assistant District Attorney Lee Parsons Davis accepted the plea, saying that he believed the ends of justice would be accomplished by having the aged prisoner confined in prison for the rest of his life.

Bowed down with grief and with his hair turned white by the anguish he has suffered since he blew away part of his wife's head with a shotgun while on a drunken debauch, Ingham was a picture of misery. His sudden plea caused surprise to the spectators and many bowed their heads as the white-haired murderer faced Supreme Court Justice Tompkins, who sentenced him to Sing Sing Prison for the remainder of his natural life.

During the brief trial tears rolled down the cheeks of the prisoner while witnesses testified against him. He appeared in court with a mourning band on his left arm and frequently wiped his eyes with a white handkerchief with a black border.

"It took only twenty-eight minutes to select a jury to try Ingham, and Coroner Squires told how, after he had been arrested and placed in the Ossining lockup, he attempted to kill himself by cutting his wrists and throat with a piece of a broken milk bottle. Coroner Squires says he took Ingham to his farmhouse at Millwood and showed him the body of his wife. Ingham got down on his knees and showed great remorse.

"I don't know why I did it. I am so sorry. I loved her so," he exclaimed.

It appears that on the morning of the murder he went to Ossining and drank much hard cider and whisky. When he returned home his wife was in the kitchen reading a letter from their son. Ingham, insane from drink, seized a shotgun, and with the words, "It is now time for us both to die," fired at her before she had time to get a glimpse of her husband.

Romaine Williams, a constable, testified that when he went to arrest the farmer he found him walking up and down in front of his farmhouse wearing one shoe, while the other foot was bare. "He said to me," said the witness, "I am sorry I shot my wife. I would rather have lost $3,000."

District Attorney Davis then called the little grandson, who had witnessed the murder of his grandmother. Ingham wept aloud, and pulling at the coat of Mr. Andrews told him to enter a plea of murder in the second degree. This Justice Tompkins accepted, and Ingham, who was shaking like a leaf, was immediately sentenced to life imprisonment.

Following his sentence, Ingham heard a jury announce a verdict of acquittal of James O'Keefe, who had been tried several hours before on the charge of killing James Reynolds. O'Keefe and Reynolds were deckhands on the steamer Sarah Jenks, plying between New York and Ossining. On the night of Oct. 22 they quarreled while on shore leave in Ossining, and Reynolds was stabbed to death. O'Keefe said he fought in self-defense. Reynolds just before his death pleaded with the officials to exonerate O'Keefe, saying it was all his fault.

Immediately after this verdict Justice Tompkins sentenced George Williams, a negro, to death in the electric chair at Sing Sing in the week beginning Jan. 8 for the murder of Station Agent Charles Conklin at Croton Lake on April 8 last. Williams said that he did not commit the murder, and that Walter Biddle, who was the leader of a gang of three bandits, shot Conklin. Williams was found in the snow the morning after the murder a short distance from the station. There was a bullet hole in his chest and both his feet were frozen. One foot had to be amputated in the jail, and the murdered had to hobble into court on crutches.

SPENCER TRIAL ENDS TO-DAY.

Attorneys Expect Jury Will Be Charged This Afternoon.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 23.—Attorneys in the case of Bertram G. Spencer, charged with the murder of Martha B. Blackstone, believe the issue will be in the hands of the jury to-morrow night. The Commonwealth plans to complete its rebuttal testimony to-morrow with the calling of two or three alienists, and the defense will follow with brief testimony in surrebuttal. The lawyers have agreed to allot two hours to each side for arguments, and if there are no delays, the jury will be charged before evening.

When C. P. Hooker, the county physician, who examined Spencer in the Springfield jail, took the stand to-day, the defendant glared at him. When the witness testified that he had said, 'Spencer, you are faking," Spencer rose and angrily denounced the witness, declaring that Dr. Hooker had tried to poison him. After he had been overpowered the prisoner became quiet and for the remainder of the day appeared to pay little further attention to the testimony.

Witnesses for the State testified that when they knew Spencer he appeared normal mentally. Horace M. St. John, a convict from the State Prison, who was sent to the Bridgewater State Hospital for sixteen months, after he had feigned insanity, said that one day when Spencer was singing in rehearsal for a play to be given by inmates, St. John remarked to him that one who could sing and draw as well as Spencer, did not seem to be very insane. Spencer, he said, at once made queer motions with his head and body, and told witness that if he did not do those things the doctors would think he was sane. St. John said he was convinced Spencer was feigning.

Another witness said he asked Spencer why he killed Miss Blackstone, and that Spencer replied, "Dead people tell no tales."

Dr. Leonard A. Baker, first assistant physician at the Bridewater Hospital insane department, declared Spencer mentally defective, but not insane.

Dr. Hosea M. Quinby, Superintendent of the Worcester State Insane Hospital, and Dr. D. H. Fuller of Boston, a visitor for the State Board of Insanity, were convinced also he was sane.

NELLIE BLY LOSES.

Jury Declares Her Iron Clad Manufacturing Company Is Bankrupt.

After a strenuous fight Mrs. Elizabeth Seaman, who as Nellie Bly was widely known some years ago as a newspaper writer, has lost her fight to save the Iron Clad Manufacturing Company, of which she is the head, from being declared insolvent. By direction of the court a jury in the United States District Court in Brooklyn yesterday afternoon found that the company was bankrupt. To-day Judge Thomas I. Chatfield will appoint a referee to ascertain the amount of the assets and liabilities of the concern and settle its affairs.

Last Spring proceedings in bankruptcy were instituted against the Iron Clad Company by Brown Brothers, the bankers, and other creditors of the concern. On May 23 Appleton L. Clark was appointed as a temporary receiver for the company. The petition was filed after Mrs. Seaman had caused the arrest of two of her office employes on a charge of forgery. She asserted that she had lost large sums of money through false checks drawn by trusted employes.

While fighting vigorously to prevent the Iron Clad Company from being declared bankrupt, Mrs. Seaman has also been busy preparing a case against two men who were in her employ, and who, she alleges, robbed her. These men have been indicted for forgery.

JURY HEARS STORY OF MRS. PATTERSON

Woman on Trial for Killing Her Husband Relates How He Abused Her.

TELLS OF HER TRIP ABROAD

Witness for the State Corroborates Her and Hurts Prosecutor's Case —Others Fail to Appear.

DENVER, Nov. 23.—Gertrude Gibson Patterson, charged with the murder of her husband, Charles A. Patterson, took the stand to-day in her own defense and in a low, distinct tone told of their marriage in September, 1908, in Carmel-by-the-Sea, Cal., after a three months' acquaintance and of her return to Chicago soon afterward.

In November she declared Patterson began to make incessant demands for money, which she was unable to give him. She went on to say that he finally urged her to become an inmate of a resort in Chicago.

Mrs. Patterson told how she had met Strouss and told him of her unhappiness.

"He said he pitied me," she continued, "and that he was going to Europe and wished he could take me with him. I told Mr. Patterson, and he said, 'Tell Strouss he can take you to Europe with him if he gives me $1,500.' And when I refused he attacked me."

In this encounter, Mrs. Patterson said, her husband tried to throw her into a grate fire and beat her. She said she told Strouss what had happened, and he agreed to give Patterson the $1,500 and to take her to Europe, provided Patterson gave him a written statement freeing him of blame.

"I telephoned my husband," she continued, "and agreed to meet him at the bank where I gave him the $1,500, which he deposited to his credit."

When she asked for the statement Strouss wanted, she said, he refused to give it to her. Mrs. Patterson said she met Strouss on board the steamer in New York. At Paris, she said, she found a letter from her husband, in which he said.

> I have about come to the conclusion that you don't intend to come back to me, and if you don't return at once I'll follow you and kill you.

"I showed the latter to Strouss," said Mrs. Patterson, "and he gave me $5,000 and sent me back on the next steamer. I have never seen him since."

On her return to Chicago, she said, Patterson met her at the train. He asked her how much money she had brought back. When she told him she had brought none and asked him what he had done with the $1,500, she said he flew into a rage and beat her.

A change in the attitude of one witness and the absence of others seriously hampered the prosecution. Louis Schramm, a gardener employed at the Hendrie home, before which the shooting occurred, is in Chicago, out of the jurisdiction of the court, and Nora Brown, a maid in the Hendrie home, and who was expected to tell of Mrs. Patterson's statements after she had shot Patterson, has not yet been found.

Dr. W. G. Mudd, who was called by the State, proved to be of greater value to the defense. Dr. Mudd rode in the ambulance with Mrs. Patterson when she was taken to jail after the shooting. He aided the contention of the woman that Patterson struck her by stating that there was a bluish spot on her cheek, which she told him was where her husband had struck her. He testified also that Mrs. Patterson told him that, after her husband had knocked her down, he handed her the pistol, saying: "Now, kill yourself."

Dr. Stephen D. Parsons told of a newspaper clipping which he said he found near Patterson's body and turned over to Police Sergeant McIntyre. McIntyre confirmed the doctor's statement. The clipping, which was not read to the jury, is said to relate to the alienation suit which Patterson purposed filing against a Chicago man.

HORSEWHIPPED, GIRL SAYS.

"Clergyman Causes Fordham Woman's Arrest Through Children's Society.

Mrs. Virginia Evers of 54 West 190th Street, wife of Frederick W. Evers, a furniture dealer, was held in $1,000 bail yesterday by Magistrate Butts in the Morrisania Court to answer a charge of assault in the third degree. The bail was furnished by a surety company after Mrs. Evers had been held in the detention room of the court for some time.

Agents of the Children's Society arrested Mrs. Evers Wednesday evening on the charge of beating Alice Randolph, a thirteen-year-old girl. The girl exhibited to Magistrate Butts several bruises on her arms, which she said had been inflicted by Mrs. Evers with a horsewhip. Dr. W. Travis Gillis, physician of the Children's Society, submitted an affidavit that he had examined the girl and found evidence of many beatings.

The agents of the society said that their attention had been called to the case by the Rev. Dr. De Witt L. Pelton, rector of St. James's Protestant Episcopal Church, which is near Mrs. Evers's home in Fordham. He said the girl sang in his church choir. He first learned, he said in court, of the beatings received by the Randolph girl from her choirmate, Geraldine Harris, and later got a reluctant verification from the girl, he said, of her reported treatment. The case was adjourned to Saturday morning.

ACQUIT GOLDEN OF MURDER.

Jury Frees Merchant Who Shot Wife by Mistake for Burglar.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Nov. 23.—After thirty minutes' deliberation the jury in the case of George Golden, wealthy shoe merchant of Wickboro, Penn., to-night returned a verdict of not guilty. Golden shot and killed his wife on the night of July 18 last. He asserted that he had mistaken her for a burglar. The prosecution alleged it was deliberate murder.

Golden was arrested on complaint of his brother-in-law and released by the court of Armstrong County on a writ of habeas corpus. Finally to set at rest suspicion, Golden had himself indicted for murder, and obtaining a change of venue went to trial here last Monday.

The prosecution endeavored to show that Golden frequently quarreled with his wife and that she was about to expose alleged questionable business methods of her husband when she was killed.

Golden did not testify. His attorneys offered little evidence, maintaining that the case be allowed to go to the jury without argument, to which the prosecution objected. The addresses of opposing counsel were sharp, many witnesses being severely arraigned.

Judge John D. Shafer concluded his charge as follows:

"Gentlemen, it appears to me that the Commonwealth has not proved the guilt of the defendant beyond a reasonable doubt."

On Account of the Death of
Mr. Millard F. Smith
the stores of
SMITH GRAY & CO.
will close on Friday at 3 P. M.

LOSS FOR FIFTH AVE. 'BUSES.

Show Deficit for Year, Though Carrying Nearly 6,000,000 Fares.

Running motor 'buses along Fifth Avenue does not appear to be a paying business, according to the annual report of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company for the year ended June 30, given out yesterday by the Public Service Commission. It operated at a net loss of $34,761, though it took in $599,737 in fares, made $13,002 from its livery service, $17,875 from advertising, and had a total revenue of $631,310.

The company carried 5,997,372 passengers and the average amount each omnibus earned for each mile it ran was 44.28 cents, but the running expenses were very heavy. Reckoning that the life of each of its eighty buses is only three years, the company wrote off to its depreciation account $101,511, and the cost of conducting transportation was $249,989. Then the item for new tires alone came to $67,563, so that, though the number of passengers increased by 242,151 and the number of round trips was decreased by 22,987, the result of the year's operations was a deficit.

This, it was explained at the commission, is more apparent than real on account of the steady building up of the company's reserve. An allowance for damages and injuries at the rate of 3 cents a bus mile is charged, and this totals $41,089, more than double the amount set aside in 1910, but actually only $19,092 was expended on this account. The accidents for which this fund will have to be used consisted last year of one death and thirty-four injuries.

DEFRAUDED HEARN & SONS.

Three Convicted of Padding Bills for Wagon and Automobile Repairs.

George Schuchman, who runs a wagon repair shop at 332 East Forty-first Street; George Reinemann, the former Superintendent of the outdoor equipment for James A. Hearn & Sons, and Frank J. Kelsey, the manager of the garage for the same company, were convicted yesterday of conspiring to defraud Hearn & Sons by padding bills for repairs upon their wagons and automobiles. The case was tried before Justices Steinert, Zeller, and Moss of Special Sessions yesterday. The men were released on bail until next Tuesday, when they will be sentenced.

The conviction of the men was largely due to testimony of John J. Fileri, a former employe of Schuchman, who testified that his employer charged Hearn & Sons for repairs never made upon their equipment. Assistant District Attorney Smith said the firm was defrauded out of $41,000 in all by the three defendants, and managed to get into evidence confessions made by Reinemann and Kelsey when they were arrested.

After they had been found guilty on the conspiracy charge all three men pleaded guilty to an additional charge of violating the Donnelly anti-tipping law.

GUN MAN ROBS SALOON.

Takes $143 from Proprietor, Fires at Crowd, and Gets Away.

There were a dozen men in the saloon of Jacob Born, on the southwest corner of 128th Street and Third Avenue, at 7:30 o'clock last night, most of them acquaintances of the proprietor. Born gathered $120 in cash and checks for $23 from the cash register and took them into a little office off the bar.

A stockily built youth of medium height followed him in, and presently those outside heard the sound of a blow. Adam Krouse, a bartender, ran into the office to see the youth bending over Born, taking the cash and checks from him. He stuffed them into his pockets, and, rising as Krouse entered, knocked him down with a blow on the jaw.

Then the robber stepped into the barroom, where the dozen were starting toward the office. He fired two shots and the throng in the bar scattered for cover behind chairs and tables. Then the intruder backed out, remarking:

"I'll kill the first man who follows me."

Krouse and Harry Burnett, another bartender, dashed out the door after the man, however, but the robber had a good start and disappeared around the corner of Second Avenue before either Burnett or Krouse could find a policeman.

Detectives from the East 126th Street Station searched the tenements of the neighborhood last night, but they found no one fitting the description given of the robber.

SUES MADDEN FOR $50,000.

Enoch Megrue, Once His Steward, Seeks Damages for False Imprisonment.

Papers were served on John E. Madden, the turfman, in a $50,000 suit for damages yesterday morning. The action is brought by Enoch Megrue for false imprisonment.

Megrue was indicted by the Grand Jury in Lexington, Ky., for grand larceny and arrested in this State last April. Gov. Dix refused to sign the extradition papers and Megrue was released and is now suing for damages. A new indictment has been found recently by the Lexington Grand Jury against him, however, and a fresh application for his extradition will be sent to Gov. Dix.

Megrue was employed by Mr. Madden as steward and betting commissioner some years ago. He is alleged to have stolen valuable trophies, coins, and medals.

WOULD LINK FERRONE WITH AN OLD MURDER

Police Seek to Identify Alleged Wife-Slayer as Witness in Mamie Cunningham Case.

CHILD WAS STRANGLED

Witness, Later Accused of Perjury, Swore He Saw Girl Killed—Is a Cousin, Asserts Tombs Prisoner.

Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty and Inspector Hughes of the Central Office admitted yesterday that they had assigned detectives to the task of identifying, if possible, Joseph Ferrone, now at 29 years old a prisoner in the Tombs charged with wife murder, as the fourteen-year-old boy Joseph Ferrone who admitted having witnessed the murder of twelve-year-old Mamie Cunningham more than fifteen years ago, and whom they later charged with perjury.

Mamie Cunningham was found strangled to death on Decoration Day, 1896, in front of a little altar she had erected for prayer in her bedroom. Two men were arrested for murder. Joseph Ferrone was accused of perjury in connection with it. All were subsequently released.

The Central Office officials admitted yesterday that to prove anything against Ferrone after this lapse of time will be difficult. Ferrone himself is not doing any talking. On Wednesday he declared that the Joseph Ferrone of the Cunningham case was a cousin of his. Yesterday when he was led before a man who wanted to identify him Ferrone spat in his face and rushed away.

The murder of Mamie Cunningham attracted attention for some time, but it was never solved. The girl was the only child of a widow, who lived at 315 East Thirty-seventh Street. A brother, who was a priest, helped educate the girl, who went to St. Gabriel's Parochial School and studied music. She had a little piano in her room, and near it the little altar she had erected for her prayers.

It was in front of this altar on May 30, 1896, that the mother found the girl dead, with face horribly battered and a towel wound tightly around her head. Another towel was tied around her knees. The police at first arrested Frank P. Farrell, who had been seen around the house. But a few days later Joseph Ferrone, an ice vender's boy, swore to the police that he had while delivering ice at the house, through the open door of the Cunningham flat, seen Edward McCormick strangling the girl. McCormick was arrested, but he was discharged after Ferrone in the rooms of the Children's Society recanted his earlier sworn statement and declared he had made it only in order to gain notoriety. Ferrone was in turn thereupon arrested on a charge of perjury, but was subsequently discharged by Judge Goff. The police lost sight of him thereafter, although they continued, unsatisfied by either his first confession or subsequent recantation, to try to link him with the case.

The Joseph Ferrone now in the Tombs was arrested on Oct. 24. On that night, according to witnesses the police have, he lured back to this city his wife, who had left him and gone to Philadelphia, by writing to her that their little daughter was ill. According to Salvatore Granfortune, a sixteen-year-old boy, who said he had accompanied Ferrone, Ferrone and the woman met in Colonial Park at 145th Street and Bradhurst Avenue. Presently, the boy said, Ferrone began to quarrel with her, and whipped something out of his pocket. The woman fell to the ground, her throat severed by a razor. Ferrone, captured after a chase by a mob of several hundred persons, insisted that his wife had committed suicide.

With his arrest the police were reminded of the Joseph Ferrone of the Cunningham case, and set to work trying to identify the prisoner as one and the same in both murder cases.

In name, as in ages, the two Ferrones tally, but it is hard to discount the changes that sixteen years may have made in the appearance of the hard-faced man who was then a boy. Ex-Inspector McCafferty, who worked on the Cunningham case, is dead, and Capt. Clark and ex-Detective Kesselmark, who worked with him, do not undertake after the long lapse of years to identify the prisoner as the Ferrone of the earlier case.

Deputy Commissioner Dougherty says that the police are working to identify Ferrone with the Ferrone of the Cunningham case not so much in the hope of connecting him directly at this late day with the murder itself as to influence the severity of the sentence they hope to get for him for the more recent and plainer murder charge.

Leaves $300,000 to Institutions.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 23.—The will of Mrs. Florence A. Sackett, probated today, leaves $300,000 to charitable and educational institutions. Among other gifts the Ohio Mechanics' Institute of Cincinnati is allowed $50,000; the University of Cincinnati, $30,000, and the Masonic Home at Springfield, Ohio, $5,000.

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.
TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. 6th AVE., 18th & 19th STS.

To Charge Customers:—Purchases made until December 9th, inclusive, will be charged upon bills rendered February, 1, 1912.

GREENHUT BUILDING—"Everything for the Home"
Those Who Act Promptly, Today, Can Purchase
Sample Pairs of Elegant Embroidered Portieres
At an Average of 25c on the Dollar

Today's sale will comprise about seventy-five pairs—one pair of a kind—of these exquisite draperies. They are the residue of a recent large purchase and sale of samples from the leading art needlework studio of America.

As sample creations they were naturally made up ALMOST WITHOUT REGARD TO THEIR FIRST COST.

We wish to close out this remaining lot quickly, and have accordingly marked them for today, at the following three prices, by the pair:

$9.50 $14.50 $23.50

—which is considerably less than the cost of the materials, without counting the cost of their wondrously rich silk-embroidered or applique borders and corners.

Continuance of the "Pre-Holiday Clearance" of Lace Bed Sets
Also Renaissance Lace Bed Sets at the Following Reductions:

Regularly	Sale Price	Regularly	Sale Price	Regularly	Sale Price	Regularly	Sale Price
$3.25	$2.25	$5.75	$4.50	$4.75	$3.50	$7.50	$5.50

Handsome Renaissance Bed Sets—with big centre piece; rich corner motif; deep flounce; value $8.75; at....... $6.75
(GREENHUT Building, First Floor.)

Also Many Other Specials, Today, in Furniture and Thanksgiving China, Glassware and House Helps.

It Costs YOU Nothing to Vote for Our Donation of - - $30,000 to Charity
WE give this amount and we ask OUR CUSTOMERS to tell us by their VOTES which charitable and benevolent institutions, societies and churches shall receive this money.

Ask for S&H Green Trading Stamps—We Give Them

BRADY LOAN HELPED BARNES TO BUY PAPER

Osborne Seeks to Show Albany Democrats and Republicans Had Interests in Common.

VOTES BOUGHT AT $8 EACH

Eight Italians So Testify — County Bank Treasurer in Contempt for Refusing to Show Books.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 23.—For two hours to-day the Senate Investigating Committee listened to Anthony N. Brady's recital of his financial relations with various corporations in Albany. James W. Osborne, who brought out the fact that Mr. Brady made a loan years ago to William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee, sought to show that prominent Democrats and Republicans had interests in common, and in protecting them political lines were dropped.

Mr. Brady said he was President of the Municipal Gas Company, in which Mayor McEwan and Commissioner Edward B. Cantine of the Department of Public Safety are Directors; a Director of the National Commercial Bank, of which Corporation Counsel Arthur L. Andrews is a stockholder; a Director of the Consolidated Car Heating Company, and a Director of the Heiderberg Cement Company, of which the Mayor is also a Director.

"Did you contribute to the campaign fund of Mayor McEwan in 1909 or this year?" Mr. Osborne asked.

"I did not," replied Mr. Brady.

"Is Mr. Barnes a stockholder in the gas company?"

"The records show he is not."

"Is H. H. Bender a stockholder?"

"He bought some stock at auction in New York."

"Did you discuss this purchase with Mr. Barnes?"

"I want to say positively that I did not. Mr. Barnes is not directly or indirectly interested in the Municipal Gas Company."

Mr. Brady said he owned a small number of shares of stock in the Albany Journal Company, controlled by Mr. Barnes.

"How did you come to buy it?" Mr. Osborne asked.

"Mr. Barnes asked me to buy it, and I thought I was helping him in buying it," Mr. Brady replied.

"Were you ever interested directly or financially in the Journal Company?"

"I never was."

"Did you ever loan money to Mr. Barnes?"

"I did."

"When Mr. Barnes bought The Journal?"

"About that time."

"What security did you take?"

"There was no security."

Mr. Osborne asked when the loan was made and how much money was loaned.

"Under the circumstances," Chairman Bayne said, "we do not think this is a sufficiently material matter for us to go into."

Mr. Osborne said the relevancy of the question was in the fact that Mr. Brady at the time owned the gas company and that Mr. Barnes was buying a Republican organ. Although the administration was Democratic at the time, there was danger of a political change. The committee held to the belief that the matter was not pertinent, as it happened many years ago.

The committee had received considerable evidence in relation to city lighting, of which Mr. Brady's company had a monopoly, and the witness was asked to state how the company arrived at the price of $82 and $89 a year for street lights.

Mr. Brady said that no one man could tell what entered into an estimate of the cost of electric lighting. He said that the price was very reasonable for Albany. Chairman Bayne said the committee's expert had said that $35 was a reasonable price for each light.

"Well, that expert never operated a plant," Mr. Brady remarked. He declared that a company charging only $35 would soon be bankrupt. He refused, however, to be specific as to the data on which the price charged for city lights was based.

Eight Italians who voted in the Fifth Ward declared on the witness stand that William Wheelock, a Republican politician, had given each $8 on the night of Nov. 6 and asked them to vote the Republican ticket on the following day. Several said they were paid for voting each year.

"How much did you get for voting in other years?" Mr. Osborne asked of one of the witnesses.

"From $3 to $5," was the reply.

"You see, your Honors, you have been responsible for raising the price this year," Mr. Osborne remarked.

Mr. Osborne put in evidence the Grand Jury list, showing 150 members from Albany. Of this number 100 were enrolled as Republicans and 20 as Democrats. The politics of the others was not known. The same proportion prevailed in the trial jury lists, Mr. Osborne said.

Efforts were made by the committee to obtain the account of Harry H. Bender as Treasurer of the Republican County Committee in 1905.

W. S. N. Sanders, Treasurer of the Albany County Bank, in which the account was kept, refused to show the books, saying that the Directors had instructed him not to obey the subpoena. Mr. Sanders was adjudged in contempt and the counsel was directed to take steps to compel him to respond. Mr. Bender is now Treasurer of the Republican State Committee.

There was no objection to giving the committee a report showing the transactions of the committee since the passage of the Corrupt Practices act. The accounts of the committee prior to that act are withheld through the refusal of the bank to show its books.

At the conclusion of to-morrow's hearing the committee will adjourn for a week.

RAINED 88 INCHES IN 3 DAYS

And 32 Inches in One Is Manila Observatory's Record.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—From Father Algue's observatory at Manila comes a record of the greatest rainfall in the history of meteorology, when a storm overwhelmed Western Luzon, especially Baguio, last July.

Father José Coronas, the assistant director of the Manila Observatory, has issued a special bulletin stating that there were three typhoons between July 11 and Aug. 2, an unprecedented event, and that the greatest of the storms was one that raged from July 11 to 17. The figures show that in the first three days of this period the rainfall reached a total of over eighty-eight inches, while in the first twenty-four hours thirty-two inches of water fell. The Acting Director says:

"We do not know of any instance in which similar torrential rains have been registered in any other part of the globe."

With this explanation at hand the officials of the Insular Bureau now understand the almost total destruction of the magnificent military road in Baguio.

ALIENS $4,000 LIFTS BAR.

Nagel Annuls Deportation Order Because Children Had Trachoma.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The plight of Georg Hoffman, his wife, and seven children, Russian-Germans, who were ordered to be excluded by the Immigration Board of Special Inquiry at Baltimore, appealed to the sympathy of Secretary Nagel of the Department of Commerce and Labor, who authorizes their admission into the United States.

Because two of the children had trachoma the board recommended that the entire family be deported. Mr. Nagel found that Hoffmann was a farmer, possessed of $4,000, and just the class of immigrant this country needed. The family was authorized to proceed to their intended destination, Dickinson, N. D. The children suffering with trachoma will be placed in care of a physician.

STILL SEEK MORSE PARDON.

Ex-Banker's Counsel Has an Interview with Wickersham.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Another move looking to the release of Charles W. Morse, the former New York banker, from the Atlanta penitentiary, was forecast here to-day by a conference between Attorney General Wickersham and Morse's counsel, H. F. Dougherty, and T. B. Felder. The nature of their discussion was not disclosed.

Soon after the death of John R. Walsh, the Chicago banker, only a few days subsequent to his release on parole, it is known that efforts to obtain a pardon for Morse were renewed, but failed because the President, in disposing of the first pardon request last May, had mentioned Jan. 1, 1913, as the date on which Morse would be permitted again to seek Executive clemency. He is not eligible for parole until 1915.

TAFT VISITS THEATRE

But Cancels Engagements to Guard Against Recurrence of Cold.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—President Taft's recovery from his recent illness is shown by his being able to take the open air without danger of a recurrence of throat trouble. To-night he and Mrs. Taft, with the President's aid, Major Butt, occupied a box at the National Theatre to see Mme. Nazimova in "The Marionettes."

His physicians, nevertheless, have insisted upon his canceling some of his approaching engagements by way of precaution against a relapse. The engagements canceled are mostly local.

RATE INJUNCTIONS HEARING.

Court to Make Them Permanent So That Appeal May Be Filed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—A hearing on the motion to make permanent the injunctions of the Commerce Court in the transcontinental rate cases will be held by the court on Tuesday, Dec. 5.

The motion will be granted and a final decree will be entered by the court, so that the issue as to the constitutionality of the long and short haul provision of the railroad law can go before the Supreme Court in a definite form.

New Bogus $5 Bill Out.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—A new counterfeit five-dollar silver certificate has appeared in circulation, and the Secret Service to-day circulated a warning. The counterfeit is a poorly executed photograph on two pieces of cheap paper, the back being colored with green water color paint. The note bears check letter A, "Series 1899."

Taft to Hear Wool Growers.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—President Taft to-day promised Senator Smoot of Utah to give a hearing to representatives of the National Wool Growers' Association and the Utah and Wyoming Wool Growers' Association on the wool industry at the White House on Saturday.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:05—402 E. 40th St.; Martin Kunich	$100
1:08—279 7th Av.; Henry Weber	$1,000
11:10—220 Avenue B; I. Segal	$25
P. M.	
12:45—343 E. 8th St.; Annie Burgin	Trifling
1:00—341 E. 104th St.; Michael Ferzoli	Slight
P.M.	
2:00—337 East 95th St.; H. Goldhammer	Trifling
2:10—311 East 100th St.; N. Mack	Trifling
2:25—786 East 152d St.; A. Terlan	Trifling
2:30—932 Columbus Av.; C. Kahler	Trifling
2:50—60 East 103d St.; Rosie Regess	Trifling
3:30—1,489 Park Av.; A. Rappart	Trifling
3:35—9 East 118th St.; A. Van Beuren & Co.	Trifling
3:35—331 East 115th St.; P. Nuccielo	Trifling
4:00—38 Rivington St.; Haber Brothers	$10
4:00—235 East 105th St.; M. Aronowitz	Trifling
4:20—164 East 92d St.; Emma Klein	Trifling
4:50—375 West 38th St.; M. Hasonhorn	$800
7:10—202 West 145th St.; New York Bill Posting Company	Trifling
7:40—35 Stanton St.; unknown	$10

LABOR CHIEFS MUST FACE A NEW TRIAL

Washington Judge Denies Plea of Gompers, Mitchell, and Morrison in Contempt Proceedings.

MITCHELL TIRED OF CASE

While Gompers Declares Justice Wright Is Mentally Incompetent to Give Them a Fair Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23. — Justice Wright of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to-day denied the motion of Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell, and Frank Morrison to dismiss the contempt proceedings against the three labor leaders on the ground that the Statute of Limitations has expired. The case has been pending for several years before Justice Wright, and he has already once imposed sentences of imprisonment upon the three men.

The Supreme Court, however, found errors in his procedure, but gave the lower court the right to renew the proceedings, and the case has since been reopened with a committee of prosecutors appointed by the court. In refusing the motion Justice Wright held that contempt proceedings are not of a criminal nature, and therefore do not fall within the provision of law requiring that indictment must be brought, if at all, for a criminal act within three years of its commission. That part of the labor men's motion charging the court itself with unreasonable delay was held to be frivolous, and, perhaps, insolent and affrontive. Justice Wright suggested that it might be stricken from the record. The petition that testimony be taken in open court instead of before a referee was finally denied on the ground that a proceding in court would eliminate certain material witnesses.

"Of the fallacy that alleges contemnors are contesting with Judges contemnors cannot too soon unload their minds," continued the Justice, "for if charges of contempt are true the contest is against the supremacy of law. The duty and concern of Judges is only that, for and in the name of the people, the supremacy of law shall be maintained."

Counsel for the labor leaders were allowed three days in which to agree with the committee of prosecutors as to a referee.

The controversy that originally brought the labor leaders before the District Supreme Court arose out of a labor boycott of the Bucks Stove and Range Company of St. Louis. Though this dispute has been settled, Justice Wright took the ground that the dignity of the District Supreme Court's orders had been violated, and again cites the labor leaders to appear and defend themselves.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 23.—"In so far as the people of this organization are concerned, Justice Wright is mentally incompetent to give a fair and impartial trial of the contempt proceedings against us."

President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, in convention here, made this declaration to-day when announcement was made on the convention floor that Justice Wright had handed down a decision overruling the motion of Mr. Gompers, John Mitchell, and Frank Morrison for a dismissal of the contempt proceedings arising out of the Bucks Stove and Range case, under the Statute of Limitations.

Vice President John Mitchell declared he was sick of the whole matter and that he was anxious to have the affair ended.

"If we must go to jail," said Mr. Mitchell, "I want to have it over with. Under the present situation I am afraid to accept a position for fear it will be abruptly terminated by an order of the court. Under the present circumstances the only job I can take is digging coal, and I am not anxious for that."

M'ADOO TRAINS TO NEWARK.

Regular Service from New York After Midnight To-morrow.

A trial train was run from the Hudson Terminal, New York, over the new high-speed electric line into Park Place Station at Newark yesterday, for the first time. The train took twenty minutes to make the trip. On board were the higher officers of both the Pennsylvania Railroad and the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad.

The road will be open to the public to-morrow night, the first train leaving New York at one minute after midnight.

The arrival of the special train at Newark was greeted by the blowing of whistles at all factories and on river boats.

Howard Marshall of 366 Fifth Avenue, President of the Commuters' League of New Jersey, in an interview sent out from his office, says that the league thoroughly recognizes the need for the proposed increase of fare in the uptown tubes of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company. He thinks it is justified because the railroad has been operated at a loss. Mr. Marshall says that the policy of the company has been to treat the public with uniform courtesy, and with due regard to the public interest.

POLICE FIND A MISSING GIRL.

Young Runaway from Sheepshead Bay Arrested with Her Companion.

When 17-year-old Marie Wurmser left her home, in Dooley Street, Sheepshead Bay, last Monday and failed to return, her father, Emile Wurmser, suspected that Carlo Marino, proprietor of a dance hall at 2,331 Arthur Avenue, the Bronx, who had met the girl last Summer, might know something about her absence from home. He told the police, and last night detectives went to the dance hall and arrested Marino. They say he tried to get a revolver from behind the bar, about which a crowd of his friends were grouped.

According to the police, Marino finally admitted that he knew where the Wurmser girl was, and directed them to the home of Mrs. Margaret Pyne, 410 West Twenty-fourth Street. There they found the girl, in company with Antonio Maggio of 162 West Twenty-eighth Street, and arrested them both.

The police say Marino has been arrested three times before, once for highway robbery.

Burned to Death in Bonfire.

While having a "war dance" around a bonfire on a vacant lot near his home yesterday afternoon four-year-old Donald Dnesen, whose home is at 373 Sumpter Street, East New York, tripped his toe upon a stone and tumbled headlong into the flames. The boy was dragged from the fire after he had been burned beyond recognition, by George Ryan, a baker. The boy died several hours later.

WARD LINER RESCUES ALL ON PRINZ JOACHIM

Seguranca Takes Passengers Off and Carries Them to Nassau with the Mails.

STEAMER IS IN NO DANGER

Passengers Who Wish Will Continue Their Trip in the Vigilancia—Seguranca Will Bring Others Home.

NASSAU, Nov. 23.—The Ward Line steamer Seguranca, bringing the 84 passengers and the mail of the stranded Prinz Joachim, has been sighted here. The transfer was concluded without accident at 9 o'clock last night.

The Prinz Joachim struck the rocks off Atwood Key, a remote island of the Bahamas, at 3:40 o'clock yesterday morning in latitude 22.17 north, longitude 74.49 west. The vessel has four fathoms of water under her bow and five and a half under the stern.

The Seguranca was the first craft to go to the assistance of the Prinz Joachim. Later the steamer Orlando arrived and stood by. Few details of the damage done have been received.

The United States gunboat Ploria left the naval station at Guantanamo, Cuba, to render assistance as soon as she received word of the accident.

News that the passengers had been taken from the Prinz Joachim aboard the Seguranca reached the Ward Line office here yesterday in a wireless message relayed from the Seguranca by the steamer Vigilancia, now at Nassau. The message read:

> Seguranca has all passengers from the Joachim. Bring to Nassau. Will arrive—. Will keep you informed.

The time the passengers were expected to reach Nassau was lost from the message.

The message was confirmed soon after by a dispatch received by E. L. Boas, Managing Director here of the Hamburg-American Line, from C. C. Oakes, Ward Line Inspector in Nassau. This message said:

> SS. Vigilancia at Sea, via Key West, Fla., Nov. 23.—Seguranca has all passengers of the Prinz Joachim for Nassau. OAKES.

The Vigilancia is in Nassau, and passengers who desire to continue their voyage will proceed in her, while any who wish to return may do so in the Seguranca.

The Prinz Joachim is believed to be in no particular danger, as late reports indicated that the weather was fine and that only her forward compartment had filled with water. A message was received from the Vigilancia saying that she was in Nassau awaiting the Joachim's passengers.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 23.—Charles W. Bryan received a second wireless message from William J. Bryan this morning. It was relayed by the Vigilancia to Key West, and reads:

"Safe. Ward Line steamer Seguranca will reach Cuba via Nassau. "BRYAN."

Late yesterday afternoon the Hamburg-American Line here received word that the Seguranca had arrived in Nassau and had begun to transfer her passengers to the Vigilancia. Mr. Boas said that passengers who continued in the Vigilancia would go to Santiago, Port Antonio, and across Jamaica by rail to Kingston, from which point they would continue their cruise to Colon, Bocas del Toro, and Port Limon, Costa Rica.

William Jennings Bryan and his wife and grandson, who were passengers in the Prinz Joachim, will stay in Kingston as guests of Mr. Bryan's daughter, who is the wife of a British army officer stationed at that port.

The Merritt-Chapman wrecking tug Premier, which was dispatched from Kingston, and tugs from Guantanamo and other near-by ports, are expected to arrive at the wreck to-day, when examination will be made by divers to see if there is a possibility of getting the liner off. The unloading of her cargo will take three or four days.

Leaves Thousands to Charities.

ROME, N. Y., Nov. 23.—The will of Mrs. Emma C. Ingersoll, filed here to-day, gives $30,000 for a new home for the Boys' Club of Rome, $9,000 for a fountain in the Mount Albion Cemetery, Albion, N. Y.; $5,000 to the Albion branch of the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, $2,000 to the Young Men's Christian Association of Rome, $5,000 to St. Luke's Home, Rochester; $10,000 to Rome Hospital, and $5,000 to the International Society for the Benefit of the Blind Babies' Home.

COLLEGE WOMEN MEET HERE

Intercollegiate Conference to be Held at Barnard.

The Woman's Intercollegiate Conference on Student Government, which has been meeting at different points in the United States since the founding of women's colleges, will hold its annual conference this year in this city. Barnard College is to be the council's centre. The delegates began to arrive yesterday, and different members of Barnard's undergraduate body met them and took them to the college.

The dormitory has been thrown open for the use of the delegates, and incidentally the regular residents have been thrown out to make room for them. The Faculty has decreed a half holiday on Friday, when the open meeting will be held in Brinckerhoff Theatre. To-day there will be a closed meeting in the morning, an open one in the afternoon and in the evening, with the aid of a Fifth Avenue 'bus and a megaphone, the Reception Committee will show the delegates the sights of the city.

All Cars Transfer to

Bloomingdales

Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th Street

Store is Convenient Now to Everywhere.

Rich Fur Coats

At Bloomingdales' you will find a splendid variety of the season's most fashionable high grade models at prices that have made our fur shop popular.

These Luxurious Garments are all 52 inches long.

Russian Pony Coats, splendid, at	$25.00
Caracul Coats, Leipsic Dye, special	39.00
French Seal Coats, very special, at	50.00
Marmot Coats, very handsome, at	48.00
Natural Pony Coats, special, at	48.00
Victoria Seal Coats, at	$90 to 125.00
Persian Lamb Coats, special, at	200.00

Hudson Seal Coats, 52 inches long; look like Alaska seal; skins are specially prepared for Bloomingdales' $69.00

In Fur Sets, too, we offer a host of newest approved models in fashionable furs at attractive prices.

Bloomingdales', Lex. to Third Ave., 59th to 60th St.

GIMBELS

4 Per Cent. On Interest Accounts
2 Per Cent. On Checking Accounts
Allowed Depositors' Balances By
GIMBEL BROTHERS, Bankers
See the New
"Bill-fold Pocket Bank"

1,000 Men's Fine SHIRTS, 95c

Of Our Regular $1.50, $2, $2.50 and Even Better Qualities

But that doesn't mean Shirts for a thousand men, by a good deal; because men who come for these will buy them at the rate of five or six at a clip, as soon as they find out how good they are.

Mostly made of imported materials, which means quality and designs never found in low-priced Shirts. Chiefly plaited bosoms, but some negligees in the lot, all in coat style, with cuffs attached. Also some Flannel Shirts, with neckbands or collars attached. All must suffer this reduction, because they are broken assortments, that we wish to be rid of. All sizes from 14 to 17 will be found in one style or another. Today at 95c each.

Men's PAJAMAS at 95c a Suit

These are Pajamas that, you will agree, are most excellent for their price. Made in splendid fashion, plain white, tan, gray and blue madras; neatly trimmed with pearl buttons and frogs. Made especially for us by a manufacturer who took special pains with the order, to make us permanent customers.

About 500 Suits in the lot, to which we have added about 120 Suits that were formerly $1.50, $2 and $2.50 in our regular stock—an incentive for men to come early. Main floor

Six Styles of "INNOVATION" TRUNKS

At $45 for Men or Women

Innovation Trunks are now known the world over for their splendidly practical arrangement, their ability to carry one's clothing without mussing or creasing it, their staunch construction, and, withal, their light weight.

With the embodying of all their advantages in Innovation Trunks to sell at a moderate price, their circle of friends has greatly increased.

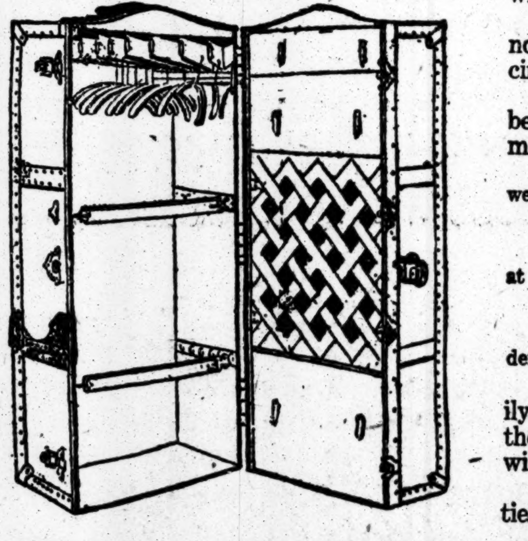
The style at $45 is particularly popular, and Gimbels offers a full supply, with the various interior arrangements, as follows:

One side of the Trunk is arranged in the usual way to carry wearing apparel; on the other side one has a choice of
All drawers (6), two of which will carry women's hats.
Men's hat compartment with six drawers.
Women's hat compartment, with five drawers, a special only at Gimbels. Woman's Demi-Innovation, with six drawers.
Man's Demi-Innovation, hat compartment, 6 drawers.
Woman's Demi-Innovation, with hat compartment, 3 drawers.
(Dimensions of the full size Trunks are 46x20x20 in., of the demi-size Trunks, 46x20x15 in.

We might suggest that for any member of the family who is planning a trip to Florida, California or the Mediterranean this Winter, an Innovation Trunk will make a superb Christmas gift.

A full range of Innovation Trunks in other qualities at $30, $55, $60, $65 and $75. Fifth floor.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST



WE GIVE SURETY STAMPS

O'NEILL-ADAMS Co

Sixth Avenue, 20th to 22d St.

Best Quality. Lowest Prices on Sixth Avenue

The First to Talk About Christmas Goods

Our Values Occupy a Relative Position

We were talking weeks ago about our Christmas lines—how large they were—how new they were—how novel they were. Our early purchases and early receipt of goods gave us the cream of the market from which to select. Always a leader in the pretty things that delight the juvenile heart, we have this season surpassed ourselves.

And We Extend an Invitation for Early Calls, When Stocks Will Be Largest and Shipping Easy

Look through our greatly enlarged

Toy Department

O'Neill—Main Store—Basement.

Make Whatever Purchases You Desire and at Your Request we will Hold Them for the Holiday Delivery

We Are Offering Thanksgiving Grocery Baskets at $2.00

Every item good quality, selected from our well-known stock, guaranteed and worth $2.47. Look at these baskets, analyze quality and quantity, as against all other baskets sold elsewhere.

CONTENTS
Thanksgiving Basket—1911
Value $2.47 for $2.00

Articles	Our Usual Low Price
1 Ham	$1.44
1 can Surety Coffee	.28
1 package Ceylon Tea	.15
1 can Corn	.10
1 can Peas	.12
1 can Tomatoes	.08
1 bag Flour	.30
Total	$2.47

Special at $2.00

This is our contribution—47c. on each basket—and we'll give it on every basket sold—no matter how many thousands are bought.

Good Things for the Thanksgiving Table

In Our Grocery Dept.

We Reserve the Right to Limit Quantities.

Phone 5700 Chelsea. O'Neill Main Store—Basement. Mail Orders Filled.

On Sale Friday and Saturday

Sugar	Flour	Prunes	Plum Pudding
Havemeyer & Elder's standard refined Granulated Sugar in ten pound muslin bags, this sale.. 63c	Washburn-Crosby's Gold Medal, none better; bbl., $6.25; 24½ pound bag 78c	Finest quality California Prunes, new season's crop, fancy fruit, 50 to the pound, elsewhere 15c. per pound; our price this sale 2 for 21c	The Franco-American Food Co.'s or Richardson & Robbins'; No. 3 cans, 59c.; No. 2 cans, 43c.; No. 1 cans .. 23c

Mince Meat

Brick's Peerless—5-lb pails	70c
Atmore's—5-lb. pails	70c
Atmore's—No. 5 jars	$1.00
Atmore's—No. 3 jars	65c
Armour's—No. 3 jars	60c
The Floral—½-gal. jar	70c
The Floral—Qt. jar	40c

New Crop Nuts

Brazil Nuts; per lb	20c
Extra Fancy Cultivated Pecans, per lb.	35c
Fancy Louisiana Pecans; per lb	30c
Texas Pecans; per lb	18c
Fancy Naples Filberts; per lb	20c
Sicily Filberts; per lb	15c
Princess Almonds; per lb	30c
Paper Shell Almonds; per lb	25c
Tarragona Almonds; per lb	20c
French Chestnuts; per lb	12c
Hickory Nuts; per lb	10c
Black Walnuts; per lb	10c
Mixed Nuts; per lb	20c
Walnuts, Grenoble; per lb	20c
Walnuts, California; per lb	25c
Walnuts, Budded California; per lb.	30c

Fresh Fruits
(None C. O. D.)

Smooth Cayenne Pineapples, each	40c
Spanish Red Pineapples, each	10c
Florida Grape Fruit, large	12½c
Florida Grape Fruit, medium	8 1-3c
Florida Oranges, large, per doz	40c
Florida Oranges, med., per doz	30c
Cranberries, per quart	12½c
Malaga Grapes, per lb	18c

Table Raisins

New Malaga Clusters—5-lb boxes	$1.75
New Malaga Clusters — 1-lb. bundles	35c
New Malaga Clusters — 1-lb. bundles	25c

Glace Peels

Best Lemon, per pound	18c
Best Orange, per pound	18c
Best Citron, per pound	23c

Figs

Extra Fancy New Pulled Figs —Boxes averaging 5 lbs.	$1.00
Extra Fancy New Layer Figs —Per lb.	18c
Fancy New Layer Figs—Per lb.	15c
Stewing Figs—Per lb.	14c

Raisins and Currants

Fancy Seeded Raisins — 1-lb. packages	12c
Fancy Currants — 1-lb. packages	12c
Fancy Sultana Raisins — 1-lb. packages	20c

Shelled Nuts

Fancy Jordan Almonds — Per lb.	65c
Extra Fancy Valencia Almonds —Per lb.	43c
Fancy Shelled Walnuts — Per lb.	50c
Fancy Shelled Pecans — Per lb.	70c

Butter	Surety Coffee	Mackerel	Crackers
Finest Elgin Creamery Table Butter, five-pound stone crocks; $1.89	Genuine 35c. quality at .... 28c We warrant this coffee to be equal to or better than the majority of coffees sold elsewhere at 35c.	Finest quality Norway Mackerel, average weight, half pound each, in ten pound pails, $1.25; 5 lb. pails.. 75c	Fresh baked N. B. C. Social Teas, Saltines, or Baroness; this sale, 6 packages, 45c.; per package...... 8c

ACCIDENTS MAR THE GARDEN SHOW

Two Army Officers Come Hard Croppers with Their Mounts in Jumping Events.

THE ATTENDANCE GROWS

Record Gatherings of the Week Dispel All Fear of the End of These Shows.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

10 A. M.—Judging nine Shetland brood mares, Class 24.

10:15 A. M.—Judging eight pony stallions, Class 21.

10:30 A. M.—Judging eight trotters, stallions, kept for service, Class 8.

11 A. M.—Judging twenty-four qualified hunters, (heavyweight,) Class 123.

12 M.—Judging twenty-six thoroughbred, green, or qualified hunters, Class 127.

1 P. M.—Recess.

2 P. M.—Judging ten harness horses, Class 62.

2:25 P. M.—Judging eleven ponies in harness, Class 93.

2:40 P. M.—Judging four pairs of roadsters and best-appointed road rig, Class 46.

3 P. M.—Judging pairs of roadsters for the championship, Class 48.

3:10 P. M.—Judging twenty-one saddle horses, Class 102.

3:35 P. M.—Judging twelve horses shown to ladies' phaetons, ladies to drive, Class 68.

3:55 P. M.—Judging ponies in harness for the championship, Class 96.

4:10 P. M.—Judging single roadsters for the championship, Class 47.

4:20 P. M.—Judging nine ponies in harness, driven by children, Class 95.

4:35 P. M.—Judging sixty-eight qualified hunters for Corinthian, Class 130.

6 P. M.—Recess.

8 P. M.—Judging seventeen harness horses, Class 55.

8:20 P. M.—Judging seven pairs of saddle horses, one ridden by a lady, the other by a gentleman, Class 153.

8:45—Judging thirteen tandems, Class 80.

9:15 P. M.—Judging nine hunt teams, Class 128.

9:50 P. M.—Judging thirteen horses for the high jump, Class 146.

With the positive announcement by Alfred G. Vanderbilt that the Horse Show was safe for several years to come, owners of the high-bred horses now being exhibited at Madison Square Garden were able to devote their undivided attention to the serious business of the show. The announcement, coupled with the continually increasing attendance and interest, has upset predictions of the early death of New York's famous sporting and social event. The success of this year's show has turned all pessimists into optimists.

The climax of the exhibition, from an attendance standpoint, is usually reached by Friday night, and if the present rate of increase is maintained for the next two days the Garden will be too small to accommodate the crowd, for the attendance up to date has far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of President Alfred G. Vanderbilt and his associates. After the second class had been called last night it was a difficult matter to find a vacant seat in the building, and later many were compelled to stand in the aisles.

Officers' chargers and hunters divided the attention of the spectators. Pairs of hunters and jumpers and army officers' mounts were ridden abreast over the jumps, and furnished an exciting spectacle, which was heightened in the military event by the appearance of the riders in brilliant uniforms. The fascinating spectacle kept the onlookers in a state of excitement until the last pair had successfully negotiated the obstacles.

Hope for the success of American army officers has well nigh departed. As each succeeding military class is disposed of by the judges the inferiority of our army horses is more and more apparent, and forces the horsemen to the realization that some radical departure must be made from the present method of training if the United States officers are to compete on even terms with the foreigners.

It developed that the failure of the British army horses to display the same form as last year was due to their physical condition. Lieut. Walwyn's famous timber-topper, which was so successful a year ago, is suffering from the after effects of a slight attack of pneumonia, contracted on the voyage from England. The English contingent of horses had a stormy voyage and have failed to perform up to their reputations.

Two accidents marred the jumping contest by officers of all nations riding two abreast. The first mishap occurred in the early stages of the contest. Two Dutch horses, Fox, ridden by Lieut. Trapman of the Royal Dutch Artillery, and Gravin Ada, with Baron N. F. M. van Voorst tot Voorst in the saddle, approached the last jump, a four-barred gate. As the pair rose Fox faltered and crashed into the obstacle, carrying it to the ground. Horse and rider rolled over on the tanbark. The rider was the first to regain his feet, the horse laboring heavily as he struggled to get up. When on his four feet, Fox could hardly stand, and it was found that he had wrenched his shoulder tendons.

Hardly had the excitement subsided when the spectators had a second thrill. This time it was a Canadian officer who came to grief. Lieut. Allen Case had the mount on Major Joseph Kilgour's Be Thankful, while Major Kilgour rode his second entry, Twilight. The horses collided as they were clearing the first jump and Be Thankful was thrown heavily. Lieut. Case was carried down with his mount and narrowly escaped being crushed. As it was he was severely shaken up, and limped badly when he left the ring.

After repeated unsuccesful attempts the British Army officers have at last triumphed. The event was one of the most important of the show and gives the Englishmen the privilege of returning home with two cups and $225 in cash. The victory was a popular one, and as the band played the English national anthem the crowd cheered themselves hoarse. The contest was for pairs of horses and perfect scores were made by Harmony, ridden by Col. Kenna, and Naughty Percy, with Lieut. Walter Brooke in the saddle. The record of the pair entitled them to the cups and first money, while Lieut. Walwyn on The Wag and Lieut. Brooke on Prussian Eagle took the second prize. Canada won the third and fourth ribbons. The American horses again made a poor showing.

The continuity of defeats of the American horses was broken in a special consolation event for a cup presented by Frederic Bull, when Capt. Guy V. Henry won the event on Connie. It was for army horses that had not won a prize, and Capt. Henry's victory gave the patriotic spectators an opportunity to cheer for the first successful American army horse, and there was no stint of applause.

SOCIETY IN THE BOXES.

Many Leading Members Attend the Show, Afternoon and Evening.

There were many newcomers at the Horse Show yesterday, both at the afternoon and evening session. The boxes were all occupied and the promenade was jammed at the night gatherings.

Mrs. William B. Leeds and the Princess San Faustino paid their first visit to the exhibition in the afternoon and occupied Box 1. They had with them Miss Margaret Cameron, Craig Wadsworth, and E. L. Tinker. Mrs. Leeds was gowned in black, with touches of purple, and wore a black velvet hat. The Princess San Faustino wore a long black velour coat over a white gown, with pearls, and a small black velvet hat.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., also visited the show at the afternoon session, and sat with Mrs. Reginald Vanderbilt in Box 14. She wore a costume of black moire with a large black velvet hat and gardenias at her corsage. Mrs. Reginald Vanderbilt was in blue velvet with Australian 'possum fur and a black hat.

Miss Katherine Elkins was the guest, both afternoon and evening, of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Moore in Box 45. She was in deep black. Mrs. Joseph Ulman, in a light plum-colored gown with collar and cuffs of chinchilla and a black velvet hat topped with white bird of paradise, had Lady Sybil Grey-Wilson with her in Box 79 in the afternoon.

In Box 77 with Mrs. Oliver Harriman, who wore a black velvet suit with a hat to match, were Mrs. F. O. Beach and Mrs. Joseph Harriman.

Mrs. Payne Whitney, who had Miss Marion Hollins with her, wore a gown figured with garnet and gold, and a black hat topped with Burgundy colored plumes.

Mrs. Franklin Mott Warner wore in the afternoon a taupe velvet gown with Venetian lace collar and fox furs, and a hat to match.

Mrs. Charles G. Ayres was in black broadcloth topped by a small black hat and wore violets at her corsage.

Others seen during the afternoon and evening were Mrs. Henry Beadleston, Mrs. Frederic Bull, Mrs. J. Henry Alexander, Mrs. Joseph E. Widener, who had Miss Anna Sands with her; Harvey S. Ladew, who had his sister, Miss Elise Ladew, Miss Beatrice Claflin, and Miss Hilda Holmes; Baron Rosenkranz, Miss Eleanora Sears, Mrs. Herbert Shipman, and Frederick Townsend Martin.

JUDGES IN THE RING.

British Army Officers Win Their First Success Over Jumps.

With the Waldorf-Astoria Cup for hackneys and half-bred hackneys and spectacular jumping classes as the feature, the fourth day's judging at the Horse Show was a busy one.

No better class ever competed for the Waldorf-Astoria Cup than that of last night. Judge Moore was represented by two, Oakwood, a bay son of Enthorpe Performer, and Memento's Pride. He had one leg on the trophy, and a second win meant the permanent possession of the cup. Opposed to the Moore pair were five of the best representatives of the hackney harness horse breed in the country. The contest narrowed down to Oakwood and Florham Tip Top. George Watson drove the latter with skill. Oakwood appeared thoroughly at home in the ring, and in the end received the championship ribbon.

Previous to this class Judge Moore had captured another blue rosette with Lady Seaton, the winner of the English Hackney Gold Challenge Cup on Wednesday night. He drove the winning horse, and with Lord Seaton, driven by George Chipchase, won the second prize. William White's Oxford was third, and J. Sumner Draper's Rillington Nimble fourth.

Mrs. William A. McGibbon's black mare Rosalie won the open saddle horse class from twenty-two entries. This makes the fourth blue ribbon of the show for Mrs. McGibbon's horse, including two challenge cups. It was a close contest for first honors between Rosalie and Edward McLean's Indian Flower, ridden by R. Penn Smith, Jr., but Rosalie was finally selected as the winner. James T. Hyde's Peter Parley was placed third, and Paul D. Cravath's Dr. Crockett received the reserve ribbon.

The Trotting Class.

Trotting stallions and fillies drew the major share of attention at the morning session, and the rail birds were more in evidence than at any time during the show. In the first class shown there were six two-year-old fillies, and the first prize went to Paronella Todd, a handsome mare, bred and exhibited by Miss K. L. Wieks of Galt, Canada. Second honors were captured by Horatio N. Bain's Rapidan Robbins.

Competition was keen in the class for six-year-old fillies. The entries were well matched, and it was not until the judges had subjected them to a careful examination that the coveted blue was finally attached to the bridle of the black mare, Miss Stevenson, entered by W. W. Collier, proprietor of the Elmdale Farms. The bay mare, Pansy Robbins, exhibited by Horatio N. Bain, and the chestnut mare, Affiliation, owned by Mrs. Talmadge Shordown, were rivals for second honors, which eventually went to the Bain entry.

The class for three-year-old stallions brought out only three entries. Sigler landed first prize for its owner, N. C. Pennock. Elmdale Farm's entry, Thomas Hood, took second prize.

August Belmont, Chairman of The Jockey Club, came in for two blue rosettes. In the class for thoroughbred running horses, three-year-olds and over, the chestnut stallion Fair Play caught the judges' eyes for the blue. Fair Play carried the Belmont colors to victory in the Realization Stakes at Sheepshead three years ago and was defeated only by a head by the undefeated Colin of the Keene stables for the Belmont Stakes at Belmont Park. Second honors of the thoroughbred class went to the thirteen-year-old stallion Armeath, entered by the Rancocas Farm of New Jersey, owned by the late Pierre Lorillard. Uncas Chief, entered by the Osceola stable, was forced to be content with third.

The second Belmont victory came in the class for hunters, the award being made in favor of Saracen. F. Ambrose Clark's Sallie Coombes was second, and Clarence F. Levin's Domineer third.

The Pony Winners.

Ponies in harness and by hand made an interesting display. In the stallion class Irvington Farm's Nipper carried off the honors, while the harness division went to Charles E. Bunn's bay pair, Zarina and Fire Lad.

Judge William H. Moore won his first blue of the day with his bay pair, Oakwood and Vida Fayre, in the class for pairs of harness horses. De Witt C. Flanagan cleverly handled Prince Charming and Rataplan and captured the second award.

The defeat of George Chipchase's Vanity in the class for ponies under saddle was somewhat unexpected, but Mrs. George W. Lederer's bay mare, Sweet Briar, showed superior qualities and was placed in the van. James Dunn's English entry, Silver Grey, was third.

History repeated itself in the class for Morgan horses, when H. R. C. Watson's Bell Marea captured the premier award for the breed of New England horses.

E. T. Stotesbury's Norcata in the roadster class scored a victory over Horatio N. Bain's Francis Bain and half a dozen other good roadsters.

Mrs. H. L. Pierce's chestnut gelding, Panama, remains unbeaten in spite of the fact that he has been pitted against the best saddle horses in the country. For the second time during the show he won from Miss H. S. Atterbury's brown gelding Kildare. G. F. Stephen's Metropolitan was third and J. Parker Kirlin's Red Prince fourth.

Two teams appeared in the four-in-hand class for teams not exceeding 15 hands. Judge Moore drove Lord Seaton, Lady Seaton, Robinhood, and Burgomaster, and Charles Barry handled the ribbons over the Florham hackney stud entry, Tip Top, Top Notch, Tree Top, and Tiptoe. The judges added another blue ribbon to Judge Moore's collection.

The competition for officers' chargers, open to all nations and all branches of the service, brought into play all the work of the military schooling of horses. It was another victory for the foreigners, as all four ribbons went to European and Canadian horses.

Frederic Bull won practically a double victory in the class for pairs of hunters or jumpers shown abreast over the jumps. The first award went to his Rock Crest and Gloversville and the second to the Hon. Clifford Sifton's Elmhurst and Sunday Morning. The latter was recently sold to Mr. Sifton by Mr. Bull. Third and fourth ribbons went to the Hon. Adam Beck's Sir Edward and Sir Thomas, and Edwin H. Weatherbee's David Grey and Keswick, respectively.

THE AWARDS.

Trotters, Fillies, 2 Years Old (Foaled in 1909.)—Won by gr. m. Paronella Todd; Horatio N. Bain's b. m. Rapidan Robbins, second; Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Company's br. m. Vena Bernard, third; A. F. Bradley's br. m. Axie Hamlin, fourth.

Trotters, Fillies, 3 Years Old (Foaled in 1908.)—Won by Elmdale Farm's blk. m. Miss Stevenson; Horatio N. Bain's b. m. Pansy Robbins, second; Mrs. L. Talmage Sheardown's ch. m. Affiliation, third; A. F. Bradley's ch. m. Miss Worthy Hamlin, fourth.

Trotters, Stallions, 2 Years Old (Foaled in 1909.)—Won by A. C. Pennock's b. s. Sigler; Elmdale Farm's br. s. Thomas Hood, second; Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Company's b. s. Alfred Todd, third. Only three shown.

Trotters, Stallions, to be Shown with Three of Their Get, the Oldest of the Get Not to Exceed 6 Years; Stallions and Get to be Considered; the Stallions Must Be the Bona Fide Property of the Exhibitor, but Not of Necessity the Get.—Won by Horatio N. Bain's b. s. Sir Robbins; Miss K. L. Wilks's b. s. Mograzia, second; A. F. Bradley's blk. s. Lorenzo Hamlin, third. Only three shown.

Thoroughbred Stallions, Stallions, 3 Years Old or Over, to be Judged by Their Appearance in the Ring and Ability for Improving the Breed of Horses for General Use; Racing Performances Not to be Regarded.—Won by August Belmont's ch. s. Fair Play; Rancocas Stock Farm's ch. s. Armeath, second; Osceola Stable's b. s. Uncas Chief, third; Elsinore Farm's ch. s. Robador, fourth.

Pony Stallions, 3 Years Old or Over, Not Exceeding 14 Hands.—Won by Irvington Farm's b. s. Nipper; Belton Farm's ch. s. Irvington Tom Trot, second; Charles E. Bunn's b. s. Zambo, third; Mrs. H. J. Graham's b. s. Pride of Onway, fourth.

Ponies in Harness, Pairs of Ponies Other Than Shetlands, Not Exceeding 13 Hands, 4 Years Old or Over.—Won by Charles E. Bunn's b. m. Czarina and b. s. Fire Lad; Masters William Rogers and Robert Douglas Coe's b. g. Llwyn Georgie and b. m. Llwyn Twilight, second. Only two pairs shown.

Ponies in Harness, Pairs of Ponies, Above 13 Hands and Not Exceeding 13.2 Hands, Four Years Old, or Over.—Won by Belton Farm's br. g. Masterpiece, and br. g. Master; Charles E. Bunn's blk. m. Montgomery Flower and b. m. Czarina, second. Only two pairs shown.

Hunters, (not to Jump,) Horses Not Over Seven Years of Age, Middleweight, Up to Carrying 180 Pounds to Hounds.—Won by August Belmont's ch. s. Saracen; F. Ambrose Clark's ch. m. Sally Coombs, second; Clarence F. Levine's ch. g. Domineer, third; Mrs. Adam Beck's ch. g. Nipissing, fourth.

Harness Horses, Pairs of Horses, Over 15.2 Hands and Not Exceeding 16 Hands.—Won by William H. Moore's b. g. Oakwood and b. m. Vida Fayre; De Witt C. Flanagan's b. g. Prince Charming and b. g. Rataplan, second; Edward McLean's br. g. Pride of Prides and br. g. Guardsman, third; Crow & Murray's ch. g. My Pride and ch. g. Premier, fourth.

Ponies Under Saddle, Mares or Geldings, Exceeding 13.1 Hands and Not Exceeding 14.2 Hands, 4 Years Old or Over.—Won by Mrs. George W. Lederer's b. m. Sweet Briar; George Chipchase's ch. m. Vanity, second; James Dunn's g. m. Silver Grey, third; Charles M. Fleischmann's gr. m. Lady Idol, fourth.

Morgan Mares in Harness, 4 Years Old or Over.—Won by H. R. C. Watson's b. m. Bell Marea; E. A. Darling's b. m. Carrie, second; H. R. C. Watson's ch. m. Mink, third; H. R. C. Watson's ch. m. Della, fourth.

Roadsters and Appointments, Horses and Best Appointed Road Rigs; Horse to Count 60 Per Cent., General Appointments, Including Wagons, Harness, Robes, Blankets, Whips, Style, &c., 40 Per Cent.—Won by E. T. Stotesbury's b. m. Norcata; Horatio N. Bain's r. m. Frances Bain, second; William M. V. Hoffman's ch. g. Teneriffe, third; Elmdale Farm's b. s. Baron Peter, fourth.

Ladies' Saddle Horses, over 15.2 hands, for four-year-olds or over, up to carrying 200 pounds; manners to count 50 per cent.—Won by Mrs. H. L. Pierce's ch. g. Panama; Miss H. D. Atterbury's br. g. Kildare, second; G. F. Stephens's ch. g. Metropolitan, third; J. Parker Kirwin's ch. g. Rod Prince, fourth.

Four-in-Hands, teams exceeding 15 hands; conformation, style, and all-around action to be considered.—Won by William H. Moore's team, Lord Seaton, Lady Seaton, Robin Hood, and Burgomaster; Florham Hackney Stud's team, Tiptop, Topknot, Treetop, and Tiptoe, second.

International Contest, Chargers, (middle and light weight,) up to carrying from 160 to 180 pounds; must be broken chargers.—Won by Lieut. C. H. Labouchere's (Royal Dutch Hussars) b. g. Dreadnaught; Baron H. F. M. Van Voorst tot Voorst's (Royal Dutch Hussars) b. m. Gravin Ada, second; Lieut. Leon Ripot's (Second Chasseurs, Belgium,) b. m. Speranza, third; Col. P. A. Kenna's (Twenty-first Lancers, England,) b. m. Harmony, fourth.

Pairs of Hunters and Jumpers, ridden abreast over the jumps.—Won by Frederic Bull's ch. g. Rock Cress and ch. g. Gloversville; the Hon. Clifford Sifton's ch. g. Elmhurst and ch. m. Sunday Morning, second; the Hon. Adam Beck's b. g. Sir Edward and b. g. Sir Thomas, third; Edwin H. Weatherbee's br. g. David Gray and b. g. Keswick, fourth.

Harness Horses, over 15 hands and not exceeding 15.2 hands.—Won by William H. Moore's b. m. Lady Seaton; William H. Moore's b. g. Lord Seaton, second; William White's ch. s. Oxford, third; J. Sumner Draper's b. m. Rillington Nimble, fourth.

Saddle Horses, over 15.2 hands, four years old or over, up to carrying 160 pounds.—Won by W. A. McGibbon's blk. m. Rosalie; Edward McLean's ch. m. Indian Flower, second; James T. Hyde's ch. g. Peter Parley, third; Paul D. Cravath's ch. g. Dr. Crockett, fourth.

Hackneys or Half-Bred Hackneys, • Waldorf-Astoria Cup, 15 hands or over, bred in America, shown in single harness to appropriate two or four wheeled vehicle.—Won by William H. Moore's b. g. Oakwood; Florham Hackney Stud's b. g. Florham Tiptop, reserve.

International Jumping Contest, over the course by teams of two officers of the same nationality, the fences to be taken two abreast.—Won by Col. P. A. Kenna's b. m. Harmony and Lieut. Walter Brook's blk. g. Naughty Percy, (England;) Lieut. C. P. Walwyn's br. g. The Wag and Lieut. Walter Brook's blk. g. Prussian Eagle, (England,) second; Lieut. Col. Herbert C. Cox's ch. s. Goldstone and br. m. Sarah Moore, (Canadian,) third; Lieut. Col. Herbert Cox's b. g. The Strand and b. g. Dictator, (Canada,) fourth.

Consolation Cup for non-winning army officers' horses of all nations, over four jumps, twice around the course.—Won by Capt. Guy V. Henry's (U. S. Army) b. g. Connie; Lieut. D. P. Disque's (U. S. Army) s. g. Frederick the Great, second; Col. J. P. Kenna's (British Army) br. g. Bathgate Swell, third; Lieut. C. H. Labouchere's (Dutch Army) b. g. Perhaps, third.

1912 HORSE SHOW PLANS.

Committee Agrees to Lease the New Arena in Forty-eighth Street.

Detailed arrangements for the future home of the National Horse Show were announced last night by Alfred G. Vanderbilt, President of the National Horse Show Association, after these had been perfected at a meeting yesterday of the association and the Merchants and Manufacturers' Exchange. The meeting was attended by Mr. Vanderbilt, J. W. Harriman, Robert A. Fairbairn, William H. Moore, Frederick Bull, Reginald C. Vanderbilt, and Frederick M. Davies, representing the Executive Committee of the association, and President E. P. V. Ritter and Vice President and General Manager Charles E. Spratt of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Exchange.

The architect's plans and specifications were submitted to the committee, and, while the main feature of the building met with the full approval of Mr. Vanderbilt and his associates, it was found that one or two minor details did not meet with approval. The representatives of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Exchange agreed to the changes, and the matter was satisfactorily adjusted. The architect received the plans last night and made the necessary changes, and the lease, which will insure future exhibitions, will be signed to-day.

After the meeting Mr. Vanderbilt, on behalf of the association, said:

"The plans for the new arena is to erected at Forty-eighth Street and Lexington Avenue were inspected by the Executive Committee. The modification of the plans will not affect the general details of the building."

The new arena will be ready for occupancy by Oct. 1, 1912. It will be erected on a plot 405 feet by 200 feet, with a vestibule and entrance in Park Avenue. The seating accommodation will be about 9,500, or 3,000 more than that of Madison Square Garden. The arena proper, where the horses will be shown, will be about the same size as that of the Garden.

ARRESTED BOARDING A LINER.

Man Is Taken by the Police as a Murder Suspect.

Joseph Hrinzo was arrested yesterday as he was about to board the North German Lloyd liner George Washington at Hoboken to sail for Bremen, by the Hoboken police, for a murder alleged to have been committed several days ago at Latimer, Luzerne County, Pa. He was taken before Recorder McGovern, who held him for the Pennsylvania authorities.

Hrinzo, according to the information obtained by the police, is wanted at Latimer to tell what he knows of the death of a man who was found dead in a cave there. The next day Hrinzo and another workman left the place, and the police at Latimer learned that the former had purchased a ticket for the George Washington.

PLOT TO SMUGGLE CHINESE.

Twenty Men Arrested in Three Cities—Come in Sealed Cars from Canada.

A Chinese smuggling plot was revealed to-day by Federal officers when "Crappy" Nelson was arraigned before United States Commissioner Foote, charged with bringing Chinese from Canada. Twenty men, charged with being implicated, are under arrest here and in New York and Detroit, where the band made its headquarters, according to Special Agent William Danneberg of the Department of Justice, who made the arrests.

Danneberg, who was assisted in his work by his bride of a few months, said that most of the Chinese came into the country, by way of Windsor and Toronto, in sealed freight cars.

W. J. Cummins to be Sentenced To-day

William J. Cummins, recently convicted of grand larceny in connection with the Carnegie Trust Company, will be sentenced by Justice Davis in the Supreme Court to-day. At the same time District Attorney Whitman will ask the court to set a date for the trial of ex-City Chamberlain Charles H. Hyde.

RUNAWAY AT FUNERAL.

Mourners Thrown from Coach—Policeman Saves Pedestrians.

A line of carriages coming from Cypress Hils Cemetery was winding through Jamaica Avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon. A big touring car, driven by Dr. Owens, the owner, drew up by the roadway to await the slow passing of the funeral coaches. One team of restive horses shied at the car, a trace broke, and struck one of the horses. He jumped and startled his mate. The next second the team was running like mad.

The avenue was filled with women and children. The racing horses drove them into a panic. The driver soon lost all control of his team, and the coach was slammed against a telegraph pole. The faces of two panic-stricken women looked fearfully from the shattered side of the vehicle. They tore at the door, and at length got it open. They jumped to the street, and fell in their mourning robes.

The runaways headed for the hill leading to the heights of Highlands Park. The swaying coach threw the driver, William Campbell, to the street, where he lay with blood streaming from his face.

There was a crowd of women and children half way up the hill, and when the racing team was almost upon them Policeman Armitage shouted for them to run for their lives. He grabbed the bridle of one of the horses, and threw his weight on it. He was dragged along on his knees. But he hung on. Bicycle Policeman Harry Walsh came to his rescue, and between them the horses were stopped.

The women in the carriage were Mrs. John Flaherty, 40 years old, of 80 Pilling Street, and Mrs. Martin P. Hull of 40 Central Place. Mrs. Flaherty is in St. John's Hospital with a fracture of the right arm and many bruises. Mrs. Hull was able to go to her home. Dr. Durkin of the hospital bound up the policeman's wounds. His bravery earned for him many words of praise. The runaway team belonged to William Henry, a liveryman, of 461 Madison Street, Brooklyn.

University Settlement Anniversary.

A celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the foundation of the University Settlement will be held at the Hotel Plaza on Dec. 7. Jane Addams of Hull House, Chicago; Dr. Felix Adler, ex-Senator John C. Spooner, Prof. Hugo Münsterberg of Harvard, President Butler of Columbia University, James Speyer, who was for many years treasurer of the settlement; Henry W. Taft, Chairman of the settlement's Council, and others will speak.

The settlement, which was the pioneer of the social settlement movement in this country, was tsarted in 1886 by Dr. Stanton Coit in a single room at 146 Forsyth Street, under the name of the Neighborhood Guild.

Whet Your Appetite

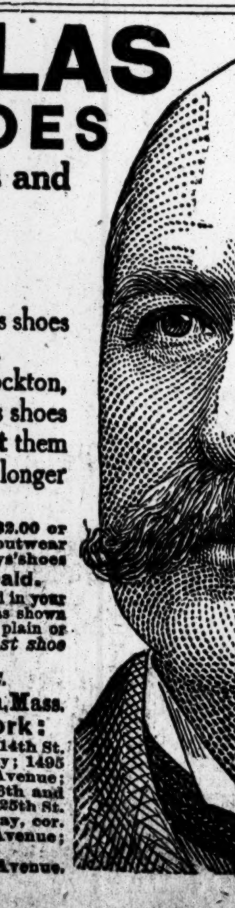
As an appetizer before lunch or with your dinner

Pabst BlueRibbon
The Beer of Quality

has no equal in flavor and zest. It exhilarates without undue stimulation and is a splendid aid to digestion.

Order a case today.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3, $3.50 & $4 SHOES
All Styles, All Leathers, All Sizes and Widths, for Men and Boys.
THE STANDARD OF QUALITY
FOR OVER 30 YEARS



The workmanship which has made W.L.Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then realize why I **warrant** them to hold their shape, fit and look better and wear longer than other makes for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W.L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom | ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2.00 or $2.50 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

Shoes Sent Everywhere—All Charges Prepaid.

ANKLE
HEEL
INSTEP
WAIST
BALL

How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send direct to factory. Take measurements of foot as shown in model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light sole. *I do the largest shoe mail order business in the world.*

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE.

W. L. DOUGLAS, 152 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Call at W. L. Douglas Stores in New York:
93 Nassau St.; 755 Broadway, cor. 8th St.; 853 Broadway, cor. 14th St. (Union Sq.); 1349 Broadway, cor. 36th Street; 1437 Broadway; 1495 Broadway (Times Square); 984 Third Avenue; 1452 Third Avenue; 2202 Third Ave., cor. 120th Street; 2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th and 147th Sts.; 345 Eighth Avenue; 863 Eighth Avenue; 250 W. 125th St. BROOKLYN—421 Fulton St., cor. Pearl St.; 708-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton St.; 1007 Broadway; 1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue; 478 Fifth Avenue; 1779 Pitkin Avenue.
NEWARK—827 Broad Street. JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.

Wonderful Overcoat Values at $15, $20 and $25 Just the kind of good values with which to start on the last lap of our quarter century of good value giving. The kind of values with which we're going to make our 25th year in business the biggest and best we've ever had.

Single and double-breasted ulsters and coats of walking lengths; any number with belts; many without. Big, rough, full cut coats; smaller, smart, snappy coats of smooth and rough fabrics. Full lined coats and others unlined displaying lining fabrics in fancy plaids and stripes. Browns and grays in unlimited variety.

Motor Apparel at Our 49th Street Store.

Brill Brothers

279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St. BROADWAY, at 49th St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.
Harlem Store Open Every Evening.

The Man in the Tower Overcoat Logic

NOT long ago, if you looked for a $25 or $30 overcoat, you looked for WARMTH alone.

Fairly good woolens—patterns exaggerated—made to fit the multitude from Boston to El Paso.

Novelties ran riot—the irrepressible "nobbiness" that a man of taste shuns.

The leading tailors AVOIDED the overcoat "styles" adapted by the national manufacturers.

* * *

Today a number of these leading tailors ARE FORCED to carry ready-made overcoats for their customers.

Because A FEW HOUSES have found it possible to make ready-to-wear overcoats at $35 to $40 which show their unquestioned relationship to the $50 to $80 made-to-order kind.

WEBER and HEILBRONER OVERCOATS, WE BELIEVE, STAND FIRST IN THIS CLASS.

For $25 or $30 you get an overcoat that has all the SERVICE and WARMTH you want—plus the refinement of the best custom made goods.

Ought you to TAKE LESS?

* * *

Nothing in material or model to suggest ready-made, in its old sense.

They are made for our own New York trade and cannot be bought in other cities.

Whether raglan, belted-in-the-back, plain dress or ulster style, the woolens and models are those approved by the best custom tailors in the city.

Overcoats of choicest materials, $35 and $40.

Weber and Heilbroner
Clothes at the four stores marked with star
150 Nassau* 58 Nassau 27 New* 20 Cortlandt 369 Broadway
757 Broadway 1185 Broadway* 42nd and Fifth Avenue*

B. Altman & Co.

A SPECIAL SALE OF BOYS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS AT UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES

HAS BEEN ARRANGED FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, AS FOLLOWS:

BOYS' NORFOLK AND DOUBLE-BREASTED SUITS
WITH EXTRA PAIR OF KNICKERBOCKERS.
REGULAR PRICES $10.00 TO 12.50 . . . . AT $6.75

A LIMITED NUMBER OF BOYS' RUSSIAN OVERCOATS
REGULAR PRICES $8.50 TO 10.50 . . . . . AT $5.50

BOYS' DOUBLE-BREASTED ULSTER OVERCOATS
REGULAR PRICES $15.00 TO 18.00 . . . . . AT $9.75

MEN'S AND BOYS' FUR AND FUR-LINED COATS AT MODERATE PRICES.

B. Altman & Co.

PORTIERES, LACE CURTAINS AND UPHOLSTERY STUFFS

IN THE NEWEST PATTERNS AT MODERATE PRICES

LACES OF ALL KINDS, BROCADES, VELVETS, TAPESTRIES, DAMASKS REPS, TAFFETAS, VELOURS, SCOTCH MUSLINS, ENGLISH FIGURED NETS, SCOTCH MADRAS, PLAIN AND FIGURED SUNFAST MATERIALS, ENGLISH AND FRENCH CRETONNES, PLAIN AND FIGURED SILKS FOR DRAPERIES, FURNITURE COVERS, ETC.

PILLOW TOPS, COUCH AND TABLE COVERS, SCREENS, UTILITY BOXES, WINDOW SHADES, CURTAIN POLES AND FIXTURES.

ORIENTAL AND DOMESTIC RUGS, HOUSEHOLD LINENS, BLANKETS, ETC.

B. Altman & Co.

ARE HOLDING A SPECIAL SALE OF SELECTED ORIENTAL RUGS AT $16.50, $22.00 & $65.00

ALSO ORIENTAL RUGS IN ROOM SIZES AND HALL RUNNERS, AT UNUSUAL REDUCTIONS IN PRICES.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

A Home for Investments

When you go on a journey, be careful that your investments stay at home.

The most comfortable moment in Florida is when you think of your valuables secured in a safe deposit box in New York.

The three fortressed vaults of this Company are a veritable Home for Valuables and Investments.

They furnish a rest cure for fortunes already full grown and for those in a nervous state of growth.

Boxes from $5 a year up.

The Mercantile Safe Deposit Company

Equitable Building, 120 Broadway
Established 1870

Copyright, 1911, by The Mercantile Safe Deposit Co., N.Y.

J. Ehrlich & Sons
Estab. 1862

Don't Risk Your Sight to Save Money

You wouldn't wilfully injure your eyes, then

DON'T go without glasses when you need them.

DON'T try to fit yourself with glasses because they seem cheap.

DON'T allow any one but an oculist to examine eyes.

Avoid all mistakes by employing our service.

Eyes Examined Without Charge **By Registered Physicians,** Oculists of Long Experience.

Perfect Fitting Glasses as Low as $2.50.

J. Ehrlich & Sons
Oculists' Opticians
223 Sixth Av., 15th St. 217 B'dway, Astor House
350 Sixth Av., 22d St. 101 Nassau — Ann St.
17 West 42d—Bet. 5th & 6th Aves., New York
498 Fulton St., Cor. Bond St., Brooklyn.

Jaeger Sanitary Goods

Underwears come and underwears go, but "JAEGER" goes on forever! If you have not yet wintered in Jaeger Underwear, it is never too late to begin. You will thank us later for urging you to it. Seven Weights to choose from.

Catalogue and Samples Free on Request.

NEW YORK STORES
306 Fifth Ave.
22 Maiden Lane.
Brooklyn Branch 504 Fulton St.

THE Winter models of Martin & Martin Footwear possess an air of correct style and elegance that is unusual in shoemaking. Let us show you our fashionable new models by Thomas Cort, the world's leading Shoemaker. $7 upward.

Custom department in connection.

MARTIN & MARTIN
BOOTMAKERS FOR MEN & WOMEN
1 EAST 35TH STREET, NEW YORK

DESKS CHAIRS TABLES

PROMPT SERVICE HONEST PRICES

WOOD AND STEEL FILING CABINETS

SECTIONAL BOOKCASES

STEEL CABINET SAFES

The Globe-Wernicke Co.
380-382 Broadway, cor. White, N. Y.
Phones Franklin 3870-3871-3580.

Fire Proof China
Pie Plates and Pudding Dishes

LEWIS & CONGER
130 & 132 West 42d St., New York

EXPLOSION UPTOWN KILLS AND WRECKS

Dynamite Shanty Goes Up, Rocking Hotels and Apartment Houses in 72d Street.

BANK FRONT BLOWN IN

Passer-by Thrown Against Building and Killed—Seven Workmen Escape—Contractors Arrested.

An explosion of dynamite in West Seventy-second Street, near Columbus Avenue, yesterday morning killed one man, injured several persons, wrecked the exterior of the Hudson River Branch of the Corn Exchange Bank, and damaged the Seventy-second Street station of the Sixth Avenue elevated, the Hotel Hargrave, the St. Charles apartment house, one of Park & Tilford's stores, and about a dozen private residences.

The dynamite was in a small shanty that had been erected in the middle of the street by workmen on a sewer, and the police say they believe the explosion was due to the "toasting" of the dynamite sticks, which had become partially frozen and were being thawed out. Strangely enough, the workmen escaped serious injury.

The explosion was heard for a mile on all sides, and the detonation was felt for several blocks in all directions. The man who was killed was a passerby in front of Park & Tilford's store. He was thrown against the masonry walls of the building and instantly killed. The body was taken to the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, where it was identified as that of Charles Wetsell, a steamfitter, whose home was at 116 Hull Street, Brooklyn.

Everything was astir in the neighborhood at 8 o'clock in the morning, when the terrific explosion came. The shanty in which the dynamite was being warmed was blown out of existence, some pieces of it landing on tops of high apartment houses a block away. The glass from shattered windows rained down on the near-by streets, while the buildings rocked as if in an earthquake.

Hundreds of persons ran out of their houses, many of them late risers and only partially dressed; the breakfast rooms of the Hargrave, the Hotel Majestic, and the Dakota apartments were quickly emptied, while the police who were on duty in that part of the city ran for the scene of trouble. The force of the explosion had broken a firebox near Seventy-second Street, and the mechanism was set off, bringing to the scene a fire engine and two trucks. Several persons telephoned to hospitals, and half a dozen ambulances soon arrived.

The reserves from the West Sixty-eighth Street and West 100th Street Police Stations were sent to the scene, and lines were established to keep back the enormous crowd that had gathered, while the police searched for the injured and made a hasty investigation to determine the cause of and responsibility for the explosion. The body of Wetsell was taken to the police station, where papers in his pockets fixed its identity. The papers showed that Wetsell worked for P. J. Duff of 1,293 Sevond Avenue. There was $40 in a trousers pocket.

Bellboy Thrown Ten Feet.

The first injured person found was Leonidas Beebe, an elevator boy employed in the St. Charles apartment, on the northwest corner of Seventy-second Street and Columbus Avenue. This building, the street floor of which is the Hudson River Branch of the Corn Exchange Bank, was the worst damaged of any in the explosion area. Beebe, who was in the doorway on the Seventy-second Street side, was blown ten feet or more back into the hall, and it was thought at first that he was seriously injured. He was removed to Flower Hospital, where it was said he was suffering from many bruises and shock.

John Kozora of 174 Second Street, a laborer who was working on the new sewer, was removed to Roosevelt Hospital. He was near the shanty when the dynamite exploded, and was hurled high into the air. He suffered a compound fracture of the ankle and possible internal injuries.

Mrs. Mary Phillips, who has a boarding house at 120 West Seventy-second Street, which is directly opposite the place where the shanty once stood, was in the kitchen supervising the preparation of breakfast. She had a kettle of boiling water in her hand, when the explosion threw her against the stove and caused her to drop the kettle. Her right hand was burned and her feet scalded by the water. She was attended at home by a physician.

In Park & Tilford's store several of the big plate-glass windows were broken, those on the Seventy-second Street side being blown back into the store. J. H. Becker and other clerks were opening up for the morning trade. Becker saw a big piece of wood, a part of the wreck of the shanty, comnig in his direction. He dodged it enough to receive only a glancing blow.

Girls March Out Calmly.

Three hundred girls were at work in the candy packing department, on the upper floors of the seven-story structure. When the glass commenced to fall on the ground floor and in the front some one sounded the signal for the fire drill, and the girls formed in line and marched down the stairways to the avenue.

The only person among the many employes of the grocery firm to be severely injured was a bookkeeper, Edward H. Stoll, whose home is at 238 East 124th Street. He received a gash on his right forearm that laid open the flesh for several inches. Bleeding profusely, he hastened to the office of a private physician in the neighborhood and had three stitches taken in the wound.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Oakley have an apartment in the St. Charles. Mrs. Oakley was seated at the window facing the Hargrave. The window was wrecked and the shower of broken glass fell on her, cutting her in several places. Dr. Charles G. Pease, who has an apartment in the same house, attended Mrs. Oakley.

Also in the St. Charles was William Tubbs. He was at breakfast when the window of the room crashed in, and a moment later a piece of the hot stove that had been in the shanty came hurtling into the room. The iron was almost red hot, and charred the floor before Mr. Tubbs could get hold of a pair of tongs and remove it. It was said the sash cords in nearly every window in the St. Charles were snapped in two.

Across the street in the Hotel Hargrave the windows on the Seventy-second Street side of the house were broken, the fragments of glass falling both inside of the rooms and in a shower to the street below. This hotel was the scene of intense excitement. Like the St. Charles, it was directly opposite the shanty, and it got the full force of the explosion. Manager McGrath was in the lobby when he saw his windows go to pieces. He ran to the street and saw what was the matter, and then ran back into the hotel and sent his employes scurrying through the building to assure the guests that the danger was over.

Man Blown Into His Bathtub.

One of the guests in the Hargrave was J. A. McCarthry of Albany. He had just arisen and was in the bathroom. The force of the blow lifted him off the floor and landed him in the bathtub. He was not hurt, and showed his appreciation of the help accorded him by turning on the water and finishing his bath. It was the first time, it was said in the hotel, that a guest had been assisted at his bath by an explosion of dynamite.

Oliver L. Jones, a retired broker, was at his home, 116 West Seventy-second Street. He had just left the front room, in which he had been sleeping. The windows in that room were wrecked and his bed was covered with fragments of broken glass. Mrs. Robert Dunlap was in the library of her home, at 111 West Seventy-second Street. The windows of the Dunlap residence were broken, but no one was injured.

Dr. William B. Pritchard, the alienist, who lives at 143 West Seventy-second Street, lost his cook in the explosion. She is an old negro mammy from the South. She did not stop to investigate, but kept on going when she left the house, immediately after the explosion. Dr. Pritchard said she was a good cook, and he hopes she will come back.

Among those who suffered slight injuries from being thrown down or by flying glass or wood were Thomas Wilson, a ticket agent in the elevated station; John Waltman, who was working at 109 West Seventy-second Street, and several laborers employed in the sewer construction.

Of the houses, the most damaged were the Park & Tilford Store, the Hotel Hargrave, the St. Charles, in which the Corn Exchange Bank branch suffered most, so far as broken windows and damaged woodwork were concerned, and the private residences at 103, 105, 107, 109, and 117 West Seventy-second Street.

The police arrested Patrick Reilly, the contractor who is building the sewer, and his son, Thomas A. Reilly, in charge of the work. The police say that young Reilly told them that, so far as he knew, there was no dynamite in the shanty at the time of the explosion.

The charge was made a technical one of homicide, and Magistrate Barlow, before whom the Reillys were arraigned in the West Side Court, remanded them for the action of the Coroner. The prisoners made no statements in court, and the proceedings were very brief. The contract upon which they were working was made with the city and was for the necessary excavation and the laying of the new drainage pipes in West Seventy-second Street.

Inspector John Robertson of the Bureau of Combustibles and Fire and Police Department officials are making investigations. One hundred and fifty feet away from the shanty is the magazine in which the contractors stored their dynamite. In this magazine Inspector Robertson found twenty-three pounds of dynamite. The magazine permit was for the storage of twenty-five pounds. Inspector Robertson agreed with the police theory that the explosion was due to the thawing-out process, known by blasters as "toasting."

FOR WOMEN ASTRONOMERS.

Nantucket Maria Mitchell Association Offers Annual Scholarship.

The Nantucket Maria Mitchell Association has offered an astronomical fellowship of $1,000 to a woman for the year beginning June 15 next.

The fellowship will be awarded annually, but preference will be given to the same candidate for three successive years. This candidate shall have first consideration among applicants for the special quadrennial appointment. Every fourth year the fellowship will be available for study at one of the larger observatories in Europe or America.

A competitive examination will not be held. The candidate must present evidence of qualifications. Application for next year should be made to the Secretary, Mrs. Charles S. Hinchman, 3635 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Penn., bemore March 1.

John Lohse Left $38,000 in Charity.

John M. Lohes, who died Nov. 9, leaving an estate of more than $100,000, made bequests of $15,000 to the German Hospital; $10,000 each to the Presbyterian Hospital and the Metropolitan Museum of Art; $8,000 to the Mount Vernon Asylum, and $5,000 to the Fritz Reuter Home of Hudson, N. J. Mr. Lohse gave $8,000 to Frederick H. Ehlen of 327 Fifty-first Street. His residuary estate is to be divided among his nephews and nieces in Germany.

MAYOR MADE ANGRY IN ESTIMATE BOARD

Quits the Session Abruptly When Mitchel Attacks the Aldermanic Budget Cut.

QUESTION ABOUT HIS VETO

Colleagues Wanted to Pass a Resolution Committing Him to It in the Aldermanic Action.

Mayor Gaynor and several members of the Board of Estimate came to an open rupture yesterday when Borough President McAneny and President John Purroy Mitchel of the Aldermen tried to have a resolution passed asking the Mayor to veto the action of the Aldermen in cutting more than $8,000,000 out of the 1912 budget.

The Mayor told the other members of the board that he did not think it would be proper to have the resolution introduced, and when President Mitchel insisted, the Mayor, plainly aggrieved, got up and stalked out of the room.

Both Mr. McAneny and Mr. Mitchel deeply resented the action of the Aldermen in wielding the knife on the budget, and as yesterday's meeting of the Estimate Board furnished the first opportunity for them to show their disapproval to the Mayor, they gladly seized the opportunity. The Mayor had scarcely taken his seat at the board when Mr. McAneny introduced the resolution. The Mayor, looking annoyed, turned to Mr. McAneny and said:

"Gentlemen, it is not pleasant for me to have such a resolution passed. I do not think it would have any effect upon me if it did pass. I would prefer to have your individual opinion on the matter."

"It is merely a matter of having it on the record," explained Mr. McAneny.

"The Board of Aldermen has as much right to act upon this matter as we have. When you become Mayor, Mr. McAneny," continued the Mayor, looking straight at the Borough President, "you will find that it will not be pleasant to have a resolution like this passed."

Every one laughed at the Mayor's insinuation. Mr. McAneny looked pleased. He stammered something and the Mayor went on, evidently in good humor. "This resolution is not necessary. I will act according to law, as Mayor, and not as a member of this board. Now, Brother McAneny, come in and see me and point out what you want me to veto. This resolution is only a blank cartridge."

Mr. McAneny seemed inclined to take the Mayor's view of the situation, but Mr. Mitchel, who is considered the Mayor's bitterest enemy in the board, drew himself erect and with a snap of the jaw said he thought it proper to take a vote. The Mayor looked suddenly serious. Getting out of his chair, he said:

"This resolution concerns me and I will not stay to hear it discussed. Please take the chair, Mr. Mitchel."

With that the Mayor bolted out of the room and went to his office. Mr. Mitchel slid into the chair and the meeting proceeded. The President of the Aldermen than mede a plea for the passage of the resolution, saying that the board should go on record as protesting against an "insane" act of the Aldermen. Borough President Connolly of Queens, who had nodded approval when the Mayor was speaking, insisted that the question was open to debate, and that the resolution was not exactly proper. Borough President Miller of the Bronx said that while he thought the resolution was a proper one, he believed it useless to adopt it in view of the Mayor's personal feeling.

"In view of the Mayor's statement," said President McAneny, "I feel, too, that perhaps it would be just as well to let the resolution go over."

"Well, I suppose we can't vote on it, anyway," said Mr. Mitchel, "as unanimous consent is necessary, so it might as well go over until next week."

Later in the day Mr. McAneny had a long talk with the Mayor regarding the cut made by the Aldermen in the budget. The Mayor refused to say what action he intended to take regarding it. He has until Monday to make up his mind about it.

AURIS.

This New Electrical

HEARING DEVICE

Is Priced Within the Reach of Every One. Free Test Invited.

There is now perfected a new electrical hearing-device called the Auris, which is priced at but twenty dollars

It is the smallest and lowest-priced of all electrical hearing-devices (the only hearing-devices, by the way, which have the power necessary for efficiency).

It is manufactured by The General Acoustic Co., makers of that giant of all hearing-devices, The Acousticon, and will make you hear clearly and distinctly unless you are extremely deaf.

There are many deaf people who do not require the great power of the Acousticon, and you are invited to call, give the Auris every test, without obligation, and see if it will meet your requirements.

It is, without doubt, the strongest and most efficient of all moderate priced instruments and we invite a comparison of the Auris at $20 with any $35 device which you may know.

Clip this out while it is before you, and call or write at your convenience.

General Acoustic Co,

1,265 Broadway, near 32d St., New York.
Factory, Jamaica, New York.

BOOKS WERE NOT DE LUXE.

Watson Therefore Gets Damages on Roosevelt Works Sold to Him.

The suit of John V. Coggey, receiver of the Keller-Farmer Company, to recover $5,500 due on a subscription to a de luxe edition of the works of Theodore Roosevelt in twenty-two volumes proved a boomerang yesterday when a Supreme Court Jury returned a verdict of $1,050 damages against Coggey on a counter claim filed by Jesse Watson, the defendant.

Watson showed that the volumes were not up to specifications and that the edition consisted of thousands of sets instead of the fifteen to which he had been told it would be limited.

More Aid for a Crippled Man's Family.

THE TIMES has received $5 from "P. J. W." for the "crippled man's family," for whom the Charity Organization Society recently appealed.

THE GREAT BIOGRAPHY OF THE YEAR

The Life of John Ruskin

By **EDWARD TYAS COOK,** *whose qualifications for the difficult task are undisputed, including intimate friendship, exhaustive acquaintance with Ruskin's Works, and complete access to his unpublished papers.*

In two volumes, $7.00 net

"THE history of Ruskin's mind is one of the most eventful histories ever written. It must have been unwritten had not he who lived it recorded it as vitally, and as minutely as he lived it. No other phrase lives as does his. . . . A great history; the history, as it were, of a nation, a civilization, a religion, in the history of one great brain."

—ALICE MEYNELL in the *Pall Mall Gazette.*

Illustrated with frontispiece, facsimiles, etc.

"A tale for tears, and a tale for wonder—tears for a soul so tortured, wonder for a life so magnificently full and so triumphant."—A. G. GARDINER in *The Daily News* (London).

"Mr. COOK'S biography is characterized by sound judgment and critical insight."—A. E. FLETCHER in *The Daily Chronicle,* (London).

"A deeply interesting record which omits trivialities, and includes every circumstance essential to the understanding of Ruskin's significance in life and art."—*Daily Telegraph,* (London).

Published by **THE MACMILLAN COMPANY** 64-66 5th Ave. N.Y.

Feeding 24,000,000 Folks Daily

That is what we are doing.

For Gold Medal Flour now far outsells any other flour in existence.

Yet 13,000 millers are grinding flour—

All sorts, all grades of flour.

But millions of women have made their comparisons, and the figures above show the test of time.

You'll reach the same conclusion.

Sometime you'll insist, like these millions of others, on Gold Medal Flour for your baking.

For Gold Medal Flour we use selected wheat.

We wash and brush and scour it.

We pass it through twenty grindings.

Then the flour is sifted, ten times over, through fine-mesh silk.

Only the flour that comes through—the perfect flour—ever goes into Gold Medal barrels and bags.

Washburn-Crosby's

(123)

WASHBURN-CROSBY CO.
WASHBURN'S
TRADE MARK
Gold MEDAL
FLOUR
WASHBURN-CROSBY CO.
GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

MUSIC BY NAHAN FRANKO'S ORCHESTRA, RESTAURANT, DAILY

33 Years Leaders of Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK

Today We Continue Our Wonderful Sale of

Fine Untrimmed Hats and Ostrich Plumes

☞ Main Floor.

This Most Beautiful Hat, of finest hatters' plush top and velvet underbrim, trimmed with three handsome white ostrich heads.......... $12

Only one of many similar values throughout this great Millinery Department.

Smart Black Velvet Untrimmed Hats. Not ordinary quality, but beautiful qualities at very low prices.. $2.48 and $3.98

Finest Quality Pure White Beavers, in 10 excellent and new shapes.......... $3.98

Children's and Misses' Trimmed School Hats.......... 98c

Exquisite Quality of Hatters' Plush Dress Shapes, either black or white or white tops with under brim of fine black velvet. The acme of hat making; only.......... $5.98

Children's and Misses' Untrimmed Felt Hats.......... 39c

Misses' and Children's Beautifully Trimmed Dress Hats. Really worth from $5.00 to $6.00; at.......... $3.98

Ostrich Plumes: Extraordinary Values

18 Inch Fine Willow Plumes, each.....$4.48
18 Inch Fine Willow Plumes, each.....$5.00
20 Inch Fine Willow Plumes, each.....$7.50
22 Inch Fine Willow Plumes, each.....$8.98
26 Inch Fine Willow Plumes, each.....$14.98
18 Inch Plumes at.....$1.89
14 Inch French Head Plumes at.....$2.48
16 Inch French Head Plumes at.....$4.98
16 Inch French Head Plumes at.....$5.98
18 Inch Black French Plumes.....$7.50

Paris-Made Marabou Scarfs, Stoles, Muffs, Etc. ☞ Main Floor.

Scarfs, 5 strands, 2 yds. long....$1.95
Scarfs, 6 strands, 2¼ yds. long..$3.95
Scarfs 10 strands, 2¼ yds. long..$6.95
Fox Scarf, 6 strands, 1½ yds. long..$4.50
Fox Scarfs, 8 strands, 1½ yards long....$7.95
Marabou and Marabou Ostrich Capes.......$4.50, $5.98, $7.95
Muffs to Match from $7.50 upward.

Simpson Crawford Co., Sixth Ave., 19th to 20th St., New York City.

DYING COW PICKLED, SAY DR. WILEY'S MEN

So Testify at Trial of Schwarz Bros. of Kearny, N. J., for Having Impure Food.

WORKED FOR THE CONCERN

One Hauled the Diseased Cow's Carcass to the Plant Where It Was Prepared for Food.

Having spent most of last Summer in the mosquito and fly infested regions of the Hackensack meadows adjacent to the recently notorious "horse-pickling" plant kept by the Schwarz Brothers of Kearny, N. J., five of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley's pure food investigators appeared yesterday in the First District Court in Jersey City as witnesses in a suit brought to inflict the maximum penalty under the New Jersey laws for the crime of preparing for food the carcass of a diseased cow which came to its death otherwise than by slaughter. This penalty amounts to a $50 fine, collectable only by civil suit as a "debt."

The cow was one of the animals gathered in by Schwarz Brothers while Dr. Wiley's men were obliging him in various capacities as employes. It was hauled from the stable in Hackensack, where it was found dying, by a delivery wagon driver, who was in reality a medical practitioner on Dr. Wiley's staff. It was marked for identification by another investigator on its way to the pickling vat, had a coloring fluid injected into its veins in the tankroom by another of Dr. Wiley's men, and was inspected when ready for shipment by Dr. Herman Lind of the Pure Food and Drugs Bureau in New York, who had obtained an appointment as Special Deputy Health Inspector of the town of Kearny.

Somebody disclosed the presence of Dr. Wiley's men before they could complete their evidence by watching the consignment aboard a Holland-American liner.

After the investigators found that Schwarz Brothers and George L. Record, their lawyer, suspected that they were making an investigation they tried hard, as they testified yesterday, to throw them off the track so that their work could continue a little longer.

Much was made of the meetings between Record and Dr. Wiley's men by the latter during his conduct of the defense's case in the trial yesterday. He attempted by prolonged cross-examination to draw some admission from the men that they had tried to purchase his silence and to cease their investigation in return for his promise that he would not report their conduct, while ostensibly employes of the firm, to their superiors in Washington. The investigators, however, could not be shaken from their original story.

The suit was the first of five, each one of which is to collect a fifty-dollar penalty for violation of the pure food and sanitary laws of New Jersey. They were brought by the State of New Jersey and were prosecuted by Deputy Attorney General Josiah Styker, the information of the Government investigators having been turned over to the State authorities after it was found that questions of inter-State commerce were not involved.

The only witnesses called by the prosecution were Dr. Wiley's men. They were out on parole in the custody of their lawyer on a charge of conspiracy brought by Record for Schwarz Brothers, a charge which Dr. Wiley said on its first presentation should have been drawn broadly enough to include him, since it was a "conspiracy" in behalf of the health of the people, and in this he wished to be known as the chief conspirator.

The case took up all of yesterday and was continued at a special evening session lasting until midnight. The State's witnesses included Dr. William H. Callahan, an inspector on Dr. Wiley's staff, and for a time a delivery wagon driver for Schwarz Brothers; F. B. Raynor, a Government Inspector, who worked on a refuse dump; Daniel Walsh, a Government Inspector from St. Paul, who was known as a tramp with a fondness for loitering near the Schwarz Brothers' plant and in a saloon near by; Dr. Herman Lind, who acted as County Health Inspector; F. J. McIntyre, an Inspector from Philadelphia, who was known as "Quaker Jim" to his associates on the dump near the Schwarz Brothers' plant, and Harvey H. Wagner, director of the Government's investigation.

Dr. Callahan, the first witness, told of taking a place as driver for Schwarz Brothers through a negro named Clark, head driver for the concern. He told of gathering up dead and diseased animals here and there and of going to West Hoboken for the cow which was the basis of the complaint. He described its appearance and the processes through which it passed in the plant before finally reaching the pickling vats. He described the identification marks he put on it and his method of getting corroborative evidence by standing in the doorway of the plant and giving a signal whenever the cow was to be moved from one building to another. The signal was given to a man on the dump, who passed it on to the supposed tramps in the nearby road house, the windows of which overlooked the Schwarz premises.

Inspector Wagner told of invading the plant at midnight on Saturday, July 29, to examine certain identification marks on the cow. He said he obtained admission through telling Clark, the negro head driver, that he wished to take some measurements in the plant.

In attempting to bring out the evidence of a conspiracy in the case Record pointed out that Alexander Levy, owner of property adjacent to the Schwarz plant, was a competitor, and that the Government investigators had accepted his aid and information.

Several reporters were summoned as witneses by the defense to prove that they were parties to the "conspiracy" to wreck the Schwarz plant.

The case was still in progress at midnight, with witnesses enough still to be heard to keep the court busy until morning.

HONOR INSPECTOR FORMOSA.

Italians Give Dinner to Mark His Promotion—Praise for the Police.

Four hundred Italian citizens of New York gave a dinner last night to Police Inspector Charles A. Formosa, the first Italian-American to reach that rank in the department. The dinner was held at the Whitehall Club on the thirtieth floor of the Whitehall Building, in Battery Park, and among those present were Police Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo, ex-Commissioner William McAdoo, Deputy Commissioners Dougherty and Walsh, and many of the higher ranking officers of the force.

Magistrate John J. Freschi was the tostmaster. Chief Magistrate McAdoo said he was glad that the people of New York were beginning to give more credit to the police for their good work than was the case in the days when he was at the head of the department. He said the police and City Magistrates are now working hand in hand, and declared that there did not exist in the department a "system" such as existed in the mind of the public. The people know, he said, that the police are not brutal and vile creatures, but that they are men of strong moral force and great courage.

Magistrate McAdoo also paid a compliment to the Italian citizens of New York and said they were among the most moral, upright, persevering, frugal, and law abiding of the city. It was a libel, he added, to hold the Italian race responsible for the outlawry of a very few of their number.

Commissioner Waldo said he appointed Formosa an Inspector because he believed a race that numbered 700,000 in the City of New York was entitled to recognition in the department, and he added that now for the first time it is represented in every rank from patrolman to Inspector.

MARTIN CASHIER A SUICIDE.

He Shoots Himself with Mother's Photograph in His Hand—No Shortage.

Lying in the centre of one of the three rooms he occupied at 408 West Fifty-eighth Street, and with a picture of a woman in his hand, the body of Emile Pierre, 35 years old, a cashier employed at the Café Martin, Twenty-sixth Street and Broadway, was found yesterday by Charles L'Homme, another employe of the restaurant. In the man's other hand was a magazine revolver, with which he had shot himself in the right temple.

The man was fully dressed, except for his shoes, and nothing in the room was displaced. On a table near the body were three notes, written in French.

One of the letters was addressed to his brother, Charles Pierce, Rein, France, and read:

> Don't bother about me. I am going away. Before I go I will have a glass of Clicquot wine. I want some flowers. I lost all my money in stocks. Good-bye to mamma and all friends.

Three other envelopes were found in the top drawer of the dresser, together with $190 in bills. Two of the envelopes were unaddressed, and the third was for J. B. Martin, a brother of the owner of the restaurant. This envelope was well filled.

It was said at the restaurant that the man had deposited over $2,000 in checks in the Corn Exchange Bank branch early Wednesday afternoon for the restaurant company. It was after banking hours when he left the restaurant for the day, and he took with him the $190 found in his dresser with the idea, it is believed, that he would deposit it on his way to business yesterday morning.

Another of the three notes criticised the manager of the restaurant. In this letter he also said that he had lost a lot of money in stocks, and asked that no one bother about him.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE.

Some of the Passengers on Four Steamships.

Liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

RYNDAM (Rotterdam)—Mrs. P. M. Buch, John Chase, Mrs. Alexander C. Chenowith, Konrad Cramer, Mrs. Florence Cramer, Mrs. T. Grover, Miss Margaret Grover, Frank S. Harris, Miss Anna E. Harris, Miss G. B. Harris, Miss Marion M. Harris, Dr. E. R. Ulrich, Bruno Stiller, Johann Troye, Mrs. E. E. Hatch, Miss A. M. Rothermel.

VADERLAND (Antwerp)—Miss Laura A. Buckingham, Dr. E. R. Bundy, Miss Florence M. Curtis, Mrs. M. Bundy, P. R. Forbes, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hopkins, Jr., Miss Mary Leselin, Mrs. G. J. Newton, Mrs. J. Packard, Miss Ivan Packard, Miss Agnes Packard, Mrs. L. Parsons, J. T. Patterson, Miss Nellie Pollock, Miss Flora Pollock, Mr. and Mrs. Robert R. Porter, Miss Dixie Selden.

FRIEDRICH DER GROSSE (Bremen)—Heinrich Banck, Miss Eloise Baylor, Miss Marie R. Baylor, Count Giovanni Cardelli, Mrs. C. Cleve, Mrs. E. F. Cullen, Mrs. Armando Didur, Miss Marie Didur, Mrs. C. C. Heye, Miss B. P. Johnson, Dr. Herbert Kraus, Prof. Karl Larson, Baron Max von Meyrenberg, Mrs. F. E. O'Neill, Miss Gladys O'Neill, Mrs. Anna Rendle, and Ludwig Stein.

RHEIN (Bremen)—Mrs. Mary L. Bird, Joseph Hirsch, Mrs. Regina Hirsch, Charles Kalaber, Mrs. G. Goliza, Mrs. Helen Seidel, Salomon Teitel, Mrs. Rachel Teitel, and Rudolf Lubarry

ENCYCLOPAEDIA SUIT FOR A MILLION BEGINS

Choate, O'Gorman, Whipple in a Costly Array of Counsel Lined Up Against Untermyer.

STOCK CONTRACT IN QUESTION

Partner Jackson Says ex-Partner Hooper Didn't Carry Out an Agreement to Purchase, Made in Jersey Litigation.

Trial of the $5,250,000 suit of Walter M. Jackson against his former partner, Horace E. Hooper, over the tenth edition of the Encyclopaedia Brittanica was begun yesterday in the Supreme Court before Justice Bischoff. Jackson was represented by Evarts, Choate & Sherman, Joseph H. Choate, the former Ambassador to Great Britain; his son, Joseph H. Choate, Jr.; United States Senator James A. O'Gorman, who will act as trial counsel; Judge William T. Newman of Chicago, and Sherman Leland Whipple of Boston. Samuel Untermyer appeared for Hooper. Mr. Untermyer, wearing his accustomed orchid as a boutonnière smiled cheerfully as he saw the assemblage of legal notables arrayed against him.

"They can't say we didn't have plenty of opposition in this case!" observed Mr. Untermyer. Jackson was his own first witness.

The fierce legal battle which is expected to mark the trial was foreshadowed at the outset by long technical objections raised to introductions into evidence of correspondence which Jackson was asked to identify.

The suit concerns the tenth edition of the Encyclopaedia, not the eleventh, which is now being sold under the auspices of the Cambride University Press. It arises, according to Jackson, from the failure of Hooper to carry out the terms of a contract to buy the stock of the Hooper & Jackson Company, Ltd., and also of the stock of the Encyclopaedia Britannica Company. Hooper and Jackson owned jointly, so Jackson asserts, 9,904 shares of the Hooper-Jackson Company, worth $5 each, and 2,408 shares of the Encyclopaedia Britannica Company, the American corporation. This represented their entire capital stock, with the exception of small lots which were issued to others for corporation purposes. Jackson also included in the assets a $500,000 note which, he said, he and Hooper owned jointly.

In 1908 there was a disagreement between the partners, and a suit was brought in the New Jersey State Court of Chancery, which corresponds to the Special Term of the New York State Supreme Court. The agreement to buy the stock, which Jackson alleges as the basis of the present suit, was made by Hooper at that time, so Jackson says, as a basis of settlement for the New Jersey action. This agreement, according to Jackson, provided for the purchase of the stock in the American and English branches of their business within three months, and also provided that the purchaser should insure his life for $1,000,000 for the benefit of the company, making payments of $750,000 in instalments. The agreement further provided that no employe of the company was to receive more than $10,000 a year.

Jackson now alleges that the employes received excessive salaries in violation of this agreement, and that great damage has been done to the company's assets. The original difficulty between the two partners arose over a proposed purchase by them of The London Times several years ago. This was attended with serious complications and much resulting confusion and loss to the English corporation and to The Times.

In 1902 the English law putting a heavy tax on their business, the affairs of the Clarke Company, Limited, with which Hooper and Jackson were largely identified, were liquidated.

The Hooper and Jackson Company, Limited, was formed as the English branch of the business, and the Encyclopaedia Britannica Company of New York and later the Encyclopaedia Britannica Company of Illinois were formed. Most of the assets of the company were transferred to the American corporations, and assets of only $100,000 were left in the English branch of the business. The transfer of most of the American assets was made to the Illinois corporation because of copyright infringement suits, so Mr. Jackson's complaint recites.

On the stand yesterday Mr. Jackson was asked whether a great benefit was not conferred on the encyclopaedia by having the Cambridge University Press associated with it as the publisher. He said that no more advantage was derived from this than would have been derived from the use of the name of some great English or American publisher, like Blacks or Scribners. There had been negotiations, he said, to get Oxford University or the University of Edinburgh to appear as publisher.

The trial will continue to-day.

EXHIBITION OF GRAPHIC ART.

Colony Club Shows Work of Foreign and American Artists.

At the Colony Club this week is an exhibition of contemporary graphic art in which the giants of the modern field are liberally represented. The drawings, etchings, and lithographs are taken from English, French, German, Swedish, and American sources, and afford an opportunity for extremely interesting comparison of various methods and points of view.

To the large portrait drawings by John Sargent we refer the art student ambitious to attempt difficult mediums. He will see what can be done with black charcoal and soft bread with the aid of the trained finger tip. He will recall perhaps the respect in which "finger-painting" is held by the Chinese art lovers, and will accord the same respect to the technical esprit of his brilliant countryman. The Hindoo drawings by William Rothenstein are at the opposite pole of tendency, striking the note of intense and self-conscious simplicity with force. Completely denuded of vain detail and reduced to patterns so simple as to seem fundamental, it is not until we compare them with such drawings as those of Rodin on the same wall that we comprehend the gulf that may open between the extreme of simplicity and the extreme of significance. Rodin also is a modern and hence inevitably conscious of himself. His tortured forms look as though the soul within were struggling for impossible expression. In the case of Mr. Rothenstein's Hindoos there is no struggle, but an equilibrium and static calm that shows how thoroughly the artist has entered into the spirit of the race.

Ernest Haskell is strongest in the exquisite silverpoint portraits, where he uses a medium so delicate that the faintest touch of weakness in conception or execution would show at once. His "Little Mary" is as lovely in spirit and as caressing in touch as if the actual essence of childhood were in his keeping to save or to destroy. The daintiness of the "Comtesse de K.," by Alastair, is a very different matter; its sparkle of artificial lights and staccato handling recall Beardsley, to whom the artist has been compared, but no Englishman has ever composed Czech music, which is what this caprice suggests to us.

The typical art of modern Britain is represented by the work of Frank Brangwyn, Muirhead Bone, and Augustus John, each differing obviously from the others, yet resembling them in the union of an almost violent individuality with an overpowering inheritance of tradition. Tradition in France speaks through the serious draughtsmanship of Legros. In the etchings of Zorn we hear the harsh voice of Sweden conveying delicate meanings, in striking contrast to the blandness of Shannon's lithographs and William Strang's composed and quiet technique.

Other artists whose work is shown are Bryson Burroughs, D. Y. Cameron, Edgar Chanine, William M. Chase, F. S. Church, Edmund Dulac, Paul Helleu, Eugene Higgins, Arthur Hoeber, Augustus Koopman, A. Lepère, D. S. MacLaughlan, Max Mayershoffer, Leo Mielziner, Joseph Pennell, E. C. Peixoto, E. D. Roth, Everitt Shinn, Sir Frank Short, John Sloan, Albert Sterner, Walworth Stilson, Franz Stuck, and Herman A. Webster. All the examples are not only characteristic, but of fine quality and in harmony with the standard set by the club in its previous exhibitions of art.

CITY BREVITIES.

The officers of the Society of the Genesee announced yesterday that President Taft had accepted their invitation to their next annual dinner to be given at the Hotel Knickerbocker on Saturday evening, Jan. 20.

A Supreme Court jury gave a verdict of $10,000 damages yesterday in favor of Mrs. Catherine Cullen against Bartelstone Brothers, stained glass manufacturers, for the death of her husband, who was killed last July by the collision of one of the firm's trucks with an express wagon he was driving. Alfred and Charles Steckler appeared for the widow.

Prof. Karl Larsen, lecturer on psychological subjects in Copenhagen, arrived here yesterday on the North German Lloyd liner Friedrich der Grosse to lecture before the Danish-American Association in this country. His subjects will be "Man and War," "Types of People in Copenhagen," and the "Danish Pioneers in America."

An unidentified window cleaner at work on the twelfth floor of the office building at 67 Madison Avenue, lost his balance yesterday afternoon and fell to the sidewalk. Every bone in his body was broken.

Casimir Ilg, saloonkeeper at 547 Southern Boulevard, who shot at Charles Schultz in front of the saloon on Aug. 26, and killed eleven-year-old Thomas Callahan, was acquitted of murder in the first degree before Judge Crain in General Sessions yesterday, after a trial of several days. His plea was that he shot in self-defense. Ilg was released and will not be tried for shooting at Schultz.

FEAR FOR WITNESSES AGAINST M'NAMARAS

Have Been Threatened with Death When Bribes Were Refused, Declares Burns.

LAWYER DARROW DENIES IT

Jury Box Filled Again, Ready for Peremptory Challenges—Labor Votes More Aid.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 23.—Witnesses for the prosecution in The Los Angeles Times dynamiting case have been threatened with death after having withstood repeated efforts of agents of the defense to bribe them, declared William J. Burns in an address to-day before the State Secretaries' Section of the American Bankers' Association.

Mr. Burns bitterly arraigned Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor; Eugene V. Debs, and other "would-be leaders" of organized labor. He declared that nine-tenths of organized labor is opposed to violence, and not in sympathy with efforts to destroy organized society and lessen respect for the laws of the country. He reiterated that a fund of more than $1,000,000 had been collected or pledged for the defense of the McNamaras, adding:

"When I first made that statement Gompers promptly announced that it was a lie. But he did not give any figures, nor did he inform the public as to the source of some of this large aggregation of money. He contented himself by saying that it was a lie, which only goes to show the character of men who are attacking me.

"I tell you they have the money, and they have endeavored to buy our witnesses. They have offered some of the prosecution witnesses their own price, and when these witnesses refused to accept the offers they have been threatened with death. We have found it necessary to hide some of our witnesses."

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 23.—"What Burns is reported to have said is in keeping with what he has said previously," said Attorney Clarence S. Darrow, chief counsel for James B. McNamara. "There is not a word of truth in it."

Officials of the District Attorney's office would not discuss the statement.

Discussion turned to-day among the lawyers in the courtroom to the possible effect on the McNamara case of the Constitutional Amendment adopted last month regarding the granting of new trials. The defense has taken the position that it will ignore the new amendment and appeal in case of conviction.

The amendment, which is said to be the first of its kind embodied in a State Constitution in this country, reads:

> No judgment shall be set aside or a new trial granted in any criminal case on the ground of misdirection of the jury or the improper admission or rejection of evidence, or for error as to any matter of pleading or proceedure, unless after an examination of the entire cause, including the evidence, the court shall be of the opinion that the error complained of has resulted in a miscarriage of justice.

This, in the minds of eminent lawyers, puts an end to the granting of new trials on account of irrelevant errors or technicalities.

Two talesmen satisfactory to both sides were obtained to-day, filing the jury box for the third round of peremptory challenges, of which the defense has eleven out of twenty left and the State five out of ten.

Luncheon for Miss Frances Wyeth.

Mrs. C. Grosvenor Wyeth entertained at her residence, 9 East Seventy-fifth Street, yesterday with a luncheon for her débutante daughter, Miss Frances Wyeth. The guests included the Misses Winifred Chisholm, Cornelia Chapin, Justine Ingersoll, Caramai Carroll, Elizabeth Thompson, Helen Seton, Hazen Symington, Doris Porter, Alice Ely, Agnes Claflin, Eleanor Mellon, Phyllis McVickar, Dorothy Manice, Adeline Townsend, Marjorie Weeks, and Ruth Moller.

To Louisville and Nashville

New Fast Through Service

All-steel, electric-lighted sleeping cars — on the Southwestern Limited

Lv. New York 4.40 p.m.
Ar. Louisville 2.45 p.m.
Ar. Nashville 8.35 p.m.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

Telephone Shopping

is convenient and satisfactory. Why not order your supplies by telephone?

Increasing Human Efficiency in Business

W. D. SCOTT'S *new book for every business man.*

A prominent business man says:—

"It is splendid. It certainly should be read by every sales-manager, and in fact by every business man in the country."

Ask for it at the bookstore as you go home to-night. $1.25 net.

Published by THE MACMILLAN COMPANY 64-66 5th Ave., N. Y.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

Used by people of refinement in every part of the world where the use of the tooth-brush is known, for Almost Half a Century.

265 B'WAY 841 B'WAY

Your Thanksgiving Overcoat

Your overcoat for this winter and next and next—what better opportunity to get it than at this only great overcoat sale in New York.

You can choose from thousands upon thousands of overcoats, every one correct style in cut, fabric and finish.

Raglan shoulder models, belted models, ulster collar models, convertible collar models, full box models, semi-fitting box models, extra heavy coats, warmth without weight coats, fancy back coats, in fact, every possible correct kind of overcoat to be had.

All Underprice

Because of foresighted merchandising, capital and courage to make advance investments, fortunate trade conditions and ambition to show our old customers and thousands of new customers that our values are unsurpassed, we are able to offer the greatest overcoat values ever known.

$18.00 value overcoats	$11.50	$20.00 value overcoats	$13.50
$22.50 value overcoats	$15.00	$25.00 value overcoats	$17.50
$28.00 value overcoats	$19.50	$30.00 value overcoats	$22.50
$35.00 value overcoats	$25.00	$40.00 value overcoats	$27.50
$50.00 value overcoats	$32.50	$55.00 value overcoats	$37.50

Men's Heavy Winter Suits, $15 to $45

Suits tailored in the high class manner that characterizes every Hackett, Carhart garment. Suits designed in New York to meet the style ideas of New York men.

Suits of rough wool goods, smooth wool goods and fine finished worsteds, in every new and desirable coloring and weave. Fabrics from the best mills in America and Europe are here. Many of the styles are confined exclusively to us—and only a few suits of such styles are made up, so the chances are about a million to one against your meeting anyone dressed in the same suit as that you buy.

There are extra special values at $13.50, $15, $25 & $27.50.

Sale of Men's Fur Coats at ½ Off Regular Prices

125 STREET 42 STREET

Sale of Men's $3.00 Soft Hats

Velour finished soft felt hats in fur colors. The fuzzy hats that go so well with the new overcoats. $1.75

And Men's $3.00 Derby Hats

About 1200 of the new wide brim derbies with English guards and eyelets; very smart, at $1.75.

Hackett, Carhart & Co. INC. RETAIL

E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice-President

265 Broadway Near Chambers St. | 841 Broadway Cor. 13th St. | 119 W. 42d St. Near Broadway. | 125th Street Near 3d Avenue.

Harlem and 42d Street Stores Open Evenings

Our Wonderful Winter Outfit Offer

For the Chauffeur

$43.50

For Overcoat, Suit and Cap to Match, Worth $63.00

The entire outfit is made of warm, durable English Whipcord, and consists of a big, warm, wool-lined, double-breasted Russian Greatcoat, Norfolk Jacket and Trousers, and Cap of regulation style. They may be had separately at the special price of $25 for the Overcoat, $16.50 for the Suit and $2 for the Cap.

We have arranged this most exceptional offering merely that more owners and chauffeurs may become acquainted with our splendidly equipped motor apparel department. We'd like them to visit this store and see the complete and comprehensive assortment of Winter Motoring apparel for owners and chauffeurs.

Greatcoats of English Whipcord, Melton, Kerseys and other imported and domestic fabrics, and a splendid assortment of fur coats, fur lined coats, fur caps and gloves.

Special Chauffeur's Overcoat at $45 of heavy brown and grey overcoating with detachable leather lining.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.
Catalogue Mailed at Your Request

Brill Brothers
BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET
ON SALE AT THIS STORE ONLY

Best & Co.

Are You Interested In Young Men's and Boys' Clothing?

- —made from honest fabrics
- —designed by specialists
- —thoroughly tailored
- —distinctive in style
- —superior in wearing qualities.

We originate, manufacture and retail Boys' Clothing, which in all these essentials is—

"The Standard by which all others are judged"

Prices Always as Low As Quality will Permit

Fifth Ave. at Thirty-Fifth St.

WILLETT ATTEMPTS TO UPSET INQUIRY

With Cassidy and Walter, He Obtains a Writ, but the Court Won't Make It Effective.

MUST APPEAR ON MONDAY

The Three Put In Sheriff's Charge and Later Released in the Custody of Their Counsel.

William Willett, Jr., defeated candidate for Supreme Court Justice; Joseph Cassidy, Democratic boss of Queens, and Louis T. Walter, politician and Cassidy's handy man, by an application for a writ of habeas corpus yesterday tried to cast discredit on the investigation by Justice Scudder, who caused the arrest of Willett on a charge of buying his nomination and Cassidy and Walter of receiving the money. They met with an unexpected rebuke from Justice William J. Kelly in Part I. of the Queens County Supreme Court, where the accused men with their counsel appeared.

Justice Kelly was in the middle of the trial of a civil case when, begrimed with dust from a ride in from the Flushing police court, the three defendants, accompanied by their counsel, entered the courtroom. District Attorney De Witt and Assistant District Attorney Hetherington had been apprised of what was coming and were on hand to receive them.

The civil case came to a standstill as Col. Bacon and Lawyer Wallace proceeded to make the application for a writ of habeas corpus. Deputy Sheriff Frank De Bragga, in whose custody the three prisoners were placed on the trip in from Flushing to the Queens County Jail, was supplanted by Warden Henry Sleth, who appeared for Sheriff Quinn.

Justice Kelly glanced through the warrants and the affidavits of the original information and then glanced at the heap of typewritten testimony on his desk.

"Our point is," said Col. Bacon, "that this information supplemented by this testimony is not sufficient on which to issue warrants."

"If a prima facie case has been established," returned Justice Kelly, "it is not necessary to prove that a crime has been actually committed, but only to make out a prima facie case. I think the whole thing should be referred to Justice Scudder.

This was exactly what the defendants were trying to forestall. They wanted to prove the investigation abortive and illegal.

"All this proceeding is invalid," said Col. Bacon. "The oaths taken before Justice Scudder were not valid. Here is a case where we have a Grand Jury investigation in public without the Grand Jury. I was not allowed to appear and represent my clients or examine witnesses. There is no provision for such a proceedings. He can't hold an indefinite public hearings."

Justice Kelly ruled that Justice Scudder could have held either a public or a secret investigation in his own chambers to find out if a crime had been committed. It was only preliminary to the issuance of warrants.

"Suppose, for instance," said the Justice, "John Smith is believed to be guilty of a certain crime. A Magistrate can summon witnesses, take their sworn statements, and then issue a warrant for his arrest. He does not need to permit John Smith to be present. If John Smith is present he simply has the advantage of knowing what is being said against him."

In the course of his remarks Col. Bacon characterized the proceedings of which the warrants were the outcome as without warrant, unjustifiable, and un-American.

"This proceeding is before Justice Scudder," said Justice Kelly, "and is down for a hearing on Monday. I am bound to issue the writ, but it will not act as a stay of proceedings."

"Well, it will act as a stay of proceedings," retorted Col. Bacon.

"Well, it will not act as a stay of proceedings before Justice Scudder as far as I am concerned," replied Justice Kelly with emphasis. "I am bound by law to issue a writ of habeas corpus whenever application is made, but I want it distinctly understood that this writ is not to be considered in any way as acting as a stay of proceedings now before one of my colleagues. This is a most unusual proceedings you are taking, Col. Bacon."

District Attorney De Witt said he was ready to proceed with the case, but Col. Bacon wanted time to get ready. Mr. De Witt suggested that, as the case was to come up before Justice Scudder Monday, an adjournment be taken to that date, and that the matter be referred to Justice Scudder. Justice Kelly was inclined to follow this suggestion, but Col. Bacon strongly objected, and it was finally decided to have the hearing at 1 o'clock this afternoon. Then came the question of the disposal of the three defendants who had been surrendered to the custody of the Sheriff by their counsel. After some talk they were all reparoled in the custody of their counsel.

The earlier proceedings in the Flushing Court was preliminary to the habeas corpus writ. Willett, Walter, and Cassidy were simply surrendered to the Queens Sheriff by their counsel. Commitment papers were then drawn up and the three taken back prisoners to Long Island City in an auto.

JURY HAS TARRING CASE.

After Being Out for Four Hours They Inspect the Exhibits.

LINCOLN CENTER, Kan., Nov. 23.—After being out almost four hours, the jury in the tar party case requested that they be permitted to inspect the exhibits in the case. The attorneys for both defense and prosecution were sent for immediately.

The two handkerchiefs picked up in the road near the scene of the tarring, one of which belonged to Miss Chamberlain and the other to some unidentified man, were shown to the jury. Both had paint on them.

The can of paint was also examined by the jury. No further light on any of the testimony was asked. The general impression was that an attempt was being made to determine whether the composition applied to the girl's body really contained tar. It did, but had other ingredients. The mixture was used as roof paint.

After a few minutes the jury returned to its room.

In their closing arguments no attempt was made by any of the attorneys for the defense to defend the crime. Every effort was directed toward proving that the accused men had no hand in the planning or carrying out of the assault.

Attorney Hawkes's address was a general summing up of the case and defense of the story of Chester Anderson.

Six forms of verdicts, two for each of the defendants, were given the jury, allowing them to find any one, or all three, of the men guilty or innocent.

When the Judge began instructing the jury regarding verdicts, Simms's wife, who faced the twelve men, leaned over and buried her face in her hands. Simms also bent over and did not look at the jurymen. Clark and Schmidt, however, gazed straight into the faces of the jurors, as they have ever since the arguments started.

Judge Grover said he would not force the jury to remain out after midnight at any time unless the members asked to be permitted to do so.

Lunacy Commission Head Quits.

ALBANY, Nov. 23.—Gov. Dix has received and accepted the resignation of Dr. Albert Warren Ferris as President of the State Commission in Lunacy. Dr. Ferris was appointed in September, 1907. The position pays $7,500 a year. The Governor expects to appoint Dr. Ferris's successor in a few days.

FOR A LOWER BUILDING TAX.

Mayoral Money Board Hears Advocates of Sullivan-Shortt Bill.

The commission appointed by Mayor Gaynor to investigate possible new sources of revenue for the city met at the City Hall yesterday and discussed the Sullivan-Shortt bill providing for the halving of taxes on buildings and the levying of additional taxes on land values. Edgar J. Levy presided. Other members of the commission are Charles H. Strong, William Jay Schieffelin, Joseph French Johnson, and F. S. Tomlin. Benjamin C. Marsh, Secretary of the Committee on Congestion, spoke in favor of the bill, as also did Charles T. Root, President of the United Publishers Company. Mr. Root said that he employed 1,000 workers and that the business interests of the city should be relieved from the "extortions of the land owners." Taxes on buildings, as they now stand, he said, are driving manufacturers out of the city.

Henry de Forest Baldwin argued that an increased burden on land, as distinguished from improvements, will cause a heavier levy to be collected from the owners of unimproved lands than they pay at present. The holding of unimproved property for speculative purposes, he said, would be discouraged by such a burden.

"It follows from this," he said, "that the owners of improved property, where the improvement represents more than 40 per cent. of the value of the real estate, will have their tax burden lightened.

"We should expect owners of improved property to favor the proposition. But I understand that people who appear as representing the interests of owners of improved property are against this proposal on the ground that it is their interest to encourage the holding of land out of use; that any measure which increases the carrying charges on unimproved property has a tendency to bring it into use and force the owners to erect buildings upon it to compete with the present buildings, This argument is based on a realization of one of the consequences which would follow the adoption of this measure, namely, an encouragement to the increase of buildings and a consequent tendency to reduction in rent in existing buildings.

"I suppose this reasoning is correct as far as it goes. It is just as correct when advanced by the opponents of the measure as when advanced by those who propose it. It would benefit tenants at the expense of the landlords to the extent that rents are reduced greater than taxes on the property are reduced. But we have no reason to believe that the results in this regard would be so revolutionary as to cause serious financial disturbance. So far as we can judge of the future by the past, we have no reason for such fears.

"I have referred to the fact that fifteen years ago unimproved property was assessed at one-third of its value or less and that improved property was assessed at two-thirds of its value.

"It seems to me that those who claim that putting a greater part of the tax burden upon land values, as distinguished from improvements, would lower land values are too pessimistic with respect to the character of the city government. Certainly all the money that is collected by taxation is not stolen or wasted. A large part of it is expended in a way which adds directly to the value of land within the city limits. We have seen the value of real estate go up year after year for more than 100 years, with a few rare periods of stagnation and possibly recession. It has been like a constantly rising tide, sufficient to submerge all errors and deficiencies in our city government."

NAT GOODWIN DEAL WITH SCHEFTELS CO.

Defense Objects in Vain to Admission of Details at the Trial for Mail Frauds.

JURY OUT DURING ARGUMENT

District Attorney Wise Explains About Detention of Witnesses and Says Government Did the Best It Could.

The mining affairs of Nat C. Goodwin were introduced yesterday at the trial of B. H. Scheftels, George Graham Rice, and other Directors of B. H. Scheftels & Co. before Judge Ray in the United States Circuit Court on the charge of having used the mails to defraud. The objections of the defense were so strong to the admission of this testimony that the jury were asked to withdraw while the argument lasted. Judge Ray decided to admit the evidence temporarily, but stated that if he saw reason to alter his opinion he would order what testimony was submitted yesterday stricken out this morning.

The calling of Moritz Scheeline, President of the Scheeline Banking and Trust Company of Reno, Nev., as a witness heralded the introduction of this line of evidence, but as soon as Assistant United States District Attorney Dorr began to ask him about the ownership of Rawhide Coalition stock the objections began that led to the retirement for the time being of the jurors.

"I propose to show by this witness," said Mr. Dorr, "that an agreement existed between the Scheeline Banking and Trust Company and B. H. Scheftels & Co. to control the price of Rawhide Coalition stock. The Scheeline Company issued the Rawhide Coalition stock and then the Nat C. Goodwin Company acquired an option on all of it, thereby getting control of its price. The Nat C. Goodwin Company later transferred the option to Scheftels, and I propose to show that in consequence of this the Scheftels Company swindled their customers.

"They were able to charge them whatever price they wished, but they sold the stock to their customers in exactly the same way as if they were buying it in the open market. They represented that they had no interest in Rawhide Coalition though they had a complete option, and practically owned it. In addition to charging any price they liked they made their customers pay a commission for the purchase of stock they already had in their possession."

The objection raised by the defense to this line of argument was that if there was any agreement between the Nat C. Goodwin Company and the Scheeline Banking and Trust Company it was in existence before the Scheftels Company was organized, and that consequently Nat C. Goodwin was responsible for the condition and not the Scheftels people.

The papers that relate to this aspect of the case will be put in evidence this morning unless Judge Ray decides in the end to exclude them.

Earlier in the day George W. Storck, the accountant for the Government, continued his evidence with regard to "squawks" on much the same lines as before. Some letters were put in from Edward Gill, the Police Magistrate of Havana, Ill., who was permitted to go home on Tuesday in order to be present at the wedding of his daughter to-day.

"If I do any more business with you," he protested in one letter demanding his stocks, "the stocks will have to be in my hands before you get the money for them. Now, please send me the stock I have paid for as I am sick and tired of this waiting."

A week later he wrote again and closed a severe denunciation with the words: "You ought to be prosecuted for obtaining money under false pretenses."

This earned him a place on the "Squawk List," and on his letter was written "Chief of Police, getting very nasty."

District Attorney Wise had this to say yesterday as to the detention of witnesses for the Government in the city:

"The statement that 100 witnesses in the case of the United States against Scheftels have been kept in New York for eight weeks is a gross exaggeration. A few witnesses living at considerable distances from New York have been in attendance since the date the case was originally set for trial. The postponements of the date of the trial and during the trial on the application of the defendants have entailed a real hardship on these witnesses as the per diem witness fee is only $1.50 and the statutes do not provide for more than one mileage.

"These witnesses have been unwilling to or unable to incur the expense of returning to their homes for a short period and again reporting in the city. Very nearly all of the witnesses have been kept on telephone or telegraph call, and their presence in this city has not been extended beyond a few days.

"Cases of this kind inevitably involve a real hardship to witnesses, and this case is no exception, but that hardship has been mitigated so far as the exigencies of a lengthy trial and a provision of the statutes would permit."

SUICIDE OF H. E. BALDWIN.

Son of Bank Cashier Shoots Himself at Nyack When Despondent.

Special to The New York Times.

NYACK, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Harold E. Baldwin, 25 years old, son of William H. Baldwin, formerly cashier of the Second National Bank, New York, shot himself dead with a revolver this evening in his room in the Hotel Everett, Nyack, where he boarded.

Mr. Baldwin, who loved his books, formerly lived alone in a private house, but about six weeks ago he moved to the Hotel Everett.

Despondency is the only motive suggested for his taking his life.

FIRE RESPONSIBILITY CENTRED IN JOHNSON

Commissioner Charged with Safeguarding City Under Hoey Law, Corporation Counsel Says.

BUILDING CODE BINDS HIM

Must Not Only Enforce the Laws, but Must Also Discover and Remedy Fire Perils.

At the request of Fire Commissioner Johnson, Corporation Counsel Watson prepared yesterday an opinion construing the various provisions of the Hoey law, under which the new Fire Prevention Bureau is to be organized. Many requests have been made recently upon Commissioner Johnson for definite information concerning the extent of his jurisdiction in fire prevention, and what functions, if any, of other departments, such as the Building Bureau and the Tenement House Department, have been turned over by the new law to the Fire Department.

The Commissioner declared last night that, while he is charged now with the enforcement of all provisions of the law relating to fireproofing and fireproof buildings, he must, in the judgment of the Corporation Counsel, be guided entirely by the Building Code in the matter of materials to be used, and the form of construction to be followed. In other words, he said, he has no power to alter the requirements of the Building Code in relation to building materials, including those having to do with fireproofing.

The Hoey law, the Commissioner pointed out, was primarily devised to remedy the conditions which produced the fatalities at the Asch Building fire, and incidentally to reduce the number of preventable fires. In part the Corporation Counsel's opinion was as follows:

> The obvious purpose of the statute is to provide an entirely new governmental system for the prevention of fires and for the diminution of fire perils, based upon the idea of centring responsibility for the enforcement of all laws and ordinances, or parts thereof, relating to such subjects, in one officer, the Fire Commissioner. All laws or ordinances, or parts thereof, which are repugnant to or inconsistent with this purpose are repealed.
>
> All existing laws and ordinances relating to fire prevention and fire perils remain in full force and effect, but instead of being enforced by the officers, bureaus, or departments formerly charged with this duty, they are to be enforced by the Fire Commissioner. It is to be remembered that the other powers and duties of these officers, bureaus, and departments remain to be exercised as before. It need hardly be said that every effort should be made to secure harminy in action.

Regarding tenement houses, it is stated that the duties of the Fire Commissioner are the same as in respect to other buildings, except that the means and adequacy of exit in case of fire are not to be passed upon by the Commissioner, but are left as at present provided for in the tenement house law. Neither can the Commissioner issue an order for remedying any condition found to exist in a tenement house.

Regarding the investigation of dangerous conditions, it is stated that the Commissioner is required to do more than simply enforce the laws and ordinances. His duties are thus summed up:

> To take the initiative, to discover where fire dangers exist, and to take such means for remedying them as is provided in the statute. He even has power, under Subdivision 4 of Section 775, to require any building, structure, inclosure, vessel, place, or premises, which, in his opinion, is inadequately protected against fire perils, to be vacated or to be condemned and removed; he has the right of entry at any reasonable hour, to make inspections in furtherance of the purpose of this act.

Regarding electrical perils and overcrowding in factories it is set forth that the Commissioner succeeds to jurisdiction formerly held by the Board of Health in so far as such overcrowding constitutes a peril in case of fire. It is also the duty of the Fire Commissioner to enforce the sections of the statute which prescribe that the doors of factories shall open outward whenever practicable and shall not be bolted, locked, or otherwise fastened during business hours. This was formerly the duty of the State Commissioner of Labor to enforce.

As for the method of enforcing the new law the Corporation Counsel declared:

> The procedure prescribed in the new act for the service and enforcement of the orders of the Fire Commissioner supersede all previously existing forms of such procedure and must be strictly followed.
>
> All civil proceedings including actions for penalties based on the violations of any law or ordinance relating to fire prevention or fire peril should be instituted upon the complaint of the Fire Commissioner or by the Chief of the Bureau of Fire Prevention.

The opinion also dealt with a number of the purely technical aspects of the statute.

BROKAW BROTHERS
ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Among the unique factors in making our Men's and Boys' Clothing, is the employment of an expert whose entire time is devoted to instructing our tailors and working out methods for bettering the workmanship in all our garments.

Our Clothes appeal to men of discrimination because we use the best of everything—woolens, linings, trimmings and tailoring; and our styles are strictly up-to-date.

Sack Suits............$18 to $50
Light-weight Overcoats $16 to $42
Winter Overcoats......$18 to $75

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

ESTD 1843

W. & J. SLOANE
ESTABLISHED 1843

In order to dispose of our present stock of Furniture prior to removal to our new building at Fifth Avenue and 47th Street

We are Now Offering a
$300,000 COLLECTION
OF THE
FINEST HAND-MADE FURNITURE
AT REDUCTIONS OF 25% TO 50%

The display includes exact reproductions of Early English, Jacobean, Elizabethan, Georgian and the French Periods,—such pieces as are rarely seen outside of museums—as well as beautiful models of our own creation.

For several years we have been designing and making furniture of this high character, selling it as fast as produced to our retail customers only.

OUR COMING REMOVAL GIVES THE GENERAL PUBLIC THE RARE OPPORTUNITY OF PURCHASING THIS SPLENDID HAND-WROUGHT FURNITURE AT MUCH LESS THAN ITS REAL WORTH. WE PRESENT IN THIS SALE VALUES EQUALLY AS EXTRAORDINARY AS THOSE OFFERED IN OUR RECENT SALE OF ORIENTAL RUGS.

Do not confuse our furniture with the ordinary factory-made article; there is absolutely no comparison.

The refinements of the furniture offered must be carefully examined to be fully appreciated. The beautiful grains in the selected woods used, the skillful joinery, the exquisite carving and upholstery, the unique drawer pulls and other unusual fitments, the care with which each piece has been finished—all these essential details, so carefully executed, stamp every article in the sale as an individual masterpiece. Such furniture possesses a great and lasting charm, second only in importance to its honest, strong construction.

Purchases made at this Sale will be held, if desired, for Christmas delivery

BROADWAY AND 19TH STREET, NEW YORK

The Drawing Room and Its Furnishing

THE Drawing Room of today may reflect the insouciant gaiety of "teacup times of hood and hoop," if, for its adornment, reliance be placed upon Furniture of the reign of Louis XVI.

Not only may its more important Suite be of such a character, with delicately carved and gilded frames and tapestried coverings, but the smaller and less considered pieces may also be selected from our Reproductions of fine French Furniture. Consoles and Mirrors, Vitrines and Jardinières, Occasional Tables and Writing Desks, may here be found in attractive variety.

The Grand Rapids Furniture Company
INCORPORATED
34 and 36 West 32d Street
Between Fifth Ave. and Broadway
New York

STEINWAY

THE Steinway name has not only become a household word in every hamlet of the United States, but its fame has circled the world. From the royal palaces of the ruling sovereigns of the old world to the modest cabins of the farmers and miners of the new world, wherever the taste and longing for the purest and finest musical tone exists, there rings the voice of the Steinway Piano.

The investment, by the public, of over one hundred and twenty million dollars in a hundred and fifty thousand Steinway pianos speaks louder than words of fulsome praise.

STEINWAY & SONS
Steinway Hall
107-109 East 14th St., New York
Subway Express Station at the Door

ASK DIRECT ROUTE ON EXPRESS PARCELS

Companies Now Cause Delay and Extra Charge, Say Witnesses at Hearing Here.

RATES NOT CONSISTENT

W. H. Chandler of Boston Declares That Advantage Is Taken of the Small Shipper.

Tracing the elusive express package occupied much of the time yesterday at the second day of the hearing before Commissioner Franklin K. Lane of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, held in the rooms of the Merchants' Exchange, to inquire into the charges, rules, and practices of the big express companies. Witnesses told of the loss of packages, the efforts to obtain compensation for lost and damaged shipments, and the efforts to have goods sent by direct routes and not by circuitous routes at the will of the companies. This last was really the most important feature of yesterday's proceedings, and it is evident that the complainants will try and have a rule adopted embodying this principle in inter-State traffic. Such a rule, it is said, would give to shippers the quickest service and the cheapest rate irrespective of whether the express company first handling the goods got the long or the short haul end of the transaction. In Texas and Alabama there is such a rule.

Benjamin Fairchild, counsel for the complainants, pointed out that, under Section 15 of the Inter-State Commerce act, the shipper has the right to route his business, but notwithstanding this the express companies continue to provide in their tariffs and classifications that the rates are conditioned upon their exclusive right to route the business as they see fit.

The law, which it is evident the shippers would like to see enforced here, is Rule 9 of the Alabama State Commission express tariff, which provides that "when there are two or more routes between points, one of which is more direct and over which express matter can sooner reach its designation, the shipper shall have the right to designate in writing the route over which a shipment shall be transferred, provided the route designated is the most expeditious or to the shipper the least expensive. When express matter is so tendered and routed it should be the duty of the express company or companies forming such a designated route to accept and transport the shipment in accordance with routing instructions."

W. H. Chandler, Assistant Manager of the Transportation Department of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, told of the case of J. S. Ames, a Boston egg dealer, who bought eggs in Ohio. He found that his shipments were delayed, sometimes for days, because they were shipped by the United States Express Company over a round about route. Mr. Mr. Ames decided that there would be a saving in time and money if he could have his eggs shipped to Toledo, Ohio, and from there re-shipped over the American Express Company's route by way of Buffalo to Boston. The United States Express would then have had the benefit of only the short haul into Toledo instead of transporting the shipment through by way of New York. When Mr. Ames wrote and asked that company for a rate to Toledo, Mr. Chandler testified, the company intimated that as long as it was not a local shipment to that point they would not give him the rate asked for. Mr. Ames then appealed to the Boston Chamber of Commerce, the witness said, and it was not until he wrote the company and asked them to give legal reasons for their refusal to comply with his request that he got the rate he wanted.

Mr. Chandler presented statistical tables to show the increase in express rates. The first great advance, the witness declared, came in 1891, and, in some cases, was 35 per cent. In 1903 there came a second advance when rates mounted upward until there was a 20 per cent. additional advance over the standard scale of 1887.

In illustrating this, Mr. Chandler said after the hearing, that the cost of sending five pounds' weight under the 90 cents a hundred pound scale in 1891 advanced 40 per cent. over 1887 rates, and in 1903 went up to 60 per cent. over 1887 figures. The rates between 40 cents and $5.50, he said, were capable of about 7,000 changes, and between 1887 and 1909 there were about 4,000 and 5,000 advances in these rates and less than thirty reductions. And where the reductions were made, he continued, they were on rates then unusually high, and in the majority of cases less than 10 per cent.

"The English parcel charge," he said, "is less than our graduated charge. A twenty-four-pound package under a $2 a hundred-pound rate, costs $1 here. The same package in England goes for 48 cents. There are inconsistencies in the present rates here. For example, a $2 rate will carry a package 770 miles out of Boston and only 160 miles out of San Francisco. Under a 40-cent rate an express company will carry only five pounds for 25 cents between inter-State points, while in Alabama or Florida it will carry fifty pounds for 25 cents."

Mr. Chandler dug out of the mass of figures the information that under a $1 rate for 100 pounds the charge is 50 cents for thirty pounds, inter-State, while in Alabama and Georgia the same weight will be transported for 40 cents. Under the $3 rate the standard graduated charge is $1.30 for thirty pounds, inter-State, and in Virginia only 50 cents for the same service. Under the 40-cent rate for 100 pounds, he pointed out, the express company charge is 63 per cent. of the rate for carrying 5 per cent. of the weight.

A complaint of inadequate express service was brought by Robert H. Elmendorf of the Century Publishing Publishing Company. He told of the trouble in tracing delayed shipments and in getting settlement on lost packages. On May 16, 1910, he testified, he asked the United States Express Company to notify him whether a shipment had been delivered to O. H. Howard, Richmond, Va. A month afterward he received a notice that the package had been delivered to an L. Howard. Five months later he was notified by the agent of the Adams Express Company in Richmond that the delivery had been made. In November word came that the company was trying to get written proof. The original shipment was returned in the following June. It had been delivered to the consignee's father. In the case of a $1 claim made for a lost shipment to Boston it took from January to April to obtain a settlement.

"Why, that's very prompt, isn't it? It is, from my experience," said Commissioner Lane with a smile.

Interesting figures as to cost of operation were furnished by Edward J. W. Proffitt, Treasurer of the Providence Parcels Post Company, which is soon to begin delivering packages within a six-mile radius of that city for merchants. In preparation of the contracts Mr. Proffitt gathered many statistics on the subject. One large department store in Providence, he said, delivers by its own service 1,000,000 packages a year within the six-mile radius. He estimated the cost of this work to the store at 6.87 cents a package. The new concern proposes to undertake the same delivery at a cost of 3.95 cents a package, and a contract price of 5.1 cents, which assures the concern a profit. He entered into the details of his proposed service both in Providence and Boston, the evident purpose of his testimony being to show that the express company charges are exorbitant.

James S. Bush, dealer in bank and office fixtures at 259 Broadway, related his experience with the Wells Fargo Company. He shipped some glassware to himself in Passaic in August, 1909. It was delivered on the sidewalk and receipted for, but upon being opened was found to be broken. The value of the shipment was $35.25. The case was settled about Dec. 26, 1910, and for $25. Of this amount the witness said he got $15.

"My lawyer advised me," he added, "it would cost more to fight than to settle."

Attorney Frank Lyon introduced statistics showing the anual business done by thirteen large express companies in money orders and other financial paper. This shows that during the fiscal year ended June 30 these companies did business in this branch of service amounting to $438,804,323, of which the greatest amount was done by the American Express Company, amounting to $306,383,339. For the fiscal year of 1910 this business amounted to $423,331,962, of which the American Express Company did $295,190,322. The same company led in 1909, when it did $250,529,712 out of a total of $374,312,924.

The amount of unpaid money orders, travelers checks, and like accounts on hand on June 30, 1911, was $15,145,632. Allowing for the renewal of this sum as money is paid out, Mr. Lyon pointed out, it means that the express company is receiving continual use of $15,145,632 of other people's money. Of this total sum the statistics show the American Express Company, which does the great bulk of this business, has on hand $12,983,169. The average time money order cash remains in the companies' hands, Mr. Lyon said, was twelve days.

The hearing will be continued to-day.

BURGLAR IN BANKER'S HOME.

Captured After Taking a Mandolin at Charles Lanier's.

A special watchman ran up to Policeman Murphy of the Tenderloin Station at Madison Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street early yesterday morning and said he had just seen a man slip down the coal chute into the residence of Charles Lanier, a banker of 30 West Thirty-seventh Street. Murphy returned with the watchman, and arrived at the Lanier home in time to see a man emerging from the basement door. The man ran and Murphy followed.

The chase led into Park Avenue, where the fugitive turned south. Murphy had been blowing his whistle, and Policemen Duncan and Berwick grabbed the man at Thirty-sixth Street and Park Avenue. They said they had seen him throw away a bundle as he ran. It was found afterward and contained only a mandolin. This was all that was taken from the Lanier home, it was said.

Policemen aroused Mr. Lanier, who said that he, his granddaughter, and all the servants had slept uninterruptedly while the burglar was at work.

The prisoner said he was Richard Sylvester, a draughtsman, 52 years old, with no home. Mr. Lanier appeared against him in the Jefferson Market Court later, and Magistrate O'Connor held him without bail for the Grand Jury.

RIGHTS ARE OFFERED THIRD AVENUE STOCK

Committee Gives Notice of Reorganization and Expects to End Receivership Jan. 1.

ALL CONSOLIDATED BONDS IN

Stockholders Have Until Dec. 23 to Deposit — No Change to be Made in Metropolitan Reorganization.

The Bondholders Committee of the Third Avenue Railroad Company hopes to take the road out of the receiver's hands by Jan. 1 and place the accounts and property in the possession of the new company, although the entire work of reorganization may not be completed for two or three months after that. The committee sent out yesterday a notice to all stockholders, offering the privilege of availing themselves of the reorganization plan, saying that the Central Trust Company, as syndicate manager, has agreed to take the place of all non-assenting stockholders and to guarantee the $7,200,000 needed for the reorganization.

The committee states that already $37,258,000 consolidated bonds out of a total issue of $37,560,000 have been deposited under the agreement, and that interest at the rate of 4 per cent. from Jan. 1, 1910, to Jan. 1, 1912, on the refunding bonds of the new company will be paid in cash to the holders of certificates of deposit at the time of the delivery of the new securities. The refunding bonds will bear coupons from July 1, 1912, on. The outstanding 4 per cent. consolidated bonds may be deposited without penalty before Dec. 23 if the coupons maturing after July 1, 1907, are attached.

Stockholders are also invited to participate in the reorganization by depositing their stock certificates with the Central Trust Company before Dec. 23 and paying an assessment of $45 a share in three fifteen-dollar installments due at the time of deposit on Jan. 15 and Feb. 15. In return for their certificates and this assessment the stockholders will receive stock of the new Third Avenue Railroad Company at the rate of $45 per share of existing stock and $40 face value in first refunding mortgage fifty-year 4 per cent. bonds.

The bondholders' committee consists of James N. Wallace, Adrian Iselin, Edmund D. Randolph, Mortimer L. Schiff, James Timpson, and Harry Bronner. William D. Guthrie and John M. Bowers are counsel.

This plan may, however, be held up by the injunction suit which was begun by W. M. Cheesebrough against the bondholders' committee last Spring, through his counsel, Stoddard & Mark, 135 Broadway. It is likely to come up for argument in the first week in December.

Mr. Cheesebrough's contention is that the stockholders have no part in the reorganization. They were wiped out by the failure of the old company, and the property has passed entirely into the hands of the bondholders. The $7,000,000 needed to set the line on its feet again should be obtained, he contends, from the bondholders, who are now in the position of the old stockholders. Stock should be issued to them in proportion to and in exchange for their holdings of bonds, and new bonds should be created to represent the $7,000,000 assessments that they paid.

In reference to the reorganization of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company G. E. Tripp, Chairman of the joint committee, issued a statement yesterday in which he denied that the decision of the Court of Appeals in the Third Avenue case was having any effect on the plan put forward for his company. There will be no change, he says, from the plan submitted to the Public Service Commission last year, except as to the securities to be sold to raise the capital required.

Negotiations to do this are now in progress and in a few days will be concluded. The securities and debts of the Metropolitan are to be scaled down by about $40,000,000 and the fixed charges are to be reduced very greatly.

"The negotiations for the new money," says Mr. Tripp, "will make very little change in this result. Hence it will be seen the committee does not contemplate issuing a lot of new securities, simply because it has the legal right to do so, but it still intends to adhere strictly to its original plan for distributing securities among bondholders and to make no other changes, except such as are necessary to obtain new money on the best possible terms."

SEA CLIFF BANK CLOSED.

Notice Posted by Supt. Van Tuyl—Directors Are Surprised.

SEA CLIFF, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Some time before daylight this morning this notice was posted upon the front door of the Sea Cliff Bank:

> Pursuant to Section 19 of the State Banking laws, I have this day taken possession of the Sea Cliff Bank.
>
> GEORGE C. VAN TUYL,
> State Superintendent of Banks.

It was the first intimation anyone here had that there was anything wrong. Two Directors who were in Sea Cliff this morning declared they had no more intimation of the closing than any one else.

One of them said that two weeks ago in the regular course of business he went over the bank's affairs and considered everything in first class shape. The other said that State Bank Examiners had been at the bank for two or three days, but he thought this was in the regular course and no whisper that anything was wrong reached him.

John G. Jenkins, Jr., the President of the bank, was not here this morning so far as can be learned. When the Jenkins trust and banking business in Brooklyn were in trouble three years ago the local bank stood a run which caused it to be closed for a few days, but its condition was found to be unimpaired then and it reopened. Mr. Jenkins retained his connection with the bank after the collapse of the other Jenkins enterprises, and he succeeded his father, the late John G. Jenkins, as the leading spirit of the local bank.

There is about $100,000 on deposit in the bank at the present time, most of it in small accounts of farmers and local business men.

It is rumored that the examiners were dissatisfied with some of the securities taken by the bank for loans.

According to the last published statement to the Banking Department on Sept. 29, the bank had total resources of $146,495, and there was due to depositors $113,709. The surplus was $7,686.

PARIS PURIFIES ITS WATER.

Ultraviolet Rays Used to Sterilize the Drinking Supply.

Drinking water for Paris is ordinarily supplied from four derivations of spring water, writes the correspondent of The Journal of the American Medical Association, supplemented, when necessary, by filtered river water. Lately the filtered waters have been treated sometimes by ozone, sometimes by ultraviolet rays. These experiments permit a comparison of the two procedures.

The bactericidal action of ultraviolet rays is very powerful. To separate the ultraviolet rays from the red, green, and yellow ones, the mercury-vapor lamp in transparent quartz, intended for illumination, was employed. The system devised by MM. Victor Henri, Max de Recklinghausen, and André Helbronner is remarkably simple, requiring no complicated machinery.

A slight electric current accomplishes the work, which is hygienically thorough. If the electric current is accidentally interrupted an automatic sluice opens the conduit and empties the water which has not undergone sterilizing action. The operation of this apparatus is economical, as was shown in the results of a competition held last year by the City of Marseilles.

JUSTICE TOO SLOW, SAYS ROOSEVELT

Invites to Lynching, He Declares, in Discussing the Brach Assault Cases.

WOULDN'T RELEASE ON BAIL

Denounces Leniency Toward Brooklyn Man Whom Jury Refused to Convict on First Charge.

The release on bail of Frank Brach, charged with a brutal attack upon and subsequent robbery of Miss Olga Sapano and with an attack also upon Miss Agnes Waugh, is severely criticised by Theodore Roosevelt in the current number of The Outlook. Mr. Roosevelt's article was written, of course, before the trial of the Sapano case, which ended on Wednesday in the disagreement of the jury. It was said that the vote was eight to four for acquital. Brach is now in Raymond Street Jail in default of $5,000 bail.

When Brach was arrested for the attack on Miss Waugh, for which he is yet to be tried, he was out on $2,000 bail in the Sapano case. Judge Dike had fixed his bail so low because he placed little faith in the story of the robbery.

In his editorial Mr. Roosevelt says:

> Surely it is to the deepest discredit of the people of New York that the laws are such that a man charged with two crimes of such a character should now be free on bail. Both victims identified him. The case against this white man is infinitely more complete than the case against most of the negroes that are lynched, and it is certainly a matter for grave doubt whether the delay and the leniency of the law toward a man charged as this man has been is not as grave a menace to order as lynching itself.
>
> Certainly the people who plume themselves on being law-abiding cannot afford to throw stones at communities guilty of lynching unless they see to it that the laws are such as to do quick and sharp justice in a case like this, and, above all, such as to prevent the possibility of a man held for so dreadful a crime being released and permitted to repeat the crime. Whether ultimately determined to be guilty or innocent, the man mentioned above should have been left in jail to await trial; and his trial should have taken place at once.
>
> Slowness in deciding cases, readiness to admit appeals, the subordination of justice to legal technicalities, the irritating delays in getting the machinery of the law in motion, and the utterly improper attention paid by the courts to the sharpness of lawyers in invoking technicalities—all of these result in frequent miscarriages of justice and in delays which, if long enough, amount, especially in their effect upon the public, to an absolute miscarriage of justice. When such is the case, the community is deliberately preparing itself for the violence of mob action if ever a crime is committed that arouses the utmost intensity of furious passion, and of all crimes the crime of rape is the one which most arouses such furious intensity. Each community should provide that rape be traced as a capital crime and that legislation be enacted permitting the instant assembling of a Grand and petit jury, and the immediate trial of the criminal and his immediate execution if convicted.

Mr. Roosevelt says that maudlin sympathy for criminals is a potent provocation to brutal and lawless mob action against criminals and against persons merely accused of crime. He adds that as long as decent citizens refuse to rouse themselves, and to obtain laws which will prevent such action as that taken in Brooklyn, they must themselves share responsibility for the conditions that bring about mob violence.

Assistant District Attorney Elder of Brooklyn would not comment yesterday on Mr. Roosevelt's criticism. The attack on Miss Sapano was made in Sunset Park, Bay Ridge, on Aug. 20; that on Miss Waugh on Oct. 11, within sight of her home, at 438 Eighty-third Street, Brooklyn.

INTERBORO SPENT 2 CENTS

While Citizens' Union Disbursed $9,432 and Erie $2,354 Over Legislation.

ALBANY, Nov. 23.—The Citizens' Union of the City of New York to-day certified to the Secretary of State that it spent $9,432.16 in connection with legislative matters this year.

The Erie Railroad Company filed a statement showing it spent $2,354.87, of which Stanchfield, Lovell, Falch & Sayles, attorneys, received $2,281, and Moot, Sprague, Brownell & Marcy $73.74.

The New York City Interborough Railroad Company certified it spent 2 cents, "the expense paid for postage in filing this statement."

The Herbert T. Ketchum Campaign Committee, which advocated the election of Herbert T. Ketchum for Supreme Court Justice in the Second Judicial District, certified to the Secretary of State to-day that it received and spent $1.335.

Striking Boilermakers Back at Work.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Following a meeting of striking boilermakers and helpers of the American Locomotive Company this morning hundreds of the men who have been out for nearly a month returned to work. No announcement was given out by either the men or the company.

Y. M. C. A. SHOWS GAINS.

International Committee Tells of Progress in Every Department.

More than 500 clergymen and laymen gathered at the forty-fifth annual dinner of the International Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association of North America at the Waldorf-Astoria last night and heard the progress in the various branches of the committee's work in the last year discussed. The committee itself is composed of sixty-four business and professional men living in different parts of the United States and Canada, and it acts as a gentral body to increase the number and efficiency of the associations among all classes of men and boys throughout the United States and Canada.

Alfred E. Marling presided at the dinner last night. There were eleven speakers, each a Secretary of one department of the committee's work, which he discussed briefly in eight minutes. Each reported progress for the year. The physical department's work was treated by Dr. George J. Fisher, the army and navy department by John S. Tichenor, the industrial department by Charles R. Towson, the colored department by W. A. Hunton, the work of the county department by Albert E. Roberts, the Railroad Y. M. C. A. department by John F. Moore, the student department by Charles D. Hurrey, and the department of Summer training by Richard C. Morse.

George Sherwood Eddy discussed the remarkable growth of opportunity and the success of the Y. M. C. A. work in nearly every large city of China and India. The Men and Religion Forward Movement was discussed by Raymond Robins and Fred B. Smith.

Own a Home in the Pacific Northwest
Idaho-Oregon-Washington
A few acres cultivated carefully insures a prosperous present and future.
Go Out and Look the Country Over
via
Union Pacific
Standard Road of the West
Electric Block Signals, Dustless, Perfect Track
Electric Lighted Equipment, Excellent Dining Cars
For literature and information call on or address
J. B. DeFriest, G. E. A.,
287 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Telephone Worth 4994.

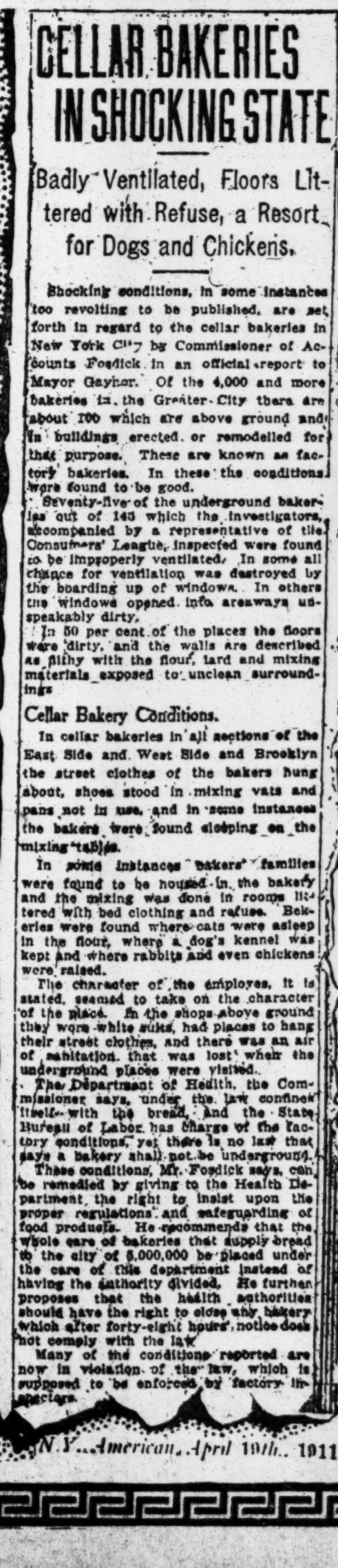
The Provident Loan Society
OF NEW YORK
Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.
INTEREST RATES
One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.
One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.
OFFICES
MANHATTAN AND BRONX
Fourth Avenue cor. 25th Street
Eldridge Street cor. Rivington Street
Seventh Ave. bet. 48th and 49th Sts.
Lexington Ave. Cor. 124th Street
Grand Street cor. Clinton Street
Courtlandt Ave. Cor. 148th Street
BROOKLYN
Graham Avenue cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Avenue cor. Rockaway Ave.

RAYMOND'S OVERCOATS

MAKING A HIT.
SPLENDID COATS,
GREAT VALUES.
Tourist and Raglans, Ulsters and Dresscoats in all the new fabrics, including thick, shaggy, warm, but not weighty overcoatings, plaid backs, neat, fancy cheviots and plain oxford and black. Commencing in price at $16, then $20, $25, $30, $35, $40 and $50.
A GREAT BARGAIN
$20 Convertible Collar Coats at $12.50.
A. Raymond & Co
MEN'S OUTFITTERS
NASSAU AND FULTON STS
"54 Years on the Same Spot."

Buffalo and Chicago Express
Lackawanna Railroad
Leaves New York 2 A. M. daily
Sleeping Cars open at 9:30 P. M.
The Road of Anthracite

Our Physician Guards Your Interests
Only men and women who are in perfect health are employed at the great Ward Bakeries.
Our medical examiner, *who was formerly connected with the division of contagious diseases of the New York Health Department,* must give the applicant a clean bill of health before he or she takes a position in our Bakeries.
100% Pure WARD'S 100% Pure
At Your Grocer's TIP-TOP BREAD 5&10 Cent Loaves
Every precaution for Purity Absolute is taken. The hand never touches the bread at the two great Ward plants. The Mixing, Proving and Baking Rooms are dust proof—fresh air is constantly supplied by ventilating pipes and fans.
The bread is delivered by electric automobiles. There are no horses, no stables—no chance of uncleanliness, or of odors. Our drivers are dressed in white and wear white gloves.
The health of our employees is zealously guarded. Lockers for change of clothes, tile shower baths, and bright, cheerful recreation rooms are provided.
The wholesome goodness and the perfect purity of the bread you eat is very important to you. You can visit the Ward Bakeries any afternoon, except Saturday and Sunday. You can *see* that everything is spotless.
If you don't buy Ward's Tip-Top Bread—What do you know about the bread you eat?
WARD'S TIP-TOP BREAD WARD BREAD CO.
Note: Compare the story of the Ward Bakeries with the story here reproduced, taken from the N. Y. American, April 19th, 1911.



CELLAR BAKERIES IN SHOCKING STATE
Badly Ventilated, Floors Littered with Refuse, a Resort for Dogs and Chickens.
Shocking conditions, in some instances too revolting to be published, are set forth in regard to the cellar bakeries in New York City by Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick in an official report to Mayor Gaynor. Of the 4,000 and more bakeries in the Greater City there are about 100 which are above ground and in buildings erected or remodelled for that purpose. These are known as factory bakeries. In these the conditions were found to be good.
Seventy-five of the underground bakeries out of 143 which the investigators, accompanied by a representative of the Consumers' League, inspected were found to be improperly ventilated. In some all chance for ventilation was destroyed by the boarding up of windows. In others the windows opened into areaways unspeakably dirty.
In 50 per cent. of the places the floors were dirty, and the walls are described as filthy with the flour, lard and mixing materials exposed to unclean surroundings.
Cellar Bakery Conditions.
In cellar bakeries in all sections of the East Side and West Side and Brooklyn the street clothes of the bakers hung about, shoes stood in mixing vats and pans not in use, and in some instances the bakers were found sleeping on the mixing tables.
In some instances bakers' families were found to be housed in the bakery and the mixing was done in rooms littered with bed clothing and refuse. Bakeries were found where cats were asleep in the flour, where a dog's kennel was kept and where rabbits and even chickens were raised.
The character of the employes, it is stated, seemed to take on the character of the place. In the shops above ground they wore white suits, had places to hang their street clothes, and there was an air of sanitation that was lost when the underground places were visited.
The Department of Health, the Commissioner says, under the law confines itself with the bread, and the State Bureau of Labor has charge of the factory conditions, yet there is no law that says a bakery shall not be underground.
These conditions, Mr. Fosdick says, can be remedied by giving to the Health Department the right to insist upon the proper regulations and safeguarding of food products. He recommends that the whole care of bakeries that supply bread to the city of 5,000,000 be placed under the care of this department instead of having the authority divided. He further proposes that the health authorities should have the right to close any bakery which after forty-eight hours' notice does not comply with the law.
Many of the conditions reported are now in violation of the law, which is supposed to be enforced by factory inspectors.
N. Y. American, April 19th, 1911.

Get Clean, Cold Bottled Milk

Such is the advice of the New York Milk Committee, which further declares that good milk is the best single article of diet for daily use. Hence, we say, try

Sheffield Farms Milk

—"the creamy kind." Just look how deep the "cream line" is in any Sheffield bottle. Taste how delicious is the milk. It comes to you fresh from hygienic farms. Prove to yourself how pleasing, how wholesome is Sheffield Milk. Phone for a bottle to-day.

Sheffield Farms Slawson-Decker Co.
Executive Offices, 524 W. 57th St., New York.
Telephone 6750 Columbus,
Branches throughout New York and Yonkers.

NOW ON FREE VIEW
Daily from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
At *42 West 53d* St.
The Choice FURNISHINGS
contained in the Residence
of the late
Emily H. Moir
to be sold on the Premises
at unrestricted public sale
on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, November 27, 28 and 29,
Commencing Each Day at 10:30 A. M.
by direction of the Attorneys for the Executors,
To Close the Estate,
Comprising in part
High Class Furniture, Pier and Mantel Mirrors, Steinway and Hazleton Grand Pianos,
SOLID SILVER
in large quantity and of varied and exquisite design, Sheffield Plate, Superb Bronze and Carrara Marble Figures and Busts.
CHOICE EUROPEAN
PORCELAINS
in great variety, rich Hangings and Lace Curtains, and a large assortment of unusually fine Table and Bed Linens.
A Library of Books
consisting of about 3,000 volumes, including Spence's Anecdotes, 1820, in 2 vols., extra illustrated with over 250 beautiful inserts, including autographs, and many other objects of Household adornment.
Sale conducted by
Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms, Inc.
333-341 Fourth av., S. E. cor 25th St.
HENRY A. HARTMAN,
Auctioneer.

A woman who had long been interested in Kipling was one day introduced to that writer. "Oh!" she exclaimed, "I am surprised. Really, I thought you would be something quite different."

"Oh, I am, I assure you," replied Kipling, "but this is my day off."

The advertiser has no excuse for thinking the farmer quite different from what he really is. When the farmer is engaged in buying high-priced substantial advertised goods he is not taking a day off. That is just as much a part of his regular job as is reading

FARM AND FIRESIDE
THE NATIONAL FARM PAPER
New York Springfield, Ohio Chicago
86

NOW ON EXHIBITION
An Important Collection
of
Oriental and European
ART OBJECTS
for
Household Use and Adornment
Including Chinese and Japanese Embroideries, Lacquers, Bronzes, Porcelains, Temple Carvings, French Hangings, Dutch Marquetry Bedroom Suite, Florentine and Teakwood Furniture, Temple Shrines, Cabinets and Cabinet Objects, a magnificent Belgian Cut Crystal Chandelier, Old Japanese and Chinese Screens, Oriental Rugs, and a Japanese Mantel of heroic proportions that won special recognition at the Philadelphia Centennial.
Collected by
Mr. Edward I. Farmer
and removed from his
Country Place near Buffalo, N. Y.
To be sold by
unrestricted public sale
Afternoons of Nov. 24, 25
and this evening (the 24th)
Sales Begin at 2:30 & 8:15 P. M.
The Anderson Galleries
Madison Avenue at Fortieth Street
Telephone Bryant 7990.

FOR
CHRISTMAS GIFTS
which will be appreciated and
kept by your friends
BUY THE
Swan
FOUNTAIN PEN
At all Stationers and Jewelers,
$2.50 and up.
MABIE, TODD & CO.
17 Maiden Lane, New York. 209 So. State St., Chicago.

KEENE SELLS FAMOUS CASTLETON FARM

David M. Look of New York Buys Stud in Kentucky and Will Breed Trotting Horses.

Castleton, James R. Keene's famous thoroughbred stud near Lexington, Ky., was sold yesterday to David M. Look of this city, and from now on will be devoted to the breeding of trotting horses. The farm, according to the terms in the sale, contains 1,070 acres and many buildings, located upon what is considered the best blue-grass land in Kentucky. Mr. Keene several days ago announced his retirement from the turf, where he was a prominent figure for many years, on account of illness.

Mr. Look has been long identified with trotters as owner and breeder on a small but select scale. He has owned such famous trotters as Emily Ellen, 2:08¼, which raced successfully as a three-year-old; Mr. Stokes, considered one of the best sons of Peter the Great, and others that are being prepared as future racing material. He has owned a number of highly bred mares, and their number will now be greatly increased for breeding operations upon a much larger scale.

Mr. Look is one of the stockholders of the Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders' Association, the members of which are now buying property in or around Lexington for breeding purposes.

It has long been known that every member of the new Kentucky organization will eventually locate in that State, where their horses will be bred and racing candidates trained. The last to buy property for that purpose was W. B. Dickerman of this city, who secured the Molloy Farm just outside of the Lexington track.

After the announcement of the purchase of Castleton Farm, it was rumored in trotting horse circles in this city that the noted stock farm will evenually be divided among a number of trotting horsemen and breeders now directly interested in harness racing in Kentucky. The presence of George G. Moore of Detroit and proprietor of Dromore Farm, St. Claire, Mich., gave rise to report that he might be interested directly in the deal. Mr. Moore has his horses trained at Lexington, and, like C. K. G. Billings and H. K. Devereux of Cleveland, both fellow-stockholders, has not yet secured property in Kentucky.

It is quite possible that the former Castleton Farm will become the breeding centre of several men of the Kentucky Breeders' Association.

Hitchcock Horse Wins Abroad.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—Thomas Hitchcock, Jr.'s, Huetame at Auteuil to-day won the Prix Lady Killer, a hurdle handicap of $1,015 for three-year-olds, distance 1 mile 7½ furlongs.

FOR CROSS-COUNTRY TITLE.

Eleven Colleges Will Race for I. C. A. A. A. Championship.

The attention of the college world and others interested in the sterling sport of cross-country running, will be directed to-morrow morning to the Intercollegiate A. A. A. A. championship race, at Brookline, Mass., when the thirteeenth annual event will be held.

Eleven teams have been nominated, among these being Cornell, Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Columbia, Dartmouth, Michigan, M. I. T., Pennsylvania, C. C. N. Y., and Brown. The latter is a newcomer in the association, but promises to be handicapped by the fact that freshmen will not be allowed to compete. Eight men will constitute a team, six of whom are to count in the team total, figured in the position they cross the finish line.

Cornell looms up almost as a certainty for the individual and team honors, with its usual strong aggregation of hill and dale stars. But once in 1901 when Yale gathered in the team title, has Cornell been deposed from its position as the champion university in this phase of athletics, and in all of the other years it has been almost a case of the Ithacans first, and the others nowhere.

This year the up-State team will have the services of J. P. Jones, the winner in 1910, and the holder of the world's amateur record at one mile, and Tel Berna, last year's runner-up and holder of the intercollegiate two-mile title and record. In addition there will be Finch, Brodt, Major, Miller, Langfield, and Langner, all of whom ran well up recently in the dual event against Pennsylvania, and who seem to have thrived upon the wonderful training country in the vicinity of Ithaca.

Harvard runners catch the eyes of close observers as the ones most likely to finish in second place. Under the capable coaching of Al Shrubb, the famous English runner, they have been showing a vast improvement at the game since he took them in hand, as attested by their recent victories over M. I. T. and Yale. These wins seem to warrant the feeling of confidence which exists at Cambridge. Withington, Copeland, Warren, and Burrage look like the pick of the crimson outfit, which has had the misforune to lose the services of Lawless, who hurt himself in his last race.

Harry Hillman has one stellar performer at Dartmouth in Marceau, who is not likely to get much support from the other members of the team, composed of Harmon, Ball, Bacon, Clarke, Halway, and Harry Haywood. The latter is well known to New Yorkers as a middle distance runner of fair ability. Ball and Clarke finished forty-sixth and forty-seventh last year and look far from promising.

Michigan also has a great runner in its rank, Hanavan, who finished second to Jones in the mile last Spring, and did 4:17 in that wonderful race. The capabilities of the rest of the Ann Arbor runners is not widely known, as they have had no contests from which any one could draw a line.

The other teams are not strong, having men who are not sturdy runners, either individually or collectively, being as a whole badly balanced. Pennsylvania has two fairly good men, Maderia and McCurdy, who appear to have a shade on the best that Princeton, who beat Columbia, and any of the rest of the field may show.

P. S. A. L. CROSS-COUNTRY.

Race for Championship Over Celtic Park Course Next Week.

Eleven high schools have entered their teams in the annual cross-country championship of the Public Schools Athletic League which will be held over the Celtic Park course Saturday afternoon, Dec. 2. The distance will be about 3¼ miles, the boys running three laps over the course. Last year Manual Training High School team won the championship for the second consecutive year with a score of 89 points, closely followed by Morris High School of the Bronx and High School of Commerce of Manhattan, which were tied for second place with 93 points each.

This year all of the high school teams are in better condition than ever before, owing to the many dual cross-country runs held between the various schools in preparation for the championship. The schools are allowed to enter twelve boys, but only eight will be permitted to run, the first five on the school team to score in the points for the championship.

The course will be the same as used for the Junior and Senior National Cross-Country Championship of the Amateur Athletic Union held recently. It combines steep hills, stone fences, plowed fields, and a short stretch of roadway. It is conceded by experts to be the most ideal course in America owing to its natural conditions.

A view of the contestants can be had from any part of the course from start to finish. The course will be laid out with a series of small American flags, and at all turning points a large red flag will be placed which can be seen from a distance in order that the boys will run over the course selected by the officials.

Cornell's Cross-Country Team Off.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 23.—The Cornell cross-country team which left this evening for the intercollegiate meet at Cambridge was strengthened by the addition of Capt. Putnam of the track team and Stephenson, both of whom were members of the champion cross-country team last Fall, but did not get out for practice until late this season. The new team contains four members of last year's aggregation, Berna, Jones, Putnam, and Stephenson, and three new men, Finch, Brodt, and Longfield, who was a substitute last year. Frederickson, a sophomore, was taken along as substitute.

DALE OUTPOINTS SMITH.

Denver Boxer Shows Up Well in Substitute Bout at National S. C.

Monte Dale of Denver outpointed Howard Smith of Elizabetth, N. J., in the ten-round feature bout of last night's show at the National Sporting Club. Young Henry of Chicago and Young Fitzsimmons of New York were originally carded for the star bout, but Henry became ill at his training quarters yesterday, and as no suitable partner could be found for Fitzsimmons the bout was called off, and Dale and Smith were substituted.

Dale's cleverness gained him the verdict, and it was by a narrow margin that he won. As a mixer, Smith was far superior to his opponent, and his style of fighting was far more satisfactory than that of his opponent. The Jerseyite forced matters practically all the way, and no matter how fast the wallops came he was always back for more. Dale showed a tendency to clinch at the slightest provocation. Early in the bout Smith discovered that Dale had a great dislike to body punches, and during the latter part of the struggle he drove both hands to the body with consistent regularity. The result was that Dale held on repeatedly and did much poorer work than before.

It was by his continual left jabbing to the face that Dale carried off the honors. His punch lacked the steam that characterized Smith's wallops, but he landed much oftener than the Jerseyite. Early in the bout he had Smith's left eye badly puffed from the jabs, but he could not close the member. Smith had Dale bleeding from the nose and mouth in the seventh round, and in the eighth he staggered the Denverite with a right to the jaw which sent him across the ring and against the ropes. This was the nearest approach to a knock-down which either scored during the bout.

The opening round was quiet, neither showing to advantage. In the second round Dale began to use his left jab, and he shot it against Smith's head repeatedly. He also used a strong right uppercut in the clinches and gained the better of the round. In the third Dale also carried off the honors with his left jab, holding Smith off when the latter rushed in. In the fourth Smith drew blood from his opponent's nose and did effective work on blows to the stomach, but Dale was still using his left jab well, and he got the round by a shade. In the fifth, more stomach punches slowed up Dale, and Smith had the advantage of a fast mix-up. It was Smith's round.

Smith kept boring in during the sixth, but Dale was always hopping away from his swings, shooting in enough left jabs to gain the honors of the round. In the seventh Smith again showed up strongly, pounding Dale to the stomach and making him hold on. The Jerseyite also cut Smith's forehead, and his face was covered with blood at the close of the round. Smith also had the better of the eighth round, one of his right swings staggering Dale and sending him across the ring. Dale had a shade the better of both the ninth and tenth rounds, again using his left jab effectively and a right uppercut as Smith rushed in. The latter was always strong and ready to mix, but he was unable to land like his opponent.

In the other ten-round bout, which went the full distance, Mike Farrel had a shade the better of Young Evans.

Before the last bout was put on five negroes—introduced as Sammy Darkness, Knockout Polish, Darkest Russia, Ebony Swan and One-Round-Soot—figured in a battle royal. After three had been eliminated the two survivors came together, One-Round Soot being the victor. Darkest Russia, already out of the running, was sent back into the ring and he put Soot away.

ATTELL BEATS JOHNSON.

Champion Scores Heavily on Negro at Malvern A. C.

Abe Attell, the featherweight champion, picked another easy mark last night at the Malvern A. C., in the Bronx, in the person of Leo Johnson, a colored aspirant for honors in the featherweight division, and for whom his seconds threw a towel in the ring, announcing defeat at the beginning of the fifth round, when he was pretty well cut up, and distinctly getting the worst of the encounter.

A fair-sized crowd witnessed the massacre, throughout which the negro all but refused to fight, being eventually about as well cut up as Abe could accomplish in this line. The opening round found Attell forcing matters throughout, and making use of a stiff right to the mid-section which helped to take the steam out of the colored boy.

Johnson's best punch in the second was a right uppercut to the jaw, which Attell responded to with lefts to the jaw and rights to the stomach, driving the colored lad to the ropes and causing him to hold on for dear life. Attell did the forcing in the third, Johnson doing the holding act. Abe staggered the negro with a hard right to the jaw as the best blow of the session.

Johnson began operations in the fourth with a sizzling straight left, which he followed with a straight uppercut, his best blows of the battle. Abe then began to shower the negro with left jabs, interspersed with rights to the stomach, which soon had the negro's number and caused him to cling to his opponent to avoid punishment. The fifth had barely started when Johnson's seconds threw up the sponge for their man and saved him a further beating.

When the crowd of negroes who attended the battle became aware of the ending of the affair through the second's intervention they gathered around the ringside, and started after the attendant who threw in the towel discontinuing hostilities. For a few moments it looked serious for the second, who was finally enabled to escape the angry fight followers by getting out of a side door of the clubhouse.

Wolgast and Wells Matched.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 23.—Tom Jones, manager for Ad Wolgast, the lightweight champion, said to-day he had accepted a proposition for a fight between Wolgast and Matt Wells, the English fighter, for Dec. 16 or 23. "The conditions are 133 pounds at 3 o'clock," Jones said. "Wolgast is offered a lump sum for his end." Jones, however, declined to say how much the "lump sum" was. Wells is in England, but Jones said he was expected to be in New York in time to condition himself for the fight.

Howard and Beecher in Ring.

A great deal hinges on the result of the ten-round scrap between Willie Howard, the lightweight champion of Brooklyn, and Willie Beecher, the east sider, which the American A. A. will stage to-night at its clubhouse, Bushwick Avenue and Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. When these two boys clash there will be action galore, as both are of the rugged type and fight on the same style. The winner will be matched with Joe Bedell. The boys will weigh in at 135 pounds at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

Foley to Referee Murphy Bout.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 23.—Harry Foley of this city has been chosen as referee of the Thanksgiving Day fight between Packey McFarland and Tommy Murphy. Articles were signed to-day making the weight 135 pounds four hours before the contest.

BOXING NOTES.

Plenty of milling seems assured in the ten-round bout at the National A. C. of Brooklyn next Saturday night between Willie Scott and Charlie Barry.

The Fairmont A. C. has forty-two rounds of boxing scheduled for Saturday night. Billy Galley, the lightweight champion of Australia, and Young Hickey, who twice battled to a draw with Young Cashman, will appear in the main event. Mike Grady, Chicago's leading middleweight, will tackle George McDermott in a ten-round semi-final, and Harvey Kelly meets Sammy Wrana in a ten-rounder. There will also be two six-round bouts. On next Tuesday night at the Fairmont A. C. the ownership of the welterweight title will be decided. It will be Willie Lewis against Mike Gibbons, the champion of the West. Gibbons is a knockout artist and many bets have been made that he will stop Lewis within six rounds.

The Long Acre Athletic Club has secured what looks to be a rattling good fight between big men for Saturday night's show. In securing the services of Dick Howell, the rugged and game Canadian boxer whose recent fight with Kid Henry shows him to be one of the gamest fighters that ever put on boxing gloves, and Billy West, the popular east side boy of this city, who has fought such men as Barney Williams, Teddy Nelson, and others, show that he has regained his old-time form.

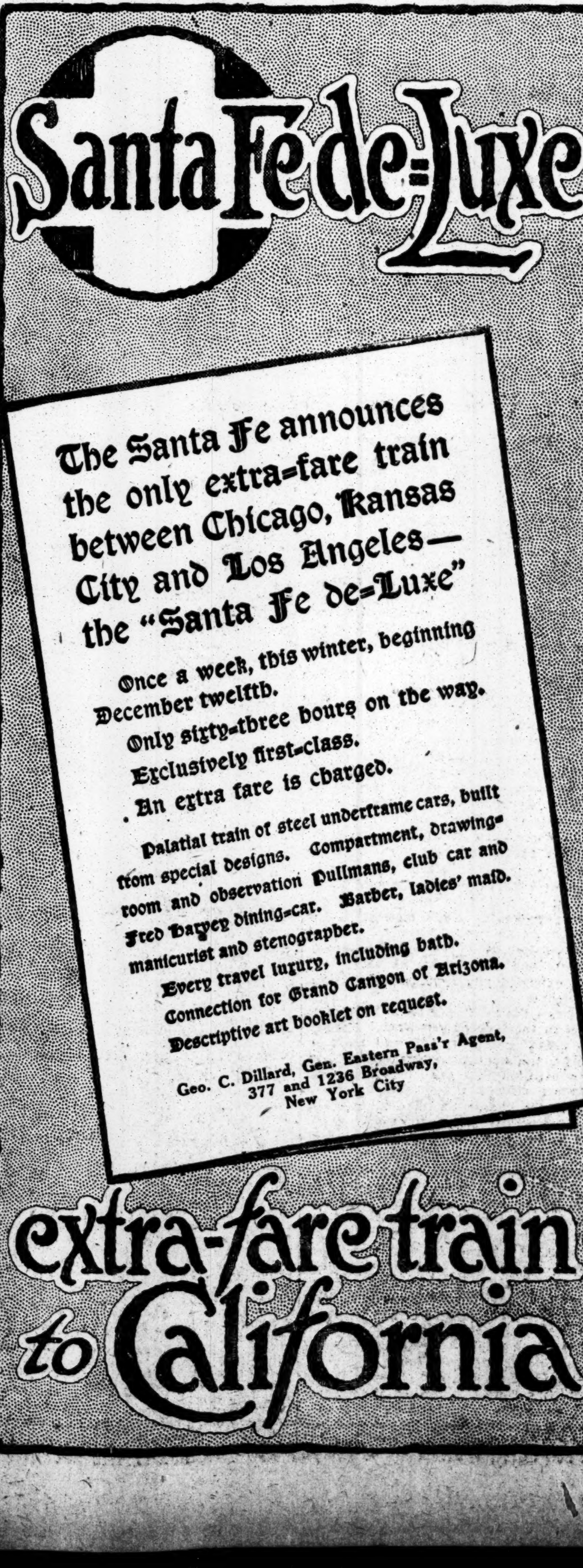
New Jersey Squash Association.

In order to further squash competitions five of the country clubs have formed the New Jersey Squash Tennis Association. The charter membership of the association includes the Baltusrol Golf Club, Essex County Country Club, Englewood Field Club, Englewood Club, and the Montclair Athletic Club. This association is actually a portion of the National Squash Tennis Association, but has been formed for the purpose of interclub play.

At a meeting held yesterday P. S. Duryee of the Englewood Field Club was elected President and J. Victor Onativia, Baltusrol Golf Club, Secretary and Treasurer. The Executive Committee includes the two officers and Ellis Adams of the Essex County Country Club, Frank Kidde, Montclair Athletic Club, and Arthur H. Lockett, Englewood Club.

An interclub series will be played by teams composed of five men each. The schedule will begin early in December and continue through March, two matches being played by each team in a home and home series.

For Other Sports See Page 14.



Santa Fe de-Luxe

The Santa Fe announces the only extra-fare train between Chicago, Kansas City and Los Angeles—the "Santa Fe de-Luxe"

Once a week, this winter, beginning December twelfth.
Only sixty-three hours on the way.
Exclusively first-class.
An extra fare is charged.

Palatial train of steel underframe cars, built from special designs. Compartment, drawing-room and observation Pullmans, club car and Fred Harvey dining-car. Barber, ladies' maid, manicurist and stenographer.
Every travel luxury, including bath.
Connection for Grand Canyon of Arizona.
Descriptive art booklet on request.

Geo. C. Dillard, Gen. Eastern Pass'r Agent,
377 and 1236 Broadway,
New York City

extra-fare train to California

Next Sunday's Times

Should Be Ordered of Your Newsdealer To-day

The Sunday Times is a newspaper of character. It puts sense before sensation. Its Magazine Section, Literary Review and Pictorial Section are unique features which differentiate it from all other Sunday newspapers.

Among important articles in Next Sunday's Magazine Section are:

Nansen Explodes the Old Legend That Norsemen Discovered America Hundreds of Years Before Columbus Did.

A refutation of the claims made for Leif Ericson as the original discoverer of the Continent.

Trials, Tribulations and Happiness of an English Girl Who Married a Moor.

The Shareefa of Wazan now widow of the head of the Moorish branch of Islam, and a grandmother, writes of her thirty-eight years of adventure in one of the most interesting countries in the world.

An American the Storm Centre of of Persia.

The remarkable career of Morgan Shuster, who at thirty-five is administering the finances of Persia, and who has drawn upon himself the antagonism of the Great Powers by his inflexible integrity.

Italian Castles and Country Seats, by Tryphosa Bates Batchellor.

An inside view of life in Italian castles, villas and palaces, by one who has enjoyed the friendship and hospitality of the Italian nobility.

Underwood as His Neighbors See Him.

A study of the man at close range and in his home surroundings.

Azeff, the Most Famous of Russian Agents,

Begs revolutionists for a new trial and promises sensational revelations.

A Restoration of Ancient Rome.

A model of the historic seven-hilled city by an artist who has devoted years to the study of Rome as it is and was.

What would you do if you hung 10,000 feet above a roaring torrent, with only a frail bridge of ice a foot thick between you and certain death, and not another person was within miles of you?

Read the thrilling personal story of a man who spent a night balancing himself in that position and cut his way to safety with a little silver penknife.

Hy. Mayer's virile cartoon, "On His Trail"—

Merely one of a page of striking satirical "Impressions of the Passing Show."

The Sunday Times Book Review

Contains news and notes of current publications, critical articles, reviews and lists of recent publications classified for convenient references. Some of the articles of interest are:

The Star of Grant and Lee.

The strangely interwoven lines of two men whom fate or chance had been drawing together for two centuries.

One Street a World Highway.

It is Broadway, the axis of the greatest city of the Western Hemisphere.

Treasure Seekers, Here's a Guide.

It tells you all about private gold and other sought but unfound wealth.

Mr. Herrick's Hero With a Fine Ideal.

In "The Healer" it is dragged miserably down to earth by a woman.

Arnold Bennett Bares His Bosom.

He displays to us all the thoughts surging there—ten years ago.

The Sunday Times Book Section and Literary Review is printed in detached form, to be bound for presentation and reference.

Next Sunday's Times Pictorial Section

Men and Women of Prominence and Scenes of Unusual Events as Caught by the Camera.
Turks Wreck Army Aeroplane.
Yale's Whiffenpoofs in Their Annual Antics.
Harem Girls.
The War in Tripoli.
President Taft and the Lincoln Memorial.
Richard Croker's Irish Home, "Glencairn."
Portraits of Women Prominent in Society.
A New Hydro-Aeroplane in Action.
Children of the Duke and Duchess of Manchester.
The Story of Old China in Pictorial Form.
Chinese Artillery on the March and in Action.
How a Holy War in Africa Would Menace the World.

"The Coliseum."

Full-page reproduction of the famous painting by Alma Tadema.

PRESERVE THE PICTURES. Many people find interest in keeping a picture scrapbook of the events of the day. Such collections of pictures become increasingly valuable with time. The photographic reproductions of The Times Pictorial Section are particularly adapted for preservation. Start a Scrap Book of Times Pictures to-day and the entire family will reap the benefit.

Place a STANDING ORDER with your newsdealer to-day for The Sunday Times. The New York Sunday Times is not returnable, and dealers order only enough copies to supply the actual demand, which is always increasing.

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office	Times Square
Downtown	15 Beekman Street
Wall Street	2 Rector Street
Harlem	263 West 125th Street
Bronx	149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn	343 Fulton Street
Staten Island	8 Richmond Tce., St. George
Long Island City	47 Vernon Avenue
Jersey City	415 Fuller Building
Hoboken	94 Hudson Street
Newark	794 Broad Street
Paterson	236 Main Street
WASHINGTON	Post Building
PHILADELPHIA	Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO	122 South Michigan Boulevard
LONDON	2 Pall Mall East, S. W.
PARIS	34 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN	60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere, Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—by Mail, Postage Paid.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month	0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year	8.50
DAILY, per Week	0.12
DAILY, per Month	0.50
DAILY, per Year	6.00
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section and Review of Books, per Year	2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50)	1.00
TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50)	1.00

To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $1.95 per month. Daily, $1.35 per month. To Canadian Addresses—Daily only, 50c. per month. Daily and Sunday, 90c. per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOV. 24, 1911.

TRUST REMEDIES.

"Trade makes its own laws," said Chancellor Day at the dinner of the Economic Club, where the Trust question was discussed. That is true enough, and so long as trade makes honest laws nobody has ground of complaint. The trouble is that trade sometimes makes bad laws. Some have insisted that business should be let alone. Why should business claim an exemption which the individual does not enjoy? The freedom of the individual is limited in many ways by civil and criminal statutes. The limitations are imposed for the benefit of all, and law-abiding men have become so used to the conditions imposed that they from choice, by habit, and, as it were, by instinct, obey the laws. Business has been, however, a great sinner. Small business cannot be let alone. Hundreds of grocers in this city were using false weights and measures, and their shops were "raided." Tons of implements devised and used for cheating were destroyed. Slaughter houses, butcher shops, and bakeries are subjected to rigid inspection and regulation. If they were let alone many of them would become public nuisances and a source of danger.

Big business, as represented by some of the great Trusts, has been shameless in its transgressions. The Supreme Court's recital of the misdeeds of the Standard Oil Company and of the Tobacco Trust furnishes convincing evidence of the imperative need in the public interest of regulation and control. The Beef Trust and other Trusts have done many wicked things. To say, after all our experience with business, that it must be let alone, is to talk extravagant nonsense. But what shall we do with business? How far shall it be permitted to make its own laws, to what extent shall it be subjected to Government laws? That was the question discussed by the guests of the Economic Club. We cannot feel that Chancellor Day made a valuable contribution to the answering of that question. Senator Cummins has well-justified doubts as to the wisdom and practicability of letting the Government undertake to fix prices. Most persons who have attempted to picture forth the nature of that task and the conditions that would result, will agree with the Iowa Senator. He believes that competition is the remedy, his judgment "is in favor of some plan that will preserve a healthful, enduring competition in all the affairs of life." There is something in that. But what is "some plan"? All plans would not be equally effective in restoring competition. If a bill is to be drawn, if an amendment of existing law is to be made, there must be a definite plan.

We commend to the attentive study and consideration of those who are troubling their minds over this great problem, and we regard it as fortunate that so many of the best minds are troubled over it, these words from the remarks of Congressman Martin W. Littleton at the Economic Club banquet:

> The function of government is not to tell business what it may do, but what it may not do. You cannot make competition compulsory. Nor is it the function of government to insist that there shall be competition or co-operation—men bring these things about, not Governments. The Government should see to it, however, that one man in the field of commerce shall not enjoy an advantage over another nor practice wrong against his competitor. What we desire is not competition but the unhindered right to compete.

Congressman Littleton will not ask the public to believe that this very well stated view of the Trust question is original with him. It is a view that has been evolved by much study and discussion. Leading students of the problem have abandoned the idea that mere size is the crime chargeable against Trusts, or is the source of their evil doings. The Supreme Court rejects that view, so do President Taft and ex-President Roosevelt. Only here and there has the suggestion been heard that the law should attempt to tell big business what it may do. Big business does many thousand things every day, and must continually do new things. No statute can prescribe the rule of its permissible activities. But a statute can tell big business what it shall not do, and Government can punish violations of the law. Is not that about all that Government and law can properly do for the regulation of business? Nobody contends that good practices should be punished or interfered with. Only a malefactor of desperate hardihood would demand immunity for bad practices.

Is not the prohibition and the punishment of bad, unfair, and dishonest practices about all that Government and law can do to restore that competition which Senator Cummins thinks would provide the remedy we seek? If the field is free, if capital, industry, and business skill and genius are shielded from the open or covert attacks of rivals resorting to unfair means, what more can be asked? Equal opportunity in the business field, an equality guaranteed and protected by the bulwark of the law, would seem to be about all that the manufacturer or trader could ask, it would seem to be about all that the public and the consumers could demand for their protection. Monopoly is now unlawful. Monopoly gives control of the market, and the power to fix prices. It is a foolish policy for any Trust or monopoly to fix extortionate prices, but when business men are not sufficiently clearsighted to see that, they can be attended to under the law as it stands. The anti-Trust law contains prohibitions enough. But that law employs the broadest general terms, leaving it to the courts to fill in the details. At first the law was misunderstood and misinterpreted. We are coming to a clearer understanding of what it means, and the courts are construing and applying it with a nearer approach to sound interpretation and, we may add, common sense, which is, or ought to be, synonymous, with the light of reason. Only here and there a participant in the great debate now going on has mastered the distinction between trade and competition. But more and more laymen, lawyers, and Judges are coming to understand that restraint of one is not the same thing as restraint of the other. When that distinction is clearly understood the sufficiency of the law as it stands will be more generally recognized.

MADAME CURIE.

The honor of science and the credit of the Sorbonne will never be injured because a Frenchwoman of extraordinary scientific attainments has been made, rather late in life, the heroine of a somewhat scandalous romance. In the year of Mme. Curie's receipt of the Nobel Prize of $40,000 for the greatest achievement in the domain of physics she is assailed by a jealous woman who accuses her of estranging a husband from wife and children. The husband is a man of science. The laboratory, the crucible, and the microscope have not hitherto been associated in the public mind with amatory proceedings. Poets and painters have frequently been defiant of social conventions and marital laws, but the men and women of science have been thought too deeply immersed in their experiments and speculations to have time even to live comfortably. Grand passions have not been theirs. Queens and soldiers have played deep with hearts, but such "agonies," as Keats termed them, have rarely troubled the persons who solve the great mysteries of inanimate nature, or study the phenomena of animate nature for the benefit of the human race.

Mme. Langevein is clearly the ordinary housekeeping, motherly woman, enraged beyond discretion by her famous husband's professional association with the most distinguished woman of the hour. Nevertheless, this is a sorry business. The world will be slow to accept the angry wife's estimate of the discoverer of radium. Every allowance will be made for the habitual disregard of social conventions and the smaller proprieties which distinguishes the women as well as the men of science. There are hints of deliberate mischiefmaking in the case. The letters quoted in Mme. Langevein's complaint may not be genuine. In any case neither science nor the Sorbonne can suffer at all from social scandals affecting the lives of scientists.

THE HUDSON TUNNEL FARE.

Any New Yorker will admit that seven cents is not an excessive price for admission to the metropolis, and that anybody willing to leave it ought to be fined at least seven cents. Doubtless this accounts for the fact that nobody dissents from Mr. McAdoo's meeting the gap between his tunnel's earnings and expenses by such a moderate application of the rule of reason. The existence of the tunnel rather than the increase in the rate of fare is what New Yorkers are thinking about. The fact that people are able to ride through it at all, while a tunnel exists which was provided for the use of the Interborough riders but which has lain idle for five years without any present prospect of ability to ride through it at any price, is what makes some taxpayers and strap hangers cross. It was reported the other day that a stalwart machinist's ribs were broken by pressure between the crowd and a pillar at the Bridge entrance. Another case was reported of death on one of the city railways which was explained as caused by the oppressive conditions due to crowding. It will be inferred that conditions of transit within the city limits are such as Mr. McAdoo perhaps regrets are not the case in his tunnel, and certainly would make it unnecessary for him to raise his rates. Yet the necessity is not enough to compel the opening of unused facilities within the city.

If some people were able to ride in comfort other people would lose their stock in trade. The taxpayers and strap hangers evidently are getting just what they want. They would rather listen to their friends' talk about punishing those who provide subways than ride in the subways or across the bridges. They prefer it because if they did not prefer it they would put a stop to the nonsense which is talked about the subject. If the people really wanted only to ride through subways they would be provided. They are not provided because what the taxpayers want is to pay for subways instead of having them provided for nothing, and what the strap hangers want, if the politician-officials are right, is to punish those who provide subways. Let the talk proceed.

DYNAMITE.

The dynamite explosion which shocked the west side yesterday and sent volleys of shattered glass flying in every direction, killed at least one man who was walking peaceably to his day's work, injured others, destroyed property, and delayed business, was a forcible commentary on the recent removal of restrictions on the storing of dynamite in this city. According to the new order, 1,000 pounds a day may be stored at each of the twenty-four shafts sunk for the construction of the new aqueduct.

One block of West Seventy-second Street, between Amsterdam and Columbus Avenues, has been torn up for many weeks. Pipe laying is in progress there, the trench is deep, and a great deal of blasting has been necessary. The explosion occurred in a shed built in the middle of the street, near Columbus Avenue. There was dynamite in that shed, though none should have been stored there. The stored dynamite is supposed to be under the surface.

A reader of The Times protested, in a letter which appeared on this page yesterday, against the removal of the dynamite restrictions. His protest was prophetic. Within a few hours of its printing thousands of persons, many of whom might then have been reading it at the breakfast table, had convincing proof of its wisdom. It is a wonder that the results of this frightful explosion were so insignificant, comparatively speaking. Hundreds might have been killed and wounded if it had occurred earlier or later.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.

Alderman Schloss has brought up the grave problem of the dangers of traffic in Central Park West. Many lives have been lost on that thoroughfare because of the impossibility of regulating traffic along its course, from Fifty-ninth Street to 110th, by applying the rules in force elsewhere in the city. The car tracks hug the easterly side of the roadway, while other traffic in both directions is confined to the west side. Persons trying to board southbound cars, or alighting from them, must brave the danger of forcing their way between two lines of fast-moving vehicles the drivers of which know no law, and seem concerned only to get ahead as quickly as possible.

The resolution offered by Alderman Schloss proposes to widen the roadway by taking six feet from the needlessly wide easterly sidewalk, along the Central Park wall, and four feet from the opposite sidewalk. This plan has no relation to the now somewhat ancient one, frequently revived in a tentative way, to cut a strip from Central Park along its whole length to widen the thoroughfare. Quite apart from the settled opposition in the community to any decrease whatever of our present park space, which might be overcome, in this case, by making the proposed walk an ornamental part of the Park, the enormous difficulties of this plan, and the huge cost to the city it would entail, are sufficient to defeat it at any time. Alderman Schloss does not favor any encroachment on the Park.

If his plan is adopted the car tracks can be relaid in the middle of the thoroughfare, and the general north and south traffic regulated as on all other streets. But while a strip much wider than six feet can be spared from the sidewalk on the east, to subtract four feet from the westerly sidewalk would leave a rather narrow footway. It would be better to take fifteen feet on the east side and none on the west, a plan which Park Commissioner Stover approves, as this would still leave a footway twelve feet wide along the Park. The buildings on this street rarely if ever encroach on the street line. To set back the building line on the west side would require protracted condemnation proceedings, and would inevitably cause much opposition and great expense.

It seems that the plan of Alderman Schloss, with the modification suggested, should be adopted for the public welfare. Central Park West probably deserves the name of Death Avenue more than the street through which the New York Central's freight trains run. With the traffic regulated, as it would be under this plan, it would soon be as safe as any much-traveled street in the city.

AN "EAST END" LIKE LONDON'S?

In a letter which The Times printed yesterday, a far-seeing correspondent from Brooklyn observed:

> The body of the metropolis is to-day almost half of it across the East River. To-morrow it will be preponderately here, and the right kind of institutional life must accompany this movement of population unless New York is willing to develop another "East End" like that of London.

The development of Brooklyn has been rapid, it will be more rapid. What is done for this great influx of population in the way of training for useful citizenship? Its miles of cheap tenements already pour forth armies of young men and women to mingle in the industrial life of Brooklyn and Manhattan. On this side the East River are highly developed instrumentalities—charities, hospitals, schools, colleges, and universities—for the succor and enlightenment of the masses. What is to be done for the masses that, attracted by cheaper sites, cheaper rents, and new facilities of transit, will soon make Brooklyn and Western Long Island the larger part of the Greater City?

The commercial and professional interests of Manhattan are concerned in this question. Ignorance breeds disease and death to the organism of a city. It means much to Manhattan that the multitudes of laborers and artisans, the rank and file of the trades and professions contributing daily to its activities, should be well trained. The school population of Brooklyn is increasing faster than that of Manhattan. Only one-fourth of the graduates of Brooklyn's high schools seek a higher technical, professional, or liberal collegiate training, while nearly three-quarters of the graduates of the high schools in Manhattan and the Bronx avail themselves of the near-by facilities provided for this purpose. Forces are at work in Brooklyn to weld together its educational system, and to crown it with a great university, which shall be closely affiliated with the industries, the commercial pursuits, the sciences, and the arts of Greater New York. Will they triumph?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Conventions Again Discussed. Some recent remarks in this column that had for text something that Dr. A. S. Crapsey of Rochester has said about the demoralizing effect of political conventions on that city seem seriously to have grieved the manager of the Publicity and Convention Bureau of the Hotel Association and Business Men's League.

Inquiry addressed by him to Mayor Edgerton has elicited the reply that Dr. Crapsey expressed an individual opinion, not Rochesterian business sentiment, which, as the Chamber of Commerce recently took pains to discover, is in favor of bringing to the city as many conventions as possible. We knew that before, however, as did, doubtless, Dr. Crapsey, and we find in the protesting communication sent to us no denial, and not even a mention, of the statements he made as to the moral dangers and injuries which a small city suffers from a great gathering of politicians, the majority of whom devote more energy to having a "good time" than to convention work.

Of course, neither Dr. Crapsey nor ourselves would make all conventions impossible by persuading all cities, large and small, to bar them out. They have to be held somewhere, and many of them—our critic lists a dozen kinds or so, beginning with religious, educational, and scientific—are desirable anywhere, for reasons even more important than they bring into town a lot of people with money to spend and an inclination to spend it. Money spent in one place is not spent in another; so the actual profit thus derived would not appeal very strongly to an economist who viewed the country as a whole. The local benefit of an occasional convention is at least dubious for a majority of the inhabitants of any town, while there is an almost general admission among the thoughtful that great anniversary fairs create an artificial and temporary stimulation which is invariably followed by a period of more than counterbalancing depression.

The hotel men have, of course, a good reason for liking conventions of every size, and a perfect right to bring as many of them to town as they can by convincing other people of their financial and advertising value, but it is certainly true that the benefits derived from political conventions are not unalloyed. The harm they do is in inverse ratio to the size of the town, so New York City needn't be afraid. And she isn't; she is neither eager nor unwilling, but just indifferent, as well she may be.

Churchmen in the Sciences. Dr. Walsh, in an effort to prove that there was nothing strange in the use of wireless telegraphy by Cardinals—as a matter of fact, what we had expressed was interest in the episode, not surprise—catalogued in the letter we printed yesterday the names of many men in or near the Roman Catholic Church who made important scientific discoveries and applied science not less efficiently than they taught it.

Some of the names he mentioned everybody knows, more of them always receive deserved credit from every student of the sciences, and for only a few did he claim credit that might be denied by authorities as high as himself if they cared to enter into controversy with him on a subject which, after all, is not of the utmost importance. It is better to admit—or to assert, if there be any doubters—that he could have added to his list, had he chosen, many and many another name which would be that of a churchman whom scientists of every creed gladly honor. To mention only one, he certainly should not have forgotten him who is, perhaps, of them all the greatest exponent of pure science—Gregor Mendel, the Augustinian monk, in whose monastery garden there blossomed, beside innumerable sweet peas, a biological generalization that ranks him close to Newton and Darwin among those who have extended and systematized human knowledge.

It was quite needlessly that Dr. Walsh spoke in the tone of grievance. Nobody was assailing him or his, and his best answer, the next time the emphasis of his contention that the Church has encouraged science reveals his sensitiveness to the charge that the Church has also persecuted scientists, would probably be to declare, as well he may, that scientists themselves have done not a little persecuting of other scientists, not in an honest belief that their new ideas were wrong, but in the much more disgraceful fear that they were right. Darwin, for instance, had lay antagonism as well as clerical to overcome, and, though Semmelweis and Holmes were not burned alive by their brother doctors, their escape was due rather to lack of power than to lack of inclination from the respected practitioners whom they called—and proved—to be murderers in everything except intention.

There is a good deal of human nature in human beings, whatever their garb, and, no matter in what circle he moves, the scientific innovator, the enemy of accepted beliefs, can count himself lucky if his new truth find acceptance in his own lifetime from a few of those who hear it. Always will it be rejected by those whom it humiliates or condemns.

Reformers Take Warning. There is material for thought—perhaps the material for a stately essay—in what Bishop Bashford, a Methodist missionary in China, says in explanation of the present great rebellion against the Manchus. Reflections on philosophy are not often cabled when the tolls are as high as in this case, but the Bishop's theory was certainly worth sending.

Manchu rule was doomed, he said, not because it was bad, for that it had always been; it was tottering to inevitable fall because at last its badness had been confessed by the Manchus themselves. To quote the Bishop: "Experience shows that the most dangerous moment for bad rule is when it begins to introduce reform. Ills borne patiently when they are thought to be inevitable become intolerable when the necessity for reform is admitted."

Prince Ching, according to this authority, has been a real reformer, abolishing some evils and intending as soon as possible to do away with others. And all China, passive so long, risen to slaughter and banish the Prince and all his clan!

This seems wrong, and even more absurd than wrong, but it has happened again and again that successful revolution brought a dynasty to an end in the reign, not of its worst King, but in that of its best, at least in intention.

CHURCH AND STATE.

Admiral Mahan Raises an Issue Concerning the Arbitration Treaties.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the Evening Post of Nov. 18 I observe that the American Peace and Arbitration League has asked clergymen of all denominations throughout the country to observe Nov. 26 as "Unity Sunday," preaching in each church a sermon dealing with the arbitration treaties between the United States and Great Britain and France, now pending in the Senate. It is believed by the League that these treaties "stand in grave danger of failure of ratification, and that these special services should be held to urge the necessity of favorable action." Responses already show a marked willingness on the part of the clergy to support these arbitration treaties. There follows a long list of clergy of this city, who will have such services.

The movement thus avowedly is for the Church to bring pressure to bear upon the State, in the matter of an action which is committed to the State, and is not committed to the Church. In other words, the Church is to be used as an instrument of political agitation. To habitual churchgoers like myself the question arises, what are we to hear in this matter from those set to teach us in spiritual things? If it be in favor of arbitration in the general, the Senate accepts the principle; but if it be to favor the ratification of the clause to which the Senate is believed to object, the pronouncement of the clergy will be upon a subject on which very distinguished constitutional lawyers differ, and upon which the clergy, as such, are not competent instructors, and have no authority to teach.

As generally known, there is between the Executive and the Senate a distinct issue of opinion concerning these treaties, as framed. The Executive negotiated and sustains them. Of the fifteen members of the Senate Committee, the large majority recommended the omission of a clause which in their judgment involved a delegation to others of duties imposed upon the Senate by the Constitution. One only of the committee approved unconditionally. Two assented with a very serious proviso.

As to the correctness of these several opinions, I offer no view of my own. I am not an expert; I recognize the fact, and likewise that there is not laid upon me any duty to take action, as there is upon each Senator. But neither is any such duty laid upon the Church, and she exceeds her legitimate functions, and so do the individual clergy, when, as Church or as clergy, they endeavor to bring pressure to bear upon the State in its own divinely appointed sphere. To use its Master's expression, the Church is intruding into the things of Caesar, the temporal power of His day.

The rashness as well as the impropriety of this step is evident from the fact that neither Church nor clergy, as such, have any expert knowledge, and that experts outside of the Executive and the Senate differ widely. John Bassett Moore, than whom is no higher authority on public law, thinks the disputed clause constitutional. (The Independent, August 17.) Mr. Root, Secretary of State under Mr. Roosevelt, also considers it constitutional, yet thinks advisable to introduce a proviso which very seriously modifies the scope of arbitration. Richard Olney, Secretary of State under President Cleveland, discussing the general subject, and analyzing specifically Mr. Root's proposition, concludes that with such "a rider" it is doubtful whether the treaty would be worth ratifying; yet he holds that the Senate cannot constitutionally assent to the clause against which the majority of the Senate reported. (Independent, Sept. 21.)

We are used to experts differing. Nevertheless, attention should fasten on the fact that the question before the country is not the advisability of extending arbitration as far as wisely can be done. On this all agree. The question is the wisdom of a particular extension, and whether the method adopted is consistent with the Constitution of the United States. On such a question the Church has no commission to speak, and no competent knowledge. The attempt of the clergy to do so is simply an intrusion into the sphere of the State, recalling the Calvinistic theocracy of Geneva and early New England, and the monstrous claims of the mediaeval Church to decide whether citizens owed allegiance to this ruler or to that.

As a life-long communicant of the Protestant Episcopal Church, I have grieved greatly to see that the Diocesan Convention of New York has ventured thus to pronounce in its representative capacity. It has passed a resolution approving the treaties and asking that the Senate ratify them. This was no general approval of arbitration on Christian grounds—itself of doubtful propriety—but a specific indorsement of the specific method. The introducer, replying to an objection, said that Mr. Root's proviso removed all danger. (The Churchman, Nov. 18.)

All the members of that convention, clergy and lay, are citizens as well as churchmen. As citizens it is not only their privilege, but their right, and may be their duty, to do their utmost to forward any measure of public policy that commends itself to their judgment. But when they assume—as they have—to take such action as representatives of the Church, they usurp power. They do that for which they have no commission from God or man. They have constituted the Church—whom at the moment they represented—a ruler and a judge in a purely secular matter; and they have done so without excuse of necessity, for as citizens they could have got together during or after convention, and taken the same action while distinctly disavowing representative capacity. As representative, the action was really null; for not only had they no commission for it from their constituency, but that constituency, the Church at large in the diocese, was incompetent to authorize their course. The source of the Church's authority is not the people, but Jesus Christ, and He never gave the Church, nor Himself assumed such powers. "Who made me a ruler and a judge?"

A. T. MAHAN.

New York, Nov. 21, 1911.

THE BONES OF BUDDHA.

Declares That Legend and Records Agree That They Were Made Ashes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was considerably amazed and somewhat surprised to read in your issue of the 16th inst. a statement contained in a special dispatch from East Hampton, Mass., to the effect that David Brainerd Spooner, Ph. D., of Bengal, India, an archaeologist employed by the British Government, "gained fame about a year ago by discovering the bones of the Buddha." This will be startling news for the Oriental students in Europe and America, who are familiar with the history and traditions of the Buddhistic order and will astound the learned scholars and followers of "the Great Enlightener" in the Far East.

In order that one may fully realize the absurdity of the statement referred to, it should be known that it is the opinion among Oriental scholars and the highest authorities in Buddhistic lore, as well as the testimony contained in the sacred records in Ceylon and Siam, that Sakymuni Gantama Buddha died a natural death when he was about 80 years of age, and that this event occurred during the reign of Adazathat, in the year 542 B. C. Prof. Max Mueller, who may be regarded as the most trustworthy authority in such matters, maintains, however, that the time of Buddha's birth was 553 B. C. and his death about the year 470 B. C. There appears to be considerable diversity of opinion among Oriental students upon this subject, but I think, with the late Sir Edwin Arnold, that he was born some time between 550 and 600 years before the birth of our Saviour and lived until he had passed his seventieth year. In any event, it is absolutely certain that the bones of Buddha do not exist anywhere to-day, and in all probability were cremated soon after his death, according to the ancient records as contained in the Tibetan annals:

> When the Blessed One expired the mighty earth was shaken, thunderbolts did fall and the gods in the sky did shriek, and when the earth quaked Rajagriha thought what might be the reason, and he saw that the Blessed One had passed away. Then Mallas asked that seven days be allowed them to get everything ready for the funeral. On the seventh day, having prepared a golden bier and got together all the perfumes, garlands, and musical instruments, they went out of the town to the Sala Tree Grove and they carried his body to the western gate of the city, and, having replaced the cover of the coffin, the fire burst forth from the pile and consumed the body. When the Buddha had been consumed, the Mallas put out the fire with milk and put the remains [ashes as it is in the Sanskrit] in an Indian vase, and they placed it on the golden bier, and, having honored it with perfumes and the sound of music, they took it to Kusinara.

According to the legends of the Buddha as derived from the Sanskrit and Pali texts, as well as from the sacred books of the order, especially those which I read in Siamese, and found in the royal library at Bangkok, when I had the honor to represent the United States at his Majesty's Court, the material facts in the Tibetan legend are almost identical with the accepted version.

DAVID BANKS SICKELS.

Paterson, N. J., Nov. 21, 1911.

BROOKLYN'S EDUCATIONAL NEED

The Rev. Dr. Cadman Hopes a Great University Will Be Founded.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Allow me to thank you for your editorial article in last Sunday's issue upon the subject "A Brooklyn University." It is a timely and forceful utterance upon a question of paramount importance to the Borough of Brooklyn. Nothing is more necessary for the life of this community or could better express its higher aspirations. At present our educational institutions are severed and without co-operation or headship, and one does not have to live in Brooklyn very long before he discovers that the lack of a higher educational system can be felt in many directions.

The New York Times's stand on that question will help to bring home to our citizens not only the desirability but the necessity of providing a more complete and thorough educational system, and such a one as can take permanent shape in the life and work of a great university. The field is now open for some chosen leader, and a group of men and women who will support him, to do a work for this borough which would be had in lasting remembrance.

S. PARKES CADMAN.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 22, 1911.

Route of Diagonal Street.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I do not agree with W. C. Goodale that Seventh Avenue property owners will gladly pay assessments for opening a diagonal street from Thirty-fourth Street to Fortieth Street. The necessity therefor is not as insistent as a diagonal street from the vicinity of Times Square to the Fifty-ninth Street Blackwell's Island Bridge to accommodate the growing traffic in that direction. The proposed Thirty-fourth to Fortieth Street route is designed primarily to convenience travel to the Grand Central Station, and will create more congestion and consequent confusion at Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street.

A better solution of this matter will be a subway on Seventh Avenue, which property owners are entitled to and demand, extending from the lower section of the city, to connect with the existing Subway system at Forty-second Street, to build which there is a greater moral obligation by the city to the Pennsylvania Railroad than the alleged moral obligation to guarantee dividends ($3,500,000) on the stock of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company for its elevated railway system.

New York, Nov. 22, 1911. L. N. L.

The Socialistic Teachers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Hon. Bird Coler in a speech in St. Paul declared that seven out of ten teachers in New York public schools are Socialists. It is a curious statement without much backing of fact, except that nearly all the educators who are heard of, or who are advanced, or who have any chance of being advanced, profess to think that nearly every activity relating to "the child" should be put in the hands of educators who can do it all so much better than parents and churches.

Cheer up, Mr. Coler. The noisy minority who make these claims only do it to get promotion. The Superintendent himself, even in promoting them, sees through it all, and derides their praise of new devices—mostly Socialistic—on Page 251, Eleventh Report. Of actual Socialists there are but few, perhaps one in ten. This is as good a guess as Mr. Coler's.

P. R. G.

New York, Nov. 23, 1911.

Opposes a One-Cent Post.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Everybody who knows anything about the postage question of course is aware that one cent or "penny" postage is an impossibility, unless the Government is willing to confront a deficit of from $50,000,000 to $60,000,000 a year.

Besides, who wants it or needs it? Isn't two cents cheap enough to transport a letter from one point to another in this vast domain of ours?

The Postmaster General probably suggested it to give him a chance further to hammer the second-class publications, against which he seems to have a special grudge. It is far more important to the general public to have cheap periodical literature which the present low second-class rate insures, than to be able to save a cent now and then on a letter.

New York, Nov. 21, 1911. SATISFIED.

Latin Medical Prescriptions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is probably no practice more universal than that of using Latin terms in medical prescriptions. No matter in what part of the civilized world one may be, the language of medicine needs no interpreter or translator.

The use of Latin formulas in medicine has doubtless prevented many a tragedy, owing to the fact that only those who have been specially trained to handle drugs of great potency are, generally, able to read the prescription. "Prevention is better than cure" is capable of more than one application in this case.

ARTHUR SCOTT BROOK.

Rutherford, N. J., Nov. 21, 1911.

Thanksgiving Thursdays.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would like to ask the readers of The Times whether they remember a year in which November had five Thursdays and the fourth Thursday was celebrated as Thanksgiving.

DONALD E. SADLER.

New York, Nov. 23, 1911.

NEW PRIMARY LAW CAN'T BE ENFORCED?

Chairman Barnes Is Advised That Some of Its Provisions Are Unworkable.

DANGEROUS TO TRY IT

Attorney General, It Is Suggested, Should Pass on Some Doubtful and Conflicting Sections.

After a careful examination of the Ferris-Blauvelt Direct Primaries act, passed by the last Legislature and signed by Gov. Dix, lawyers connected with the Republican State Committee have told Chairman William Barnes, Jr., that it is so full of conflicting provisions as to make its application impossible or at least perilous in the absence of judicial construction. Consequently Mr. Barnes sent a letter yesterday to Attorney General Carmody in Albany asking his opinion on ambiguous or doubtful provisions in the law.

Mr. Barnes said that unless such an opinion was received the committee would be unable to fulfill its duty of informing the subsidiary party committees throughout the State as to the provisions of the primary law, to the end that its purposes may be understood and carried out. Among the points on which Mr. Barnes seeks light are these:

> Will the Republican State Committee as at present be permitted to adopt rules and regulations relative to its membership and its election?
>
> Must the members of the Republican State Committee for the next year remain at thirty-seven and be elected from the old Congress districts, or should forty-three members be elected—one for each Congressional District under the new apportionment passed this year?

The law provides that members of party committees throughout the State, with the exception of this city, should be elected at the Spring primaries next year. Under the law members of the State Committee outside of this city should be elected at the March primaries. Mr. Barnes wants to know whether the New York City members of the committee should be elected then, also, or at the September primaries.

Section 55 of the new primary law continues all existing committees until new ones can be elected under the Ferris-Blauvelt act. Mr. Barnes wants to know if the committeemen elected from the old Congressional districts may be permitted to act for the new districts, which in most cases are not coterminous with the old ones.

Mr. Barnes has dug out of Sections 46 and Section III of the new law to divergent provisions dealing with the selection of delegates to State conventions. The first section provides that candidates for election as delegates at the primaries may be designated by the proper party committee for a district. The other section provides that they shall be elected at Assembly District conventions. Mr. Barnes wants the Attorney General to tell him which of the two sections should be accepted as rule of conduct.

Mr. Barnes also wants to know if, in view of the fact that the Court of Appeals has declared unconstitutional the provision in the Levy law under which a candidate's name must appear in only one place on the official ballot, a similar provision in the Ferris-Blauvelt law is still to be regarded as holding good.

The Republicans, it is understood, will make an attempt to have the Direct Primary law repealed at the coming session.

Watchmen for the City.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One of the city departments dumped, six days ago, a load of sand, some broken stone, some lumber, two barrels, and an iron wheelbarrow in the street in front of my house, had both a night and day watchman on duty all of this time, and then sent their wagons and took the whole lot of material away, without doing a stroke of work on the pavement or anywhere else on the block. Are these watchmen drawing salaries while looking out for this same material in another location?

New York, Nov. 22, 1911. A TAXPAYER.

"A FEMALE OF THE SPECIES" TO MR. KIPLING.

When a noted British writer takes his pen in hand with pride,
And expounds his views on suffrage, it were well to turn aside
And to listen for a moment to his melancholy wail
That the female of the species is more deadly than the male.

For the female bear and cobra, and the Jesuit-hating squaw
Will attack with fiercest ardor, unremitting tooth and claw,
Any object of their anger; who may reasonably quail,
Though his courage does not fail him at the mildness of the male.

'Tis a new reproach, my sisters, that is laid against our door.
For that reason it's refreshing, and we need not to deplore
That the customary charges of "too foolish, vain or frail,"
Disappear beneath the latest—we're "more deadly than the male!"

Let us grant that every minute men are growing more refined,
Leaving mothers, wives, and sisters far and hopelessly behind.
Let us grant that there lies lurking in each female human frame
Most uncivilized emotions that 'twere better not to name.

Let us grant this; but, in passing, we may venture to regret
That the bard does not inform us what ferocious suffragette
Could with pamphlet, speech, or banner so assuredly make quail
The refined and courteous spirit of this gentlemanly male.

As we have no sense of humor, we of course can hardly smile,
When accused of launching madly with a deadly female guile
"Unprovoked and awful charges"; still it is a trifle raw
From a man who's just compared us to a vivisecting squaw!

It is this that we're accused of: that we're fighting for the race,
And may boast, through bygone ages, more efficiency to face
Danger, death, and obscure issues. For the safety of the child
We can fight with fiercest courage, we can fight with anger wild!

We indeed might bring to voting "all the powers that make us great
As the Mother of the Infant and the Mistress of the Mate."
Vice that threatens, toil that crushes, we might combat, day by day
In our ignorant, instinctive, but not ineffective, way.

"We are launched for one sole issue, armed and engined for the same."
It is far from us to question our own singleness of aim.
By all means don't let us govern. When it came to making laws
We might make them for our children, thinking them the primal cause!

And the people of the future, (children of our children, they)
Stronger, purer, more unhampered, not impossibly might say
That they owed some of their blessings to the zeal that did not fail
Of the female of Their species, who is deadlier than the male!

LOUISE SEYMOUR HASBROUCK.

IRISH PLAYERS AS WILD WESTERNERS

In Mr. Shaw's Crude Melodrama, "The Showing Up of Blanco Posnet."

QUEER DRAMATIC EXHIBITION

Play's Real Humor and Moral Obscured by G. B. S.'s Familiar Mental Acrobatics—A Play by Synge.

THE SHOWING UP OF BLANCO POSNET, a play in one act, by George Bernard Shaw.

Babsy	Eileen O'Doherty
Lottie	Kathleen Drago
Hannah	Cathleen Nesbitt
Jessie	Una O'Connor
Emma	Eithne MaGee
Elder Daniels	J. A. O'Rourke
Blanco Posnet	Fred O'Donovan
Strapper Kemp	J. M. Kerrigan
Feemy Evans	Sara Allgood
Sheriff Kemp	Sydney J. Morgan
Foreman of jury	Brinsley MacNamara
Waggoner Joe	M. J. Dolan
The woman	Maire ni Shiubhlaigh

New York had its first opportunity last night of seeing George Bernard Shaw's much-discussed play "The Showing Up of Blanco Posnet."

It is the play, as will be recalled, that was refused a license by the London censor on the ground that it is blasphemous. We shouldn't call it that exactly. Criminal, perhaps, would be the better word, and criminal because George Bernard Shaw, with his inimitable wit, his exuberant fund of humor, his inexhaustible supply of good gray matter, should still seem to find it necessary to wear the cap and bells.

There is a wonderful idea in "Blanco Posnet," there is wonderful cleverness to it, there is wonderful humor to it, and always there is just the touch of charlatanism which prevents it from being everything it obviously wants to be. Mr. Shaw himself calls it a sermon in crude melodrama. Crude it certanly is, a sermon it may be, and a sermon it surely would be had the brilliant Mr. Shaw a bit of a decent hold on his own great sense of fun and the courage to wield a blue pencil or let some one wield it for him.

As it stands, and especially as it is presented by a company of Irish players as foreign to the idea of our Western character as Mr. Shaw is himself, "Blanco Posnet" is drama one moment, sheer burlesque the next. And as a result of its mixture of styles and of seeming motive—for who is to say when the laugh is with the characters or against them?—its moral is murky and its purpose not quite plain.

Such, at any rate, must be its effect upon an audience gathered in a theatre. For no such composite as a theatre audience can be expected to follow Mr. Shaw's gymnastic mental flights, to adapt its hetrogeneous understanding to his mercurial moods, to double on its mental tracks, going forward and backward with him as he wills or, possibly, in accord with the erratic ruling moods that drive his pen.

Personally, we see no particular reason for regarding "Blanco Posnet" as blasphemous, though irreverent it may be called, in the sense that it uses lower case to describe what is ordinarily referred to only in caps. We are quite one in laughing with Mr. Shaw at a censor who cut out the harmless speeches and left in passages the good taste of which for a mixed assemblage is at least open to some question. And being American, if not Western American, we may very properly complain at an author's lack of knowledge, whose sense of Western character is chiefly conveyed by iteration and reiteration of the one word "rotten" in every conceivable combination.

But in spite of its amazing contradictions and the amazingly bad acting of it by the Irish Players, (to be properly Shavian, we should call the latter "rotton,") we are ready to go on record and say that "Blanco Posnet" is a most amusing play. And, having said as much, we will go further and add that with a certain amount of intelligent pruning, (the pruning, by the way, not to be left to G. B. S.,) and with decent stage management and really comprehending acting, it would be a play worth going far to hear and going several times.

For the benefit of that general crowd that does not know its Shaw in book form it may be mentioned that Blanco Posnet has stolen a horse, thinking that he was taking it from his brother, who had previously robbed him, an action which he assumes gives him a right to act in kind. In reality, however, the horse belongs to Sheriff Kemp. Posnet meets a woman with a sick child who is trying to get a doctor, and in a sudden burst of pity he gives her the horse. But for that he might have got away. As it is his one decent act brings him to justice. As he himself describes the scene he stands looking at a rainbow and sees written on it the words: "I've got a cinch on you this time, Blanco Posnet." Or, as has happened before in the lives of greater men, he has suddenly found his whole theory of life turned upside down, has discovered that the principles—if principles they may be called—which guided him were utterly irrational and wrong.

Dazed at the revelation, he is arrested and brought to trial as a horse-thief before Sheriff Kemp. Feemy Evans, a woman of the town, gives her evidence against him. And the curious point of it is that the one person who is in a position to fix the crime on him is a woman of evil life.

On the other hand, there comes finally the other woman, who testifies that this foul-mouthed blackguard of a hero, who rails openly at the Deity, had given up his horse in order to enable her to take her sick child to a doctor. So Blanco Posnet is acquitted, and he stands on a table and delivers a sermon, and even proposes to marry the bad woman. His sermon is to the effect that there is a "rotton game" and a "great game." The rotton game is the ordinary lying, pilfering mode of life of the ordinary men and women of the locality, while the great game is a reign of brotherhood and love.

Incidentally Mr. Shaw, in that amazingly funny, if not necessarily convincing, way of his, discovers that the safety of America is in its drinking habit, and he stands on the side of Brother Rum—or for a moment seems so to stand—whose case he argues so convincingly and so amusingly that one can easily imagine the whole blue-ribbon crowd taking to its heels and never stopping until it had its collective feet perched on the nearest rail.

Now, of course, all this is set forth by the Irish Players with the light that is in them, which, for those who know something of the kind of people Mr. Saw's play is about, is by no means the right light. Blanco Posnet himself is not badly played in spots by Mr. O'Donovan, who is never in the skin of the character, however, and whose portrait of a devil of a Western cowboy, with twirled mustache, and smoking a cigarette, is certainly funnier to our eyes than was its original intention. But there is good melodramatic color, with fervor when needed, to Sara Algood's scarlet woman. Strapper Kemp, too, comes through very well in the acting of Mr. Kerrigan, considering the strongly marked National traits of the player, and in a quiet, unostentatious way Cathleen Nesbit helps with good pantomiming. But the Elder Daniels of Arthur Sinclair, with an affectation of a Western dialect, is a good deal of a joke, and Brinsley McNamara's foreman of the jury is utterly ridiculous.

Preceding the Shaw play the company appeared in the late Mr. Synge's "The Well of the Saints." But its poetry and its beauty were largely obscured in the playing and the monotonous, undramatic method of most of the players, helped to make much of it seem tedious.

We shall be told, no doubt, that being undramatic is being simple, in mooning overspeeches that have great spirit and great eloquence in them, these players are ebing true to life, but we shall still go on believing that a little more understanding of the art of acting and a little more application of the laws of stagecraft would result in something much finer and more intelligible.

Certainly to any but those who had already made some study of Mr. Synge's writings there could not have been much in "The Well of the Saints" that appeared intelligible, beyond the fact that it conveys in some sense a suggestion of the folly of discontent, a satire, perhaps, on the futility of cherishing illusions.

Old Martin Doul, gross, mean, and dirty, and his wife, Mary, are blind beggars. But being blind and being put upon by the villagers, they have some faith in one another and some belief in their own attractions. Then, with water from the Saint's Well, they are made to see, and Martin for the first time knows what beauty is, while Mary is at last disillusioned. To one after another of the pretty village girls Martin goes, asking which is his Mary, and, being repulsed by each in turn, finally sees the hag who is his wife. The pair fight. Mary will have nothing of him; he wants to idle in the sun, and he is attracted by and tries to lure a blonde beauty who is the blacksmith's affianced bride.

Then darkness closes in again, and when another chance to be made whole comes to them Martin dashes the cup of magic water from the Friar's hand.

There is exquisite imagination in the tale, there is beauty and pathos and poetic feeling in the writing. But to last night's audience much of it was only matter for laughter. This was pitiable enough, for, though the acting was seldom of the best, the subject matter warranted better treatment.

Arthur Sinclair was the Martin Doul and Sarah Algood appeared as the wife. Both played with feeling and with a suggested sense of character. Miss Nesbitt played with charm and was a picture to the eye, and Mr. Morgan was moderately interesting.

But always there was much smudging in the acting instead of a clear, clean-cut, definite histrionic method. And this robbed the play of much of its effect. The rôle of the Friar was dreadfully miscast.

VICHY
PURITY and EXCELLENCE
CELESTINS
(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)
Natural Alkaline Water
Ask your Physician
Not Genuine without the word
CELESTINS
CELESTINS CELESTINS

SOCIAL NOTES.

The wedding of Miss Caroline W. Dew, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. Harvey Dew of 68 West Sixty-eighth Street, to George Dennison Knox, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles N. Knox of Hartford, Conn., will take place on Wednesday evening, Dec. 20, at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Mrs. Cornelius C. Cuyler of 17 East Fifty-fourth Street will give a dinner on Thursday, Dec. 7.

Mrs. Craig Biddle of Philadelphia is spending a few days in town and is at the Hotel Manhattan.

Mr. and Mrs. August Heckscher, their daughter, Miss Antoinette Heckscher, and her fiancé, the Hon. Oliver Sylvain Baliol Brett of England, will spend the week end with Mrs. Samuel Price Wetherill in Philadelphia, and attend the Army and Navy football game on Saturday.

Miss Gertrude B. Pardee will give a luncheon at her home in West Forty-eighth Street to-day for Miss Constance W. Williams.

Miss Priscilla Flagg gave a luncheon yesterday for débutantes at her home in West Fifty-seventh Street.

Mrs. Robert G. Ingersoll, Miss Ingersoll, Mrs. W. Walston H. Brown, and Miss Eva Ingersoll Brown will be at home Wednesdays in January at 117 East Twenty-first Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Archibald McCrea have returned to town and are at the Plaza for the season.

Miss Mildred G. Rice, whose mother, Mrs. W. L. Rice, is giving a large dinner for her this evening, will leave town on Tuesday to spend a fortnight with Miss Gwendolyn Mitchell, the débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Mitchell, in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. William J. Tingue, Jr., have sold their house at Llewellyn Park, N. J., and have taken an apartment at 40 East Sixty-second Street for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Porter have arrived from Oxford, England, and are at the Buckingham.

MAY HURRY CAMOYS WEDDING

Serious Illness of Wm. W. Sherman, Father of Fiancee, Changes Plans.

On account of the serious illness of William Watts Sherman, father of Miss Mildred Sherman, whose wedding to Lord Camoys was scheduled to take place on Dec. 2 at the Sherman town house, 838 Fifth Avenue, a change in the wedding plans may be made.

The first intimation that a change in the plans would be made came with the announcement published in THE TIMES on Wednesday morning that Lord Camoys had decided not to give his bachelor dinner. It was learned later that Lawrence L. Gillespie, Mr. Sherman's son-in-law, who was to give a dinner for Lord Camoys to-night at the Union Club, had recalled his invitations, and Miss Sherman also has given up the dinner which she had planned to give to some of her friends to-night.

The Hon. Maurice Stonor, brother of Lord Camoys, who is to act as his best man at the wedding, arrived on the Lusitania last night at Quarantine and will leave the steamer this morning at the pier, joining his brother at the Plaza.

It was reported yesterday that the wedding would take place to-morrow, and that all of the invitations to the reception, about 400 in number, would be recalled. No confirmation of this report could be gained last night at the Sherman residence, where it was said that the condition of Mr. Sherman has somewhat improved.

It was learned, however, that Mr. Sherman's condition is such as to cause anxiety, and that the wedding will probably take place within a few days if he does not continue to improve. In this case there will be no reception, and only the close relatives of Miss Sherman and Lord Camoys will witness the ceremony.

KNOX-McCOOK WEDDING.

Son of Secretary of State to Marry Gen. McCook's Daughter Dec. 14.

The wedding of Miss Katherine McCook, daughter of Gen. and Mrs. Anson G. McCook, to Hugh S. Knox, the second son of the Secretary of State, is to take place on the afternoon of Dec. 14 at the home of the bride's parents, 33 West Fifty-fourth Street.

It will be a small wedding and will be attended only by relatives. The reception afterward is to be limited to intimate friends. Miss McCook will have no attendants.

After a two weeks' wedding trip Mr. Knox will go with his bride to Washington to reside. Their engagement was announced several weeks ago. This will be the third wedding in the State Secretary's family within five years. In 1907 Secretary Knox's eldest son, J. H. Knox, married Miss Elizabeth McCook of Pittsburgh, a granddaughter of Commander Roderick Sheldon McCook, a brother of Gen. Anson G. McCook.

The bride-elect is the only daughter of Gen. and Mrs. McCook. She made her début in society three years ago. She is a cousin of Mrs. Peter Augustus Jay, Mrs. Junius J. Morgan, and Miss Martha McCook.

BUTLER—HEWITT.

Dr. and Mrs. Glenworth Reeve Butler of 229 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Antoinette Reeve Butler, to Brower Hewitt, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Hewitt of 122 Remsen Street.

Miss Butler was graduated from the Brooklyn Heights Seminary in 1907, and since her début the following Winter has been one of the most active young women in society.

Mr. Hewitt was graduated from Yale in 1903, and is connected with the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

WAGNER OPERA SUNG AT METROPOLITAN

"Goetterdaemmerung," with a Fine Performance of Bruennhilde by Mme. Gadski.

PUTNAM GRISWOLD APPEARS

American Basso from Berlin a Success as Hagen—Mme. Matzenauer and Mr. Weil in New Parts.

Siegfried	Carl Burrian
Gunther	Hermann Weil
Hagen	Putnam Griswold
Alberich	Otto Goritz
Bruennhilde	Johanna Gadski
Gutrune	Rita Fornia
Waltraute	Margarete Matzenauer
Woglinde	Lenora Sparkes
Wellgunde	Bella Alten
Flosshilde	Florence Wickham

Conductor—Alfred Hertz.

Wagner's "Götterdämmerung" filled the Thursday subscription evening yesterday at the Metropolitan Opera House with good measure, pressed down and running over, even though, as has been the case in recent years, the first part of the prologue, the "Norn Scene," was omitted. The performance was an uncommonly fine one, the principal singers were keyed up to an unwonted pitch of fervor and enthusiasm, and Mr. Hertz conducted with an intensity and fire that he has not often brought to this work. The performance was, indeed, a somewhat vehement one, that could now and again have been improved by more of sheer beauty of tone; but it showed finish and careful preparation. At certain points there was an unusual splendor and dignity in it, and the performance made a profound impression.

Chief among the singers who contributed to this result was Mme. Gadski, the Brünnhilde, who has rarely if ever sung with such a magnificent opulence and beauty of voice, such a full command of the style that the music demands, or has been so deeply moved by the tragic significance of the drama, and so communicative of its spirit. It was no doubt one of her finest achievements on the stage of the Metropolitan Opera House. The performance brought before the public of the Opera House for the first time one of the new acquisitions of the company, Mr. Putnam Griswold, basso, who sang the part of Hagen. He is not unknown to New York music lovers, for years ago he sang in Mr. Savage's English companies; since then, like other American singers, he has gained distinction in Germany and has been one of the highly esteemed members of the company of the Royal Opera of Berlin.

Mr. Griswold was an admirable representative of Hagen. His voice has beauty and power; an individual and penetrating timbre of great expressiveness. It seemed hardly of the heavy bass quality that has usually been attributed to Hagen's music, and there are passages which it seemed a little low for him in range. He sang in excellent style, with good enunciation and with a fine dramatic instinct; and his impersonation was a consistent and effective denotement of a lowering and sinister power.

Mme. Matzenauer was the Waltraute, and was again excellent, in her understanding, in the richness and power of her voice, and her fine declamation. Mr. Burrian was in much better voice than he was in last week's performance of "Tristan," and was restored to almost his full power and steadiness. There was an unusual dignity in Mr. Weil's performance as Gunther; there were moments, as when he brought Brünnhilde to the hall of the Gibichungs, before the assembled vassals, in which he was even a heroic figure. Mme. Fornia's Gutrune is also a great improvement on certain impersonations of this character in the past. Mr. Goritz seemed more than ever to sacrifice beauty of tone in his delivery of Alberich's phrases to produce his grim and forbidding impression. There were tuneful Rhine maidens in Mmes. Sparkes, Alten, and Wickham.

HONOR MAHLER'S MEMORY.

The Philharmonic Gives Memorial Programme, Including Funeral March.

The Philharmonic Society is devoting its regular concerts in the subscription series this week to a memorial programme in honor of Gustav Mahler, the conductor of the organization for two seasons. The first of these occurred last evening in Carnegie Hall, when the programme, which will be repeated to-day, included the Funeral March, which is the first movement of Mahler's fifth symphony, excerpts from "Parsifal," and Beethoven's third symphony.

Gustav Mahler was born July 7, 1860, and died May 18, 1911. Both these dates fall outside of the period during which the orchestra is giving concerts and, therefore, it became necessary to choose some arbitrary date for the programme given in his honor. It might have been more appropriate to devote more of the programme to Mahler's own music, especially as "Parsifal" is to be heard in the opera house next week. However, the compilation of memorial programmes is a delicate matter, and perhaps Mr. Stransky intends to play more Mahler symphonies later in the season.

Whether the audience gathered to pay tribute to the dead musician, or was attracted by the programme, no mere reporter of musical doings can be sure, but the fact remains that, without a soloist, the Philharmonic Society last night drew the largest audience of its present season up to date.

Aside from the line printed in heavy black type on the programme, "In Memory of Gustav Mahler," there was nothing either in the way of platform decoration or announcement to add to the special nature of the occasion, and applause followed all the numbers.

Mr. Mahler's Funeral March is a particularly poignant composition, and by many is regarded as a part of his best work. The fifth symphony, of which it forms a part, has not been performed in New York, if memory serves, since the Boston Symphony Orchestra, under Wilhelm Gericke, played it here in 1906. Its first American performance was by the Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra in 1905.

The orchestra, under Mr. Stransky, last evening played with less sonority, so far as the brass was concerned, and with more emphasis laid on the strings, a decided gain in effect. It was also observed that the conductor's love of sudden contrasts was curbed to a degree. His reading of the "Eroica" symphony, therefore, had very much more to commend it than his performance of Beethoven's eighth work in that form.

Miss Byington to Wed Lieut. Rowell.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 23.—The engagement of Miss Margaret Sangren Byington, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Frank Byington of 2,063 West Washington Street, Los Angeles, to Lieut. R. E. Rowell, U. S. N., was formally announced to-day by the parents of the bride to be. No date for the wedding has been set. Lieut. Rowell is attached to the U. S. S. California, flagship of the Pacific Fleet.

BARNITZ—DEYO.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Nov. 23.—Miss Bertha Deyo of 474 Fourth Street, Brooklyn, was married to Frank Raymond Barnitz, also of Brooklyn, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Joseph Walker Drain of 39 Edgemont Road, to-night by the Rev. Charles L. Mead of Baltimore, Md., a college friend of the bridegroom.

Edward L. Oppenheim Dead.

Edward L. Oppenheim, a member of the firm of E. L. Oppenheim & Co., brokers, of 30 Broad Street, died yesterday from pneumonia at the Hotel Netherland in his seventieth year. He was one of the oldest members of the New York Stock Exchange, having been identified with the institution since his first years in the brokerage business. Mr. Oppenheim was a member of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the Geographical Society, the Coney Island Jockey Club, the Criterion Club, and the Calumet Club.

DINNER TO EDWARD EARL.

Officers and Employes of Nassau National Bank Honor Its President.

At a dinner last night in Louis Martin's, Edward Earl was the guest of the officers and tellers of the National Nassau Bank, in celebration of the close of his third year as President. Among the diners were J. Christy Bell, John Munro, W. B. Noble, H. B. Sturr, N. D. Alling, R. M. Bailey, William Wray, Raphael M. Mattison, and Thomas H. Harmer. The bank has progressed rapidly under Mr. Earl's management.

Mr. Alling remarked at the dinner that "since Mr. Earl has been in actual control of the bank the deposits have increased from $4,000,000 to $13,000,000 and the surplus and profits have grown from $350,000 to $613,000. The gross income of the bank has been increased fourfold and the net income in a like proportion.

"The foundation was there, but the mason who built upon it had the faculty of calling in a new spirit, of adding the touch of popularity, and by his genial nature of making so many friends that he has brought our institution into great favor."

CARUSO TO SING IN PARIS.

Will Appear in Series of Performances of "The Girl of the Golden West."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—According to the Comoedia, Caruso is to appear in Paris next Spring in a series of performances of Puccini's "The Girl of the Golden West."

The performances, the journal states, will be directed by Raoul Gunsbourg, and the Italian soprano, Mme. Burzleo, will sing the part of Minnie.

GIVES UP NEWPORT ESTATE.

Mrs. French Conveys Harbourview and Other Lots to Mrs. French Vanderbilt.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 23.—Mrs. Ellen Tuck French, mother of Mrs. French Vanderbilt, has conveyed to her daughter all of her Newport estate, which has been occupied by Mrs. Vanderbilt for a number of years.

The estate comprises three individual tracts of land. The largest of these is the one on Wellington and Chastelleux Avenues, on which Harbourview stands. Another lot is on Harrison Avenue and the third is a triangular lot adjoining the Harrison Avenue property.

Debut of Miss Helen Gourd.

Mrs. Henry E. Gourd gave a reception yesterday afternoon at her residence, 21 West Twelfth Street, to introduce her second daughter, Miss Helen Gourd. Mrs. Gourd, in cerise veiled with taupe chiffon; Miss Yvonne Gourd, who came out last year, in pink satin, and Miss Helen Gourd, in white satin, were assisted in receiving by a bevy of girls, many of them this year's buds.

Those who assisted the hostesses were the Misses Marguerite and Marie Hoguet, Noel Johnston, Jeanne Emmet, Frances Henry, Alice Ely, Margreta Beekman, Caramai Carroll, Frances Wyeth, Betty Carson, Helen Seton, Martha Bowers, Sophie Mott, Caro Weir, Harriet Bullock, Agnes Claflin, Sybil Davis, Hope Warren, Miss Orr, and Miss Katharine Donohoe of San Francisco.

Miss Adriance Introduced.

Mrs. William Allen Adriance of 116 Riverside Drive introduced her daughter, Miss Dorothy Adriance, at a tea yesterday.

Mrs. Adriance, in black satin, and the débutante in white satin and chiffon, were assisted in receiving by the Misses Frances Castles, Helen Hyde of Plainfield, Gertrude Behr, and Lydia Colt Butler of New York, and Miss Sarah L. Perot of Yonkers.

The tea was followed by a small theatre party, including those receiving, and several young men, who saw "The Littlest Rebel." Mrs. Adriance will give a dance in December for her daughter.

Reception for Miss Sibley.

Mrs. Hiram W. Sibley of 500 Madison Avenue, gave a reception yesterday afternoon for her daughter, Miss Urling Sibley, one of this year's buds. Mrs. Sibley, in black over cream, and Miss Sibley, in an embroidered white chiffon and satin frock with pearl trimmings, had in their receiving party the Misses Anita Emmet, Margaret Hamilton, Hazel Symington, Phyllis McVickar, Augusta Dixon, Sybil Davis, Ethel Outerbridge, and Dorothy Mitchell.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Sibley will give a dinner of twenty-four covers at Sherry's on Dec. 5 for Miss Sibley, the guests going afterward to the Junior Cotillion.

Miss Williams's Luncheon.

Miss Constance Walden Williams gave a luncheon yesterday at her home, 37 West Forty-eighth Street, for débutantes.

Those invited included the Misses Sarah Remsen Manice, Dorothy Manice, Elizabeth Kendall, Orling Sibley, Estelle O'Brien, Elizabeth Turnure, Adeline Townsend, Mary Haskell, Josephine Nicoll, Hazen Symington, Ethel Outerbridge, Margaret Hamilton, Agnes Claflin, Cora Weir, Sybil Davis, Betty Carson, Winifred Chisholm, Caro Brown, Sybil Young, Margery Weeks, Eleanor Prentice, Doris Porter, Ruth Moller and Natalie Slocum.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Marie Cahill and her company began rehearsals yesterday of "The Opera Ball," a musical comedy adapted from the German by Sydney Rosenfeld. The original score by Richard Heuberger will be used.

Several hundred clergymen of various denominations attended the special matinee of coronation pictures at the Kinemacolor Theatre yesterday afternoon. Next week there will be a complete change of programme, when a new series called "Nature's Wonders" will be shown.

Nellie McCoy introduced a new number in "The Enchantress" at the New York Theatre last night. It is an adaptation of a dance called "Flat-foot Glide," and Victor Herbert wrote special music for it.

A. G. Delamater has engaged for his production of "Cy Whittaker's Place" William J. Brady, Wallace Owen, John Marble, George Thompson, Will F. Nugent, Henry C. Millarde, Jane Farrell, Maude Eburne, Edith Norman, and Carolyn Lee. The play will open at Waterbury, Conn., next Monday night.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. ESTHER BAKER STEELE, widow of Prof. J. Dorman Steele, died in Elmira, N. Y., yesterday, aged 76 years. She was a joint author with her husband of many textbooks used in schools. Mr. and Mrs. Steele gave large gifts of money to Syracuse University.

JOHN HARRISON KEMBLE, formerly a prominent Brooklyn lawyer, was buried in Greenwood Cemetery yesterday. The detath of Mr. Kemble occurred on Monday from heart disease at his home in Roselle, N. Y. He was born in England and was 65 years old. Before practising for himself he was managing clerk in the law office of A. & J. Z. Lott of Brooklyn.

JOSEPH EPP, 52 years old, a special nurse in the Mt. Sinai Hospital, at Madison Avenue and 100th Street, died suddenly on Wednesday. He had been caring for a private patient in the hospital for several weeks.

HENRY ANTHES, master truckman, died yesterday of a complication of diseases at his residence, New Rochelle, aged 74 years.

CARL F. KNAPP, who was for many years a manufacturing jeweler in Maiden Lane, Manhattan, died at his home, 105 Wilson Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. He was born in Germany sixty-nine years ago. Mr. Knapp had been retired from business for fifteen years. He was a member of many societies. He leaves a widow and a daughter.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

JOSEPH ALBIN SLACK died Nov. 16; left about $20,000 personalty, about $15,000 to his daughter, Mary Alice Slack, and about $5,000 to his son, Charles Edgar Slack.

CECILIA BRUCKHEIMER died Nov. 13; left more than $10,000 personalty, left her loan business, 1,633 Third Avenue, during the lifetime of her daughters, Estella and Isabella Bruckheimer, for the benefit of her children in these proportions: Jesse, Moses, Oscar, Albert and Eugene, two-twentieths each, and five-twentieths each to her two daughters, and on the termination of the trust directed the division of her property on that basis.

BERTHA SIMON died July 8; left $300 personalty, principally to her daughter, Bella Baker.

DANIEL DOYLE died Aug. 25; left $270 personalty, equally between his children, Mary J. Mitchell, Bridget T. Doyle, Andrew J. Doyle, Dennis Doyle, Hannah E. Doyle, and Margaret Wagner (in trust).

ELIZABETH DENMAN CHALONER left portraits of her father and mother to Ruth Ludlow Searing and all the residue of her estate to Julia Frances Barreto.

MISS LUCILLA WYLIE BRIDE OF ESKIL BERG

Daughter of Dr. and Mrs. W. Gill Wylie Married in Church of the Messiah

BY REV. ROBERT COLLYER

Musical Programme Given Before Ceremony—The Wedding Attendants—Reception at Bride's Home.

The wedding of Miss Lucilla Damon Wylie, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. W. Gill Wylie, to Eskil Berg of Schenectady, N. Y., took place at 8 o'clock last night in the Church of the Messiah, Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street. The Rev. Robert Collyer, pastor emeritus, officiated.

The bride wore a gown of white satin with a Court train trimmed with old point lace, a family heirloom, and a tulle veil which fell from a cap of old lace. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. Her only ornament was a necklace, with a moonstone, held by diamonds, the gift of the bridegroom.

Miss Amy L. Tyers was maid of honor. She was gowned in American Beauty satin and carried pink roses. The bridesmaids were the Misses N. H. Griffen and Elena Peck, and the matrons, Mrs. J. G. W. Greef and Mrs. Albrecht Pagenstecher, Jr. They wore gowns of pale yellow satin veiled with American Beauty chiffon, and carried Sunset roses.

Little Miss Lucilla A. Wylie was the flower girl. She wore a white frock and carried a basket of pink roses.

Hewlett Scudder was best man, and the ushers were Mis G., E. A. G., and W. G. Wylie, Jr., E. J. Berg, W. L. R. Emmet, E. D. N. Schulte, Ivan Ringdahl, and Dr. Seward Erdman.

The bride walked up the nave with her father, who gave her in marriage. A special musical programme was rendered before the ceremony.

Afterward a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 28 West Fortieth Street. Later the couple left on their bridal trip. On their return they will reside in Schenectady.

Among those present at the wedding were Mrs. S. G. Wylie, Judge Gildersleeve, Dr. and Mrs. R. H. Wylie, Dr. Berg, Mrs. E. J. Berg, Miss Vera Berg, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Dickerman, Mr. and Mrs. Tiffany Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. William Cheney, Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Morris, Dr. and Mrs. Welcome Alexander, Dr. and Mrs. Edward Keys, Jr., Dr. Fairfax Hall, Harris Hall, Miss Elma Ferguson, Mr. and Mrs. James M. Andrews, Capt. and Mrs. Lundin, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Slichter, Mr. and Mrs. H. Ray Paige, Mr. and Mrs. Edward O'Brien, the Misses O'Brien, Miss Violet Irwin, and Mr. and Mrs. Seth Milliken.

R. D. Alsop to Wed Miss Julia Chapin.

Announcement has just been made in London of the engagement of Miss Julia Sanford Chapin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Chapin of that city, and Reese Denny Alsop, son of the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Reese F. Alsop of 96 Remsen Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Alsop was graduated from Yale, class of 1906, and four years later took his degree at the Columbia Law School. He is now practicing law in this city. His father occupied the pulpit of St. Ann's Church, on Brooklyn Heights, for more than twenty years, and is now pastor emeritus. He is also honorary canon of St. Paul's Cathedral at Garden City, L. I.

Miss Chapin belongs to the old Springfield (Mass.) family of that name. Her father, like her fiancé, is a graduate of Yale and the Columbia Law School. He formerly practiced law in New York, but now makes his home in London, where he is engaged in the banking business. Mrs. Chapin was formerly Miss Bourgeois of New Orleans.

Miss Cabanno Weds Capt. A. A. Parker

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 23.—Wearing heirlooms that have adorned five generations of brides in her family, Miss Julia Cabanno, a society woman, was married last night to Capt. Austin A. Parker, Twenty-fourth United States Infantry. The pair will sail Dec. 5 from San Francisco for Manila, where Capt. Parker's regiment will be stationed at Fort McKinley.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BLACKMAN.—Nov. 19, Danbury, Conn., to Mr and Mrs. W. H. Blackman, a son.

Married.

VAN RENSSELAER—WATTS.—At Pittsfield, Mass., Nov. 22, by the Rev. J. A. Hamilton, Mabel L., daughter of G. F. and Mary Burford Watts, to A. Cortlandt Van Rensselaer.

TAINTER—DUDLEY.—Nov. 22, Janey Dudley to Louis S. Tainter.

Brooklyn.

OLCOTT—ZINN.—Nov. 22, Helen M. Zinn to Emmet R. Olcott.

REGAN—SCHROLL.—Nov. 22, Elfrieda F. Schroll to Robert R. Regan.

WEEMS—GERTY.—Nov. 22, Irene F. Gerty to Gerald Weems.

Connecticut.

BOHMANN—STONE.—Nov. 22, Danbury, Clara L. Stone to Louis J. Bohmann.

HARTRANFT—BERG.—Nov. 22, Ida T. Berg to Chester D. Hartranft.

Long Island.

SEIBERLECH—SMITH.—Nov. 22, Sag Harbor, Mary M. Smith to Albert B. Seiberlech.

New Jersey.

BAUER—WINANS.—Nov. 21, Linden, Ada H. Winans to George W. Bauer.

BRADLEY—WHALEN.—Nov. 22, Long Branch, Helen M. Whalen to John L. Bradley.

BROWN—DEY.—Nov. 22, Bordentown, Helen S. Dey to Dr. David P. Brown.

COX—GOLDSCHMIDT.—Nov. 21, Bloomfield, Charlotte G. Goldschmidt to Stephen M. Cox.

FITCH—MARTENIS.—Nov. 21, Asbury, Helen Martenis to Frederick Fitch.

HELM—CHASE.—Nov. 21, Newark, Edna Chase to William H. Helm.

McGOWAN—SAUER.—Nov. 22, Elizabeth, Josephine M. Sauer to John J. McGowan.

MELCHOIR—JUST.—Nov. 21, East Rutherford, Emily C. Just to Conrad C. Melchoir.

PARK—ZELLARS.—Nov. 22, Port Murray, Bertha E. Zellars to Harvey Park.

WALLACE—LAMBIE.—Nov. 21, Paterson, Grace Lambie to David Wallace.

New York State.

COOK—DUSKIE.—Nov. 21, Kingston, Lena Duskie to Charles Cook.

GLENNON—COSGROVE.—Nov. 21, Kingston, Gertrude Cosgrove to James W. Glennon.

Died.

ARESON.—On Nov. 22, 1911, Samuel Areson, beloved husband of Mary Forster Areson, aged 68. Funeral on Saturday, Nov. 25, at 2:30 P. M., from his late residence, 939 Ward St., Richmond Hill, L. I.

BAAS.—Thursday, Nov. 23, 1911, after long illness, in his 65th year, Charles August Baas, beloved father of Carl A. Baas, Hedwig Baas, and Martha Pietzsch, nee Baas. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 2,258 Loring Place, near 183d St., Bronx, on Saturday, Nov. 25, at 8 P. M. Interment private, at Woodlawn.

BARNES.—On Nov. 22, at his residence, 10 East 79th St., John Sanford Barnes, in the 76th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Incarnation, 35th St. and Madison Av., Saturday, Nov. 25th, at 10 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

BARRY.—At her late residence, The St. James, 109 West 45th St., Mary C. Barry, daughter of the late Edmund Drinau Barry, D. D., and Cornelia Shelton. Notice of funeral hereafter. Jersey City papers please copy.

BEASLEY.—Jersey City, Nov. 22, 1911, Mary Beasley, 78 years, beloved mother of George Beasley of 997 Summit Av. Funeral from William Necker funeral parlor, 491 Central Av., on Friday, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Machpelah Cemetary. Arrangements by Undertaker William Necker.

BERRY.—On Wednesday, Nov. 22, 1911, at his residence, Perry Av. and Suburban St., Bedford Park, Bronx, Richard A. Berry. Funeral from the Church of St. Philip of Neri, Grand Concourse and 201st St., Saturday, Nov. 25, 10 o'clock forenoon. Funeral private.

BLODGETT.—George W., of Lakewood, N. J., formerly of Brooklyn, very suddenly. Burial at Boston. Brooklyn papers please copy.

BONTA.—Hope A., at Atlantic City, N. J., Nov. 22. Interment Syracuse, N. Y., Saturday, Nov. 25.

ESTABLISHED 1862.
THEODORE B. STARR, INC.
JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS

THERE is a delicacy about the design and workmanship of our jewelry that sustains the reputation for originality which has marked the growth of our business for nearly half a century.

We will be pleased to have you view the collection of Precious Stones, Rare Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Clocks and Bronzes now on exhibition in our new building.

Fifth Avenue and 47th Street
New York

Died.

CHILDS.—On Thursday, Nov. 23, 1911, Ruth Childs, daughter of Evander Childs and Ella Beck Childs, in the 25th year of her age. Funeral services at her home, 68 West 119th St., on Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment on Sunday morning.

The class of 1909 of Barnard College express their deepest regret at the death of their beloved classmate, Ruth Childs.

COMAN.—At 35 West 76th St., Wednesday, Nov. 22, 1911, Thomas J., eldest son of Martha E. and the late Thomas Coman. Funeral will be held at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Broadway and 71st St., Friday, Nov. 24, at 10 A. M. Interment private. Portland (Ore.) papers please copy.

CRAWFORD.—On Wednesday, Nov. 22, 1911, John Crawford, in his 71st year. Funeral services at his home, 182 Lincoln Road, Flatbush, on Saturday, Nov. 25, at 2 P. M. Please omit flowers. Interment private.

FLOWER.—On Tuesday, Nov. 21, at Toronto, Ontario, of pneumonia, Mary, daughter of the late John Davison and Abigail Katharine Flower. Funeral services at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Ira A. Kip, Jr., South Orange, N. J., Friday, Nov. 24, on arrival of train leaving Hoboken at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Sleepy Hollow Cemetery.

FRAWLEY.—Suddenly, Nov. 23, John W. Frawley, at his residence, 962 Madison Av. Funeral service on Saturday at 10:30 A. M. from his late residence. Philadelphia papers please copy.

HAMILTON.—On Wednesday, Nov. 22, 1911, Sophie W. Hamilton, daughter of the late Richard and Susan C. Hamilton. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 506 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

HIGBIE.—At Newark, N. J., on Thursday, Nov. 23, 1911, Mary T. Harrison, wife of James S. Higbie. Funeral service will be held at her late home, 1,013 Broad St., Newark, N. J., on Saturday, Nov. 25, 1911, at 2:30 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

JOHNSTONE.—John H. Johnstone. Funeral at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building.)

KNAPP.—On Wednesday, Nov. 22, 1911, Carl F., beloved husband of Henrietta Knapp, (nee Dickmann,) and beloved father of Henrietta Kingsland, in his 69th year. Relatives and friends, also Arion Singing Society of Brooklyn, are invited to attend funeral services at his late residence, 105 Wilson St., Brooklyn, on Friday evening, Nov. 24, at 8 o'clock.

LEVY.—On Thursday, Nov. 23, in her 61st year, Fannie, beloved wife of Louis Levy, mother of Mrs. A. Siegel, Leo, Royal, sister of Sossie, Eben, David C., Morris B., Edmund, Abeles. Relatives and friends and members of the Friedems Tochter are requested to attend the funeral services from her late residence, 829 West End Av., Sunday, Nov. 26, at 10 A. M.

MIRICK.—On Tuesday, Nov. 21, 1911, Sussanna, wife of the late Edward G. Mirick. Funeral services Friday, Nov. 24, at the residence of her sister, Miss Boocock, 431 Clinton St., Brooklyn, at 2 P. M. Please omit flowers.

RIDGWAY.—Suddenly, on Nov. 22, 1911, Evelyn S., widow of James W. Ridgway. Funeral services from her late residence, 246 Gates Av., Brooklyn, Friday, Nov. 24, at 8 P. M.

SMITH.—On Tuesday, Nov. 21, 1911, Millard Fillmore Smith, in his 56th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 550 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Friday, Nov. 24, at 8:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

STEVENSON.—Suddenly, on Nov. 21, 1911, Winifred Stevenson, in her 82d year. Funeral services Thursday evening, 8 o'clock. Funeral Friday, 2 P. M., from the home of her niece, Mrs. E. Hamilton, 134 Carlton Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STRIKER.—After a lingering illness on Thursday, Nov. 23, 1911, Marguerite L., daughter of Elsworth L. Striker, New York City. Funeral services at August Eickelberg's Parlors, 934 8th Av., near 55th St., on Sunday, Nov. 26, at 2 P. M.

TAYLOR.—On Thursday, Nov. 23, 1911, at 750 St. Nicholas Av., Helen Taylor, daughter of Harriette K. Bryan and the late Samuel Roberts Taylor. Funeral private. Interment at Middletown, N. Y.

TIDDEN.—Funeral services of Johanna Elizabeth Tidden will be held Saturday, Nov. 25, at the Evangelical Lutheran Church of the Holy Trinity, 65th St. and Central Park West, at 11 A. M.

TILLOTSON.—Samuel, L., Nov. 22, at his home, 46 Smith St., Rockville Centre, L. I. Services Saturday, 8 P. M. Funeral private.

TURNER.—At 73 Quincy St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Wednesday evening, Nov. 22, Mrs. Gertrude M. Turner, widow of Dr. J. Edward Turner, suddenly passed away. Funeral services at her late residence at 8 P. M. Friday, Nov. 24. Interment at Wilton, Conn., Saturday, Nov. 25, at 2 P. M.

WORTENDYKE.—At her late residence, 6 Grove Terrace, Montclair, N. J., Nov. 23, Jeanie M. Wortendyke, widow of John F. Wortendyke. Funeral services at her late residence, Saturday evening, Nov. 25, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

BARNETT.—Rosetta, 66 West 92d St., Nov. 22. Funeral notice later.

BEHAN.—James, 558 Van Nest Av., Bronx, Nov. 22.

BILLINGS.—Edward C., Nov. 22. Funeral 171 8th Av.

BUTLER.—Elizabeth, 347 Bleecker St., Nov. 22. Funeral to-day, 9:45 A. M.

CUNNINGHAM.—James J., 369 West 48th St., Nov. 22.

FERGUSON.—David, Presbyterian Hospital, Nov. 21. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FLYNN.—Joseph, 128 East 113th St., Nov. 22, aged 52. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

FUNK.—Nathaniel J., St. Luke's Hospital, Nov. 22. Funeral notice later.

GREENBAUM.—Johanna, 210 West 114th St., Nov. 22, aged 78. Funeral to-day.

HEALY.—Margaret, 153 East 107th St., Nov. 22. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

HEBNER.—Ferdinand J., 667 East 161st St., Nov. 21, aged 47. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HILBRECHT.—Louise, 324 East 89th St., Nov. 21, aged 82. Funeral to-day.

KAISER.—Richard T., 541 West 124th St., Nov. 21, aged 64.

McAULIFFE.—John, 1,764 3d Av., Nov. 21. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

McDONNELL.—Edward, 303 West 47th St., Nov. 22. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

McQUADE.—Mary, 140 East Houston St., Nov. 22, aged 2. Funeral to-day.

MURPHY.—Ann, 158 East 102d St., Nov. 22. Funeral notice later.

MURRAY.—Patrick, 220 West 116th St., Nov. 22. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

O'CONNOR.—Patrick J., 960 Fox St., Nov. 21. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

SCHAEFER.—Louisa, 411 East 180th St., Nov. 21. Funeral to-day.

STANLEY.—Bridget M., 347 East 23d St., Nov. 21, aged 52. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

STEERS.—Julia A., 410 West 43d St., Nov. 22. Funeral notice later.

STEEVENS.—Jane, Nov. 21, aged 43. Funeral 206 West 30th St.

STOCKDALE.—Edward L., 467 2d Av., Nov. 22. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

TULLY.—Hanora, 79 East 77th St., Nov. 21. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BEHSMANN.—Maria, 195 Decatur Av., Nov. 22, aged 80. Funeral private.

BUCHHOLZ.—William, 305 Hewes Av., Nov. 21, aged 57. Funeral private.

BURKE.—William, 1,765 East 13th St., Nov. 21. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

BURNETT.—Carwen C., 1,870 Dean St., Nov. 21, aged 47. Funeral service to-day.

CARROLL.—Francis J., St. John's Hospital, Nov. 22. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

CORBARO.—Francis, 260 Hamilton Av., Nov. 22.

DILLON.—Sophia M., 29 Newell St., Nov. 21. Funeral service to-day.

ECK.—Frederick, 137 Thames St., Nov. 22, aged 31. Funeral service to-morrow.

ELLIS.—Matthew, 1,140 Park Place, Nov. 21.

FAHY.—Patrick, 284 East 40th St., Nov. 22, aged 56. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

GEDNEY.—Mamie H., 1,226 Gates Av., Nov. 21. Funeral to-day.

HARRISON.—Jennie E., 160 Garfield Place, Nov. 22, aged 34.

HERKNER.—Sophia M., 457 Halsey St., Nov. 22. Funeral service to-day.

JACKSON.—Hannah, 18 Erasmus St., Nov. 22, aged 73. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KENNEDY.—Patrick J., 85 South 10th St., Nov. 21. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

LAWLESS.—Mary R., 104 Milton St., Nov. 21. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

LICHTENSTEIN.—Jacob, 320 Throop Av., Nov. 22, aged 72. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

LIEBER.—William, 711 Park Av., Nov. 22, aged 60. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HORSE AND SPORTING BOOKS
Of All Kinds
Surtees Sets, $20 up
Single Volumes, $5 up
Whyte Melville—Nimrod—Hieover—The Druid, etc.
All fine bindings.
Send for Catalogue.
E. P. DUTTON & CO.
31 West 23d Street

Died.

LIVERMORE.—Anna, 438 Putnam Av., Nov. 22, aged 88. Funeral service to-day.

McMANUS.—Annie, 96 Dikeman St., Nov. 22. Funeral to-morrow.

McNAMARA.—Mary A., 207 Skillman St., Nov. 22. Funeral service Nov. 27.

MULLER.—Charles, 130 5th Av., Nov. 21. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

O'BRIEN.—Joseph, 12 South 8th St., Nov. 21, aged 33.

OWENS.—Frances, 117 South 1st St., Nov. 22. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PEDERSON.—Thomas, 97 Coffey St., Nov. 22, aged 30. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

RYAN.—Margaret, 1,029 Liberty Av., Nov. 22. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

SCHWARZ.—Ernst, 70 St. Nicholas Av., Nov. 22, aged 37. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SMITH.—Albert D., Jr., 123 Clinton Av., Nov. 22. Funeral service to-day.

TENCH.—George B., 323 72d St., Nov. 23. Funeral service to-morrow.

THOMAS.—Harry D., 283 State St., Nov. 22. Funeral service to-day.

TRAPP.—Louise J., 886 Jefferson Av., Nov. 22. Funeral to-morrow.

Connecticut.

BRINK.—Mrs. Edward, Hartford, Nov. 21, aged 70. Funeral to-day.

COLLINS.—Mary F., Hartford, Nov. 22, aged 82. Funeral to-day.

CROWE.—Michael, Danbury, Nov. 21, aged 71.

DRISCOLL.—Mary, Hartford, Nov. 22. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

HUSTED.—Georgianna I., 336 Norman St., Bridgeport, Nov. 22, aged 61. Funeral to-morrow.

KELLEY.—Alice, Bridgeport, Nov. 21. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

McALLISTER.—Bridget A., Newburg, Nov. 22. Funeral to-day.

McNAMARA.—John, New Haven, Nov. 22. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

MORRIS.—Sarah M., East Haven, Nov. 21, aged 92.

MULHALL.—John, Hartford, Nov. 22, aged 67.

MUNGER.—Della L., West Hartford, Nov. 21, aged 38.

OAKLEY.—Sarah F., Bridgeport, Nov. 22. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

ROBERTSON.—Mabel I., Hartford, Nov. 21, aged 5 months.

SHANE.—Mary A., New Haven, Nov. 21. Funeral to-day.

STODDARD.—Sarah E., Cheshire, Nov. 21, aged 80.

TRIBBLE.—Capt. J. F., New Haven, Nov. 21, aged 83. Funeral service private.

WALKER.—Henry, Shelton, Nov. 22, aged 50.

WILSON.—David, Bridgeport, Nov. 22, aged 51. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

Long Island.

BURCHELL.—Mary O., Rockaway Beach, Nov. 22. Funeral service to-day.

HAWKSHAW.—William, Sea Cliff, Nov. 22, aged 72.

LEDWITH.—Annie, 81 Vernon Av., Long Island City, Nov. 21.

VON HATTEN.—Louise, 1,835 Fulton St., Nov. 22, aged 39. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

New Jersey.

ARMBRUSTER.—Lena, 1,565 Boulevard, Jersey City, Nov. 23, aged 82.

BALLANTINE.—Thomas, Newark, Nov. 22. Funeral to-morrow.

BARGE.—Joseph W., Whitehouse, Nov. 21, aged 59.

BARR.—Gertrude Z., Englewood, Nov. 22, aged 69. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BOLTON.—Emma A., Fairhaven, Nov. 21, aged 57.

BRISTOL.—Archibald H., Newark, Nov. 23. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CASHEN.—Mae, Burlington, Nov. 20, aged 25. Funeral to-morrow, 8 A. M.

CLARKE.—George F., Beverly, Nov. 20, aged 64. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CLEARY.—Edward, Paterson, Nov. 21.

DAWSON.—Michael, Jersey City, Nov. 22, aged 25. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

DUNN.—James, 389 Bloomfield Av., Newark, Nov. 23.

ELY.—Matilda C., Atlantic City, Nov. 21.

ENRIGHT.—Ellen, Bordentown, Nov. 21.

FISHER.—John, Prospect Plains, Nov. 21, aged 94.

FUREY.—John H., Manaqua, Nov. 21, aged 76. Funeral private.

GALLAGHER.—Edward, 95 Oakland Av., Jersey City, Nov. 22. Funeral to-morrow.

HILER.—Augustus F., Orange, Nov. 22, aged 12. Funeral to-day.

HOVER.—Nicholas A., Oakland, Nov. 24, aged 38.

HOWLEY.—Annie, New Brunswick, Nov. 21. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

IRELAND.—Wesley, 109 Oraton St., Newark, Nov. 21.

JACK.—Martin, 481 15th Av., Newark, Nov. 21, aged 84. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KANE.—Catherine, Orange, Nov. 22. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

KATZ.—Isaac, Morristown, Nov. 22, aged 63.

KEYES.—Fannie, Newark, Nov. 22. Funeral notice later.

KING.—Mrs. Jacob, Poplar, Nov. 21, aged 80.

LUDWIG.—Clarence R., Asbury, Nov. 21.

McCORD.—William T., Elizabeth, Nov. 21, aged 50. Funeral to-day.

McGRAIL.—Thomas, 218 North 4th St., Newark, Nov. 23.

McGRATH.—Annie, Belleville, Nov. 22. Funeral to-day.

MARKEY.—Elizabeth, Newark, Nov. 23. Funeral notice later.

MASKAWIT.—Martha, Paterson, Nov. 22.

NEUSCHAEFER.—Dorathea E., 919 Bergen St., Newark, Nov. 21.

NEWKERK.—Margaret, Plainfield, Nov. 21.

PETTITT.—Jacob M., Florence, Nov. 21, aged 72.

QUICK.—Eliza J., 36 Hecker St., Newark, Nov. 22. Funeral to-day.

RINDERER.—Amelia, 432 South 7th St., Newark, Nov. 22, aged 66.

SAMPSON.—Martha, Glen Gardner, Nov. 21, aged 30.

SCHMIDT.—Katharine, Newark, Nov. 22, aged 78.

SMITH.—George S., 420 Jackson Av., Jersey City, Nov. 22.

STULLS.—John H., Long Branch, Nov. 21, aged 70.

SWEET.—Ethel L., Bayonne, Nov. 21, aged 21. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WEBER.—Jacob, 13 Alyea St., Newark, Nov. 23, aged 51.

WILBUR.—Elizabeth D., Kearny, Nov. 23, aged 78. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

WINTERS.—James, 201 Warren St., Jersey City, Nov. 21. Funeral to-day.

New York State.

CRUMMEY.—Geraldine B., Poughkeepsie, Nov. 22, aged 76. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

HANCON.—Sarah, Cornwall, Nov. 22, aged 66. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HORTON.—Charles, Kingston, Nov. 21, aged 70.

PLASS.—John P., Hudson, Nov. 21, aged 67.

In Memoriam.

BUTT.—James, mass St. Rose of Lima's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

JEROLEMAN.—Margaret E., mass St. James's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 7 A. M.

LADIES' CATHOLIC BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION.—Deceased members New York Branch, mass St. Monica's Church, to-day, 8 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 West 23d.
Chapels. Ambulance Service. Tel. 1324 Chelsea

John W. Lyon Oldest Established. Economical. 69 E. 125th St. 'Phone 1333 Harlem

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley.
Office 20 East 23d St., N. Y.

YALE AND HARVARD PRIMED FOR GAME

Crimson Team Shows Speed in Final Practice—Yale at Auburndale.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 23.—Harvard and Yale are ready for their great football battle, which will be played in the Cambridge Stadium Saturday. The Harvard players held their last practice this afternoon and will do no more work, except to practice signals for awhile to-morrow before the graduates and undergraduates who will throng down to Soldiers Field.

The work this afternoon comprised a rehearsal of plays and a considerable drill against the second team, much time being taken on perfecting the Crimson's defense. Sam Felton was at right end and did some harder kicking than he has been allowed to do since he returned to the field. Felton is in tip-top shape now, the coaches say, and it is added that he will not be handicapped in the game by having to wear any special padding to prevent a renewal of his old injury. He is, therefore, perfectly well, and if handicapped at all in the game it will be because of the long time he has been away from active football practice.

Bob Potter was at quarter back with the regulars, and he also was allowed to extend himself more than heretofore. Potter, though, is not in as good shape as he wants the coaches to believe he is. He has a bad limp, and while he covered much ground he will not go into the game at all assured that he will last a long time. Whether both Felton and Potter will be in the game at the beginning is a question that the Harvard coaches seem not to have decided finally. These two men are the best kickers Harvard has, and with both likely to be hurt Coach Haughton may decide not to place all of his eggs in one basket when the referee's whistle starts the game.

Gardner is a capable quarter back and could be used when Felton is punting, while O'Brien, who is a better down-the-field end than Felton has been, could doubtless cover enough distance on Potter's kicks to make up for any advantage of Felton's longer drives, with slower end on the right wing. The team went through its signal drill with a lot of speed to-day, and the men being in capital condition Harvard should be able to put up its very best football against Yale.

The New Haven players came up to Auburndale this evening. They are at a hotel about ten miles from Boston and can reach Cambridge in 25 minutes by automobile. They arrived at Auburndale to-night before dinner and all of the players looked ready for another hard game. There were a few scars left from the Princeton game, but on the whole the Yale men looked mighty trim. Capt. Arthur Howe was about and did not act at all like a sick man or a football player on the verge of nervous prostration. He has good color and has as quick a step as any of his fellows. He will start the game surely the Yale coaches say, and it also is announced that Dunn, and not Philbin, will be at full back when the game begins. Head Coach Field is with the team, and so are Assistant Coaches Brooks and Morris. The other coaches will arrive in the morning and before the team goes to Cambridge for an hour's practice in the stadium.

There was a blackboard talk to-night for the Yale men, who later took a long walk. To-morrow afternoon an automobile ride is scheduled, and this is expected to make the men ready for a splendid night's sleep before the battle.

BIG SEND-OFF FOR YALE.

500 Students Cheer and Sing as Team Leaves for Auburndale.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 23.—The Yale football squad left town for its training quarters at Auburndale, Mass., at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The twenty-nine players who compose the squad which was taken to Cambridge boarded their car on a side track about 1:30, and 500 students who walked to the Union Station to give the team its parting ovation cheered the players and coaches until the car was attached to the express and was drawing out of the station. The chorus girls in a car ahead opened the windows of their car and joined in the chorus of "Bingo," "Boola," and "Marching Down the Field," while the undergraduate crowd surrounded the special cars. As the train pulled out the last seen of the Yale special car was Trainer John Mack locking the door that led to the chorus girls' car and taking a seat by the door.

Bobby Gardner, the golfer and pole vaulter, led the cheering and singing, and the parting demonstration was the largest given a team in years. Capt. Howe was in charge of Trainer Mack. He has gained eight pounds since Saturday's game with Princeton, and said that he felt in tip-top condition. Mack said: "Howe will play the game of his life Saturday. He was never in better form."

Head Coach Field said: "Every member of the Yale team is in the best of playing form. Capt. Howe has come back to first-class condition and will be able to play the entire game on Saturday if the coaches deem it necessary. Chances are that the line-up when the game begins Saturday will be the same as that which was sent against Princeton."

Field admitted that there was a chance that Philbin would start the game at full back instead of Dunn. Other coaches stated that there seemed little doubt that Philbin would be found at full back. Several favor beginning the game with Reilly at left half back instead of Camp, because of his fine defensive power. Reilly is largely depended upon to check the Wendell attacks.

The policy of giving a large number of seniors their "Y" by sending them into the game a few minutes in the final playing period will be followed if Yale has a safe lead.

Head Coach Field admitted that the coaches would like to give a "Y" to Bill Howe and Sheldon, ends; Perry and Tomlinson, tackles; Lore, guard; Bronson, centre; Strout and Merritt, quarter backs; Reilly, Freeman, and Philbin, backs.

More undergraduates than have seen a game in the Stadium in years will be found there Saturday afternoon. The exodus started to-day and will be gradual to-morrow and Saturday morning.

Indications are that the Yale betting pool will be swamped by the Harvard offerings. Yale backers are covering Harvard money at "evens" lavishly, but there is every indication that they will be unable to cover all that is offered.

PENDLETON IS CAPTAIN.

Princeton Football Team Honors Its Quarter Back at Election.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 23.—Talbot Taylor Pendleton, quarter back on this year's football team and one of Walter Camp's All-America selections for half back last season, was this afternoon elected to lead the Tiger eleven next year.

Pendleton has achieved considerable athletic distinction since his arrival in Princeton, and his election to the Captaincy has seemed certain since his sensational work last year. His personal prowess on the gridiron was somewhat dimmed this season by the need of a quarter back on the Tiger team, the fact that he was the best man on the field for the position necessitating his shift from half back.

Pendleton comes from Berkeley Springs, Va., and prepared at Episcopal High School at Alexandria, Va., where he starred as half back on the school team. He is 20 years old, weighs 165 pounds, and is five feet eleven inches tall. He captained his freshman team two years ago, winning the first freshman championship brought to Princeton. Besides starring in football, Pendleton is a member of the baseball team, his playing last year being handicapped by a fractured ankle.

TIGERS' MONSTER BONFIRE.

"Big Bill" Edwards Principal Speaker at Princeton's Football Joy Meeting.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 23.—The Tiger roared and lashed his tail to-night for more than three hours and then sat down and licked his chops around the most glorious bonfire that has heated his lair in years.

All the stunts in a celebrated répertoire were pulled off this evening, from a parade headed by the fifteen men who defeated Yale and Harvard to the highest of their hot bonfires that have glowed around the old cannon. It was a grand "come-back" for old Nassau, and hundreds of her alumni joined the big outburst.

"Jack" Hibbon, '82, a professor in the university, presided at the mass meeting, and "Big Bill" Edwards was the principal speaker. Eddie Hart, Princeton's Captain, and J. Duncan Spaeth, coach of last Spring's victorious crew over Yale, and Keene Fitzpatrick, the trainer, talked, too.

Thirty-five hundred persons crowded Alexander Hall, and they arose when Hibbon introduced the Princeton trainer as "Not only a trainer of men, but a man."

Following the speeches miniature gold footballs were presented to each of the fifteen men, and the strains of "Old Nassau" closed the meeting. A half hour's pyrotechnic display, including a hundred-foot stationary piece which pictured the season's scores, preceded the lighting of the fire by Capt. Hart. The flames shot skyward for eighty feet as Nassau Hall rang out in joy, and 1,500 men paraded around the blazing mass.

CORNELL SLUMPS AGAIN.

Eleven Shows Poor Form in Preparing for Pennsylvania Game.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 23.—What looks very much like a repetition of the Chicago game slump caused worry for the coaches on Alumni Field this afternoon, and while they are not discouraged they wish they had two weeks more to prepare the team for the Pennsylvania game instead of the few days that now remain. The 'Varsity attack did not make much of an impression in the long scrimmage against the scrubs, and, although the regulars scored two touchdowns, the scores do not represent any marked ability in advancing the ball. O'Connor caught a scrub punt at midfield and dashed back to the 10-yard line before he was stopped. Whyte then shot through the line for a touchdown. The second score was largely a duplication of his playing.

Both teams punted frequently, and Butler tried several field goals, none of which materialized. The Cornell quarter back has not put the ball over the bar accurately in several weeks, and he has not made one field goal since the Williams game on Nov. 4. The other two men who are fairly proficient in this work are Eyrich and O'Connor, but it is not thought that they will have much better luck in a game than Butler. Practically every member of the team took part in the two hours' scrimmage except Eyrich.

Elementary Drill for Indians.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 23.—Head Coach Warner not being present at the opening of to-day's practice for the Carlisle Indian football team Coach O'Brien directed the round of elementary drills which covered blocking, punting, and falling on the ball, in addition to a brief run on the quarter-mile track. The remainder of the afternoon was given over to a long signal practice.

Webber Is Tufts' Captain.

MEDFORD, Mass., Nov. 23.—Harry O. Webber of South Wales, N. Y., was to-night elected Captain of the Tufts' College football team for 1912. Webber has played on the team as half back and tackle for three years.

Syracuse Team Goes West.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Cheered by one thousand students the Syracuse University football team left to-night for Columbus, Ohio, where on Saturday it plays the Ohio State eleven. The squad numbers twenty-two men. Sunday evening the team will leave Columbus for St. Louis, Mo., for a game on Thanksgiving Day with St. Louis University.

Football Results.

At Dobbs Ferry—Holbrook School, 17; Mackenzie, 5.

At Lexington, Ky.—State University of Kentucky, 8; Central University of Kentucky, 5.

ARMY TEAM READY TO TACKLE NAVY

Cadets in Fine Condition for Battle on Franklin Field with Midshipmen.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov., 23.—After the practice to-day the battalion of cadets that had gathered on the side lines followed the men to their training quarters and assembling in front of the gymnasium they gave a very enthusiastic demonstration.

To-night the men are fit, said Trainer Tuthill, and should be in excellent condition when they enter on Franklin Field at Philadelphia on Saturday.

It was intimated to-night that Walmsley would play at right guard in the Navy game in stead of Hueston. The latter has been playing the position regularly with Walmsley on the second team, but it is believed now that Walmsley is faster and quicker and will get the jump on his opponent more readily than Hueston, and is also faster getting down the field after breaking through.

The coaches would not say to-night who would be the ends, but in all probability Wood will start at the left wing and Cook at the right side of the line. MacDonald seems to have displaced Benedict during the latter's absence owing to injuries, and although the lightest man on the team MacDonald has proven himself a ground gainer in a broken field and a good handler of punts, which will count for much against the fast Navy ends.

For fullback, Keyes is the choice to start the game, and while being one of the fleetest backs the Army has he is their drop kicker, but his punting cannot be said to be in the same class as Dalton's, the Navy kicker. Dean will be in togs on the side lines and there is a possible chance that he may get in the game.

The probable line-up at the start will be: Wood, left end; Devore, left tackle; Arnold, left guard; Sibert, centre; Walmsley, right guard; Littlejohn, right tackle; Cook, right end; Hyatt, quarterback; Brown, left half-back; MacDonald, right half-back; Keyes, full-back.

The above makeup will average 180 pounds, the backs averaging 159 and the line 178. The average weight of the line is 4 pounds lighter than the Army team last year, and the team's average is 4 pounds heavier. Every man on this team is a member of the first class, with the exception of Devore and Keyes, who are members of the 1912 class and the Navy game will be their last chance to represent the Army in the annual contest. This year's game makes four years that Wood has played on the Army eleven. Hyatt also has played ever since his entrance to the military academy.

The football squad will leave for Philadelphia on the 7:20 West Shore train tomorrow morning.

COACH HOWARD CONFIDENT.

Believes Navy a Slight Favorite—Cadets Expect a Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 23.—The brigade of midshipmen gave the Naval Academy team a remarkable expression of its confidence and loyalty this afternoon during the last practice of the year on the home grounds. Assembled for the purpose of practicing their songs and yells, the midshipmen, with the Academy band, occupied the stand during the whole of the afternoon and showed great enthusiasm.

It is felt that the team is one of the best that ever represented the Academy, and there is a quiet feeling among every Navy man and woman that the Navy is on the books to take the decisive game of the series on Saturday. At the conclusion of the practice, which consisted of signal work only, the team was cheered until every member disappeared into the dressing room, and then the midshipmen formed with a lockstep and marched to the officers' club building, the headquarters of the coaches.

After prolonged demands, Lieut. Douglas Howard, the head coach, made an address. He expressed his pleasure at the spirit of the team and the whole brigade of midshipmen, and said that it was this spirit, shared by the Army and Navy, which made their games such splendid contests. He told the midshipmen that he considered the Navy a slight favorite.

Lieut Howard has made an official announcement of the make-up of the team which will start in the army game unless something very unforeseen occurs. It is: Hamilton, left end; Brown, left tackle; Wakeman, left guard; Weems, centre; Howe, right guard; Redman, right tackle; McReavey, right end; Gilchrist, quarter back; Capt. Dalton, left half back; Nichols, right half back; Rodes, full back; The team is strong and well balanced and fit for any style of play.

Gilchrist at quarter might possibly be considered a doubtful selection, as he is inexperienced in the position. He has played end and done splendid work, but he has played at quarter back in only one match—that against a weak team. However, he has occupied the place in practice for two weeks and done so well that he has gained the confidence of the coaches. The team and substitutes number thirty-six, and officers, coaches, &c., bringing the party to sixty, will leave tomorrow on a special car for Philadelphia at 8:15. It is scheduled to reach Philadelphia at 11:15.

ARMY AND NAVY BOXHOLDERS.

Compartment Reserved for President Taft and Family at Franklin Field.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 23.—The list of persons who will occupy the thirty-two boxes at the disposal of the Navy Athletic Association for the Army-Navy football game on Franklin Field on Saturday, was made public to-day. A compartment in the centre of the stands has been reserved for President Taft, although it is not likely that he will see the game. Mrs. Taft and Miss Helen Taft will probably occupy the box.

Should President Taft decide to attend the game, it is probable that he will follow the precedent set by Chief Executives and view half the struggle from the Navy and the other half from the Army side of the field. The list follows:

No. 49—United States Senator Frank B. Brandegee of Connecticut.

No. 50—Congressman J. W. Weeks and Congressman A. L. Bates.

No. 51—Rear Admiral W. H. Brownson, Congressman Richmond H. Hobson, and Dr. Thomas Fell.

No. 52—Capt. R. L. Russell, J. W. Kittrell, and Congressman George A. Loud.

No. 53—Capt. A. W. Grant, U. S. N., Commandant of the Philadelphia Navy Yard.

No. 54—Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, U. S. N., Commander in Chief of the Atlantic fleet.

No. 55—Rear Admiral Hutch I. Cone of the Bureau of Steam Engineering, Chief Constructor Richard M. Watts, U. S. N., and Congressman S. W. McCall of Massachusetts.

No. 56—Rear Admiral Twining, U. S. N.; Chief Paymaster T. J. Cowle, U. S. N., and Congressman A. J. Peters.

No. 57—Capt. F. F. Fletcher, U. S. N.; Congressman R. A. Vreeland, and United States Senator James A. Reed.

No. 58—Rear Admiral Richard Wainwright, U. S. N.; Rear Admiral William P. Potter, U. S. N., and Congressman Edwin S. Underhill.

No. 67—Rear Admiral Reginald F. Nicholson, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation.

No. 68—Capt. J. H. Gibbons, Superintendent of the Naval Academy.

No. 69—George Von L. Meyer, Secretary of the Navy.

No. 70—Beekman Winthrop, Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

No. 71—Commander C. H. Logan, Commandant of the Midshipmen.

No. 72—President Taft.

No. 81—Col. Robert N. Thompson of New York.

No. 82—William H. Stayton.

No. 83—Charles Deering, Rear Admiral Herbert Winslow, U. S. N., and Congressman M. E. Driscoll.

No. 84—E. J. Berwind.

No. 85—James S. Sherman, Vice President of the United States.

No. 86—Congressman E. W. Roberts and Congressman C. Bascom Slemp.

No. 87—United States Senator Benjamin R. Tillman, Congressman Ira W. Woods, and Rear Admiral W. D. Marshall, U. S. N.

No. 88—Rear Admiral Robly D. Evans, U. S. N.; Rear Admiral Austin N. Knight, U. S. N.; Rear Admiral Richard C. Hollyday, Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks.

No. 89—Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, U. S. N.; Capt. Aaron Ward, U. S. N.; W. E. Corey of the Steel Trust.

No. 90—United States Senator Isadore Rayner and Gov. Austin L. Crothers of Maryland.

No. 91—J. E. Pillsbury, Rear Admiral H. G. O. Colby, U. S. N.; Congressman Francis Burton Harrison, and Phillips L. Goldsborough.

No. 92—Rear Admiral Samuel P. Comley, U. S. N.; Rear Admiral F. A. Cook, U. S. N.; Rear Admiral P. H. Cooper, U. S. N., and Rear Admiral Washburn Waynard, U. S. N.

No. 94—United States Senator John Walter Smith, Rear Admiral John Schouler, U. S. N., and W. B. Duncan.

No. 95—Rear Admiral Seaton Schroeder, U. S. N.; Rear Admiral C. J. Badger, U. S. N.; Congressman William W. Griest, and Congressman Charles A. Kennedy.

No. 96—Rear Admiral Giles B. Harber, U. S. N.; Rear Admiral N. E. Mason, U. S. N.; Congressman W. C. Watson, and Congressman J. W. Wood.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 23.—The boxholders on the Army side are as follows:

No. 5—Col. R. J. Williams.

No. 7—Gen. Enoch H. Crowder; Judge Advocate General Major Edward A. Kreger.

No. 8—Gen. William W. Wetherspoon, General Staff, President Army War College, Washington; Gen. George H. Torney, Surgeon General.

No. 9—R. A. C. Smith.

No. 10—Col. Gustav Fiebeger, Professor of Engineering, U. S. M. A.; Miss Fiebeger, Mrs. Fiebeger.

No. 19—Gen. Frederick C. Ainsworth, Adjutant General.

No. 20—H. L. Stimson, Secretary of War.

No. 21—William H. Taft, President of the United States.

No. 22—Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, Superintendent United States Military Academy; Capt. R. C. Davis, Adjutant; Mrs. Barry, Miss Barry.

No. 23—Postmaster General.

No. 24—Gen. Leonard Wood, Chief of Staff.

No. 30—Lieut. Col. Frederick F. Sladen, Commandant of Cadets.

No. 34—Senator F. O. Briggs.

Nos. 35 and 36—Gen. John A. Johnston, District Commissioner, Washington.

No. 38—Gen. Frederick D. Grant, commanding Department of the East.

No. 37—Major Gen. Charles F. Roe, commanding National Guard, New York State.

No. 39—Brig. Gen. Albert L. Mills, commanding Department of the Gulf.

No. 41—Brig. Gen. William Crosier, Chief of Ordnance; Brig. Gen. J. A. Allen, Chief Signal Officer.

No. 42—Brig. Gen. William L. Marshall.

No. 43—Brig. Gen. William H. Bixby, Chief of Engineers; Brig. Gen. J. H. Wilson.

No. 46—Members of the Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. Y.

N. Y. U. Team Guests of Navy.

Manager Henderson of the New York University football team received yesterday fifteen tickets for the Army-Navy game from the football management of the Naval Academy. These are in return for the courtesy shown by the New York authorities in permitting the midshipmen to cancel the New York-Navy game, which was originally scheduled for this Saturday. The New York eleven will go to Franklin Field at the expense of the student body of the local institution, which is taking this opportunity to show its appreciation for the work of the team during the past season.

FAST TEXAN SPRINTERS.

A. A. U. Representative from Lone Star State Speaks of Wonders.

A. F. Dugosh, the representative of the Texas Association at the recent annual session of the Amateur Athletic Union, speaks glowingly of the prospects of the future of athletics in the Lone Star State, and admits having received many pointers during his stay in the metropolis which he feels will redound to the good of the game when he imparts the results of the tips he has gained to his fellow-workers in the South.

The Texas Association, which was formed last March, now boasts of a club membership of 20 and a registration numbering 500 athletes, all of whom are in active competition.

Among other things Mr. Dugosh had to say in connection with track and field sport in his native State was that there was an abundance of sprinting material. Mr. Dugosh modestly confessed that there are five men in Texas who have run 50 yards in 5 2-5 seconds—which equals the world's record—and as many who have run the "hundred" in 10 seconds.

He stated that the four best sprinters are Hover of Texas University, W. Gim of San Antonio, and David Cock and H. Cock of Brainard. Gim, who has just finished his preparatory school course at Marshall Training School, San Antonio, holds the State records for 50 yards, 100 yards, and 440 yards, with a mark for the latter distance of 51 4-5 seconds. That the lad must be "some" timbertopper is evidenced by the further assertion that he has run the 120-yard hurdle in 15 seconds.

Hover and Massey, the latter from Cameron High School, jointly hold the State record for the two-twenty dash, the time being 22 seconds. Mr. Dugosh admits that the athletes of his State are far behind in the weights, jumps, and distance runs, but asserts that this is accounted for by the fact that athletic competition is a comparatively new thing there.

The Texas Association plans a very active season next Spring, and has already scheduled three meets. April 21 and Decoration Day have been selected for sports sessions at San Antonio, and Fort Worth will be the scene of an indoor series April 10 and 11. The first indoor meet ever held in Texas was given under the auspices of the Texas Association, then affiliated with the Southern Association, last April at Fort Worth, at which 250 athletes competed, representing 25 clubs.

When told that athletes in the Metropolitan district were wondering as to the whereabouts of Gwynn Henry, who won the 100-yard National championship at Pittsburgh and who was supposed to be in Texas, Mr. Dugosh said he knew nothing about him and was not worrying, as there were sprinters galore where he came from, and he felt positive that his State would be well represented in that department on the next Olympic team as the result of the tryouts.

Cornell Athletes Protest Awards of "C."

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 23.—At a meeting of about fifty Cornell athletes who wear the 'Varsity "C," a resolution was passed almost unanimously protesting against the awarding of the 'Varsity letter to managers as favored by the Athletic Council recently, but recommended that the managers of the major sports be given a distinctive insignia. Practically every athlete in the university who has been awarded the "C" was present at the meeting and recorded his protest. Coaches Courtney, Moakley, and Coogan went on record against the measure.

Pastime A. C. Games on Feb. 12.

The Pastime Athletic Club will celebrate the thirty-fifth year of its existence on Feb. 12, 1912. At a conference yesterday between Harry W. Clody, President of the Pastime Athletic Club, and James E. Sullivan, Chairman of the Advisory Committee, it was decided to hold the Winter games this season in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory on Feb. 12. The Pastime in past years held its indoor meeting in Madison Square Garden, but owing to the fact that the Garden is to be razed it was found impossible to get a date there.

BENZ AND FIAT CARS SPEEDY AT SAVANNAH

Bergdoll Drives 120-Horse Power Car Around 17.14-Mile Course in 13:06.

Special to The New York Times.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 23.—With ideal weather conditions prevailing and about 2,000 sightseers gathered on the stands for the free exhibition, fifteen Grand Prize and Vanderbilt entries and seven autos in the light car races were sent thundering over the Chatham County course for three hours to-day.

Respecting the requests of the race authorities, there was hardly any traffic on the circuit during these hours, and the speed machines had a free run without fear of collisions.

Erwin Bergdoll, driving his 120-horsepower Benz, won the honors in practice by driving the 17.14 miles in 13:06, according to the time taken by F. E. Edwards, Chairman of the Technical Committee of the American Automobile Association. Second place went to Caleb Bragg in his Grand Prize Fiat. He negotiated one lap in 13:09, which is an average of about seventy-five miles an hour.

The mechanics working in next week's races will have something to strive for besides the usual glory. Two solid silver cups have been offered by local parties to the mechanics riding in the winning car in the Savannah Challenge Trophy and Vanderbilt Cup races.

With the hope of saving his life, an operation was resorted to to-day on H. F. Maxwell, who was mechanic for Jay McNay, who was killed in an accident last Monday. Maxwell's condition is serious, internal injuries having become apparent. Physicians express little hope for his recovery.

The following times for heavy cars were taken by F. E. Edwards: Bruce-Brown's Fiat, 13:21.2, 13:40, 14:09; Parker's Fiat, 31:13, 14:54; Grant's Lozier, 14:32.8, 14:19, 14:09; Disbrow's Pope-Hummer, 18:48.2; Patschke's Marmon, 13:49.2, 13:28; Matson's Fiat, 26:02, 14:30.8; Mulford's Lozier, 13:51.6; Hearne's Benz, 16:12.18, 17:44.8; De Palma's Mercedes, 14:22.8, 14:09; Bragg's Fiat, 13:09, 13:14; Wishart's Mercedes, 13:15; Cobe's Jackson, 17.7; Wagner's Fiat, 13:17; Bergdoll's Benz, 13:06.

Time for light cars: Disbrow's Case, 18:55.4; Hughes's Mercer, 14:41, 14:45; M. Roberts's Abbott-Detroit, 16:33.2, 20:16; Witt's E. M. F., 33:13, 18:12; Nikrent's Marmon, 17:36.8, 15:56.2; Barnes's Mercer, 15:54, 15:39; Keene's Marmon, 16:34.2, 16:05.4.

Columbia Basket Ball Dates.

One of the shortest basket ball schedules that has ever been arranged for the Columbia University quintet was announced yesterday by Harry A. Fisher, graduate manager of athletics. Only thirteen contests appear on the list, of which all except three are on the intercollegiate schedule. It has been customary to play several preliminary contests before the regular intercollegiate series started, but this season it has been found impossible to arrange more than one such game with another college. The schedule follows:

Dec. 1, Maryland at New York; Dec. 5, alumni, at New York; Dec. 16, Dartmouth, at Hanover; Jan. 6, Cornell, at Ithaca; Princeton, at New York; Jan. 17, Princeton, at Princeton; Jan. 20, Cornell, at New York; Feb. 8, Dartmouth, at New York; Feb. 12, Pennsylvania, at New York; Feb. 16, Yale, at New York; Feb. 22, New York University at Columbia; Feb. 27, Yale, at New York; March 2, Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia.

To Interpret Basket Ball Rules.

A gathering of local college basket ball representatives, including coaches, referees, managers, Captains, and players, will be held at Columbia University on the afternoon of Dec. 2 to interpret the rules for the coming season. Representatives from all schools and colleges have been invited to attend. A similar meeting will be held on the same day in Chicago, Ill., and Lawrence, Kan.

Hollywood Basket Ball Team Wins.

The Hollywood Basket Ball Club five easily defeated the Criterion Club of Newark team in a fast and clean-cut game last night on the Empire Court, 116th Street and Eighth Avenue, by a score of 14 to 4.

Big Wrestlers on Mat To-night.

Josef Smejkal, the Bohemian champion wrestler, and Zbyszko, the Pole, will try conclusions on the mat to-night at D. A. Sokel Hall, 525 and 527 East Seventy-second Street, near Avenue A, the headquarters of the United Bohemian Societies. Zbyszko is confident he will defeat the newest arrival for championship honors and leave himself a clear field to secure a match with Frank Gotch.

WINNERS WITH THE CUE.

The tie between New York and Brooklyn in the National Intercity Billiard League was broken up last night at John Doyle's Forty-second Street Billiard Academy when John Dankleman, who represents Manhattan defeated Charles Otis, a Brooklyn representative in a game of three-cushion carrom billiards by the score of 50 to 40 in seventy-five innings. The battle between this city and Brooklyn for second place in the tournament is particularly keen, and has aroused much interest among amateur cue wielders the country over. Last night's victory for Manhattan puts the Gotham team in second place, with a total of nine games won out of thirteen games played, while the loss of the game puts Brooklyn in third position, with six games won and four games lost. The Chicago team, which has been setting the pace for the league with a record of ten victories and four defeats, is also in danger of losing her position. As a result of last night's game the Windy City club is only one game in advance of Manhattan. The undisputed possession of secondary and may be first honors, will be decided with the results of this evening's and to-morrow night's contests at Doyle's Academy. In last night's game each contestant mad a highest run of 4 points. In the second game of the series this evening, Manager Doyle of Manhattan will send Leon Mangus to the table for New York, while either Al Garnaus or John Huking will represent the Brooklyn club.

In last night's game of the amateur handicap three-cushion carrom billiard tournament at the Washington Heights Billiard Academy C. Mass defeated F. G. Owles by the score of 20 to 12 in twenty-seven innings. Both contestants were playing at the scratch mark of twenty points, and the winner made a high run of three points.

In a practice game of 18.2 balkline billiards at George Slosson's Billiard Academy, Thirty-first Street and Broadway, last night Willie Hoppe lost to George Slosson by 1 point, the score being 500 to 499.

George Sutton defeated Marcus Muldauer in a practice game of 18.2 balkline billiards at Maurice Daly's Billiard Academy, Forty-ninth Street and Broadway, last night by the score of 500 to 190 in thirty-four innings.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 23.—Pittsburgh lost to Kansas City in the National Billiard League's three-cushion tournament to-night, when Arthur Davenport for Kansas City made 50 points while James McCourt of Pittsburgh was gathering 29. The game went eighty-one innings. High runs: Kansas City, 5; Pittsburgh, 4.

A. A. U. MAY TAKE ACTION.

Local Registration Committee's Ruling on Series of Games Stirs Officials.

The action of the Registration Committee of the Metropolitan Association, A. A. U., in refusing to sanction a series of athletic games in Madison Square Garden on Dec. 6 because of a possible conflict with another set to be held the same night in Brooklyn seems likely to call forth official action from the National governing body, if the proposed action of those interested in the welfare of the union cuts any figure.

There were rumors yesterday that the resignation of the committee would be asked for, or at least an investigation of its action would be made, as it was without precedent in A. A. U. circles.

However, in order to avoid a further conflict with the committee, which, after sanctioning the meet in question (the financial proceeds of which were to be devoted to charity) then revoked its permit, the promoters have set the date of the games forward one day, with Dec. 5 as the date.

It was said yesterday that one of the primary reasons for the revocation was that the local sports would receive more publicity than those of the McCaddin Lyceum in Brooklyn, scheduled for Dec. 6.

Leading officers of the parent body, the Amateur Athletic Union, are greatly incensed at what is generally termed the most unfair ruling made by this committee. One of the leading members of the Legislation Committee of the A. A. U. and a former President of the union, when he heard of the arbitrary ruling, which he admitted was without precedent in the A. A. U. annals, is said to have advised the Garden games' promoters to go ahead and work under the sanction originally granted. He further contended that the refusal of the committee in the matter was unjust and helped to establish a precedent which was not in keeping with the objects of the A. A. U.

Another prominent devotee of amateurism declared that had he been placed in the position of the promoters by the Registration Committee, and had they refused to rescind their action, he would have held the sports with or without sanction, and run what could have been construed as an outlaw meeting, feeling sure he would receive the support of those who favored fair play. "The more athletic meets we have in any district, and particularly in this," he said, "with its vast number of competing athletes, the better it is for the sport, and I am quite sure that the parent body will not be in accord with any such methods to restrict such competition."

For Other Sports See Page 11.

A few lines about our evening clothes for social lions.

Cut from the same sort of fabrics; often the identical cloths the best custom tailors use.

Smart and moderately priced.

You see the fit before you order.

In fact we're tempted to brag about the fit.

Evening suits, $33 to $70.
Dinner jackets separately, $19 to $36.

A heavy white evening glove at $1.50 is one of our Parisian "finds."

A beauty, too.

Specially made for wear with evening suits—

Coats of fine black worsted, silk lined, with Persian lamb collar.

Specially nice because they have the look of a fur lined coat with none of the extra weight.

Silk hats, canes, dress shirts, patent leathers, pumps, knitted silk mufflers, silk socks—everything for the evening wear of man or boy.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

Gilbey's
SPEY-ROYAL

Spey-Royal
SCOTCH
WHISKY

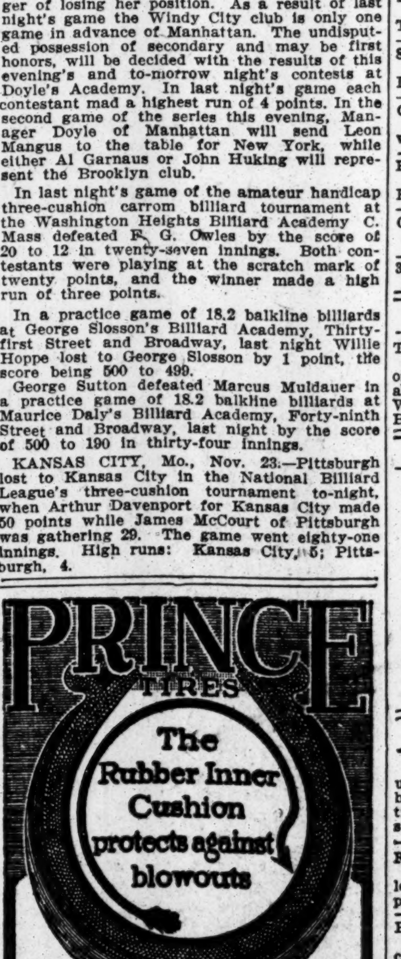
Aged 10 years in the wood and shipped to America in bottles only.

ALL SCOTCH WHISKY

Wm Vogel & Son

MEN'S CHINCHILLA OVERCOATS. THE INTRODUCTION OF CHINCHILLA FOR OVERCOATS BY WM. VOGEL & SON REVIVES A FASHION THAT HAS BEEN ACCEPTED BY THE VERY SMARTEST DRESSERS. ENGLISH GUARD AND OTHER MODELS IN BLUE AND OXFORD CHINCHILLA.........$40.00 TO $70.00

WM. VOGEL & SON
TIMES SQUARE
Broadway at 44th Street



PRINCE
TIRES
The Rubber Inner Cushion protects against blowouts

Because of their exclusive design features, have demonstrated, beyond question, their superiority for all types of service required.

Ask us for testimonial letters.

PRINCE TIRE CO., 1675 Broadway, N. Y.

To Lease in Whole or Part

The Most Desirable Fireproof Auto Service Building

Six Stories, 50 x 100, at

West End Ave., N. E. Cor. 64th St.

A. B. See Electric Elevator, Capable of Handling Largest Cars and Trucks, and Every Convenience Required for the Auto Trade, Have Been Installed

Ready for Occupancy Prior to Nov. 30th

For Particulars Apply to Your Own Broker, or

A. L. LIBMAN,

107 West 46th Street. Tel. 4612—4613 Bryant

Frisbie Collars

15c—2 for 25 Cents

can be obtained at the following stores in the Metropolitan District:—

Smith Gray & Co.	New York City
A. Raymond & Co.	" " "
John Wanamaker	" " "
Greenhut Siegel Cooper Co.	" " "
Gimbel Brothers	" " "
R. H. Macy & Co.	" " "
J. L. Kessner & Co.	" " "
14th St. Store	" " "
Bloomingdale Bros	" " "
F. Loeser & Co.	Brooklyn.
Bernstein & Co.	Jersey City
Marshall & Ball	Newark

Automobile Exchange

Readers of The New York Times are able to purchase automobiles. Advertisements in this column bring results.

ADVERTISING RATES per agate line: One insertion, 25c.; three insertions a week, including one on Sunday, 60c.; seven consecutive insertions, $1.05.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

Packard car, limousine and touring body; recent make; good condition. Will sell closed body separately. See Mr. McCracken about W. G. car. Packard Co., Broadway and 61st St.

Bargain.—See my stylish inside drive coupe body car; just right for all kinds weather; has 40 h. p., full equipment, demountable rims; must sell quick. Russell, 1,974 B'way.

Bergdoll 30 Toy Tonneau 1911; guaranteed condition; great bargain for immediate buyer.
BERGDOLL MOTOR CAR CO.
1,928 Broadway. 'Phone Col. 8860.

Baker electric coupe, rebuilt, like new, $1,350; Victoria, run less than 900 miles, $900; Stanhope, just overhauled, $390. Baker Vehicle Co., 1,798 Broadway. 'Phone 2830 Columbus.

Buick, 1910, Model 16; just overhauled; owner going away; will sacrifice; $550; demonstration; seen at Quinn & Snyder, 1,926 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 1960.

Auto car, delivery truck, to hire, capacity 3,000 pounds; price, including chauffeur, $15 per day of ten hours. Z 219 Times Downtown.

Cole 30 1911 Torpedo Roadster taken in trade for 1912 model. Bargain price, easy terms if desired. Colt-Stratton Co., 2,000 Broadway.

Buick, 1911, five-passenger, windshield, five lamps, speedometer; perfect order. Box 44, Tel. 667, Hastings-on-Hudson.

8-10-Ton Truck, suitable any heavy work; for rent by month or sell on easy terms. M. Louis, 4511 Columbus.

CHALMERS "FORTY" TOURING car, rebuilt and repainted. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, New York.

Packards—Customers, $5-$20 day, as per hours; Philadelphia football, $3 hour. Murray Hill 610.

CHALMERS cars, rebuilt, repainted, and guaranteed. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, City.

35 Simplex, with Quinby Limousine, all fine order. J. M. Quinby & Co., 1,706 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

TIRES.—Complete stock of standard makes, both "firsts" and "seconds," at half and one-third of list prices; fresh, live goods and all sizes. Send for our "Tire PRICE WRECKER." TIMES SQ. AUTO CO., 1,710 B'way, 54th St. Phone 7366 Col.

AUTOMOBILE BODIES.

DON'T FREEZE! WINTER IS HERE!
Visit our Great "ARENA" full of
LIMOUSINE & LANDAULET BODIES,
Ready for your chassis or to order.
We have determined to clean out
600 Best Makes—New or 2d hand
☞AT PRICES THAT TALK!
Bodies that cost $750 to $2,500 at
☞$75 to $1,200.☜
Besides Plenty of all styles at
$150, $200, $300, $400, $500, &c.
Best finish, trim and painting—Complete job.
Positively cleaning out, so do not delay!
Broadway Auto Exchange's Body Department.
L. C. JANDORF, Pres.
124-126-128-130 West 56th St.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

PACKARDS AND RENAULTS, up-to-date limousines and landaulets, $2.50 by the hour; special rates for monthly contracts. The Harlem Auto Comp., 1,770 Madison Av. Tel. 804 Harlem.

For Hire.—Packards, 1910, landaulet, limousines, $3.50, $4 per hour; theatre calls, $5; lowest weekly, monthly rates. Backus. Telephone 6294 Lenox.

Packard laundaulet and limousine; private cars; special rates to costumers and theatre calls; careful drivers. Telephone 571—Stuyvesant.

Mora, new four-passenger; sell to satisfy our lien on easy terms. Tooker Storage and Forwarding Co., 28th St. and 11th Av.

Packard for hire; 7-passenger; Locomobile for hire; 4 passenger; $3 per hour; both fine appearance. 'Phone 6729 Columbus.

Beautiful limousine Packard, private ownership appearance, to rent monthly during Winter. Phone 7470 Col.

My Packard laundaulet car with chauffeur, afternoons or evenings during Winter. K 255 Times Downtown.

Packards—Powerful, magnificent, 7-passenger, $3-$4.50 hour; theatre $2 hour. Murray Hill 91.

BEAR ROBES.

Handsome pair bear robes, perfect condition; also elegant fur coat and fur-lined coat; no cash offer refused. 148 East 39th St.

Automobiles
Ready Reference for Buyers

ABBOTT-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, 1670 Broadway, cor. 52d St. Telephone 7166-7167 Columbus.

ALL Makes Bought, Sold & Exchanged Times Square Auto Co., 1710 Broadway.

BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.

BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.

CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.

CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.

EVERETT SELF-STARTING CARS. Shepherd Motor Car Co., Broadway, near 51st St.

FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,776 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.

KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4338 Col.

NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,922 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.

"SIMPLEX" "Made in N. Y. City," 1860-62 B'way. Tel. 5188 Col.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.

AUTOCAR. Auto Car Sales Co., 428-430—435-437 W. 19th St.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

SPLITDORF-MAGNETO Walton Av. & 138th St. Branch, 1,679 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. Individual road work. Small shop classes. Booklet. 305 West 57th St.

AUTOMOBILES.

BARGAINS IN HIGH-GRADE CARS.
45 Isotta Chain drive, 7-passenger Quinby body, with top and full equipment. Driven less than 6,000 miles. 45 shaft drive, driven less than 1,500 miles; new Quinby equipment. 10-14 Voiturette, a little beauty, with top.
J. M. QUINBY & CO.,
1,706 Broadway.

To Close Out, Less than Bargain Prices.
One new 1911, 50 Pennsylvania, with 5-passenger Quinby body; one new 25 Pennsylvania, with 5-passenger Quinby body; one 50 Demonstrator, 7-passenger body, with top.
J. M. QUINBY & CO.,
1,706 Broadway.

ON EXHIBITION AT 1,706 BROADWAY.
The new 1912 Isotta with brakes on front wheels and many other new features.
J. M. QUINBY & CO.

MOD. ☐ NO. ☐
COMPLETELY REBUILT AT FACTORY
DAYTON, OHIO ☐
SOLD SUBJECT TO THE SAME GUARANTEE AS NEW PRODUCT
THE DAYTON MOTOR CAR CO.
DAYTON, OHIO, U. S. A.

The above is a reproduction of plate attached to every car that is factory rebuilt by us, giving model, number, and date same was rebuilt. With the above guarantee you are perfectly safe in buying a used car. 30-40-50 H. P. cars in all types of bodies at half the original cost.
USED CAR DEPT., STODDARD MOTOR CO.,
225 West 57th St.

DELIVERY WAGONS

Rebuilt Garford chassis—30 and 40 H. P., with new delivery wagon bodies.

High-grade serviceable wagons, fully guaranteed by the manufacturer, at low cost. Ready for immediate use.

THE R. & L. COMPANY
GARFORD DISTRIBUTORS,
63d Street and Broadway, New York.

BANKERS DISCUSS COMMERCIAL PAPER

J. B. Martindale Urges Careful Inspection, F. J. Kent Favors Registration.

LAST DAYS AT NEW ORLEANS

Edwin Chamberlain Says Mexico Welcomes Capital — J. G. Brown Pleads for the Farmer.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 23.—Four different sections of the American Bankers' Association had their meetings to-day and elected officers. The general convention was adjourned to permit these meetings. The Trust Company Section meeting was in charge of President Oliver C. Fuller of Milwaukee. Officers of this section, in presenting reports, discussed banking conditions in their respective States.

The feature of the meeting of the Savings Bank Section was a symposium on savings bank auditing. This was conducted by A. B. Chapin of Boston.

The feature of the meeting of the State Secretaries Section was an address by Mrs. Helen M. Brown, Secretary of the Michigan Bankers' Association. Mrs. Brown is the only woman delegate in the convention.

E. B. Fancher of Cleveland conducted the meeting of the Clearing House Section.

James B. Martindale, President of the Chemical National Bank, New York, told of the business of a commercial bank. He said:

"After some years of experience, I am free to say that the personal equation has a great influence upon an officer of an institution in making his decision, and determining whether to say 'yes' or 'no' to a proposition. There is something about every man's personality that affects the man with whom he comes in contact, and no one, in my opinion, no matter how strong his own personality may be, is free from this influence to a greater or less extent. Sometimes we are wofully deceived in personalities, and it is well always, in my opinion, (and we have practiced it for a long time past) to have the credit department analyze carefully from a purely impersonal and cold-blooded standpoint the statements filed, eliminating entirely the personal element.

"In investing the funds of a bank, one's first thought is safety, but equally as important is that one should invest his institution's funds in flexible assets, and, in my opinion, there is no class of investments superior to a merchant's note of undoubted standing and responsibility. The panic of 1907 and its aftermath, with the small percentage of commercial failures and the gradual but steady liquidation which has taken place from that time up to the present time, prove conclusively that this class of investments, if examined thoroughly and selected carefully, is an ideal one.

"In conclusion, I would briefly summarize some of the safeguards to be employed in investing our funds:

"1. Know your man thoroughly and be frank with him.

"2. Examine his statements carefully.

"3. Examine closely his trade record.

"4. Examine his transactions with his banks and brokers.

"5. Be frank and truthful with the other fellows when they make inquiries of you.

"6. Above all, realize that you are the trustees for other people, and that it is not your own funds you are handling. This thought, I believe, is the best safeguard of all."

Fred I. Kent, Vice President of the Bankers' Trust Company, New York, discussed the registration of commercial paper. He said in part:

"First and foremost, the registration of commercial paper by trust companies makes a perfect audit possible, and without regard to any other protection afforded, this in itself would make such registration of the utmost value. In addition to furnishing the means to a satisfactory audit, registration affords those who examine the statement of a company, whose paper is being offered to them, an opportunity to see what obligations have been incurred by the issuing company since the date of the statement. Such information is not public property, but can be obtained by any banker interested. When so obtained, it is a trade secret, and it is safe to assume will be kept inviolate, as other similar matters are known to bankers.

"Judging from the number of companies which have already expressed their willingness to register their paper with a trust company, and those whose Boards of Directors are considering it at present, it would seem to be safe to predict that this system of protection will soon be generally recognized as being necessary to those who desire to issue commercial paper."

"If every worker could be induced to save what he now wastes or dissipates there would be small need for old-age pensions," declared William E. Knox, Controller of the Bowery Savings Bank of New York. Mr. Knox declared it as much the duty of the savings bank to accumulate an adequate surplus for the protection of its depositors as it is the duty of its depositors to provide against old age.

"During the past decade we have seen a tremendous growth in savings bank deposits, accompanied at the same time by a steady decline in the market value of even the best securities, so that to-day the percentage of surplus to deposits is much smaller than it has been. If we could be sure that the securities we hold would soon advance in value, we might not pay much attention to the matter. But we are neither prophets, nor the sons of prophets, and cannot see into the future.

"There is but one way in which to strengthen our surplus, in the face of growing deposits and diminishing values, and that is, to live well within our income. This is a doctrine that has been preached lately from the housetops, and it may be well that we take heed."

A. A. Jackson, Vice President of the Girard Trust Company, Philadelphia, in a paper on "The Protection of Property," said:

"This section has an admirable Committee on Protective Laws. I venture to suggest, Mr. President, that the committee take under consideration whether or not there is value in my belief that there will be served the interests of trust companies at large, that the property in their charge will be conserved, and that their reputation will be strengthened by moving in jurisdictions where existing laws are susceptible of betterment for

"A just and equitable single inheritance tax.

"The designation of classes of investment for trust funds, where the trustee is not given discretionary powers by the creator of the trust.

"The supervision of companies by the governments under which they hold their charters."

Joseph G. Brown, President of the Citizens' National Bank of Raleigh, N. C., spoke on "The Needs of the Farm." He said:

"The population of this country is 92,000,000 of people. Of these more than half, say, 49,000,000, live in the rural districts. There are nearly 1,000,000,000 acres of cultivated lands. The value of these lands, including buildings, amounts to more than $34,000,000,000, and their annual product is $9,000,000,000, or about as much as the entire resources of all our National banks. It would require only 10 per cent. of one year's product to pay the National bonded debt.

"The capital invested in agriculture exceeds that invested in either manufacturing or railroad enterprises. The man who tills the ground is, in these United States, creating wealth at the rate of $25,000,000 daily. How essential, then, that we bear in mind that no system of finance can be effective that does not embrace in its scope the needs of the agricultural sections! Back of all commerce, back of all banking, back of all manufacturing, back of all industry lies agriculture, the real basis of all prosperity.

"The average farmer has been the possessor of little else than his land, and our present laws forbid the lending by the banks on mortgaged security. This has forced the land owners into the hands of individual money lenders, many of whom have not been overmodest in their charges. The farmer has had no heavier burden to bear, and this is relieved by the provision in the proposed law that banks may lend on real estate.

"If this be followed by the universal adoption of the Torrens land title system, it will make available to the farmer as collateral practically every dollar's worth of his property.

"In the recent panic we were forced to call upon England to help us out of her gold reserve when in our own vaults there was stored six times as much as she possessed. The difference was that hers was concentrated and available, and the people knew it, while ours, larger than that of any other nation, was scattered among 25,000 different banks, and therefore of no service. With us the banks lost confidence in each other, there was no practical way of co-operation, the people knew it, and the blighting panic ensued."

Edwin Chamberlain of San Antonio, Texas, read a paper on Mexico. He said:

"Foreign capital and foreign interests in Mexico have an assured future. They are too deeply rooted, too thoroughly established, ever to be driven away or cast out, even if attempted. Invited to Mexico, foreign capital accepted in good faith the invitation, and now has no disposition to be thrown aside as useless and unwelcome, having served the purpose. Such an attitude in Mexico, however, is untenable and exceptional.

"Not the least hopeful phase for the future is the friendly attitude of the present administration toward foreign interests, probably due largely to the fact that President Madero, as well as various of his coadjutors, received at least a part of his education in the United States, and has been thrown constantly in more or less intimate association with Americans and Britons. It is notable and significant that during the recent troubles, Americans and Britons were almost entirely exempt from molestation, whether of person or property.

"Our Government has suffered recently the humiliation of having rejected by our neighbor on the north a reciprocity treaty which on its face seems more beneficial to her than to us. On the south we have another neighbor, with double the population, with resources undeveloped of immense possibilities, and having for sale what we do not raise, and buying very largely of what we do raise and have. Yet we are shut off by the absurd tariff, enforced by both countries, from the greatest way of trade, when this trade should be as free as between our States.

"If there is a country on the face of the globe with which reciprocity would be the proper thing, that country is Mexico. Further, it is safe to believe that Mexico would welcome with open arms this arrangement, since the facts show that, even with the hampering tariff, she gives the United States most of her foreign trade.

"Under the rule of President Diaz foreign capital was invited and protected; under the rule of President Madero, we are assured, it will have equal guarantees. The fact that during his revolution the Madero forces were equally vigilant with those of Diaz to protect foreign interests is evidential that, since his cause has won, President Madero's attitude will be still to extend to them the full protection of the Government."

The Trust Company Committee on Legislation made the following recommendations in its report:

That a trust company which is incorporated under the laws of any State, in accordance with the requirements of which it has been examined and has published statements of its condition, or, in the absence of such requirements of State laws, upon approval of the Executive Committee of the National Reserve Association, may subscribe to the capital stock of the National Reserve Association in the same manner and under the same conditions as prescribed for National banks, and such subscribing trust company shall become a member of a local association and have the same rights and privileges therein as if it were a National bank; provided—

That a trust company shall have an unimpaired surplus of not less than 20 per cent. of its capital, and if located in a city of 25,000 inhabitants or less shall have a paid-in capital of not less than $100,000, and in a larger city a proportionately greater capital up to $500,000 in a city of 500,000 inhabitants or more.

That it shall have and agree to maintain against its demand deposits a reserve of like character and proportion required of a National bank in the same location; provided, however, that deposits which it may have with a State bank, a savings bank, or a trust company, in a city designated in the National Banking act as a reserve city or a central reserve city, whose paid-in capital is not less than the minimum amount required for a National bank in such city, and in the case of a trust company not less than that heretofore specified for a trust company in such city, and which is a member of a local association, shall count as reserve in like manner and to the same extent as similar deposits of a National bank with National banks in such cities. Provided, further, that liabilities for deposits payable beyond thirty days, for savings deposits subject to notice of sixty days or more and for moneys held in trust which, under the conditions of the trust, are not made payable within thirty days shall not be subject to the reserve requirements provided for demand deposits.

That it shall agree to submit to such examinations and comply with such requirements as may from time to time be prescribed by the National Reserve Association.

The Committee on Methods and Systems of the Savings Bank Section reported interesting facts regarding the speed of tellers in receiving deposits. One bank reports 2 transactions a minute. Another 50 an hour by one teller. Another 100 an hour at the receiving teller's window. Another 400 transactions from 8:45 to 3:15. Another 450 in a business day with one teller and one bookkeeper. Another 425 deposits with four clerks in two hours.

CENTRAL RAILROAD ACCUSED.

Rutland Stockholders Charge It with Unfair Divisions of Joint Rates.

Details of alleged unfair traffic arrangements by which the New York Central, as controlling interest in the Rutland Railroad, obtained the lion's share of joint rates between the two roads are furnished to stockholders of the Rutland in a circular issued yesterday by the Delavan Committee of minority Rutland stockholders, of which Samuel Untermyer is Chairman. Two suits by Rutland stockholders are pending. One against individual Directors was brought in the United States Courts of Vermont for an accounting of profits alleged to have been made by them in selling securities to the Rutland and in other deals. The other suit, brought in the United States Court here, is against the New York Central on account of alleged unfair joint rates.

It is stated that since the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company obtained control of the Rutland in January, 1905, "a systematic policy of manifest unfairness in the division of joint rates has been pursued."

A table is appended giving instances in which the New York Central obtained the lion's share of joint rates.

Attention is called to such items as these:

The joint rate on a carload of lumber shipped from Burlington to Adams was $44. The Rutland for its haul of 183 miles got $22, and the New York Central for its haul of 40 miles received $22.50. The New York Central's share per mile was over four and a half times the Rutland's share.

The joint rate on a shipment of flour from Ogdensburg to St. Regis Falls was $40, of which the Rutland for its haul of 48 miles received $12.16, and the New York Central for its haul of 12 miles received $18.24. The New York Central's share per mile was six times the Rutland's share per mile.

On a shipment of paper from Norwood to Pittsfield the total freight was $68.82. The Rutland for its haul of 318 miles received $42.18, while the New York Central for its haul of 26 miles received $26.64—the latter's share per mile being more than seven times as much as the Rutland's share per mile.

It has also been found, the circular alleges, that much of the traffic on the northern part of the road has been diverted to New York Central lines at nearby points, which would naturally have traveled several hundred miles on the Rutland, thus giving almost the entire haul to the New York Central.

CALUMET & HECLA PAYS $6.

Dividends for 1911 Total $24, Compared with $29 for 1910.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—A quarterly dividend of $6 per share was declared to-day by the Directors of the Calumet & Hecla Mining Company. This is the same amount declared three months ago, while the dividend for the corresponding quarter last year was $7.

The total dividends for 1911, including that declared to-day, were $24, as compared with $29 in 1910.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The following is the forecast for Friday and Saturday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina and Georgia—Rain and colder Friday; Saturday fair; colder on the coast; brisk southerly shifting to northwesterly winds.

Florida—Rain Friday; colder in northern portion. Saturday fair; colder in the peninsula; brisk northwesterly winds.

Alabama—Clearing and much colder Friday. Saturday fair; rising temperature in northern portion; brisk northwesterly winds.

Mississippi and Louisiana—Fair and colder Friday. Saturday rising temperature in northern portions; brisk northwesterly winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair Friday. Saturday fair; warmer in northern portion; moderate to brisk northerly winds.

Western Texas and Utah—Fair Friday and Saturday.

Oklahoma—Fair Friday. Saturday fair, with rising temperature.

Arkansas—Fair Friday. Saturday; warmer.

Tennessee—Fair Friday. Saturday fair, with rising temperature.

Kentucky—Fair Friday; colder in eastern portion. Saturday fair, with rising temperature.

Ohio—Clearing and colder Friday. Saturday fair, with rising temperature; moderate northwesterly winds.

Indiana—Fair Friday; colder in extreme eastern portion. Saturday fair, with rising temperature; moderate northwesterly winds.

Illinois—Fair Friday. Saturday fair and warmer; moderate northwesterly winds, becoming variable.

Lower Michigan—Fair Friday; colder in eastern portion. Saturday fair, with rising temperature; moderate northwesterly winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair Friday; colder in eastern portion. Saturday fair, with rising temperature; moderate northwesterly winds, shifting to southwesterly.

Wisconsin—Fair Friday; warmer in western portion. Saturday fair and warmer; moderate northwesterly, shifting to southwesterly winds.

Minnesota—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday fair; moderate southwesterly winds.

Iowa and Missouri—Fair and rising temperature Friday and Saturday.

North and South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas—Fair and warmer Friday. Saturday fair.

Long Island Colony's Hunt.

Special to The New York Times.

WESTBURY, L. I., Nov. 23.—Members of the Long Island colony who are devoted to hunting met for the third hunt of the week at Brookville Church at 3:30 this afternoon. From a standpoint exclusively of sport the run was a fine one. Among those out were Miss Emory, Mr. Piercy, William G. Parks, and Henry Dreier. Running across the farm of Mr. Crocker, the hounds ran to East Norwich, due east; to Cold Spring and the check. They laid on again near Woodbury and ran in a westerly direction, crossing the main highway near Woodbury and the church and return to Syosset, after a run of ten miles.

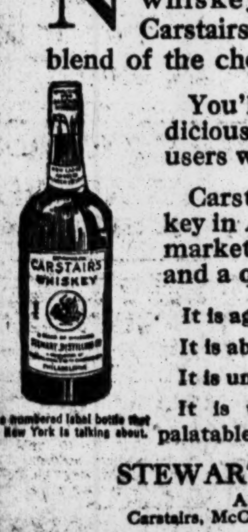
CARSTAIRS RYE
1788
1911
Hotel Imperial

Next time you order whiskey, order Carstairs Rye—a blend of the choicest old whiskies distilled.

You'll join the coterie of judicious and discriminating whiskey users who *always* drink Carstairs.

Carstairs Rye is the oldest whiskey in America. It has been on the market since 1788—nearly a century and a quarter.

It is aged in wood.
It is absolutely *pure*.
It is uniform.
It is the smoothest, mellowest, most palatable whiskey distilled.



The numbered label bottle that all New York is talking about.

STEWART DISTILLING CO.
A consolidation of Carstairs, McCall & Co. and Carstairs Bros.
Philadelphia New York Baltimore

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Advances General in the Principal Stock-Trading Centres of Other Cities.

MIXED IN PHILADELPHIA

Local Issues in That Market Show Marked Irregularity—Coppers Strong in Boston—Big Gains in Chicago.

Trading in the principal out-of-town stock markets yesterday was marked by general advances in the local issues, with the arbitrage shares following the lead of the market here.

Atlantic Coast Line convertible debenture 4s were again in demand in Baltimore, and were fractionally higher. Seaboard 4s, stamped, were firmer and rose ⅝. Maryland and Pennsylvania stock was less active and receded about a point, but the income bonds made a further advance of 1 point. There was no reliable explanation for the recent strength in these issues. Atlantic Coast Line of Connecticut made a further rise of 4 points, to 265.

Firmness of prices was more general in Boston, though the copper shares continued to hold the lead. Standard issues of this group advanced moderately, owing to a considerable volume of profit-taking sales, but specialties like St. Mary's, Live Oak, and Indiana, of which the supply was small, moved sharply upward, Live Oak gaining more than 3 points net. The price of the metal was raised to 13 cents by a leading selling agency, and while sales at the high price were reported as entirely by dealers, traders in the share market appeared confident that the market had turned and that producers will shortly realize a much higher price. Calumet and Hecla was strong between 405 and 410, and a number of minor properties were in demand. Arizona Commercial on the last day for deposit of stock for reorganization, sold at 15 cents, against a low record of 10 cents yesterday. The strength of the railroad list in Wall Street served to create a better tone in dealings in this group on the local board.

Under the leadership of two of its prominent stocks the Chicago market ruled strong and active. The features were furnished by Sears, Roebuck & Co. and Chicago Telephone, both of which scored large advances. Chicago Telephone, continuing its recent course, touched 138½, compared with a close Wednesday at 132¾, ending yesterday's session within a shade of the top.

Sears, Roebuck opened almost unchanged at 138⅞, and on trading of marked activity rose to 142⅞, easing off about a point before the close. It was stated that there was nothing in the developments of the mail order concern's business to warrant the course of the stock.

Diamond Match added a point to the previous closing price, and there were smaller gains in a number of the other issues.

One of the most variable sessions in some time occurred on the Philadelphia Exchange yesterday, with a big jump in the volume of trading. Substantial advances in Storage Battery and the local tractions on largely increased dealings were offset by heavy selling of Philadelphia Electric and marked depression in the Asphalt shares and Lake Superior. The arbitrage stocks were very strong, and closed near the day's best prices, as did Rapid Transit. Over 4,500 shares of the latter changed hands.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
85	At. C. L. of Conn.	265½	265	265
50	Augusta & A. E. pf.	76½	76½	76½
10	Bank of Baltimore	172½	172½	172½
200	Con. Power	94¼	94¼	94¼
185	Con. Power pf.	99½	99½	99½
400	Houston Oil ctfs.	8½	7⅞	8
460	Houston O. pf. ctfs.	70½	70	70½
290	Maryland & Penn	29½	28⅞	28⅞
25	Merchants' Bank	185	185	185
400	Seaboard Air Line	25½	25½	25½
200	Seaboard Co	27¾	27½	27¾
900	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	64⅝	64½	64⅝
150	Seaboard Co. 1st pf.	99	99	99
200	Virginia Ry. & P.	40¼	40¼	40¼
200	Va. Ry. & P. pf.	80	80	80
5	U. S. Fidelity	169	169	169

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	At. C. L. con. 4s	95¼	95¼	95¼
185,000	At. C. L. con. deb. 4s	102⅝	102½	102½
3,000	City & Sub. 5s	105½	105½	105½
2,000	Cotton Duck 5s	78½	78½	78½
1,000	Chicago Rys. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	G. B. S. Brewing 4s	39	39	39
1,000	Milwaukee Elec. 5s	105	105	105
1,000	Minn. & St. P. jt. 5s	105½	105½	105½
10,000	Md. & Penn. inc.	65	65	65
1,000	Norf. & P. Trac. 5s	89½	89½	89½
15,000	Seaboard adj. 5s	82¼	82	82
7,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	88¼	88	88¼
2,000	United Rys. 4s	85⅞	85⅜	85⅞
2,000	United Rys. inc.	64⅝	64½	64⅝
7,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	87⅝	87⅜	87⅜

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Boston Elevated	129	129	129
25	Boston Suburban	14½	14	14½
22	Boston Suburban pf.	75	75	75
2	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf.	111	111	111
20	Conn. & Pass. pf.	145	145	145
53	Fitchburg pf.	126⅝	126½	126½
970	Mass. Electric	23	22½	22⅝
682	Mass. Electric pf.	96	95	95
336	N. Y., N. H. & H.	143	142	143
9	Old Colony	190	190	190
15	Pere Marquette 1st pf.	45	45	45
137	Union Pacific	177¼	174½	177
30	Union Pacific pf.	93	93	93
2	West End	88	88	88
10	West End pf.	103½	103½	103½

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
971	American	142	141¼	141⅝
2,299	Cumberland	156½	154	156½
375	Mexican	4½	4	4½
5	New England	150	150	150

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
105	Am. Ag. Chem.	56	55	55½
117	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	102½	102½	102½
350	Am. Pneu. Service	4⅝	4½	4⅝
25	Amoskeag	79	79	79
187	Am. Sugar Ref.	119	117⅞	118¼
55	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	117¼	116	117¼
25	Am. Woolen pf.	88¼	88	88¼
50	East Boston Land	9¼	9¼	9¼
90	Eastern S. S.	118	118	118
10	Edison	287	287	287
25	General Electric	155½	155¼	155½
35	Ga. Ry. & Electric	159	159	159
146	Mass. Gas	91⅝	91⅜	91⅝
60	Mass. Gas pf.	96	95¾	95¾
93	N. E. Cotton Yarn	104	104	104
10	Pullman	160	159½	160
25	Reece Buttonhole	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
201	Swift	101⅛	100⅞	101⅛
50	Torrington	29½	29½	29½
200	United Land & Min.	75c	75c	75c
30	United Fruit	196	195½	196
1,228	United Fruit rights	17⅝	17⅜	17⅜
3,197	United Shoe Mach.	49½	48	49½
115	United Shoe Mach. pf.	27⅝	27½	27½
3,817	U. S. Steel	65	63½	65
10	U. S. Steel pf.	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Adventure	5¼	5¼	5¼
1,090	Algomah	5	4	4
580	Allouez	37½	36	37½
1,380	Amalgamated	64⅝	61½	64½
1,625	Am. Zinc	26	25½	25⅞
550	Arizona Com.	15c	10c	10c
110	Boston & Corbin	5½	5½	5½
15	Butte Balaklava	4½	4½	4½
405	Butte Coalition	18⅞	18	18
1,450	Calumet & Arizona	57	56½	57
33	Calumet & Hecla	410	405	408
45	Centennial	12¼	12¼	12¼
210	Chino	23⅞	23	23⅞
105	Copper Range	59½	59	59
20	Daly-West	5½	5⅜	5⅜
2,382	East Butte	12⅝	12	12⅝
25	Elm River	15c	15c	15c
1,042	Franklin	9¼	8⅝	9
1,300	Giroux	4 13-16	4⅝	4⅝
235	Granby Con.	31½	31⅛	31⅛
2,872	Greene-Cananea	8¼	8	8¼
30	Hancock	22⅝	22½	22½
100	Helvetia	1½	1¼	1½
795	Indiana	12	10½	12
700	Inspiration	8⅝	8½	8⅝
230	Island Creek	40	40	40
3	Island Creek pf.	87	87	87
480	Isle Royale	18⅞	18	18⅞
1,070	Keweenaw	$1	98c	98c
724	Lake	35¼	33⅝	35
495	Lasalle	5⅝	5¼	5¼
1,830	Live Oak	31	27½	30
40	Mason Valley	9	9	9
485	Mass. Con.	7⅝	7¼	7⅝
187	Mayflower	2⅝	2¼	2¼
125	Miami	22⅝	22⅜	22⅝
195	Michigan	2½	2½	2½
85	Mohawk	49	48	49
873	Nevada Con.	19	18⅝	18⅞
686	New Arcadian	3¼	3	3¼
70	Nipissing	7⅝	7½	7⅝
835	North Butte	24⅞	24¼	24⅞
485	North Lake	6¼	5⅞	6¼
510	Ojibway	4⅝	4¼	4⅝
550	Old Colony	2½	2⅜	2½
120	Old Dominion	47	46½	46½
60	Osceola	97	97	97
34	Parrot	12	10⅞	12
90	Quincy	66	65	66
2,015	Ray Con.	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝
550	Shannon	10⅛	9	10⅛
5	Shattuck & Arizona	15½	15½	15½
730	St. Mary's Land	53⅝	51	52½
335	Superior	28	26⅞	28
50	Superior & Boston	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝
380	Tamarack	28⅞	27	28⅞
441	Trinity	5⅛	5	5⅛
100	Tuolumne	3¾	3½	3½
2,085	U. S. Smelting	36	34½	36
679	U. S. Smelting pf.	48	47	48
100	Utah Apex	2½	2½	2½
955	Utah Con.	17⅝	16	17⅝
415	Utah Copper	51½	51	51¼
65	Winona	6	5⅞	6
16	Wolverine	90½	90½	90½
1,275	Wyandotte	50c	30c	40c

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
8,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	111	111	111
1,000	A. G. & W. I. S.S. 5s	66½	66½	66½
3,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
3,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	99¼	99	99¼
3,000	West. Tel. & Tel. 5s	99¾	99½	99¾

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
250	American Can	11⅜	10½	11¼
150	American Can pf.	91	90½	91
21	Chi. Pneu. Tool	45¼	45¼	45¼
350	Chi. Rys., Series 2	33	32½	33
10	Chi. Rys., Series 3	11	11	11
100	Chicago Subway	½	½	½
1,222	Chicago Telephone	138½	132¾	138¼
120	Com. Edison	135	134⅝	135
145	Diamond Match	105½	105	105½
50	Illinois Brick	57	57	57
16	McCrum-Howell	41½	41½	41½
90	McCrum-Howell pf.	93½	93	93½
10	Nat. Carbon pf.	120	120	120
30	People's Gas	105⅝	105¼	105⅝
10	Quaker Oats pf.	105¼	105¼	105¼
2,870	Sears-Roebuck	142⅞	138⅞	141⅞
70	Sears-Roebuck pf.	121	121	121
145	Swift & Co.	101	100⅞	101
800	U. S. Steel	64⅝	63⅝	64⅝
25	Western Stone	14	14	14
90	Hart Schaffner pf.	102	101⅞	102

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
5,000	Chi. Rys. collat. 6s	100½	100½	100½
11,000	Com. Edison 5s	103	103	103
2,000	Com. Edison 5s	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
3,000	Dia. Match deb. 6s	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜
3,000	Dia. Match deb. 6s	107	107	107

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.02	Julia	.20
Alpha Con.	.05	Justice	.05
Andes	.11	Kentucky Con.	.08
Belcher	.50	Mexican	3.62½
Best & Belcher	.12	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.06	Ophir	1.60
Caledonia	.79	Overman	.75
Challenge Con.	.20	Potosi	.14
Chollar	.11	Savage	.28
Confidence	.58	Seg. Belcher	.20
Con. Cal. & Va.	.66	Sierra Nevada	.42
Con. Imperial	.03	Union Con.	1.42½
Crown Point	.06	Utah Con.	.08
Gould & Curry	.08	Yellow Jacket	.61
Hale & Norcross	.16		
TONOPAH.		Goldfield Con. M.	4.45
Belmont	8.15	Goldfield Merger	.21
Jim Butler	.23	Great Bend	.03
McNamara	.25	Jumbo Extension	.20
Midway	.25	Lone Star	.05
Montana	.93	Red Hills	.05
North Star	.32	Sandstorm Kendall	.03
Tonopah Extension	1.10	St. Ives	.35
West End	.78	Silver Pick	.07
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	2.50
Adams	.01	BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.17	Bullfrog Mining	.01
Blue Bell	.02	Bullfrog Nat. B.	.01
Combination Fract.	.15	Homestake King	.01
Booth	.07	Montgomery Mtn.	.01
C. O. D.	.14	Tramps Cons.	.02
Florence	.70		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	7¼	8	McKinney	52	55
Elkton	73¾	74	Old Gold	4	4½
El Paso	75	76	Portland	98	100
Findlay	7	7½	Vindicator	75	76
Gold Dollar	16½	18	Jen. Samp.	7¾	8½
Isabella	13⅝	14			
Jackpot	6½	7			

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
32	Alliance Ins	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
10	Amal. Copper	63½	63½	63½
78	American Rys	46	45¾	46
813	Cambria Steel	43¾	43⅝	43¾
8	Electric Co. of Am.	12	12	12
1,988	Electric Stor. Battery	55	53½	54¼
500	Gen. Asphalt	33	33	33
20	Gen. Asphalt pf.	72½	72¼	72½
43	Lake Superior Corp.	27	26¼	26¼
5	Lehigh Nav	91	91	91
290	Lehigh Valley	90	89¼	90
10	Lehigh Tran. pf.	24¼	24¼	24¼
14	Minehill	60¼	60¼	60¼
660	P. R. T.	24	23½	24
5,170	P. R. T. t ctfs.	24	23⅝	24
121	Penn. R. R.	61 5-16	61⅛	61¼
10	Philadelphia Co	53	53	53
20	Phil. Co. pf.	43¾	43¾	43¾
2,158	Philadelphia Electric	15½	15¼	15½
31	Philadelphia Traction	84¼	84¼	84¼
2,690	Reading	76 9-16	75 11-16	76½
10	Reading 2d pf.	48	48	48
785	Southern Ry	31¼	30⅝	31¼
108	Tonopah Belmont	8 5-16	8	8
110	Tonopah Mining	7	7	7
225	U. G. Imp.	86½	86¼	86½
8,504	U. S. Steel	65	63½	64⅝
2,888	Union Traction	52⅝	51⅞	52⅝
15	Warwick I. & S.	10½	10½	10½
39	W. J. & S. S.	53½	53⅜	53½

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Crucible Steel	11½	11½	11½
355	Crucible Steel pf.	81	80½	81
70	Mfrs.' L. & H.	24¾	24¾	24¾
275	Ohio Fuel Oil	8½	8⅛	8⅛
27	Ohio Fuel Supply	43½	43½	43½
10	Oklahoma Gas	65½	65½	65½
110	Pittsburgh Brewing	10½	10⅜	10⅜
10	Pittsburgh Brew. pf.	40	40	40
120	Pittsburgh Plate G.	105	105	105
454	Pure Oil	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
3,700	San Toy	44c	44c	44c
50	U. S. Steel	65	64⅛	64⅛
20	West. Airbrake	153½	153½	153½
88	West. Electric pf.	59	59	59
10	West. Machine	22	22	22

BANK.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
18	Bank of Pitts., N. A.	114¾	114¾	114¾

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	Pittsburgh deb. 5s	88¼	88	88¼
11,000	River Coal 6s	115	115	115
3,000	West. Penn. Ry. 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
2d week Nov.	$66,352	$57,109	$9,242
July 1-Nov. 14	1,226,136	1,023,809	202,327

NORTHERN OHIO TRACTION & LIGHT—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
2d week Nov.	40,347	36,687	3,660
Jan. 1-Nov. 14	1,972,352	1,820,928	151,424

TWIN CITY LINES—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
2d week Nov.	143,019	143,518	*499
Jan. 1-Nov. 14	6,719,339	6,487,405	231,934

*Decrease.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE for the year ended ended June 30—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross op. rev.	31,622,449	29,810,268	26,144,064
Op. exp. & tax	21,727,787	19,823,117	18,062,899
Net revenue	9,894,662	9,987,151	8,081,165
Other income	3,167,104	2,947,156	2,519,873
Total income	13,061,766	12,934,307	10,601,038
Int., rent, &c.	5,631,736	5,941,053	5,972,259
Surplus	7,430,030	6,993,254	4,628,779
Dividends	3,487,789	3,239,937	2,749,398
Surplus	3,942,241	3,753,317	1,879,387

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC for the year ended June 30—

Gross	9,205,405	9,079,471	7,826,982
Exp. and taxes	6,387,117	5,783,441	5,319,683
Net	2,818,288	3,296,030	2,507,299
Other income	440,101	308,474	144,605
Total income	3,258,389	3,604,504	2,651,904
Int., rent, &c.	1,353,018	1,406,980	1,456,905
Balance	1,905,371	2,197,523	1,194,999
*Imp. additions	606,671	1,475,959	618,475
Balance	1,298,699	721,564	576,524
Preferred div.	122,670	122,670	118,889
Balance	1,176,029	598,894	397,635
Prev. surplus	2,718,580	933,419	761,238
Total surplus	3,894,609	1,532,313	1,158,873
Com. div.	150,000	150,000	150,000
Sun. adj. cr.	332,285	†1,336,266	‡75,454
P. and L. surp.	4,076,894	2,718,580	933,419

*Improvements, additions, and betterments which revert to lessor.

†Includes $1,388,434 adjustment of equipment to basis of cost of value of July 1, 1904. ‡Debit.

THE LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN for the quarter ended Sept. 30—

Total op. rev.	13,164,697	13,187,250	12,486,004
Total op. exp.	7,392,521	8,958,313	7,278,767
Net rev.	5,772,175	4,228,937	5,207,237
Net other op.	11,983	*15,007	*18,807
Total net	5,784,161	4,214,929	5,188,430
Tax accrd.	405,000	443,869	375,000
Oper. inc.	5,379,161	3,771,059	4,813,430
Non-op. inc.	1,488,943	1,488,667	1,117,692
Gross inc.	6,868,104	5,259,727	5,931,122
Total deduc.	2,973,324	2,225,209	3,339,203
Net inc.	3,894,780	3,034,518	2,591,919

*Debit.

ROCHESTER, SYRACUSE & EASTERN for the quarter ended Sept. 30—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Total op. rev.	222,172	199,745	22,427
Total op. exp.	94,908	85,252	9,656
Net op. rev.	127,264	114,493	12,771
Taxes accrued	7,800	6,000	1,800
Op. income	119,464	108,493	10,971
Tot. ded. fr. inc.	88,540	83,534	5,006
Net corp. inc.	30,923	24,959	5,964

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN LIGHT & TRACTION for October—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Gross	367,641	353,685	13,847
Expenses	10,757	11,128	8,865
Net	356,884	345,559	304,982
10 mos. gross	3,293,344	3,009,842	2,619,970
Expenses	94,626	100,550	88,055
10 mos. net	3,198,718	2,909,292	2,531,914

VICTOR-AMERICAN FUEL CO. (Denver, Col.) for the lear ended June 30—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Gross earnings	3,592,344	3,669,070	76,726
Expenses	2,788,625	2,832,720	44,096
Net	803,719	836,350	32,631
Other income	75,891	86,900	11,009
Total income	879,610	923,250	43,640
Charges, taxes, depr., &c.	368,922	402,821	33,899
Surplus	510,688	520,429	9,741
Dividends	470,000	305,000	*165,000
Surplus	40,688	215,429	174,741

*Increase.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Prices on London Exchange Irregular—Tone Steady in Paris.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Money is tightening, and discount rates were firmer to-day.

The stock market was inactive and irregular. Consols were offered and declined in the forenoon, but they recovered later, and closed 1-16 higher. Copper shares reacted on realizing prior to the settlement, but home rails and Kaffirs hardened. The new Chilean loan was oversubscribed two hours after the list was opened.

American securities were dull and irregular during the forenoon. Most of the list held about parity, but light liquidation caused losses in several shares. In the afternoon Southern Railway preferred advanced 2 and Louisville & Nashville 3½ points, on New York buying, but the other shares sagged. The closing was dull.

Money, 2½@2¾ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3¾ per cent.; for three months' bills 3 9-16@3⅝ per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 8.45; at Lisbon, 10.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—Trading was quiet and prices were steady on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 95f 55c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 23c for checks.

Private discount rate, 3½ per cent.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—Prices opened higher on the Boerse to-day. The market reacted later and closed below the best.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 47 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 3 per cent.

Private discount rate, 4⅝ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	78⅝	..	..	−1-16
Consols, account	78 7-16	..	..	−1-16
Anaconda	8¼	40¼	40¼	..
Atchison	110	107	107½	− ½
Canadian Pacific	245¼	238⅞	239⅜	− ⅞
St. Paul	114¼	111⅛	111⅜	+ ⅜
Erie	33½	32⅝	32⅝	..
Erie 1st pf.	54½	52⅞	52⅝	+ ⅛
Illinois Central	145	141¼	..	..
Louis. & Nash.	164	160	156⅝	+ 3⅝
N. Y. Central	111¼	108⅛	108⅜	− ⅜
Pennsylvania	62⅝	122⅛	122⅛	− ¼
Reading	77⅝	151¼	152	− ⅛
Southern Pacific	116⅞	113⅝	113⅞	− ⅝
Union Pacific	178¾	174⅛	174⅞	− ¼
U. S. Steel	65¼	63⅜	64	− ½
U. S. Steel pf.	112¼	109⅛	109⅝	+ ⅛

Exchange 4.87.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 10 0	Esperanza	1 12 6
Tomboy	1 2 6	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 2 6	Stratton's Ind.	0 2 0

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£782,000
Circulation increased	55,000
Bullion increased	837,206
Other securities increased	198,000
Other deposits decreased	1,179,000
Public deposits increased	2,183,000
Notes reserve increased	750,000
Government securities unchanged.	

The proportion of the Bank's reserve to liability this week is 51.04 per cent.; last week it was 50.50 per cent.

Rate of discount, unchanged at 4 per cent.

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation decreased	74,425,000
Treasury deposits increased	32,600,000
General deposits increased	45,925,000
Gold in hand increased	13,500,000
Silver in hand increased	5,650,000
Bills discounted decreased	19,775,000
Advances decreased	10,025,000

DISMISSES COTTON GIN SUIT.

After Court Action Hammond's Lawyer Explains His Position.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23. — Justice Wright, in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, dismissed to-day the suit of Willard D. Doremus and Addison G. Du Bois against the National Cotton Improvement Company, John Hays Hammond, Daniel J. Sully, and others. The complaint charged the company and its officers and Directors with fraud against Doremus, the inventor of a new cotton gin, and Du Bois, his partner, in its exploitation. The company acquired the patent rights of the gin from Doremus.

Justice Wright found that Sully was in collusion with the plaintiffs, if not the actual fomenter of the action. Sully admitted all the material charges in the complaint, but Mr. Hammond defended the action, which was brought a short time before he went to Great Britain to act as special ambassador to the coronation of King George. Hammond's lawyer, William Woodward Baldwin, said:

"Mr. Sully caused to be incorporated the General Cotton Securities Company with an authorized capital stock of $10,000,000 to take over the National Cotton Improvement Company, which controlled the patent rights. He sought to have Mr. Hammond prominently identify himself with the Securities Company, claiming that the demonstrations of the commercial qualities of the gin had been in all respects satisfactory.

"Mr. Hammond held off for the reason that few of the experts employed by Sully were known personally to him, and he refused positively to permit the exploitation or sale of any stock until a convincing demonstration in the field had been made. He did not want to have the corporation financed until a practical demonstration had been made with the new gin.

"Sully strongly dissented from this position, and finally announced his intention of selling the stock to the public independent of Mr. Hammond. Mr. Hammond told him that if he undertook to sell stock in the invention in its present form he would publish a repudiation of any prospectus which might be put out setting forth his connection with the enterprise, and that the gin was a commercial success.

"On this question of going to the public with the enterprise, while, according to Mr. Hammond, the invention was still in an experimental form, the relations between Mr. Sully and Mr. Hammond were finally severed. Soon after this occurred the action was instituted by Doremus and Du Bois, who is a Washington patent lawyer, in which the National Cotton Improvement Company, Mr. Sully, and Mr. Hammond were all joined as defendants.

"The records of the case show that Mr. Sully as Vice President of the National Cotton Improvement Company appeared and put in an answer admitting all the allegations of the bill, including the allegation of fraud, and that he also put in an answer individually, admitting the allegation of fraud."

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, specials, lb, 36c; extras, 35c; firsts, 31@33c; seconds, 29@30c; thirds, 26@28c; held, specials, 33@33½c; extras, 31@32c; firsts, 29@30c; seconds, 28@28½c; thirds, 26@27c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 32@33c; good to prime, 28@31c; common to fair, 23@27c; process, specials, 25½@26c; extras, 24½@25c; firsts, 23½@24c; seconds, 22@22½c; factory, current make, firsts, 22½@23c; seconds, 21½@22c; thirds, 20@21c; packing stock, June make, 21½@22c; current make, No. 2, 21c; No. 3, 18½@19c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, September and earlier, specials, lb, 15½c; average fancy, 15@15¼c; whole milk, current make, specials, 14¾@15c; average fancy, 14½c; undergrades, 12¾@14¼c; daisies, September, and earlier, best, 15½c; current make, best, 15c; State, skims, September and earlier, specials, 13c; choice, 11¼@12c; current make, specials, 12¼@12½c; choice, 11@11½c; all makes, good to prime, 9½@10½c; common, 5@8c; hard skims, 2@3c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 40@42c; extra firsts, 36@38c; firsts, 33@35c; seconds, 28@32c; thirds, 23@27c; held, fresh, poor to fair, 23@27c; fresh gathered, dirties, No. 1, 21@22c; No. 2, 18@20c; prime, checks, 19@20c; poor to fair, 16@18c; refrigerators, special marks, fancy, local storage, charges paid, 23c; firsts, local storage, charges paid, 22@22½c; seconds, local storage, 20½@21½c; thirds, and poorer, 16@20c; dirties, 14@18½c; State, Pennsylvania and near by, hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 50@55c; selected white, fair to good, 45@48c; badly mixed, 35@40c; Hennery browns, 40@42c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 33@39c; Western, gathered whites, 35@45c.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—The wheat market was dull and heavy most of the session, showing a little rally at the close. There was pressure on the cash and near-by deliveries, and when orders had to be executed prices gave way, but rallied on an effort to buy. The news was construed bearishly. Receipts were heavy, with further accumulation in Northwestern stocks, and there were reports of very slow demand in the American Northwest for milling wheat and of slow trade in flour. On the other hand, there were reports of good business in Canadian flour. Conditions for the new Winter wheat crop were reported favorable, and it is making good progress under satisfactory conditions. The foreign news was of dull and lower markets in nearly all points. A break at Antwerp in Argentine wheat was considered somewhat significant of better Argentine conditions. The reports regarding the Argentine situation received directly were somewhat conflicting. There were some claims of black rust, but, in the main, favorable prospects were maintained. Australian advices were of needed rain in Australia, relieving the crop situation there. Speculation is dormant in the market at present, and operators generally are awaiting some change in the general situation, which will give a clue to the next important movement in values. Cash wheat was dull, with only seven loads of Manitoba wheat reported for export. Quotations were: No. 2 red, 99c; No. 1 Northern, $1.13½; No. 2 hard, Winter, $1.05; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.10.

CORN was dull and easier, closing at about ½c a bushel net decline. Weather conditions were somewhat better for gathering the crop, and the reports on the progress of field work indicate fairly satisfactory advancement in this respect. Cash corn was dull and easier, while the demand was of limited volume. The interior movement of corn has increased nearly 1,000,000 bushels in four days, compared with last week, and this gain in the movement is having some influence on values. Cash corn was dull, with no export business reported. No. 2 corn was quoted at 70¾c, free on board, January to March loading.

OATS.—Trading was very slow again, and prices showed small net decline. There was some pressure on the market, the result of the decline in other grain, but receipts have fallen off of late, and the moderate movement is having considerable influence on values. Cash oats were steady, with standards and No. 3 white quoted at 54c; No. 2 white, 54½c.

PROVISIONS.—Dealings in hog products were quiet, with prices showing a little decline in values. There seemed to be some realizing, with an indifferent volume of cash trade reported. Hog receipts were not quite as large as they have been, but they seem to have little or no influence on the market. Packing for the past week was 537,000, compared with 575,000 last year.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	$1.00	99⅝	99¾	$1.00
May	1.04⅝	$1.04½	$1.04⅝	1.05
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	9.35@9.55	9.35
November	..	..	9.35@9.55	9.35
December	..	..	9.35@9.55	9.35
January	..	..	9.45@9.60	9.35
March	..	..	9.50@9.60	9.35

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	95⅝	94½	95¼	95⅝
May	$1.01	$1.00¼	$1.00⅝	$1.00⅞
July	94⅞	94½	94⅝	94⅞
Corn—				
December	64⅞	64¼	64⅜	64⅞
May	65⅝	64⅞	64⅞	65¼
July	65¼	64⅝	64⅝	65¼
Oats—				
December	47¾	47¼	47⅜	47⅝
May	50¼	49⅝	49⅞	50¼
July	46½	46⅛	46¼	46⅝
Lard—				
November	9.20	9.15	9.15	9.20
December	9.22½	9.17½	9.17½	9.22½
January	9.37½	9.35	9.35	9.40
May	9.62½	9.57½	9.57½	9.62½
Ribs—				
January	8.57½	8.52½	8.52½	8.60
May	8.85	8.77½	8.77½	8.82½
July	8.80	8.77½	8.77½	8.80
Pork—				
January	16.37½	16.25	16.25	16.40
May	16.85	16.72½	16.72½	16.85
July	..	..	16.80	..

COTTONSEED OIL.

Fluctuations and transactions were void of significance during yesterday's session. Sentiment continues extremely bearish, but there is little aggressiveness in this direction. Tenders of 2,000 barrels of November were reported, and with Saturday the last day for deliveries, it is the belief that fully 25,000 barrels of oil will have been put out to fill contracts of the current options. A somewhat easier tendency of the lard market failed to exert influence, but in view of the fact that the sharp spurt on Wednesday in hog products was ignored, the indifference with which the decline was received was quite natural. Crude showed little change, and apparently offerings continue about commensurate with the demand from all quarters. Crude quoted at 4.34 to 4.40.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.65	5.50
November	5.80	5.80	5.73	5.60
December	5.55	5.55	5.55	5.55
January	5.57	5.55	5.56	5.55
February	..	..	5.58	5.56
March	5.60	5.60	5.61	5.59
April	5.67	5.64	5.66	5.64
May	5.70	5.70	5.70	5.70

COTTON.

With net price changes for the day two advance to two decline, the opening one to four points higher, and the maximum difference between the high and low of any one month five points, the inactivity of the session is best shown. News continues of a routine character and, in absence of incentive, speculative operations are being conducted on an unimportant scale. The deadlock between Southern holders and members of the spinning industry gives little indication of being at an end, so that, in absence of inspiration from these sources, the trade is inclined to await the coming ginning reports and other information pertaining to the size of this crop.

It is expected that to the early part of December there will be numerous private estimates, The Memphis Commercial Appeal being due to-day, while The New Orleans Times-Democrat will promulgate their estimate next Monday. Rumors circulated that The Appeal's estimate will be conservatively bullish, as compared with present ideas, but there was nothing definite known in this respect. It was also said that Miss Giles had estimated the crop at 14,300,000 bales, but authentic denials were forthcoming. It is a fact, however, that several interests which have been predicting a total of 13,000,000 bales of cotton ginned to Dec. 1 have been modifying their views and are now anticipating about 12,700,000 bales, which total, however, if realized, cannot be construed other than bearish.

Cables from Liverpool were a shade higher than expected at the outset and caused the slight advances. Not much significance is placed on the foreign advices from day to day excepting that the Chinese situation is not reflected in undue apprehension in the foreign markets. Private cables told of the probability of Bombay spinners taking 250,000 more bales of American cotton this season than in previous years. Spot concerns locally were inclined to credit these advices to some extent, owing to the shortage of about 500,000 bales in India, as compared with last season, and to the prevalence of high prices in that country, which enables American low grades to compete actively. The trade reports from the Continent continue fairly optimistic, and an undertone of firmness is still commented upon as existing in the local and other Eastern dry goods markets, although business is still limited.

Weather conditions were less favorable in the Central West for picking, with rains predicted for the Eastern States over night, to be followed by a cold wave. Into sight figures of about 50,000 bales more than last week are expected to-day. Storm warnings were posted along the Gulf and Texas Coast, but fears on this account were not great. First delivery day for December contracts will be on next Tuesday, with fair tenders looked for, and which are expected to be finally stopped by prominent spot concerns to augment the local stocks. These at present amount to only 56,000 bales, against 140,000 bales a year ago. The "Thompson plan" to valorize cotton is still under discussion but devoid of market influence, although some reports from the Southwest indicated that holders viewed it with favor. September markets were generally unchanged.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	9.21@9.23	9.20
December	9.28	9.24	9.26@9.27	9.25
January	9.10	9.06	9.06@9.07	9.08
February	..	..	9.11@9.13	9.12
March	9.21	9.17	9.17@9.18	9.18
April	..	..	9.20@9.22	9.21
May	9.28	9.24	9.25@9.26	9.24
June	9.32	9.32	9.28@9.30	9.27
July	9.35	9.30	9.31@9.32	9.31
August	9.35	9.35	9.33@9.34	9.32
September	9.35	9.33	9.34@9.36	9.33
October	9.38	9.35	9.37@9.38	9.35

COFFEE.

Coffee was firmer, first prices being 9 to 13 points higher, followed by a further advance of a few points on buying for foreign account. Havre was firm, with an advance early of 1@1¾ francs, closing at ¾@1½ francs higher, Hamburg was unchanged to ¼ pfennig higher, while Brazil was 75 to 150 reis lower early. The special cable showed a rally of 100 points for Santos 4s. There was a sale of 3,000 bags of Bourbon 4s at 15.40, which was considered a very low price, and Santos 6s are offered at 14¾, 7s at 14¼, while Rio 7s were here at 14.05. Late in the day there was a slight reaction, but the close was steady at a net advance of 5 to 14 points, with total sales of 80,250 bags.

Spot coffee quiet at 14¾c for Rio 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	....	....	14.31@14.32	14.26
December	14.35	14.31	14.31@14.32	[illegible]
January	13.95	13.94	13.94@13.95	13.80
February	....	....	13.78@13.79	13.64
March	13.49	13.45	13.48@13.49	13.36
April	....	....	13.40@13.41	13.28
May	13.34	13.20	13.33@13.34	13.21
June	....	....	13.31@13.32	13.19
July	13.31	13.27	13.29@13.30	13.18
August	....	....	13.28@13.29	13.17
September	13.30	13.22	13.26@13.27	13.16
October	....	....	13.26@13.27	13.15

Coggeshall AND Hicks
BANKERS.
High Grade Investment Bonds
115 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

Investors Who Know Us

One of the reasons why investors who know us favor securities which we offer is that unlike many other banking houses we ourselves have a heavy cash interest in the equity behind each individual security. This in itself is a guarantee of proper and efficient management.

We offer only the securities of Public Utility corporations which we control permanently and operate. One of our first mortgage bonds is now selling to yield 6%.

Write for circular.

Meikleham & Dinsmore
Engineers and Bankers
437 Chestnut St., Phila. 25 BROAD ST., NEW YORK. 60 State St., Boston.

EXCHANGE

We will recommend the advantageous exchange of several old line high grade railroad stocks, increasing the security and income returns.

Particulars upon request

Chisholm & Chapman,
71 BROADWAY, N. Y.
(Members of the New York Stock Exchange)

Conservative Investment

THERE is no greater incentive towards thrift and economy than that induced by conservative investment. It is a mistake to imagine, however, that conservative investment is to be determined by surface conditions alone. Margin of safety, stability of earnings, marketability, interest rates and other important factors all have a bearing upon safe and profitable investment.

Write for Bond Circular No. 840, "Investment Securities."

Spencer Trask & Co.
Investment Bankers.
43 Exchange Place, New York.

A Striking Comparison

As the average bonded debt of American railroads exceeds $35,000 a mile, the first mortgage bonds of a steam railroad issued at $9,000 a mile should appeal to conservative investors. Earnings are at the rate of double interest charges and the bonds YIELD 5.25%.

Circular on request.

F. J. Lisman & Co.
Members New York & Chicago Stock Exchanges
30 Broad St., New York
Philadelphia Chicago Baltimore Hartford

GUARANTEED BONDS
Tax Exempt in New York State
TO YIELD 6%
Write us to-day for full information.
Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
New York 21 Broad Street
Chicago First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

WANTED.
200 American Coal Products
100 Babcock & Wilcox
100 Brooklyn Union Elevated Com.
200 Cuban-American Sugar Com.
100 Shredded Wheat Com.
500 Toledo Rys. & Light
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
New York 30 Broad St.
Boston 50 Congress St.
Private telephones between New York and Boston.

BORDEN'S COND. MILK
COMMON & PREFERRED
Gilbert Eliott & Co.
34 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 855

High Grade Investment Bonds
Send for Descriptive Circular.
Rhoades & Company
Members New York Stock Exchange
5 Wall St. Bankers New York

McCURDY HENDERSON & CO
BANKERS
24 Nassau Street
Members New York Stock Exchange.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Sharp Rise in Many Stocks as Trading Expands Further in Volume.

UNION PACIFIC LEADS RISE

Talk of Possible Resort to Segregation Plan Stimulates the Advance —More Gold Taken.

Prices moved up sharply yesterday in a number of important stocks, and this further rise was accompanied by a substantial expansion in the volume of trading. Talk of the early resort by the Union Pacific management to the plan for the separation of the company's investment assets from its railroad operations had a good deal to do with stimulating the trading enthusiasm which found reflection in a net gain of 3⅛ points in Union Pacific and lesser though still large net gains in a good many other stocks. Even in quarters where it is considered most probable that eventually the Union Pacific will carry out this plan, which was first broached the year after the increase in the Union Pacific's dividend rate to 10 per cent., it is recognized that no such step is likely to be resorted to until the Supreme Court has had an opportunity to pass upon the appeal which the Government has taken from the decision of the lower court in favor of the company in the Federal suit undertaken for the purpose of forcing the separation of the Southern Pacific from the Union Pacific system. Ever since 1906, when the present dividend rate was established, it has been felt in some quarters that the company has been subjected to unnecessary criticism on the ground that the dividend rate was unusualy high. It is known, of course, that 4 per cent. of this 10 per cent. rate is being paid out of earnings from investments and not from the operations of the Union Pacific Railroad system itself. One object which would be accomplished by the separation which was being so much talked about yesterday would be to make much clearer the fact that all of the present dividend over 6 per cent. is being paid out of the income from Treasury assets.

The revival of still another suggestion of railroad capital readjustment which has been discussed at intervals for several years contributed to the strength which Louisville & Nashville displayed yesterday in its net gain of 3½ points. Atlantic Coast Line made a further gain of 2⅜ under the combined influence of the recently increased dividend and of the suggestion of a capital readjustment by the Louisville & Nashville, which would accrue to the benefit of the Atlantic Coast Line as majority holder of the former stock. These are matters which helped favorably to shape stock market sentiment even though in best informed quarters they were not regarded as likely of the early fulfillment which the Street was predicting for them yesterday. The recent course of the market, which had indicated a pretty thoroughly liquidated position, paved the way for the further improvement which took place yesterday, and the day's rumors regarding these railroad properties more likely served merely to stimulate the advance than to explain its occurrence.

The shipment of more gold to Canada increased by about $1,250,000, the loss which the banks had previously suffered since the publication of last Saturday's bank figures, but the apathy of the money market suggested that less inroad is being actually made on the surplus reserve of the banks than is indicated by the gold outflow in the absence of information regarding the other cash movements which may possibly offset or, at least, diminish the loss on gold exports. Another increase in the cash holdings of the Bank of France showed a continuance the past week of the return to that institution of money which had been withheld from the market during the recent period of unsettlement. The bank's gain in cash, amounting to $3,800,000, was accompanied by a decrease of close to $15,000,000 in circulation and a reduction of about $6,000,000 in loans and discounts. Since the decline a fortnight ago to under 50, the percentage of reserve of the Bank of England has increased to 51.04, thanks to this past week's addition of about $4,000,000 to the bank's gold holdings, with only a small expansion in loans and circulation.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Associated Merchants for dividend on common.
Federal Mining and Smelting Co. for dividend on preferred.
United Dry Goods Corporation for dividend on preferred.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Interoceanic Railway of Mexico on first and second preferred.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2⅜ per cent.

Time money rates, 3@3¼ per cent. for thirty days, and 3¼@3½ per cent. for sixty days to four months, and 3½@3¾ per cent. for four and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3½ per cent. for November and December maturities, and 4@4¾ per cent. for four to six months' maturities.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3 9-16 per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 3¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4⅜ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $304,951,688; balances, $15,343,856; Sub-Treasury, credit balance, $355,947.

The local banks have lost $7,140,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8705; demand, $4.8665.

Paris—Cable, $5.18⅛ plus 1-32; check, $5.18⅛ less 1-16.

Berlin—Cable, 95 3-16; check, 95⅛ less 1-64.

Switzerland—Cable, $5.19⅜ plus 1-32; check, $5.19⅜ less 3-64.

Holland—Cable, $4.035; check, $4.030.

Belgium—Cable, $5.19⅜ less 1-16; check, $5.20 less 1-32.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8335; 90 days, $4.8195.

London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.83¼; 90 days, $4.81⅞.

Paris—Bankers', 60 days, $5.20⅝; 90 days, $5.21⅞ less 1-16.

Paris—Commercial, 60 days, $5.21⅞; 90 days, $5.23⅛.

Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94 7-16; 90 days, 94¼.

Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94¼ plus 1-32; 90 days, 93 15-16.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 5c premium; St. Paul, 25c premium; San Francisco, par; Montreal, 62½c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver ⅛d higher in London, at 26⅛d per ounce, and in New York, ⅝c higher, at 56⅝c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 46½c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday.

Total sales Nov. 23, 1911 595,529
From Jan. 1, 1911 116,021,139
Same period last year 151,641,854

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change
64⅜	64½	20,600	Amalgamated Copper	63⅝	64½	63½	64½	+ ¼
55½	56	200	Am. Agricul. Chem.	56	56	56	56	+ ⅝
55⅞	56	600	Am. Beet Sugar	55⅛	56	55½	56	+ ½
11½	11⅝	800	Am. Can	11⅝	11¾	11⅝	11⅝	...
91	91½	2,100	Am. Can pf.	90½	91	90¼	91	+1
56⅛	56⅜	8,100	Am. Car & Foundry	55½	56⅛	55½	56⅛	+ ¾
115⅞	116⅞	100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	116	116	116	116	...
44¼	44¾	400	Am. Cotton Oil	44⅜	44⅝	44½	44½	...
37¼	37½	1,100	Am. Locomotive	36¾	37½	36¾	37½	+1
102½	105	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	102½	102½	102½	102½	...
4½	5	200	Am. Malt	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	+ ¼
42½	43¾	300	Am. Malt pf.	43	48	43	43	+ ½
74½	74¾	6,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	74	74⅞	73⅝	74¾	+ ¾
103⅝	103¾	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	103⅝	103¾	103⅝	103¾	+ ⅞
117⅞	118	250	Am. Sugar Refining	117⅞	118	117⅞	118	...
141½	141⅝	10,470	Am. Tel. & Tel.	141	142	141	141½	− ⅝
98	98⅛	2,000	Am. Tobacco pf.	98	98	98	98	− ⅛
97¾	98	200	Am. Tobacco pf. t. r.	98	98	98	98	...
27⅞	29	100	Am. Woolen	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	+ ¼
39⅛	39¼	6,200	Anaconda Copper Co.	39⅜	39⅝	38¾	39⅛	−1
108⅛	108⅜	7,400	Atch., Top. & S. F.	107¼	108½	107⅛	108¼	+ ⅜
103⅝	104	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103¾	104	103¾	104	+ ⅛
138¾	139	6,950	Atlantic Coast Line	136¾	139¼	136¾	138⅞	+2⅜
104⅛	104¼	4,100	Baltimore & Ohio	103¼	104½	103¼	104⅛	+1⅛
89	89¾	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	− ⅛
1⅜	1½	100	Batopilas Mining	1½	1½	1½	1½	...
58½	60¼	100	Bethlehem Steel pf.	58½	58½	58½	58½	+ ¼
78⅛	78¼	1,500	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	77¾	78⅝	77⅞	78⅛	+ ⅜
29	30¼	100	Butterick Co.	30	30	30	30	...
239¾	240	1,000	Canadian Pacific	239¼	239⅞	239	239⅞	+ ⅛
22	22½	1,500	Central Leather Co.	22⅞	22½	22⅛	22⅜	+ ¼
93	93¾	300	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	94½	94½	94	94	−1
76¼	76½	5,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	75¾	76¼	75½	76¼	+ ¾
20¾	21	100	Chicago Gt. Western	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾	− ¼
39	39¼	600	Chi. Gt. Western pf.	38½	39	38½	39	− ¼
112	112½	13,050	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	111⅛	112¼	110¾	112	+ ⅞
146	146½	1,500	Chi. & Northwestern	145¼	146⅝	145¼	146⅝	+ ⅞
2¼	2¾	200	Chi. Un. Trac. tr.r.sta.	2	2	2	2	− ½
5⅜	5⅝	200	Chi. Un. Tr. pf.t.r.sta.	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	− ½
23¼	23⅞	1,600	Chino Copper	23⅞	23⅞	23¼	23⅞	...
28	28⅜	200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	+1¼
76	80	100	Col. & South. 1st pf.	76⅝	76⅝	76⅝	76⅝	+1½
141¾	142	1,800	Consolidated Gas	141½	142	141⅛	142	+ ⅜
11⅛	11½	1,025	Corn Products Ref.	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	11⅝	+ ⅜
555	570	100	Del., Lack. & West.	550	550	550	550	−10
32¼	32⅜	900	Distillers' Securities	31⅞	32¼	31⅞	32¼	+ ⅝
9	10	100	Duluth, S. S. & A.	9½	9½	9½	9½	− ½
33⅛	33¼	5,500	Erie	32⅝	33⅜	32⅝	33¼	+ ⅞
53⅜	53¾	1,650	Erie 1st pf.	53	53⅞	53	53¾	+1
44¼	45	300	Erie 2d pf.	44	44¼	44	44¼	+ ¼
48	50	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾	− ¼
132	135	100	General Chemical	132¾	132¾	132¾	132¾	+ ⅜
155	156	300	General Electric	154½	155	154½	155	+ ⅜
37	38¼	140	General Motors	37½	37½	37½	37½	− ¾
4⅜	4½	1,100	Goldfield Consol.	4½	4½	4½	4½	...
128⅞	129	4,300	Great Northern pf.	127¾	129	127¾	129	+1
43¼	43½	300	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	+ ⅛
146½	147	4,350	Illinois Central	142	146¼	142	146¼	+4¼
15¾	16	700	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	15¾	16	15¾	16	+ ¼
48	48¼	1,200	Inter.-Met. pf.	47⅞	48	47½	47⅝	− ⅛
108	109	200	Int. Harvester	108⅛	108⅞	108⅛	108⅞	+ ⅜
119	121	100	Int. Harvester pf.	120½	120½	120½	120½	...
46	47	225	Int .Paper pf.	46¾	46¾	46½	46½	− ¼
34⅜	34½	800	Int. Steam Pump	34⅜	34⅝	34	34⅝	+ ⅞
83¾	84	200	Int. Steam Pump pf.	83¼	83⅞	83¼	83⅞	+ ⅛
30¼	30½	1,300	Kansas City South.	29	30⅝	29	30⅝	+ ⅞
30	35	100	Lackawannaa Steel	31	31	31	31	...
179⅞	180	18,100	Lehigh Valley	179	180⅛	178⅝	180	+ ⅝
159⅞	160	14,100	Louisville & Nash.	157	160½	156¾	159⅞	+3½
72½	73½	100	Mackay Cos. pf.	73	73	73	73	...
72	74	100	May Dept. Stores	73⅛	73½	73⅛	73½	+ ½
111½	..	400	May Dept. Stores pf.	111¼	111¾	111¼	111⅝	+1½
22¾	22⅞	7,510	Miami Copper	22½	22⅞	22¼	22⅞	+ ⅜
[illegible]	34	50	Minn. & St. Louis	33	33	33	33	...
134	135	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	135	135	135	135	+ ⅛
145	148	150	M., St. P. & S. S.M.pf.	146	146	146	146	−1
32⅜	32½	6,100	Mo., Kansas & Texas	31⅞	32⅝	31⅞	32⅜	+ ½
39⅞	40¼	2,000	Missouri Pacific	39⅛	40	39⅛	40	+ ⅞
139¾	141	100	Nat. Biscuit Co.	140⅛	140⅛	140⅛	140⅛	− ⅞
51⅝	51¾	1,350	Nat. Lead Co.	51½	52	51½	51⅞	+ ¼
33⅜	33⅞	300	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	33½	33½	33⅛	33⅛	− ½
18⅝	18⅞	8,300	Nev. Consol. Copper	18¾	19	18⅝	18⅞	− ¼
54½	56	100	New York Air Brake	55	55	55	55	−2
108⅞	109	1,298	New York Central	108¾	108⅞	108¾	108⅞	+ ¼
52½	55	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	54	54	54	54	+1
142	144	600	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	141⅞	143	141⅞	143	+1⅛
41	41⅛	600	N. Y., Ont. & West.	40⅞	41	40¾	41	...
110⅞	111	4,200	Norfolk & Western	110⅝	111⅛	110½	110⅞	...
74	75	1,200	North American	74½	74⅞	74½	74⅞	+ ⅜
120⅜	120⅝	8,800	Northern Pacific	119¼	120¾	119⅛	120⅝	+1⅞
32¾	33	600	Pacific Mail	32¾	33	32¾	33	+ ½
48¼	49	400	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	49	49¼	48⅝	48⅝	− ⅜
122½	123	2,300	Pennsylvania R. R.	122½	123	122½	123	+ ½
105½	105¾	525	People's Gas, Chi.	105½	105⅝	105½	105½	...
94¼	96	100	P., C., C. & St. Louis	96	96	96	96	...
83½	84	800	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	84	84	84	84	− ½
34¼	35	200	Pressed Steel Car	34	34¼	34	34¼	...
3¾	4⅛	1,400	Quicksilver	3½	4	3½	4	+1
5½	6	300	Quicksilver pf.	5½	5½	5½	5½	+1
15⅜	15½	6,400	Ray Consol. Copper	15½	15⅝	15¼	15½	...
32	32⅞	300	R'way Steel Spring	32¾	32⅞	32¾	32⅞	+ ⅞
153¼	153⅜	73,400	Reading	151⅝	153¼	151	153¼	+1¼
95¼	96	200	Reading 2d pf.	95	95½	95	95½	...
23⅝	24	100	Rep. Iron & Steel	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	− ⅛
98	98⅞	200	United Dry Goods	98¼	98⅝	98¼	98⅝	+1⅛
105½	106	100	United Dry Goods pf.	106	106	106	106	...
35	36	150	United Rys. Inv.	35½	35½	35½	35½	+ ½
62⅞	63	200	United Rys. Inv. pf.	63	63	63	63	...
45	49	200	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf.	44⅞	45	44⅞	45	+ ½
68½	69½	200	U. S. Realty & Imp.	69	69	69	69	−1
47	47⅞	200	U. S. Rubber	46⅞	47¼	46⅞	47¼	+ ¼
64⅞	65	85,650	U. S. Steel	63⅝	65	63⅝	65	+1
109½	109¾	500	U. S. Steel pf.	109⅜	109⅝	109¼	109⅝	+ ¼
51⅛	51½	10,200	Utah Copper	51¼	51⅝	50¾	51⅛	− ½
117	118½	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	118½	118½	118½	118½	+ ¼
40½	42½	100	Va. R'way & Power	40½	40½	40¼	40¼	+ ¼
10⅝	11	200	Wabash	10⅝	11	10⅝	11	+ ½
21⅞	22	400	Wabash pf.	21⅝	21⅞	21⅝	21⅞	+ ⅝
148	151	20	Wells Fargo Express	150	150	150	150	...
63½	63¾	8,100	Western Maryland	63	63¼	62⅞	63¼	...
78½	78¾	600	Western Union Tel.	79	79	78½	78½	− ⅝
66	66½	200	Westinghouse E. & M.	65¾	66	65¾	66	+ ⅝
4¼	6	100	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	5	5	5	5	...
84⅝	84⅞	1,600	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	84	84⅝	84	84⅝	+ ¼
27¼	27½	2,200	Rock Island Co.	26¾	27⅝	26¾	27¼	+ ¼
51½	51⅞	900	Rock Island Co. pf.	51	51⅜	51	51⅝	+ ⅞
25¼	26	200	St. Louis & San Fran.	25	26	25	26	+ ¾
66½	67	850	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	66	67	66	67	+1⅝
43¾	44	3,655	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	42⅞	44¼	42⅞	43¾	+ ⅞
55	59	11	St. Louis & S. F., C. & E. Ill. new stk. cts.	56	58	56	58	+4
32	32½	900	St. Louis Southwest'n.	31⅛	32¼	31¼	32¼	+1⅜
71¾	72¼	500	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	71¼	72	71¼	72	+ ⅜
141½	142	1,000	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	139	143	139	142	+7¼
121	121¼	200	Sears, Roebuck pf.	121	121	121	121	...
115⅝	115⅞	16,500	Southern Pacific	113½	115⅝	113¾	115⅝	+2⅛
31	31⅛	25,700	Southern R'way ext.	30½	31⅛	30½	31⅛	+ ⅝
73½	74	4,500	South. R'way pf., ext.	72⅞	74½	72⅞	73½	+ ⅝
37¼	37⅞	1,300	Tennessee Copper	37	37¾	37	37	− ¼
78	79	2,000	Texas Co.	79	79	74½	78	−1
6⅝	6¾	4,000	Third Avenue	7⅛	7⅝	6⅝	6⅝	−1⅛
41	41⅝	800	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	41½	41¾	41½	41½	+ ⅝
105	106	100	Twin City R. Transit	105⅜	105⅝	105⅜	105⅜	+ ¼
103¼	104	500	Underw'd Typewriter	103½	103½	103¼	103½	+ ¼
178	178¼	136,550	Union Pacific	174¼	178¼	174	178	+3⅛
94	94½	3,850	Union Pacific pf.	92⅞	96	92⅞	94½	+1⅝

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100½	100½
2s, c., 1930	100½	100¾
3s, r., 1918	101¾	102½
3s, c., 1918	101¾	..
4s, r., 1925	113¾	114½
4s, c., 1925	113¾	114½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100⅜	..
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100⅜	100⅝
Panama 3s, 1961	102⅜	102¾

	Bid.	Asked.
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	96½	97
Del. & H.	171¼	171½
D. & R. G.	23½	24
D. & R. G. pf.	47½	49½
D., M. & Ft. D.	5	11½

	Bid.	Asked.
E. I. pf. ctfs.	103	107½
S.-S. S. & I.	41	45
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	..	110
So. P. R. S.	80	83
So. P. R. S. pf.	109	110
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	80	89
Stand. Mill.	15	17
Stand. Mill. pf.	49	52
Texas Pac.	24⅝	25
T. P. L. Tr.	33	..

	Bid.	Asked.
Pac. C. 2d pf.	85	105
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	97	98
Peo. & E.	13	20
Pere Marq.	..	30
Pere M. 2d pf.	..	33
Phelps-D'ge	175	..
Phila. Co.	106	108
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	101	115¼

	Bid.	Asked.
Va.-Car. C. Co.	53¾	54
Va. I., C. & Coke	58	90
Vulcan Det.	13	18
Vulcan Det. pf.	60	70
West. Md. pf.	81½	85
Westingh'se 1st pf.	113	117
W. & L. E.	3¾	4½
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	10	11
Wis. Cent.	53½	56

	Bid.	Asked.
T., P. & W.	16	..
T. R. & L.	5	5½
Tol., St. L. & West.	17½	18½
T. C. R. T. pf.	132½	145
Und. Typew. pf.	111	111¾
U. B. & P.	5½	6
U. B. & P. pf.	50	55

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday a generally strong tone was shown. Copper was up nearly ⅛c in the asking price for nearby deliveries and about ⅛c to ⅛c in both the bid and asked prices for the later months. Spelter advanced 20 points. Tin rose ⅛c in the asking price. The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard Copper—	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Spot	12.55	13.00	12.50	12.80
November	12.65	13.00	12.55	12.80
December	12.72½	13.10	12.57½	12.80
January	12.77½	13.12½	12.60	12.90
Lead	4.35	4.40	4.35	4.40
Spelter	6.60	6.80	6.40	6.60
Tin	43.65	44.00	43.60	43.75

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday the prices obtained there for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin are noted in the following table. These final figures compare with Wednesday's last prices:

	Thursday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	58	10	0	58	10	0
Copper, futures	59	5	0	59	5	0
Pig tin, spot	198	10	0	198	0	0
Pig tin, futures	188	5	0	188	10	0

The market ended steady. Spanish pig lead was easy at a recession of 1s 3d, to £15 16s 3d. Spelter was unchanged at £26 17s 6d and Cleveland warrants at 48s.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
4½s, May, 1957, old	107⅜	107⅝	107⅜	107⅝
4½s, Nov., 1957, new	107⅜	107⅝	107⅜	107⅝
4½s, May, 1917, old	102	102½	102	102½
4½s, Nov., 1917, new	102	102½	102	102½
4½s, Mar., 1930-60, old	102¼	102½	102	102½
4½s, Sept., 1960, new	103	103⅛	103	103⅛
4s, May, 1959, l'chg	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4s, Nov., 1958, l'chg	99⅞	100	99¾	100
4s, May, 1957, l'chg	99⅞	100	99¾	100
4s, Nov., 1955-6, reg	99	99¼	99	99¼
4s, May, 1919, l'chg	99½	100¼	99¼	100¼
3½s, Nov., 1954, l'chg	87	87½	87¼	87¾
3½s, May, 1954, coup	87	87⅝	87¼	87⅞
3½s, May, 1954, reg	87	87⅝	87	87⅝
3½s, Nov., 1941, reg	88⅝	89½	88¼	89½

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thursday.

Total sales Nov. 23, 1911 .... $3,980,000
From Jan. 1, 1911 785,130,600
Same period last year 573,883,000

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Nov 22.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Rcts., customs	$1,004,329	$18,365,648	$119,940,002
Internal rev.	1,050,310	19,718,165	118,723,170
Corporation tax	239	28,588	1,775,515
Miscellaneous	145,698	4,275,990	21,223,218
Total receipts	2,200,578	42,388,392	261,661,901
Expenditures	1,938,136	46,632,082	286,091,203
Surplus	262,436	*4,243,689	*24,429,302

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was: Working balance in Treasury offices, $72,597,591. In banks and Philippine Treasury, $35,259,172.

The total balance in general fund was $130,875,146.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Trading Active and Prices Generally Higher in Strong Market on the Curb.

TOBACCO ISSUES GO HIGHER

American Tobacco Common Rises to 469, but Reacts, While Cigar Stores Closes 11 Points Above Opening.

Curb stocks continued strong yesterday, and substantial gains were made over opening prices in most of the list. The American Tobacco issues made further advances; the common however, reacted after selling from 466 up to 469, the highest price on this movement, and closed at 465. United Cigar Stores rose from 248 to 264, and closed at 259, after sales of 540. United Cigar Manufacturing was also strong, rising from 43½ to 44½ on sales of 120 shares. The coppers were generally higher Green-Cananea making a new high record for the year at 8⅝, which was the closing price, after sales of 3,000. Inspiration rose from 8½ to 8¾, and closed at that level after sales of 4,500. The bond list was fairly active. Third Avenue new adjustment 5s, "when issued," appeared, selling from 72 to 71½, and closing at 71⅛. The refunding 4s, "when issued," rose from 82½ to 83½.

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as folows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
190	Am. Tobacco	466	469	464	465
1,000	Bay State Gas	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
50	Lig. & Meyers	150	150	150	150
125	P. Lorillard	153	155	153	155
400	Studebaker Co.	58⅜	58⅜	57½	57½
120	Un. Cigar Mfg.	43½	†44½	43½	44½
540	United Cigar Stores	248	264	248	259
300	U. S. Lt. & H., new	16	†17	16	16½

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Lt. & T.	294½	295	294½	295
600	Chicago Sub.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,490	Third Av., new	33⅛	34	33	33

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
600	*Beaver Con.	45	46	45	46
2,000	Braden Copper	5¼	5⅜	5¼	5⅜
800	Butte Coalit'n.	17⅝	17¾	17⅝	17¾
15,000	*C. O. D. Con.	18	18	14	15
100	Florence	75	75	75	75
2,500	Giroux Mining	4⅝	4 13-16	4⅝	4 13-16
500	Gold Hill	5-16	5-16	5-16	5-16
500	*Greenwater	4	4	4	4
3,000	Greene-Can.	8⅛	8⅝	8	8⅝
4,500	Inspir. Copper	8½	8¾	8½	8¾
200	La Rose Con.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
12,500	Nev.-U.M.& S.	⅛	⅛	3-16	¼
600	Nip. Mines Co.	7½	7⅝	7½	7½
1,200	Pacific Smelt.	5-16	5-16	5-16	5-16
200	Porc. Central	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
900	Porc. North	15-16	15-16	⅞	⅞
1,700	*Porc. Town	55	55	53	55
5,000	Preston E. D.	21	22	21	21
500	Ray Central	2	2	2	2
500	S. U. M. & S.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
100	Tonopah Min.	7	7	7	7
100	Yukon G. M.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$37,000	Brad. Cop. 6s	117	118½	117	118½
3,000	Brad. Cop. 7s	117	118½	117	118½
13,000	Lig. & M. 5s	87⅞	87⅞	87¾	87¾
30,000	Mason Val. 6s	101	101	101	101
2,000	Mon. Tram. 5s	100⅜	101	100⅜	101
1,000	N. Y., W. & B. 4½s	98½	98⅝	98⅜	98 9-16
14,000	O.-W. R. R. & Nav. 4s	92⅝	92⅝	92 9-16	92⅝
50,000	P. Lor. 5s, w.i.	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
10,000	Ray Con. 6s	103	103	102	102
100,000	Third Av. adj. 5s, w. i.	72	72	71½	71⅛
150,000	Third Av. ref. 4s, w. i.	82½	83½	82½	83½
20,000	West. Pac. 5s	90	90½	90	90½

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

When Union Pacific started on its big advance in the early afternoon, trading sentiment on the Consolidated Stock Exchange, which had been bearish so far as the floor element was concerned, shifted and there was a rush to get stocks. The market closed strong and active, with a general buying movement in progress. Commission houses continued to report increasing evidences of an aroused interest on the part of the public. They handled a very heavy business in odd lots. Transactions of 31,960 shares were distributed over a broad list, which included fifty-nine different stocks.

The "Rainy Day" is sure to come

but you will be prepared for it if you have saved and invested wisely in sound, marketable securities.

We can tell you about such securities and buy them for you in any amount you wish. No amount is too small to receive our most careful attention. Many high class bonds are issued in denominations of $100. and $500. Write for booklet, "Small Bonds for Investors."

BEYER & COMPANY
52 William St., New York

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
100 American Snuff Com. & Pfd. Stock
25 United Cigar Stores Stock
100 F. W. Woolworth Com. Stock
100 Childs (Restaurant) Co. Com. Stock
50 American Lithographic Pfd. Stock
100 Pacific Gas & Electric Com. Stock
50 International Nickel Com. & Pfd. Stock
100 Westchester Insurance Stock

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
100 Autosales Gum & Chocolate Stock
50 American Snuff Com. Stock
175 American Cigar Com. Stock
100 Dome Mines Co. Ltd. Stock
10 National Surety Stock
100 Hudson Companies Pfd. Stock
200 Hudson & Manhattan Com. Stock
100 Union Typewriter Com. Stock

J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co.
Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

American Cigar Co.
British American Tobacco, Ltd.
Liggett & Myers Co.
Common and Preferred
Porto-Rican American Tobacco
P. Lorillard Co.
Common and Preferred
United Cigar Stores Co.
and the bonds of these issues
DEALT IN
LEVETT BROTHERS
Phone 1080 Broad. 15 WILLIAM ST.

United Cigar Stores Co
Pacific Gas & Electric Com
BOUGHT AND SOLD
Lamarche & Coady
'Phone 3669 Broad
25 Broad Street, New York

WANTED
Int'l Nickel Securities
DuPont Powder Securities
FOR SALE
Park & Tilford 6s
S. H. P. PELL & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities
Tel. 7865-6-7-8-9 Hanover. 37 Wall St., N. Y.

WE WILL BUY
Hudson County Gas Co. 5's
Celluloid Co. stock
B. H. & F. W. PELZER
'Phone 6060 Hanover.
43 Exchange Place, N. Y.

International Nickel Securities
Computing-Tabulating-Recording
U. S. Motor Securities
Autosales Gum & Chocolate
Singer Manufacturing
Pay-As-You-Enter Car Corporation
Union Carbide
Mack Motor Car
Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
71 Broadway 'Phone Rector

Buy—100 Autosales Gum & Choc.
25 Borden's Pfd.
100 Hale & Kilburn Com.
100 Northern Securities
100 Otis Elevator Com.
Sell—100 Havana Commercial Pfd.
100 Otis Elevator Pfd.
100 Pope Mfrg. Com. & Pfd.
100 Royal Bk. Powder Pfd.
WEED & GWYNNE,
35 Wall St. Hanover

FOR SALE
B'WAY & 7th AVE. R. R. STOCK
Price 140 To Yield 7⅛%
Gilman & Clucas
1st Nat'l Bank Bldg. NEW HAVEN, CT.
34 Pine St. N. Y.

FEDERAL SUGAR
COMMON STOCK
Gilbert Eliott & Co.
34 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 855

W. N. COLER & CO.,
BANKERS.
Established 1870.
43 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
NEW YORK CITY and other high grade municipal bonds.
Special circulars on request.

WE OFFER
Very attractive 7% preferred stock, with 50% bonus of common stock.
Write for circular.
Woodbury & Company
44 Pine Street New York

We Will Buy
Amer. Tel. & Tel. Co.'s part-paid stock
TEFFT & COMPANY
5 Nassau St., New York, N. Y.

We own and offer $50,000
CITY OF ASBURY PARK 4½s
due 1951
Price and particulars on application.
R. M. GRANT & CO.,
31 Nassau St., Bankers, New York.

Niagara Falls Power Issues
Rochester Gas & Elec. 5s, 1912
J. S. Bache & Co.
42 Broadway. Tel. 6400 Broad.

THE ATTRACTIVENESS OF GAS SECURITIES

as a profitable investment is illustrated in a Census Bulletin just issued by the United States Government. The Bulletin shows, among other things, that Gas Companies have been conservatively managed and the net returns on capital employed have increased from 4.54% in 1904 to 5.82% in 1909.

We are making a special offering of a

FIRST MORTGAGE 5 PER CENT. BOND

of a prominent Gas Company netting 5¼ per cent. per annum. The issue will be redeemed in 20 years through the operation of a compulsory sinking fund payable in monthly installments.

A summary of the above Bulletin, together with a descriptive circular concerning this exceptional offering, sent upon request.

White & Co.

25 Pine Street Bankers New York City

NEVADA-UTAH

HAS JUST BEEN PLACED IN RECEIVER'S HANDS

Send for my complete review of the situation

CURB STOCKS

Owing to my private wire connections with my Boston and Toronto offices I offer the best facilities for the execution of orders. Margin accounts solicited.

J. Thomas Reinhardt

38 Broad Street, New York.
54 Devonshire Street, Boston,
18-20 King Street, W. Toronto.

WE HAVE FOR SALE

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

Netting to the Purchaser

5½%

in the following amounts:

2500	3750	5000	25000
2500	5000	45000	5000
7000	7500	2500	5000
3250	1000	2500	5000
5000	3500	2500	3750
3500	3750	3500	3750
3500	3750	3300	3500

FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO

Bridge Plaza-North, Borough of Queens, New York City.
Booklet "A" sent free upon request.

American Bank Note Company

Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

OUTSIDE SECURITIES DEPARTMENT

HALE & KILBURN COM. & 1st PFD.

Bought—Sold—Quoted.

All Railway Supply Co. Stocks

CHAS. H. JONES & CO.,
20 Broad St., New York

Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds
Telephone 3155 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

MEGARGEL & CO.

BONDS

5 Nassau St. New York

H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS
206 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO
Portland, Ore. Oklahoma City, Okla. Mobile, Ala.

SPECIAL LETTER ON
United States Motor
General Motors
Studebaker Corporation
Now in Press Free on Request
5 Broad St. **C. S. BURTON & CO.** Phone 6547 Hanover.

WE WISH OFFERING OF CUBA FRUIT CO.
BONDS & STOCKS
O. B. LANSINGER & CO.
Active and Inactive Securities.
Real Estate Trust Building,
Philadelphia, Pa.

Small Payment Plan

We specialize in high-class railroad, industrial, public utility and Government bonds of low denominations, $100 and $500. Write for Booklet, "Small Bonds for Investors."

BEYER & COMPANY,
Tel. 2340 John. 52 William St., N. Y.

WANTED
100 CONNECTICUT RY. & LTG. COM.
$10,000 KANSAS CITY RY. & LTG. 6s, 1912
$10,000 NEW ORLEANS, MOB. & CHIC. 5s
50 NEW YORK STATE RYS. COM.
100 STANDARD GAS & ELEC. PFD.
WM. M. CLARKE
Tel. 1015 Rector. 20 Broad St.

D., L. & W. Coal
N. Y. Transportation
Havana Tobacco
MULLER & NASH
35 BROAD ST. 'Phone 3115 Broad.

Redmond & Co.
33 Pine St., New York.
Investment Bonds.
Members New York Stock Exchange.

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
Member N. Y. Clearing House
113 BROADWAY

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY Fifth Ave. & 38th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,900,000
Allows Interest on Deposits

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Fifth Ave. & 34th St. 60 Broadway.
Lenox Ave. & 125th St. Third Ave. & 149th St.

Keeping in touch with the opportunities offered in the Help Wanted columns of The New York Times is a quick and direct way of finding employment.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Transfers to San Francisco.

The transfer of $2,000,000 from the Sub-Treasury to San Francisco by telegraph for the account of local banks has not unnaturally given rise to a report that the money was destined for China. That country has been making diligent efforts to get cash to help it through the present crisis, and the natural channels for money loaned from here would be via San Francisco and Japan. Bankers who were concerned in transferring part of this sum say, however, that, so far as they are aware, none of the $2,000,000 is to be sent abroad. They explained the transfer as being the result of the need of large sums in San Francisco to meet tax payments, and the settlement of balances owed for fruit sent from California.

⁂

Regeneration of Third Avenue.

A member of the Third Avenue Bondholders' Committee says that if the company were out of a receivership now it could afford to pay the full 5 per cent. on the income bonds which are to be issued in connection with the reorganization and show something earned on the stock. He did not say, however, that it would be good policy to start payments on the adjustment bonds immediately at that rate. His idea is that the bonds should receive perhaps 2 per cent. in the first year and the full 5 per cent. as soon as the reorganized company is firmly established. Mr. Whitridge reports that the Third Avenue is showing a steady and healthy increase in gross earnings, and that, to the management's surprise, only about half of the increase is being furnished by the lines in the Bronx. Better earnings, resulting from the improvement in the service in Manhattan, have demonstrated that the company has not been realizing its possibilities in recent years.

⁂

Low Steel Profits.

The influx of car orders, with the consequent increased demand for steel products entering into their manufacture, has stimulated the steel trade in many departments, according to the current trade journals, but one discouraging feature o the situation remaining, from the view point of owners of steel shares, is the low price at which the material is being sold. The decline in steel prices has been gradual, the latest drop being about $1 a ton all through the list, in the past week, but the final result of continuous recessions for half a year has been to put standard products at levels which have been unknown in the trade since the organization of the United States Steel Corporation; in fact, some materials are selling at the lowest prices of a generation. A compilation of eight of the representative steel products, such as billets, bars, beams, plates, and wire nails, shows that their average price is now $31.05 per gross ton, compared with $38.80, the average price in 1901; $40.63, at the top level of a decade, reached in the boom period of 1907, and $35.24, the average price of 1909, which was the year of the last previous price cutting. During the depression of 1904 the average price of these products went to $34.89, which is $3.84 per ton above the present level.

⁂

Mythical Millions.

Witnesses at Congressional investigations like to deal in millions, but no profits which they have ever before heard of as accruing to wicked members of the Money Trust compare with the millions which Mr. Merritt of Duluth told the Stanley Committee he had lost in his ore land dicker with John D. Rockefeller. Mr. Merritt figured his loss at something like $699,000,000, for, he said, the ore lands represented by the stocks which he failed to buy back from Mr. Rockefeller within a year after he had pledged them for $1,000,000 are now worth $700,000,000. The Stanley Committee might have turned to the Department of Commerce and Labor's report and found all of the Steel Corporation's ore holdings, of which the Rockefeller lands were only a part, valued at $100,000,000.

⁂

Light on India's Silver Demands.

In connection with the recent active speculation in silver and the squeeze of the shorts among London and East Indian speculators an interesting review of steady absorption of the metal by India is made by Samuel Montague & Co., the London silver specialists. India adds more largely to its token currency than any country in the world, but in this connection the London silver dealers point out "that no other country in the world whose currency is based on gold possesses a population of 300,000,000, the vast bulk of whose wage earners have an income considerably under $50 a year and are thus precluded from taking gold into daily use."

⁂

Par of Bank Shares.

Opposition to a proposal by one of the English banks to subdivide its existing shares of $500 par value into shares of $100 par value developed among stockholders on the ground that such a subdivision of shares would "reduce the financial status of the bank and result in the shares becoming more speculative and lead to greater market fluctuations in the price." Such an argument would appear strange on this side of the water where so many long established institutions have shares of par value less than $100. One of the oldest and largest trust companies in this country has $25 par stock, and among the banks the proportion which have shares of less than $100 par is about one in seven in this city.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity.—	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper..	5	Apr. 1,'13	100⅜	100⅝	4.50
Balt. & Ohio..	4½	June 1,'13	100⅛	100⅜	4.25
Beth. Steel Co.	6	Nov. 1,'14	100	100¼	5.91
Ches. & Ohio..	4½	June 1,'14	99¼	99½	4.71
C., H. & D., pu. money...	4	July 1,'13	99⅛	99⅜	4.41
Chi. & Alton..	5	Mar. 15,'13	99	99½	5.35
Chi. El. Rys...	5	July 1,'14	97⅝	98	5.31
Erie	6	Apr. 8,'14	101	101¼	5.42
Erie	6	Oct. 1,'14	99⅜	99⅝	5.15
Gen. Motors...	6	Oct. 1,'15	98½	98⅞	6.44
Gen. Rubber...	4½	July 1,'15	96⅞	97¼	5.35
Hudson Co.....	6	Feb. 1,'13	98¼	98¾	7.12
Int. & Gt. N..	5	Aug. 1,'14	97	97¼	6.01
Int. Rap. T....	4½	 1912	100⅛	100⅜	....
Lack. Steel Co.	5	Mar. 1,'15	91¼	92	8.00
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb. 1,'13	94½	95½	8.00
Mo., K. & T...	5	May 1,'13	99	99⅜	5.44
Mo. Pacific....	5	June 1,'14	96⅝	97	6.30
N. Rys. of M..	4½	June 1,'13	98¼	98⅝	5.44
N. Y. Cent....	4½	Mar. 1,'14	100⅜	100⅝	4.20
N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.....	4½	 1912	100⅛	100⅜	....
Oakland Rys..	6	Sep. 1,'15	99¾	100⅛	5.95
Pac. Tel. & T..	5	Jan. 5,'13	100⅜	100⅝	4.42
St. L. & S. F..	5	Mar. 1,'13	98¾	99⅛	5.72
St. L. & S. F..	5	June 1,'13	98¾	99⅛	5.61
Southern Ry...	5	Feb. 1,'13	100¼	100⅜	4.18
Tidewater Co..	6	June 1,'13	101¼	101	4.96
U S. Rubber..	6	Dec. 1,'18	103⅝	104⅛	5.36
U. S. Smelt., Ref. & Min...	5	Aug. 1,'14	98½	99	5.39
Westinghouse..	6	Aug. 1,'13	101⅜	101⅝	4.96

Chattanooga Coal and Iron Co. Sued.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Nov. 23.—In the United States Court here the Trust Company of America of New York asked to-day for a receiver for the Chattanooga Iron and Coal Company, a subsidiary of the Southern Steel and Iron Company, and sought to foreclose a mortgage, aggregating $600,000, dated Jan. 1, 1906. The Southern Iron and Steel Company of New Jersey and the Georgia Steel Company are also named defendants to restrain them from proceeding against the property.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Richard H. Gordon, Jr., and Lucius Wilmerding have been elected members of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Gordon will be with De Coppet & Doremus, 42 Broadway; Mr. Wilmerding at Ruggles, Gray & Wilmerding, 7 Nassau Street.

Attorney General George W. Wickersham will be the special speaker at the opening session of the seventh year of the Finance Forum at the West Side Young Men's Christian Association, 318 West Fifty-seventh Street, next Wednesday evening.

Directors of the Pacific Gas and Electric Company for the purpose of converting $10,000,000 of accumulated surplus into capital stock have authorized the issuance of fully paid up common stock to the holders of record Nov. 22 in the proportion of one-half share of new stock for each share of common stock.

STATE BONDS DOWN ON SYNDICATE SALES

Bond Houses and a Trust Company Dissolved Agreement and Unloaded a Block of 4s.

ON TOP OF THAT A NEW ISSUE

Specialists Not Satisfied with the State Controller's Methods — They Say This Is No Time for New Bonds.

It was learned yesterday that a syndicate of several bond houses and one large trust company, which has been carrying a large block of 4 per cent. bonds of the State of New York since the sale of $12,500,000 in July, has been dissolved and a considerable part of the bonds distributed at a loss. Selling by the members of the syndicate broke the price of the bonds to 101 in Tuesday's trading, and up to the close last night they had recovered only to 101⅞.

Bond dealers who specialize in State and municipal issues expressed keen disappointment over the action of the Controller's office in announcing another sale of $10,000,000 canal bonds for Dec. 14. Some of the bidders said that unless the market shows unlooked-for improvement before that time Wall Street will be a small factor in the bidding for this issue.

Well informed bondmen, one of whom took an important share of the State's last offering, said that prior to the distribution which followed the termination of the syndicate on the announcement of another sale there were fully $8,000,000 of State 4s in the dealers' hands waiting for a market. Most of the dealers had been holding on to take advantage of the reinvestment demand which appears around the opening of the new year. The December offering will make a total of $32,500,000 of State bonds which have been put out since last April, and bondmen say that the authorities are pressing buyers too hard.

There is always a market for State or city issues "at a price," the investment bankers say, and there is little doubt that the December issue will be oversubscribed. On the other hand, the large amount of new bonds which have been put out in a year of little demand, together with the loss of some of the advantages which formerly attached to State issues, is likely to result in a price nearly two points under the average received for the $12,500,000 highway and park bonds sold in July, judging by yesterday's quotations. These brought an average of about 103¾.

Formerly State bonds were exempt from taxation and were in great demand by banks for collateral against State deposits. The recent enactment of the tax exempt law, under which other bonds can be exempted from taxation by the payment of a fee of one-half of 1 per cent., has removed this advantage, and the influence of surety companies has caused the passage of legislation making it possible for institutions to obtain deposits of State funds by giving surety bonds. One banker told yesterday of an institution which had bought $600,000 of State 4s at a high price to be used against deposits, and had been able to get only $180,000 of funds.

"The State is going through the same experience that New York City suffered under Tammany administration of the Controller's office," said a specialist in State bonds yesterday. "Under a business administration the margin between State and municipal bonds two years ago was 9 points. With the advantages which then accrued to the State issues a price of 114 for the 4s was justified. This week the difference between the two issues has been brought down to less than 2 points. If the legislators are going to strip all the advantages from the State issues, let them replace them with others. The bill exempting these bonds from the inheritance tax, vetoed by Gov. Dix, would have restored the bonds to favor."

Bondmen contrasted the difference in methods followed by Controller Prendergast and Deputy Controller Fisher in feeling the pulse of the bond market, and in giving bankers who got city bonds an opportunity to resell them before making another offering, with the inopportune announcement by the State Controller's department. The city's handling of its recent issues has done much to improve its credit.

The break in the State 4s this week was taken advantage of by several prospective bidders for the December allotment, who saw no reason to wait for another sale when the outstanding bonds could be bought for between 101 and 101½. On the Curb the new bonds have sold "when issued" at from 102¼ down to 101¾.

CANAL BOND ISSUE CERTAIN.

Will Be as Advertised and Controller Expects No Difficulty.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Controller Sohmer's sale of $10,000,000 4 per cent. canal bonds will take place on Dec. 14, as advertised. If there are no bids at or above par then under the Constitution Mr. Sohmer can cancel the sale. The sale of $12,500,000 bonds in July indicates, he thinks, if the same feeling prevails now as then among individuals and institutions who wanted the bonds for investment that the entire issue will be disposed of without difficulty.

The July sale was oversubscribed ten times. The bidders for investment did not offer so high a figure as the bond houses, but yet their bids would have netted a fair premium to the State. It was said at the time of the July sale that some of the successful bidders had to obtain large blocks of the bonds for deliveries on sales made on the Street prior to the sale by the State Controller.

It is believed if there is no syndicate bidding for the December issue that enough interior banks and individuals out of the State will come forward and subscribe for blocks sufficient to exhaust the issue, but that the premium to the State might not be as great in proportion as it was at the last sale. It is pointed out that the investment bidders, though they have been shut out by the syndicate bidders at the past several sales, have increased in numbers until the aggregate of their bids equal the number of bonds taken by the bond houses.

CLOSES ON NEVADA-UTAH.

Former Treasurer of the Corporation Begins Bankruptcy Proceedings.

Bankruptcy proceedings against the Nevada-Utah Mines & Smelters Corporation were brought yesterday in the United States Court as one of the steps in the reorganization plan which has already been approved by large inside interests. The petition was filed by C. J. Caughey, who was Secretary and Treasurer of the corporation, and claims $2,000 for services during the past two years. Judge Hough appointed Henry Melville receiver under a bond of $10,000 and authorized the petitioning creditors to apply for ancillary receivers in Nevada and Utah and to enjoin the Merchants' Bank of Salt Lake City from selling any securities in its possession as collateral to a note of $125,000 held by the bank. The Sheriff of New York County was restrained from disposing of the assets of the corporation.

It was asserted that Ernest R. Woolley, former President of the company, executed a note of the company without any authority in July last for $125,000 payable to E. L. Godbe, who transferred it to the Merchants' Bank of Salt Lake City. The bank holds as collateral 399,997 shares of stock of the Day-Bristol Consolidated Mining Company and 2,500 shares Pioche-Pacific Railroad Company, and the bank advertised to sell the collateral on Nov. 25. It is asserted that this note is not a valid obligation of the corporation.

Woolley, who was President of the company from October, 1910, to August, 1911, was indicted last week and a detective from New York arrested him in the West. He is now being brought back to New York.

$1,031,000

Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co

Extension Mortgage 4% Bonds, Registered

Interest February 15 and August 15 Due August 15, 1926

Legal Investment for Savings Banks in State of Massachusetts

Secured by deposit of First Mortgage bonds, limited to $20,000 per mile, on 447 miles of railroad and by a majority of an issue of First Mortgage bonds on 1,172 miles additional.

Followed by Chicago & Northwestern General Mortgage 3½s and 4s, of which a portion is reserved for the retirement of this issue at maturity.

Price to Yield about 4.20%

Full Particulars on Request

White, Weld & Co
5 Nassau St. The Rookery
New York Chicago

Rhoades & Company
45 Wall St. 36 Pearl St.
New York Hartford

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

LONDON 15 Cockspur St., S. W.
26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

Administrator Guardian

THE DIAMOND MATCH COMPANY
FIVE PER CENT. GOLD NOTES.
Dated July 1, 1908. Due July 1, 1912.
NOTICE OF INTENTION TO REDEEM.
TO ALL HOLDERS OF ABOVE NOTES:

Notice is hereby given that The Diamond Match Company will on December 29, 1911, purchase, redeem, and pay off all of its outstanding Five Per Cent. Gold Notes dated July 1, 1908, due July 1, 1912, at the office of its agent, the Empire Trust Company, No. 42 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, New York, at the price of 101% of their face value and accrued interest to December 29, 1911, in accordance with the provisions of said notes.

Said notes, with the January, 1912, and all succeeding interest coupons attached, must be presented on December 29, 1911, at the office of the Company's said agent, the Empire Trust Company, 42 Broadway, New York City, New York, where payment of the same will be made as above stated.

Interest on all of said notes will cease from and after December 29, 1911.

New York, November 23, 1911.
THE DIAMOND MATCH COMPANY,
By EDW. R. STETTINIUS, President.

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS

TO CONSERVATIVE INVESTORS—

Our securities are backed by an uninterrupted dividend record of 15 Years and over $2,000,000 of **NET ASSETS.** We offer convertible bonds yielding **6.66%.** The securities into which these bonds are convertible have **DOUBLED IN VALUE** in the last ten years.

Write for Circular E.
METROPOLITAN DEPT.
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS,
489 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIVE PER CENT. SINKING FUND FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS OF THE POCAHONTAS COLLIERIES COMPANY, (Virginia):

The undersigned trustee, under the mortgage above referred to, desires under authority of said mortgage to expend the sum of Twenty-three thousand ninety-seven and 65-100 Dollars ($23,097.65) for the purchase of the bonds of said issue, provided said purchase can, in its opinion, be now made advantageously.

Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to the Knickerbocker Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before Friday, December 8, 1911.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
By CHARLES H. KEEP, President.
New York, November 3, 1911.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY INCORPORATED FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 5th day of December, 1911, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $28,584.86. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.—By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1911.

A NEW YORK CORPORATION WITH AN established business, showing earnings sufficient to pay 8% dividends on its capital stock, wants a reliable, high-class man, in managerial position, who can invest $10,000, which will be secured. Don't answer unless you can qualify in every particular. Address Substantial, T 31 Times.

THE AUDUBON NATIONAL BANK, located at 3,501 Broadway, City of New York, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs.

All note holders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

WILLIAM REIMERS, President.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the NIBUR REALTY COMPANY, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this thirteenth day of November, 1911, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of
[Seal.] Albany, this 13th day of November, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

JOSE E. PIDGEON,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.
ISAAC COHEN, Attorney, 141 Broadway, New York City.

New York, Nov. 22, 1911.

The firm of A. PORTFOLIO & CO. of No. 84 5th Avenue, this city, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Portfolio will continue at the same address under the same name and will sign in liquidation.

ALMERINDO PORTFOLIO.
WM. H. SIMENDINGER.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society

A savings institution organized under the N. Y. State Banking Law. You can take out a pass book with $1 or more. Write for Booklet A. Or start at once. 38 Park Row, N. Y. C.

4½%

For One Dollar a year investors are kept informed of movements in stocks and bonds. The New York Times Weekly Financial Review every Monday publishes the most reliable information on every point of interest in the money markets of the world. Full lists of quotations, railroad earnings, latest news of metals and produce. One Dollar a year by mail.—Adv.

THE SPANISH-AMERICAN IRON COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT. BONDS, DUE JULY 1ST, 1927.

Pursuant to the terms of the mortgage dated August 7, 1907, the undersigned invites tenders of the above bonds for sale and delivery as of January 1st, 1912, at a price not exceeding par and interest, to the extent of $142,089.20, the sum now available in the Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders, stating the numbers of bonds offered, should be addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund, Spanish-American Iron Company First Mortgage 6 Per Cent. Bonds, and will be received until **12 o'clock noon, November 25th, 1911.**

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
C. J. RHOADS, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., November 15th, 1911.

DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.
The McKinley-Darragh-Savage Mines of Cobalt, Ltd.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this Company, at a meeting held on the 13th day of November, 1911, declared its regular quarterly dividend of Three Per Cent.; also a bonus dividend of Seven Per Cent., making in all a total of Ten Per Cent., payable on the First day of January, 1912, on its outstanding capital stock, to all stockholders of record at the close of business on the eleventh day of December, 1911.

The transfer books of the Company will not be closed.

THE McKINLEY-DARRAGH-SAVAGE MINES OF COBALT, LIMITED.
W. L. THOMPSON, Treasurer.
Dated at Toronto, November 13th, 1911.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 23, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, by action of its Board of Directors at a regular meeting held at 3:30 o'clock P. M., November 22d, 1911, for the purpose of converting ten million dollars of its accumulated surplus into capital stock, authorized the issuance of fully paid-up common stock to holders of its common stock of record upon its books at that time in the proportion of one-half share of such common stock for each whole share of common stock then held by them. Certificates for the stock so authorized will be issued as soon as possible and sent by registered mail to each holder of common stock of record at the time when said meeting was held.

CHARLES D. FOOTE, Secretary.

CHILDS COMPANY,
200 Fifth Avenue,
New York City, Nov. 22, 1911.

The Board of Directors has declared the following dividends payable December 11, 1911:

On the preferred stock, a quarterly dividend of 1¾%.

On the common stock, a dividend of 2½%.

The transfer books will be closed from December 5, 1911, to December 11, 1911, both days inclusive.

CHARLES L. ROBERTS, Secretary.

Borden's Condensed Milk Company
Preferred Stock Dividend
No. 40.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1½% has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable December 15, 1911, to stockholders of record December 5, 1911. Books close December 5, 1911, at 3 P. M. and open on December 16, 1911, at 10 A. M. Checks mailed.

F. D. SHOVE, Treasurer.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY,
No. 111 Fifth Avenue,
New York, N. Y., November 22, 1911.

A dividend of 1½ per cent. has been declared upon the preferred stock of The American Tobacco Company, payable on January 2, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 1, 1911. Checks will be mailed.

J. M. W. HICKS, Treasurer.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY,
17 Battery Place, New York, Nov. 21, 1911.

A dividend of $1.75 per share on its Preferred stock has this day been declared by the Board of Directors of this Company, payable January 2, 1912, to stockholders of record Dec. 11, 1911.

GEO. W. PLUM, Treasurer.

United States Steel Corporation.

Dividend No. 32 of 1¼% on the Common stock for the quarter ending Sept. 30, 1911, was declared Oct. 31, payable Dec. 30, to stockholders of record Dec. 1. Transfer books close at 3 P. M. Dec. 1 and reopen at 10 A. M. Dec. 13.

RICHARD TRIMBLE, Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

BOYER, GRISWOLD & COMPANY.—The undersigned do hereby certify that they have formed a limited partnership under the firm name and style of Boyer, Griswold & Company.

1. That the principal place of business of said firm is located in the City and County of New York.

2. That said firm intends to conduct a general brokerage business, and the business of buying, carrying and selling stocks, bonds and other securities, and cotton, grain, wheat and other commodities.

3. That Philip Boyer, residing at Manhasset, L. I., Le Grand C. Griswold, residing at Mt. Kisco, New York, Hamilton Hadden, residing at Hempstead, L. I., and Louis Starr, Jr., residing at Bernardsville, N. J., are the general partners, and that Ogden H. Hammond, residing at Bernardsville, N. J., is the special partner of the firm, and that all the partners of the above firm, both general and special, are more than twenty-one years of age.

4. That Ogden H. Hammond, who is the special partner, has contributed the sum of Fifty Thousand ($50,000) Dollars in cash.

5. That the said partnership begins on the first day of November, 1911, and is to continue up to and until the 1st day of November, 1912.

Dated, New York, November 1, 1911.

PHILIP BOYER.
LOUIS STARR, JR.
HAMILTON HADDEN.
LE GRAND C. GRISWOLD.
OGDEN H. HAMMOND.

State of New York, City of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 1st day of November, 1911, before me personally appeared Philip Boyer, Le Grand C. Griswold, Hamilton Hadden, Louis Starr, Jr., and Ogden H. Hammond, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they duly and severally acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

(Signed) MORRIS MEYERS,
Notary Public 146,
[Seal] New York County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership lately subsisting between BRUNO M. GUMPRICH and HERMAN W. SCHWARTZ of New York City under the firm name of GUMPRICH & SCHWARTZ expired on the 20th day of November, 1911. All assets and liabilities of the said partnership will be taken over by BRUNO M. GUMPRICH, who has succeeded to the good-will of the said partnership, and who will continue the business under the name of GUMPRICH & SCHWARTZ.

OFFICE BOY WANTED BY MANUFACTURING CORPORATION; MUST WRITE A GOOD HAND, KNOW DOWNTOWN STREETS AND HAVE FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES; SALARY, $5 PER WEEK; ADDRESS IN OWN HANDWRITING.

OPPORTUNITY,
295 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE this day withdrawn from the firm WILLIAMSON, HEAD & KIRBY, and hereafter will not be liable for any of the debts of above firm. Dated New York, Nov. 21, 1911.

ERNEST KIRBY.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR COMMISSARY FOODstuffs, &c., Office of Panama Rail Road Company, 24 State Street, New York, November 20, 1911.—Sealed proposals are invited for furnishing commissary foodstuffs, &c., to the Panama Rail Road Company in accordance with terms and conditions contained in Circular No. P-331. Circulars and full information may be obtained at the following-named places, at which points bids will be received and opened in public on date and at time stated: The Purchasing Department, Panama Rail Road Company, 24 State Street, New York; Office of Purchasing Commissary, U. S. A., Whitney-Central Building, New Orleans, La.; Purchasing Commissary, U. S. A., 165 Fremont Street, San Francisco, Cal., and Purchasing Commissary, U. S. A., 79 East Lake Street, Chicago, Ill. Bids will be received at New York until 2:00 P. M.; at Chicago and New Orleans until 1:00 P. M., and at San Francisco until 11:00 A. M., December 8, 1911. Wendell L. Simpson, Major, 15th Infantry, U. S. A., Commissary Purchasing Agent, Panama Rail Road Co., 24 State Street, New York.

PROPOSALS FOR CLOTHING, EQUIPAGE, and Materials.—Depot Quartermaster's office, 26th Street and Gray's Ferry Road, Philadelphia, November 7, 1911.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received here until 11 o'clock A. M., November 27, 1911, and then opened, for furnishing and delivering at this depot: Collars, mosquito bars, pillows, spades, music stands, stove pipe, field desks, braid, buttons, buckles, cord, duck, fasteners, fringe, grommets, gimp, lacing, muslin, tent slips, webbing straps, sewing cotton, cotton and jute webbing. The quantities to be subject to not to exceed 50 per cent. increase if desired by this department. Standard samples can be seen, and specifications, blanks for proposals, and full information will be furnished upon application at this office. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Clothing, Equipage, and Materials, to be opened November 27, 1911." Lieut. Col. CHAUNCEY B. BAKER, Depot Quartermaster.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Chartered 1799.
Bank of the Manhattan Company.
New York, November 2, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their banking house, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December, next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

By order of the Directors.
D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

STATE OF NEW YORK

4 Per Cent. Canal Improvement Gold Bonds

EXEMPT FROM TAXATION

Dated July 1, 1911 Due July 1, 1961

AMOUNTING TO

$10,000,000

Issued in Coupon or Registered Form

For the Improvement of the Erie, Oswego and Champlain Canals

WILL BE SOLD THURSDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1911

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.

AT THE STATE COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, N. Y.

THESE BONDS ARE LEGAL INVESTMENTS FOR TRUST FUNDS

No bids will be accepted for less than the par value of the bonds nor unless accompanied by a deposit of money or by a certified check or bank draft upon a solvent bank or trust company of the cities of Albany or New York, payable to the order of the Comptroller of the State of New York, for at least two per cent of the par value of the bonds bid for.

All proposals, together with the security deposits, must be sealed and endorsed "Loan for Canal Improvement" and enclosed in a sealed envelope directed to the "Comptroller of the State of New York, Albany."

All bids will include accrued interest.

The Comptroller reserves the right to reject any or all bids which are not in his opinion advantageous to the interests of the State.

Circular descriptive of these bonds and of outstanding State bonds, sinking funds, etc., will be mailed upon application to

WILLIAM SOHMER, State Comptroller, Albany, N. Y.

Albany, November 20, 1911.

Third Avenue Railroad Co. Reorganization.

TO HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT OF THE CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK FOR CONSOLIDATED FOUR PER CENT. BONDS OF THE THIRD AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY:

The delay in consummating the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization of December 2, 1909, has been caused by protracted litigation with the Public Service Commission of the First District, resulting from its refusal to authorize the issue of the securities provided for in the Plan of Reorganization. Both the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals have unanimously upheld the contention of your Committee and ruled that the Commission should have granted the order applied for.

A notice is being published offering stockholders the privilege of availing of the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization as in said notice stated, and the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY of New York as Syndicate Manager has agreed to take the place of nonassenting stockholders and to guarantee the sum of $7,200,000 for the purposes of the reorganization.

$37,258,000 Consolidated Bonds, out of a total issue of $37,560,000, have been deposited under the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, being over ninety-nine per cent. of the outstanding bonds.

Interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum from January 1, 1910, to January 1, 1912, on the Refunding Bonds of the new company will be paid in cash to holders of certificates of deposit at the time of the delivery of the new securities, and the Refunding Bonds will bear the coupon maturing July 1, 1912, and subsequent coupons.

New York, November 22, 1911.

JAMES N. WALLACE, Chairman;
ADRIAN ISELIN,
EDMUND D. RANDOLPH,
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,
JAMES TIMPSON,
HARRY BRONNER,
Bondholders' Committee.

WILLIAM D. GUTHRIE,
JOHN M. BOWERS,
Counsel to Committee.
CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
Depositary,
54 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

TO HOLDERS OF

Outstanding Consolidated Four Per Cent. Bonds

OF THE

Third Avenue Railroad Co.

Referring to above notice addressed to holders of certificates of deposit, notice is hereby given to holders of the remaining outstanding Consolidated Bonds that they are granted the privilege of depositing their bonds under the Bondholders' Agreement and Plan and Agreement of Reorganization with the same effect as if heretofore deposited and without penalty, provided their bonds, with all coupons maturing after July 1, 1907, are deposited with the Depositary prior to **DECEMBER 23, 1911.**

New York, November 22, 1911.

By order of Bondholders' Committee,
JAMES N. WALLACE, Chairman.

Third Avenue Railroad Co. Reorganization.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

STOCKHOLDERS OF THE THIRD AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY are hereby offered the privilege of participating in the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization dated December 2, 1909, on the following terms, viz.:

1. Stockholders must on or before **SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1911,** deposit the certificates for their respective shares, duly stamped and endorsed for transfer, with the **CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK** as Depositary, at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City, to be held by said Depositary for account of and subject to the order and direction of the undersigned Bondholders' Committee.

2. At the time of such deposit, stockholders must pay to said Depositary the sum of fifteen dollars ($15) per share, and thereafter the additional sum of fifteen dollars ($15) per share on or before **JANUARY 15, 1912,** and the further sum of fifteen dollars ($15) per share on or before **FEBRUARY 15, 1912,** making in the aggregate the sum of forty-five dollars ($45) per share, which sums are to be held for the account and use of the undersigned Bondholders' Committee. Stockholders may anticipate installments, and on all prepayments interest will be allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum to the respective dates when such installments are payable.

3. All deposits and payments are to be made subject to the terms and conditions of this notice and of the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization dated December 2, 1909.

4. Holders of certificates of deposit representing deposited stock upon which the sum of forty-five dollars ($45) per share has been duly paid, on or before the respective dates aforesaid, will receive, upon surrender of such certificates of deposit, if and when the reorganization shall be completed, at the rate per existing share of forty-five dollars ($45) par value in stock of the new Third Avenue Railway Company, being the corporation organized pursuant to such Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, and forty dollars ($40) face value in first Refunding Mortgage Fifty-Year Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds of said Railway Company, with all coupons maturing after January 1, 1912, thereto attached. Bonds will be of the denomination of $1,000 and $500, and convertible Scrip will be issued for fractional amounts of shares and of bonds to which depositors may be entitled.

Suitable certificates of deposit indicating the deposit of shares and payment of the first installment of fifteen dollars ($15) per share will be issued by the Depositary, and the receipt of subsequent installments will be stamped by the Depositary upon such certificates of deposit, which must be presented to the Depositary for that purpose at the time of payment. Application will be made to the New York Stock Exchange for the listing of the certificates of deposit.

Any stockholders who shall fail, on or before **DECEMBER 23, 1911,** to deposit the certificates for their stock duly endorsed for transfer as aforesaid, and to pay the sum of fifteen dollars ($15) per share at the time of such deposit, or who shall fail on or before the respective dates aforesaid to make the additional payments in cash, or either of them, will not be entitled to participate in the reorganization or to share in the benefits thereof, and at its option will forfeit to the Bondholders' Committee any payments theretofore made.

The attention of stockholders is called to the Bondholders' Agreement dated November 6, 1907; the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization dated December 2, 1909; the Agreement of Readjustment dated February 23, 1910, entered into for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization; the deed dated April 13, 1910, executed by the Special Master on the foreclosure sale conveying the property and franchises of the Third Avenue Railroad Company to James N. Wallace, Adrian Iselin, and Harry Bronner, as a Purchasing Committee; the order of the United States Circuit Court confirming such sale, dated April 13, 1910; the Certificate of Reorganization of the Third Avenue Railway Company dated April 19, 1910, and duly filed pursuant to Sections 9 and 10 of the Stock Corporation Law, and the agreement entered into between the undersigned Bondholders' Committee, the Purchasing Committee, and the new Third Avenue Railway Company, dated May 20, 1910, providing, among other things, for the issue and delivery to the undersigned Bondholders' Committee or its nominees of the stock and bonds of the Third Avenue Railway Company. Copies of each of these documents should be inspected by any stockholders at the office of said Depositary.

Dated New York, November 22, 1911.

JAMES N. WALLACE, Chairman;
ADRIAN ISELIN,
EDMUND D. RANDOLPH,
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,
JAMES TIMPSON,
HARRY BRONNER,
Bondholders' Committee.

WILLIAM D. GUTHRIE,
JOHN M. BOWERS,
Counsel to Committee.
CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
Depositary, 54 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Proposed Addition to Hotel Navarre—$1,000,000 in Private House Sales—Allerton Apartment in $750,000 Deal—Long Island Railroad Company Buys Acreage—Tenement House Property Active.

Negotiations are reported pending for the erection of an addition to the Hotel Navarre, Thirty-eighth Street and Seventh Avenue, that will double its capacity. The hotel is owned by Eliza W. White, one of the heirs of the Hoffman estate, who also holds title to the adjoining property known as 502, 504, 506, and 508 Seventh Avenue, covered by one-story taxpayers.

It is upon this parcel, 100 by 100.9, that the proposed addition to the hotel will be erected. The assessed valuation of the hotel property, which is 100 by 98.9, is $700,000, while the adjoining property is assessed at $366,000.

Several other big improvements are contemplated for Seventh Avenue, among which are two hotel schemes that are said to be awaiting definite action on the proposed Seventh Avenue Subway, and other means of transit to and from the Pennsylvania Station.

$750,000 Apartment House Deal.

The largest apartment house deal that has been made for many months on the upper west side was concluded yesterday in the sale by Isaac and Henry Mayer of the twelve-story Allerton apartment house on the southwest corner of Broadway and 113th Street. The property has been held at $750,000, and has been bought by an investor. The house is one of the new west side apartment structures and is well rented. It covers a plot 100 by 100 feet. The brokers in the transaction were Gibbs & Kirby.

$1,000,000 in Private House Deals.

The private house market showed exceptional activity yesterday, the dwellings that changed hands aggregating a value of over $1,000,000. Among them was the sale by Dave Hennen Morris of his West Seventy-second Street home and the definite announcement that James B. Haggin has bought the big George Crocker mansion on the north corner of Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street. Mr. Haggin agreed to buy the house last year, but the consummation of the deal was postponed until the settlement of the suit brought by some of the heirs against the Crocker estate. This was satisfactorily arranged a few days ago, and it was said yesterday that contracts have been signed and that Mr. Haggin will take possession of the house next February. The purchasing price is about $700,000. The house occupies a plot 30.7 by 110, and adjoins the large residence of Orme Wilson on a 65-foot plot in Sixty-fourth Street.

As an interesting comparison of Fifth Avenue residential values north of Fifty-ninth Street this entire Sixty-fourth Street corner, 100 feet on the avenue by 200 feet on the street, was purchased in 1869 by Isaiah Blood for $190,000. The property now has been divided into three Fifth Avenue lots and two on Sixty-fourth Street. The assessed valuation of the land alone included in the corner bought in 1869 is now $1,298,000, and with the improvements $2,203,000.

Mr. Haggin's present home is at 587 Fifth Avenue, between Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth Streets.

Dave Hennen Morris's residence at 269 West Seventy-second Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 25 by 100.5, adjoining the northeast corner of West End Avenue, has been sold to an investor whose name was not divulged by the agents, Pease & Elliman. It is one of the finest houses on the block and adjoins the Spencer Aldrich residence on the West End Avenue corner, which was recently leased by the same brokers.

Two other west side residences also figured in the day's transactions. The four-story house at 35 West Eighty-second Street was sold by Oliver J. Wells to the Hennessey Realty Company, Joseph Polstein, President, which owns the adjoining houses at 37 and 39, giving them control of a plot, 53.4 by 102.2 feet. The buyers are planning to improve the site with a twelve-story apartment house.

The three-story dwelling at 307 West Eighty-fifth Street has been sold by Lewis B. Preston for Mrs. William S. Gartner to a client. The plot is 20 by 102.2 feet.

In the Fort Washington section J. B. Wood sold for Grace Tujetti the private house at 521 West 179th Street, between Audubon and Amsterdam Avenues. The plot is 16 by 75 feet.

L. I. Railroad Co. Buys Acreage.

The Long Island Railroad Company has purchased from the Stuyvesant Realty Company a parcel of 1¾ acres, having a frontage of 100 feet on the south side of Henry Street, 212 feet on the east side of Jackson Avenue, 364 feet on the northeast side of Emmit Place, and 177 feet on the north side of Maurice Avenue; also eight lots at Winfield, a parcel 153 by 245 on the south side of Maurice Avenue, adjoining the railroad; a parcel 50 by 120 adjoining the above, a triangular piece at Henry Street, Railroad Avenue, and Jackson Avenue; also nine lots at Railroad Avenue, Lexington Avenue, Jackson Avenue, and Maurice Avenue, and Henry Street, Winfield.

The Winfield property will be used by the railroad in eliminating grade crossings and laying new tracks for the Winfield cut-off.

Sale On Centre Market Place.

Frank J. Cassidy has sold to a client of John R. Rafter the old three-story tenement 1 Centre Market Place, on a lot 17 by 58. The property is located directly opposite the new Police Headquarters building, and adjoins the northeast corner of Grant Street. D. Knabe holds title to this corner as well as 3 Centre Market Place. The assessed valuation of the corner is $28,000, while the inside plots, with the improvements, are placed at $7,000 each.

Uptown Tenement Property Active.

The two six-story flats 2,504 and 2,506 Seventh Avenue, which were scheduled to be sold at auction yesterday by Joseph P. Day for the Zanmatti estate, was disposed of by the executors before the hour set for the sale.

The structure, which covers a plot 80 by 100, is located on the northwest corner of 145th Street. Isadore Weissbaden was the buyer.

Another tenement deal on the west side involved new law six-story structures at 53 East 102d Street on a plot 40 by 100.11. It was sold by the Belwood Realty Company to Thomas A. McKennell, who gave in part payment 231 East 109th Street, a four-story tenement on a lot 18.6 by 100.11.

Bronx.

Another important deal in the eastern section of the Bronx, which has been unusually active during the past few weeks, was announced yesterday by W. E. & W. I. Brown, who sold at the southwest corner of Mohegan Avenue and 176th Street a plot 115 by 33 by 115 by 23.06. The buyer is a builder, who, it is reported, will improve the site with a six-story apartment.

The six-story new law tenement, 206 and 208 Brook Avenue, on a plot 40 by 100, has been sold by the Cream City Holding Company to the Rocksand Realty Company as an investment. Leon S. Altmayer negotiated the sale.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

$100,000 at 4½% (all or part)
65% of Brown's Appraisal
23rd to 59th St., between 7th and Lex. Aves
CALL, WRITE or PHONE
Remsen Darling,
'Phone 1491 Cortlandt. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

$35,000 @ 5%.
Manhattan and Bronx Improved Property, centrally located. Principals only. Beneficiary, K 293 Times Downtown.

Second mortgage money, various small sums at reasonable rates. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

Second mortgages to buy, tenement houses to lease; write particulars. K 254 Times Downtown.

$5,000 for second mortgage on Manhattan real estate. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

Brooklyn.

The Batcheller estate of Albany, N. Y., has sold to a builder for improvement a triangular plot 94 by 94 by 79 at the intersection of Broadway and McDougal Street, and a plot 40 by 100 on Willoughby Avenue, between Central and Hamburg Avenues. Both parcels have been in the same family for over twenty years.

Thomas Ebert has purchased for occupancy the residence of Mrs. Beatrice Durnell on the north side of Gravesend Neck Road, west of Ocean Parkway; $12,500 is reported to be the price paid for the property, which stands on a plot 80 by 360.

E. Sharum has sold to a client 2,048 Eighty-third Street, a brick dwelling, on a plot 18.2 by 100, between Twentieth and Twenty-first Avenues. Nineteen lots at Jackson Park, N. J., were given as part payment.

Long Island.

William H. Brooks has sold to Mary W. Platt a parcel having a frontage of 50 feet on the south side of State Street, 50 feet west of Fourteenth Street, Murray Hill.

Charles F. Ulrich has sold to Elsie De Groff three lots at Floral Park.

Westchester County.

One of the largest deals this Fall in Elmsford was announced yesterday by Kurz & Uren, who sold for Louis Sander fifty-three lots bounded by Vreeland Avenue, River, Haven, and Lamont Streets. The buyer is an operator and negotiations are reported pending for a resale of the entire plot to a builder.

The estate of John Kiely has sold to a New York City real estate operator the old Kiely homestead at Greenburg. The property consists of ten acres and a Colonial dwelling, located about a mile west of the Scarsdale station. The dwelling will be remodeled and used as a home by the buyer.

Recent Buyers.

Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church is the buyer of the dwelling 110 East Twenty-second Street, recently sold by the Read estate. This purchase squares the holdings of the church and gives it control of the entire block front on the east side of Fourth Avenue, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second Streets.

Catherine Wright is the buyer of 267 West Seventy-second Street, recently sold by Mary L. B. Naething.

Gustave Blumenthal is the buyer of the dwelling 16 West Forty-seventh Street, sold at auction Wednesday.

Heirs Take Lawrence Properties.

The recorded transfers, as published today, disclose the fact that the Broadway properties sold at auction on Oct. 10 in partition for the John R. Lawrence estate were bought in by the heirs, and also that Columbia University has an interest in the property. The parcels at 558 Broadway and 94 and 96 Crosby Street, which sold for $122,100, were transferred to Mary A. L. De Merlemont, who gives a mortgage of $60,500 to Emily M. Lawrence. The plot at 354 Broadway, which sold for $128,300, was transferred to Emily M. Lawrence, and 924 and 926 Broadway, near Twenty-first Street, which sold for $250,000, was transferred to Lawrence Jacob, who conveys it to the Brehn Realty Company. The latter gives a mortgage of $100,000 to the Columbia University Trustees. All of the properties sold for much less than the assessed valuation.

Dwellings Leased.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased 134 East Seventy-first Street for Lucius Wilmerding to Mrs. J. R. Busk of Newport; also 54 East Fifty-sixth Street for Mrs. T. Chesley Richardson to Frederick N. Lawrence, President of the Union Club.

Goodwin & Goodwin have leased for Mabel Walker to the Russian Club of New York the private residence at 81 West 118th Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

7th Av, 2,504 and 2,506, n w corner of 145th St, two six-story flats with stores, each 40x100; executors' sale; withdrawn, sold at private sale.

7th Av, 2,441, n e corner of 142d St, 99.11x107, seven-story apt house; foreclosure, adjourned to Dec. 20.

43d St, 247 and 249 East, n s, 80 ft w of 2d Av, 41.1x100.5, five-story tenement and three-story shop; partition, to the plaintiff, W. F. Marshall, $35,500.

171st St, 510 West, s s, 95 ft e of Audubon Av, 43.9x95, five-story flat; foreclosure, adjourned to Dec. 1.

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

118th St, 107 West, n s, 145 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x100.11, three-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Germania Life Ins. Co., $18,500.

AT 3,156 THIRD AV.

By Joseph P. Day.

Vyse Av, 1,151, w s, 300 ft n of 167th St, 20x100, three-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, A. C. Stephens, $8,900.

Block bounded by Hall and Post Avs, 203d St and road to Westchester, with frontages of 202, 156.8, 200, and 209.9 ft, respectively, except plot 50x100 on Hall Av; foreclosure, adjourned to Dec. 7.

Crotona Av, 2,071, w s, 100 ft n of Oakland Pl., 25x125, two-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, F. A. Southworth, $5,500.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Valentine Av, w s, 150 ft n of 198th St, 75x170, vacant; foreclosure, to John H. Unlandhern, $5,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

129th St, s s, 225 ft e of 12th Av, for a three-story cafe and hotel, 35x45.8; Sophie Meyer, 275 West 145th St, owner; C. B. Meyers, architect; cost, $25,000.

Southern Boulevard, e s, 180 ft s of Westchester Av, for two five-story brick tenements, 42x100.8 each; Mercury Realty Co., Samuel Brener, 600 Prospect Av, President, owner; Goldner & Goldberg, architects; cost, $100,000.

Alteration.

(Items under $5,000 omitted.)

85th St, 304 West, to a three-story private dwelling; E. P. Dreyfus, premises, owner; Taylor & Levy, architects; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, NOV. 23.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

ALLEN ST, 94, e s, 24.9x87.6; William Nowick and others to Hannah Lederer, 215 West 137th St, (mtg $30,625, all liens,) Nov. 22; attorney, I. E. Schlesinger, 150 Nassau St.. $100

AMSTERDAM AV, 307, e s, 17x87; Julius Haase and others to Paul R. Opp, 304 Amsterdam Av, (mtg $12,000,) Nov. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

ANTHONY AV, old, w s, 519.7 ft n of Southern Boulevard, old line, 50.3x91.2x50x88.8; Anthony Av, old, w s, 569.10 ft n of Southern Boulevard, old line, runs e 17.7 to w s of Grand Boulevard and Concourse x n 50 x w 22.8 to avenue x s 50.3 to beginning; Joseph Hahn and another to Robert Adelmann, 1,020 East 178th St, Nov. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

AVENUE B, e s, 71 ft n of 10th St, 23.8x93; Anna Palzer to Mary Milofsky, 291 East 7th St, (mtg $15,000,) Nov. 21; attorney, H. L. Roth, 1,421 Broadway.....$1

BROADWAY, 558, e s, 27x100; Crosby St, 96, w s, 25x100; Prince St, south part of 76, begins 106 ft from Prince St x 100 from Broadway, runs e 25x n w —x s 2 to beginning; Crosby St, w s, 137.2 ft s of Prince St, 25x100x25.4x100; S. Stanwood Menken, referee, to Mary A. L. de Merlemont, (partition Oct. 10, 1911,) Nov. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.......$122,100

BROADWAY, 558, e s, 27x100; Crosby St, 96, w s, 25x100; Prince St, south part of 76, begins 106 ft from Prince St x 100 from Broadway, runs e 25x n w —x s 2 to beginning; Crosby St, w s, 137.2 ft s of Prince St, 25x100x25.4x100; Trustees of Columbia College to Mary A. L. de Merlemont, quitclaim, Nov. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

BROADWAY, 354, e s, 26x175 to w s of Benson St, (partition Oct. 10, 1911;) S. Stanwood Menken, referee, to Emily M. Lawrence, trustee of Douglas W. Campbell and others, Nov. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$128,300

BROADWAY, 354, e s, 26x175 to w s of Benson St, (partition Oct. 10, 1911;) Trustees of Columbia College to Emily M. Lawrence, trustee of Douglas W. Campbell and others, quitclaim, Nov. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.........$1

BROADWAY, e s, 22.6 ft n of 21st St, 19.11x107.8x19.4x102.3; Broadway, e s, 42.5 ft n of 21st St, 19.11x113.1x19.4x107.8; S. Stanwood Menken, referee, to Lawrence Jacob, at Diamond Point, N. Y., Oct. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway. $250,000

BROADWAY, e s, 22.6 ft n of 21st St, 19.11x107.8x19.4x102.3; Broadway, e s, 42.4 ft n of 21st St, 19.11x113.1x19.4x107.8; Lawrence Jacob to Brelm Realty Co, 68 Broad St, (mtg $160,000,) Nov. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$250,000

BROADWAY, e s, 22.6 ft n of 21st St, 19.11x107.8x19.4x102.3; Broadway, e s, 42.5 ft n of 21st St, 19.11x113.1x19.4x107.8; Trustees of Columbia College to Lawrence Jacob, at Diamond Point, N. Y., Nov. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$1

BRYANT AV, w s, 225 ft s of Jennings St, 25x100; Herman Isaacs to Rufus Isaacs, 102 Fenimore St, Brooklyn, (mtg $8,000,) April 26; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Rufus Isaacs to Betty Gersman, 1,431 Bryant Av, (mtg $8,000,) Nov. 23; attorney, same.....$100

CHRYSTIE ST, w s, at s s of land of Richard Munson, runs w 50x s 25x e 25x s 3.6x e 25x n 25; Rosina Tuzzolino to Salvatore Cannariato, 234 East 75th St, Nov. 22, (mtg $17,250;) attorneys, Palmieri & Weschler, 61 Park Row.....$1

CONCORD AV, 333, w s, 20x100; Concord Av, 337 to 341, w s, 50x100; Concord Av, 349, w s, 16.8x100; Trebor Realty Co. to Ella T. Barlow, 189 Montague St, Brooklyn, quitclaim, Nov. 22; attorney, H. J. Rosenson, 149 Broadway.....$100

CROMWELL AV, s e s, 213.5 ft s w of 170th St, 101.1x137.7; James M. Dodge to Carl Frank, at Scarsdale, N. Y., quitclaim, Oct. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

DECATUR AV, n w corner of 197th St, 191.8x58.3; Morris H. Dillenbeck and others, trustees, to Agnes Nichols, Mount Vernon, N. Y., June 24; attorneys, Peter S. O'Hara Bros., 2,873 Webster Av.....$5,500

GRANT AV, e s, 82 ft s of 166th St, 25x100.8; Esther Weiss to Kitchen Improvement Co., 2,009 Bronxdale Av, (mtg $7,500,) Nov. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

GREENWICH ST, 762, w s, 17.6x—; Curtiss P. Byron to Value Realty Co., 170 Broadway, Nov. 17, (mtg $6,000;) attorney, A. O. Ernst, 170 Broadway.....$100

HEATH AV, 2,905 to 2,913, w s, 89.2x90; Harry E. Champoli to Mary E. Champoli, 116 West 190th St, Oct. 31; attorney, Samuel H. Golding, 53 Park Row.....$1

HOE AV, 1,315; Anna Kaiser to Emil N. Sorgenfrei, 512 Morris Park Av, Nov. 22, (mtg $5,000;) attorneys, William Peters & Co., 2,015 Boston Road.....$100

INDEPENDENCE AV, w s, 456 ft n of 252d St, runs n w 340 to e s of alley x n e 143.9 x s e 347 to avenue x s e 143.9 to beginning, contains 1 196-1000 acres; Adin G. Pierce to Estella M. Pierce, at the Sans Souci, Independence Av, Oct. 24.....$1

KATONAH AV, 4,319 to 4,325, s w corner of 238th St, 100x85; Walker L. Otis to Picone Realty Co., 549 Southern Boulevard, (mtg $19,500,) Nov. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LEXINGTON AV, s e corner of 62d St, 20.5x80; William Knoepke to Edw. Hirsh, 53 East 60th St, Nov. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 460, 461, and s ½ of Lot 88, map of Arden property, Westchester; Thomas L. Reynolds Co. to Mamaroneck Mortgage and Security Co., at Mamaroneck, N. Y., (mtg $3,200,) Oct. 13; attorneys, Reed & Pallister, 280 Broadway.....$1

MARION AV, e s, 150 ft n of 189th St, 50x109.2; Picone Realty Co. to Verlo Land Co., 60 Wall St, (mtg $42,000,) Nov. 22; attorneys, Otis & Co., 60 Wall St.....$100

PARK AV, e s, 162 ft s of 183d St, 72x143.1; D. Clinton Mackay to Kitchen Improvement Co., 2,009 Bronxdale Av, (mtg $7,500,) Nov. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Kitchen Improvement Co. to Anita L. Lang, 1,696 Topping Av, (mtg $7,500,) Nov. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

PERRY ST, 113 and 115, n s, 45x—; John H. Vought and another, trustees, to William G. Vought and others, at East Aurora, N. Y., Nov. 6; attorneys, Ver Planck, P. & F., 149 Broadway.....$1

TIEBOUT AV, w s, 262 ft n of 180th St, 27.5x100.11; George H. Engelhard, referee, to Willie L. Brown and others, 134 West 104th St, Nov. 23; attorney, Clark B. Augustine, 261 Broadway.....$2,500

VALENTINE AV, s e s, 205.9 ft n e of 198th St, 25x99; Frances Lagana to National Operating Co., 141 Broadway, Oct. 2; attorney, S. P. Goldman, 141 Broadway.....$1

ROBBINS AV, w s, 376.11 ft s of Dater St, 25x150.7; Central Mortgage Co. to Picone Realty Co., 547 Southern Boulevard, (mtg $18,000,) Nov. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SHERMAN AV, s e corner of Emerson St, 100x100; Thomas L. Reynolds Co. to Marmaroneck Mortgage and Security Co., Marmaroneck, N. Y., (mtg $20,000,) Oct. 13; attorneys, Reed & Pallister, 280 Broadway.....$1

SPRING ST, n e corner of Mott St, 23.9x114.5; John H. Jones, referee, to Richard Lathers, Jr., and another, trustee, New Rochelle, N. Y., Nov. 15; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St.....$65,000

TOPPING AV, 1,768, e s, 20x95; Signey G. De Kay, referee, to Henry Bohlen and another, 2,241 Chatterton Av, (mtg $7,500,) Nov. 8; attorneys, Appell & T., 90 West Broadway.....$500

WEST BROADWAY, w s, from 3d to 4th Sts, 209.6x25x irregular x50; Lewis A. London and others to Robert L. Ireland, at Bratenahl, Ohio, (mtg $150,000,) Jan. 27; attorneys, Spencer, O. & W., 27 William St.....$1

WEST ST, 307 and 308, e s, 40x87.3x40x85.9; Thomas Lenane and another, trustees of Patrick Lenane, to Thomas Lenane, 18 West 82d St, Nov. 23; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St.....$20,000

WEST ST, 307 and 308, e s, 40x87.3x40x85.9; Mortimer V. and Eleanor B. Lenane, heirs of Patrick Lenane, to Thomas Lenane, 18 West 82d St, quitclaim, Nov. 23; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St.....$100

WEST END AV, 487, w s, 17x82; Alma M. Gilsey to Eastern Holding Co., 170 Broadway, (mtg $14,000,) Nov. 20; attorney, Julius Miller, 42 Broadway.....$100

WEST END AV, 277, w s, 20x115; Eastern Holding Co to Alma M. Gilsey, 277 West End Av, (mtg $30,000,) Nov. 20; attorney, Julius Miller, 42 Broadway.....$100

2D AV, 2,006, e s, 25x74.7; Rudolph L. Blumenthal to Fanny Mandelbaum, 783 Prospect Av, Sept. 30; attorney, A. H. Mittlemann, 261 Broadway.....$100

2D AV, 2,237, w s, 26.6x80; Wilgro Realty Co. to Legne Realty Co., 132 Nassau St, (mtg $15,000,) Oct. 4; attorneys, Engel Brothers, 132 Nassau St.....$100

10TH ST, 230 ft e of Avenue C, 25x108, Unionport; Frederick Hertfelder to August Dannemann, 1,944 Clinton Av, Nov. 21; attorney, L. W. Hefter, 216 Westchester Av.......$100

11TH ST, 328 East, s s, 25x94.10; Salvatore Cannariato and others to Vincenzo Tuzzolino, 1,414 2d Av, (mtg $32,200,) Nov. 22; attorneys, Menken Brothers, 87 Nassau St..$1

41ST ST, s s, 119.2 ft e of 5th Av, 20.10x—; Charles H. Stebbins, executor, to Jenny K. Stafford, 1,256 Broadway, Nov. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$130,000

45TH ST, 553 West, 25x100.5; Zacharias Bendheim to Adolph M. Bendheim, 88 Central Park West, (mtg $14,000,) Nov. 22; attorney, Lewis S. Marx, 128 Broadway......$100

45TH ST, 605 West, n s, 25x100.5; Rosanna Gilroy to John T. Gilroy, 605 West 45th St, and another, Nov. 22.....$100

46TH ST, 449 West, 24.2x100.5; May Feeney to Max Stern, 56 West 140th St, (mtg $18,000,) Nov. 23; attorney, Leo Schafran, 116 Nassau St.....$100

50TH ST, n s, 271.8 ft w of 8th Av, 19.2x100.5; Thomas Lenane and another, trustees, to Rudolph Wallach Co., 68 William St, Nov. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$8,612

SAME PROPERTY; Thomas Lenane to Thomas Wallach Co., 68 William St, Nov. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 176 Broadway.....$8,612

SAME PROPERTY; Mortimer L. Lenane and another to same, Nov. 23; attorney, same, $100

71ST ST, 416 and 418 East, 50x100.5; Henry Hirsch to Regina Hirsch, 1,235 Union Av, Nov. 21, (mtg $45,500;) address, 1,235 Union Av.....$100

82D ST., n s, 387.6 ft e of Columbus Av, 22.6x102.2; Henry Parsons and others, executors, &c, of George Parsons, to George C. Towns, 355 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, July 24; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$35,000

SAME PROPERTY; Henry Parsons and others to same, July 21.....$1

82D ST, 218 and 220 East, 50.10x102.2; Zacharias Bendheim to Adolph M. Bendheim, 88 Central Park West, Nov. 22, (mtg $42,000;) attorney, Lewis S. Marx, 128 Broadway..$100

103D ST, s s, 99.6 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; Edward Popper to Hermanie Popper, (mtg $14,000,) June 21, 1910; attorney, N. D. Levy, 198 Broadway.....$100

116TH ST, 135 West, 28.6x100.11; Jennie H. Morrison to Mary Dux, 772 9th Av, Nov. 23, (mtg $33,500;) attorney, Ira J. Ettinger, 51 Chambers St.....$100

116TH ST, 30 and 32 West, 54x100.11; Sadie Elias to Joe Elias, 30 West 116th St, Nov. 2; address, 2,001 7th Av.....$100

166TH ST, n s, 222 ft e of Park Av, 62x90; Hadden Realty Co. to Gladys M. Mullvin, 242 West 46th St, Nov. 18, (mtg $13,500;) attorneys, Bernstein & B., 302 Broadway....$1

209TH ST, n e s, 125 ft n w of Columbus Av, 25x99.11; Thomas L. Reynolds Co. to Mamaroneck Mortgage and Security Co., at Mamaroneck, N. Y., Oct. 13; attorneys, Reed & Pallister, 280 Broadway.....$1

228TH ST, s s, part of Lot 201, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Emma Busch to William J. Koch, 651 East 230th St, (mtg $1,800,) Nov. 21; attorney, George J. Stricker, 3,050 3d Av.....$100

229TH ST, 843 East, s s, 30x114.6; Louis Brody to John H. Carstens, 430 East 162d St, (mtg $4,300,) Nov. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

BELZ, Anna M. M., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Bainbridge Av, e s, 125 ft n of 207th St, 50x—, Nov. 23, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1,750

BREHN REALTY CO to the Trustee of Columbia College in the City of New York, 68 Broad St; Broadway, e s, 22.6 ft n of 21st St, 39.10x107.8, Nov. 23, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100,000

CORN, Henry, to Union Dime Savings Bank, Riverside Drive, n e s, 478.4 ft n w of 158th St, 110.11x —, Nov. 22, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av. $45,000

DE MERLEMONT, Mary A. L., to Emily M. Lawrence, executrix, Lake Mohegan, N. Y.; Broadway, 558, e s, 27x100; Crosby St, 96, w s, 25x100; Crosby St, w s, 137.2 ft s of Prince St, 25x100, Nov. 23, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$60,500

DEMPSEY, Arthur A., to Hudson Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway; 2,220 and 2,222 Lexington Av, w s, 26.8x100; 50th St, s s, 80 ft w of 2d Av, 20x100.5; 313 East 24th St, 20x98.9; 97th St, n s, 476 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 16x100.11; 1st Av, w s, 50.7 ft s of 102d St, 50.4x100, Nov. 23, prior mtg $21,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$2,500

FREDA REALTY CO. to William A. Butler, Southampton, L. I., and another, trustees; 156th St, n s, 330.3 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 39.3x99.11, Nov. 22, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$37,500

SAME to Fanny Shaskan, Red Bank, N. J.; same property, prior mtg $43,500, Nov. 22, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Benjamin S. Catts, 29 Broadway.....$1,100

GREENWICH INVESTING CO. to James H. Cruikshank, Freeport, L. I., and another; Hudson St, 503 and 507, w s, 70.2x irregular, Nov. 16, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$2,500

GUNZY, Josef, and another to Henry P. Moorhouse, Paris, France; Mercer St, e s, 213.3 ft n of Waverley Place, 26x100; Broadway, w s, 135 ft s of Clinton Place, 26x100, Nov. 23, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, Wells & S., 34 Nassau St.....$7,000

HAWTHORNE CONSTRUCTION CO. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St; Hawthorne St, n e s, 100 ft n w of Sherman Av, 100x100, Nov. 22, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$69,000

HERRMANN, Albert, to North Side Savings Bank, 3,230 3d Av; Union Av, 1,224, e s, 20x168.3, Nov. 24, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

KOLNN, Theresa, to Lilian W. Schiff, 457 Franklin Av, Brooklyn; Honeywell Av, w s, 250.4 ft s of 180th St, 66.1x140.3, Nov. 23, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Bloomfield, Littell, 71 Wall St.....$6,000

LAKRITZ, Herman, to Amelia Kappes, 169 West 130th St; 152d St, n s, e ½ of Lot 360, map of Melrose South, 25x115.2, Nov. 22, 5 years; attorney, George H. Hyde, 41 Park Row.....$21,000

SAME to Moses L. Rosenfeld, 431 East 138th St; same property, prior mtg $21,000, Nov. 22, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

LAWRENCE, Emily M., to S. Stanwood Menken, referee, 34 West 52d St; Broadway, 354, e s, 25x175, Nov. 23, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$62,700

LUCEY, James F., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; 130th St, 37 West, 20x99.11, Nov. 23, 5 years; attorney, E. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St.$12,000

McLEES, Susan A., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Belmont Av, 2,320, e s, 25x100, Nov. 23, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway.....$4,000

MAZE REALTY CO to Chester W. Cuthell, 34 West 44th St; Fox St, w s, 191.3 ft e of Avenue St. John, 40.7x125, Nov. 22, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$29,000

MEYER, Clara, to John C. Cahoon, 170 West 123d St; 105 West 136th St, 27x99.11, prior mtg $18,000, Nov. 23, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lachman & G., 35 Nassau St.....$2,000

MOTT AV REALTY CO. to Beatrice M. Sterling, 561 West End Av; Mott Av, e s, 150 ft n of 144th St, 50x131.6, Nov. 22, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$42,000

NICHOLS, Agnes, to Lizzie A. Schade and others, 333 East 188th St; Decatur Av, n w corner of 197th St, 101.8x58.3, Nov. 14, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, O'Hara Brothers, 200th St and Webster Av.....$9,000

OPP, Paul R., to Julius Haase and another, Stratford, Conn.; Amsterdam Av, 307, e s, 17x81, Nov. 16, 5 years; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 125 Broad St.....$10,000

OSSWALD, Helen, to Allen S. Hulbert, 39 East 27th St; 239th St, n s, 175 ft e of Martha Av, 25x100, Nov. 21, due as per bond; attorney, Grant Squires, 40 Wall St.....$4,500

PICONE REALTY CO. to Gustav Seufer, 144 Amsterdam Av; Robbins Av, w s, 376.11 ft s of Dater St, 25x146.11x25.3x150.7; Katonah Av, s w corner of 238th St, 100x85, prior mtg $19,500, Nov. 22, due Feb. 20, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

BLANCO, Angelo, and another to Amelia Sternberg, 1,323 Broadway; 63d St, 326 East, 25x100.5, (mtg 21,250,) Nov. 17, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Engel Brothers, 132 Nassau St.....$1,250

RIVINGTON, Mary M., to Industrial Savings and Loan Co., Times Building, 42d St and Broadway; Lots 30 and 31, map of Whitehall Realty Co., prior mtg $1,500, Nov. 17, due Feb. 17, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, Thomas H. Rothwell.....$350

ROEDER, Anna, to Eureka Co-operative Savings and Loan Association, 420 East 149th St; Park Av West, w s, 227.6 ft s of 182d St, 18x91.6, Nov. 22, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, John Davis, 68 William St.....$2,000

RUDOLPH WALLACH CO. to Eleanor B. Lenane, 314 West 103d St; 50th St, n s, 271.8 ft w of 8th Av, 19.2x100.5, Nov. 23, 3 years; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St.. $12,000

SCHMIDT, Anna, to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,808 3d Av; Public Road, s w s, Lot 21, map of Classon's Point, containing 10 14-100 acres, Nov. 21, due Dec. 1, 1914, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Lexow, M. & W., 43 Cedar St.. $17,500

STAFFORD, Jenny K., to Charles H. Stebbins, executor, 33 West 9th St; 41st St, s s, 119.2 ft e of 5th Av, 20.10x103.8, Nov. 23, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Theodore L. Bailey, 62 William St.....$86,000

STONINGTON REALTY CO. to Estella S. Horkheimer, 545 West 111th St; Webster Av, w s, 74 ft n of 184th St, 39x100, Nov. 23, 3 years; attorneys, Horkheimer & Co., 42 Broadway.....$28,000

TREMONT PARK REALTY CO. to Lottie Dunbacher, 200 5th Av; Park Av, w s 287.8 ft s of 187th St 150x98.3, Oct. 16, due Nov. 15, 1911; address, 200 5th Av.....$1,000

ULLO, Lorenzo, to Dry Dock Savings Institution, 341 Bowery; Chrystie St, 155, n w s, 25.5x69.7, Nov. 21, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, F. M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row. $14,000

ULLO, Lorenzo, to Frank M. Tichenor, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; Chrystie St, 155, n w s, 25.5x69.7, Nov. 21, prior mtg $14,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; address, 38 Park Row.....$2,500

WYOMING REALTY CO. to Irving Weiser, 702 East 5th St; 5 East 3d St, 25x96.4, prior mtg $17,000, Nov. 11, due May 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, Max Winder, 67 Clinton St.. $26,000

Recorded Leases.

With name and address of lessee.

CLINTON AV, n e corner of 180th St, store; Kovacs Construction Co. to Charles F. Hallam, 2,106 Clinton Av, 3 years from Oct. 1, 1911; attorneys, Sternberg, J. & P., 309 Broadway.....$1,020

LENOX AV, 404, store, floor and basement; John D. Von Der Lieth to August Windheim and another, 879 Tinton Av, 5 years from Dec. 1, 1911; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av.....$2,500

MARKET ST, 59, and 18 Hamilton St, stores; Elk Realty Co. to Joe Scheinsinger, 379 Grand St, 5 years from Dec. 1, 1911; attorney, M. Bleetstein, 169 East Broadway.. $960 and $1,200

WILLIAMSBRIDGE ROAD, 1,416, all; George Costar to Oscar Hackelberg, 1,414 5th Av, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1911; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av.....$1,500

2D AV, 1,846, north store, floor and cellar; Richard Herold to Jacob Braun and another, 2 years from May 1, 1911; attorneys, Braun Brothers, 1,846 Broadway.....$600

3D AV, 1,945, store, &c; Mary A. Grogan to James J. Finnerty, 611 West 180th St, 5 years from Dec. 1, 1911......$1,200 and $1,500

3D AV, [illegible],629; Matilda Levy to Simon Edelstein and another, 81 Borden Av, Long Island City, 5 years from Dec. 1, 1911; attorney, Milton G. Bucky, 2 Rector St.....$2,350

8TH AV, 365, all; Marie M. I. De Courval to Mary E. Corse, at Highlands, N. J., 21 years from May 1, 1911; attorney, W. T. Emmet, 52 Wall St.....$950

16TH ST, 530 East, all; Pinkus Burger to Joseph Sultan, 530 East 16th St, 3 years from Aug. 1, 1910; attorney, Giza Sultan, 530 East 16th St.....$2,250

8TH AV, 705, all; Joseph Goodman and another to Hermann Graf, 261 West 137th St, 14 years from Jan. 1, 1912; attorney, Henry Fluegelman, 299 Broadway.....$4,000

11TH AV, 609, store and basement; Peter McGirr to John Quinn and another, 10 years from Nov. 15, 1911; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av.....$1,500

23D ST, 115 and 117 West, and 108 and 110 West 24th St, stores and basements; Elmer A. Darling to Manges Brothers, 115 West 23d St, 3 years from May 1, 1912.....$4,250

SAME PROPERTY, 1st lofts; Elmer A. Darling to David Van Blerkom, 247 West 36th St, 8 years and 3¼ months from Feb. 1, 1912.....$1,500

135H ST, 124 and 126 West, all; Shaff & Silberman to Gibson L. Young, 2,283 7th Av, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1911.....$7,500

138TH ST, 504 East, store and part of cellar; Meta Rohdenburg, executrix, to Delia Cunningham, 510 East 135th St, 9 years from Nov. 1, 1911; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av.....$1,800

180TH ST, 747 East, n s, 100 ft w of Prospect Av; Prospect Av, w s, 100 ft n of 180th St, 35x100, all; Giosue Galiani to Edward Steiner, 1,998 Clinton Av, 10 years from Oct. 1, 1911; attorneys, Spitz & Bromberger, 35 Nassau St.....$3,000

Mechanics' Liens.

BOSTON ROAD, 1,815 to 1,821; International Steam Pump Co. against William H. Weissager, owner and contractor.....$1,000

CHURCH ST, 50; McNulty Brothers, Inc., against Manhattan Railroad Co., owner; Josephine J. S. Wendell and Alice J. Phyfe, owners; Machinery Club of New York, lessee; William H. Boardman Co., contractor..$5,644

CLAREMONT AV, e s, 100 ft s of 125th St, 150x100; Alfonse Kaufman against Clementine Realty Co., owner and contractor...$500

MADISON AV, 1,626; Saul Navid against Esrael Fortgang, owner and contractor..$270

MADISON AV, 1,306 to 1,312; Frederick R. Law against Fredericka Ashton, owner and contractor.....$100

FULTON ST, 143 and 145; McNulty Brothers, Inc., against Emily and Fanny N. Stillwell and Fanny N. Brisbane, owners; Edward E. White, lessee; William H. Board Co., contractor.....$418

2D AV, 2,004; Julius M. Schwartz against Vito Trivigno, owner; Mary Logwinoff, lessee and contractor.....$1,649

6TH AV, w s, whole front between 22d and 23d Sts, 200x150; United States Metal Products Co. against Evelyn L. Jules, Ehrich, Charlotte E. Bacon, Ida M. Tarbell, Agnes W. Peck, owners; Joseph L. Kesner Co., lessee and contractor.....$3,730

23D ST, 130 West; Lunden Iron Works against Cushman estate, owner; Atkins Iron Works, contractor.....$336

47TH ST, 143 West; James S. Lawlor against Timothy Kieley, owner; Victorine Landis, lessee; Constance Lee De Pastor, sub-lessee and contractor.....$231

134TH ST, 539 East; William Rubin against Herman Knepper, owner and contractor; Sophie Knepper, owner; Abraham G. Michaels and the 134th Street Co., contractors....$380

175TH ST, s s, whole front between Grand Concourse and Eastburn Av, 15x125x50x100; Julia Salmon against Nathan B. Levin Co., owner and contractor.....$42

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

BROADWAY, 663 and 665; William E. Mowbray against 663-665 Broadway Co. and others, Aug. 23, 1911.....$158

MACLAY AV, n s, 79.10 ft e of Zerega Av; Tozzini & Co. against Zerega Avenue Improvement Co. and others, Oct. 17, 1911. $135

MARION AV, 2,474; Max Rosenthal & Son against Picone Realty Co. and others, Sept. 22, 1911.....$43

SAME PROPERTY; North American Wall Paper Co. against same, Sept. 28, 1911...$123

SAME PROPERTY; Webster Iron Works against same, July 7, 1911.....$677

SAME ROPERTY; P. J. Heaney Co. against same, July 10, 1911.....$887

SAME PROPERTY; same against same, July 10, 1911.....$1,008

SAME PROPERTY; Guerino Baldi against same, July 10, 1911.....$140

SAME PROPERTY; William E. Mason against same, July 13, 1911.....$435

WILKINS AV, e s, 500 ft n of 170th St; James Di Benedetto against Charles Hermann & Co. and others, Oct. 27, 1911, (by bond)..$445

8TH AV, 490; Barnet Feldman against Marie G. Howser and others, Sept. 19, 1911.....$284

26TH ST, 518 to 526 West; Garwood Electric Co. against Harris Wolff and others, Aug. 11, 1911.....$5,100

41ST ST, 344 and 346 West; John J. Kelly against Catherine A. Gay and others, June 11, 1909.....$1,842

Lis Pendens.

CONCORD AV, e s, 59.4 ft n of Dater St, 19.8x100; Harlem Savings Bank against Joseph Poldaw and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. S. Clinch.

CONCORD AV, e s, 20 ft n of Dater St, 19.8x100; Harlem Savings Bank against Joseph Poldow and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. S. Clinch.

CONCORD AV, e s, 39.8 ft n of Dater St, 19.8x100; Harlem Savings Bank against Joseph Poldow and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. S. Clinch.

FINDLAY AV, s e corner of 165th St, runs e 185.2 ft to Teller Av x s 108.11x n w 160.3x —x 94.7 to beginning; Prospect Investing Co. against F. T. Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. W. Collins.

HORATIO ST, n s, 24 ft w of West 4th St, 18.9x74.4; David Lippmann against Thomas J. Bradbury and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, S. H. Schwarz.

LOTS 2 to 6, 9, 24, 40, 63, 64, 83, 84, 114 to 121, 124 to 126, 158, 159, 177, 178, 187 to 189, 200, 210, 215, 235, 236, 255 to 257, map of estate of Joseph Husson at Clason Point, Bronx; Lots 40, 63, 64, 83, 84, 114 to 121, 124 to 126, 158, 159, 177, 178, 187 to 189, 210, 215, 235, 236, 255 to 257, same map, two actions; Daniel S. Doran against Josephine F. B. Porter, (actions to declare mortgages valid liens;) attorney, H. C. Brooks.

LOTS 124 and 64, map made by E. H. Holden Aug. 20, 1903, Bronx, two actions; Daniel S. Doran against Porter Realty and Development Co., (actions to cancel discharge of mortgages, &c.;) attorney, H. C. Brooks.

PARCEL of land beginning at a point 240 ft w of Broadway and 72.5 ft s of 94th St; Ezra C. McDowell and others against Lucy R. Ball and others, (partition;) attorney, C. S. Noyse.

RIVER DRIVE, (private right of way,) 120.8 ft s of Evergreen Drive, (private right of way,) containing 16,340 58-100 square feet, Bronx; the Hudson Co. against Huntington W. Merchant and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Douglas & Armitage.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 125 ft s of 149th St, 50x100; Theodore J. Chabot against Thomas J. Pearman and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. J. Sullivan.

STANTON ST, s s, 48.1 ft e of Forsyth St, 18.6x75x irregular; Moses P. Prout and others against Fanny Cohen and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Crawford, Harris & Goodwin.

ST. ANN'S AV, 469 to 473; Mary E. Bunt against James T. Bunt and others, (actoin to declare trust;) attorney, J. E. Duross.

WASHINGTON AV, 1,174 and 1,176; Estella S. Horkheimer against Brook Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Horkheimer & Cohen.

WASHINGTON AV, 1,170 and 1,172; Jeanette K. Horkheimer against Brook Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Horkheimer & Cohen.

WHITTIER ST, w s, 100 ft n of Garrison Av, 35x120; Rudolf Gersmann against Mary Walpole and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorneys, Katz & Sommerich.

2D AV, 1,449; Rudolph Weil against Max Wertheimer and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Frankenthaler & Kaufmann.

3D AV, 4,067; American Luxfer Prism Co. against Jacob Guttag and others, counterclaim; attorneys, Thompson, Warren & Pelgram.

33D ST, 205 and 207 West; New York Life Insurance Co. against George L. Kobbe and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

38TH ST, s s, between 1st and 2d Avs, Lot 48; Tax Lien Co. of New York against Pierre G. Carroll and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, W. Lustgarten.

38TH ST, s s, between 1st and 2d Avs; Tax Lien Co. of New York against Pierre G. Carroll and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, W. Lustgarten.

52D ST, n s, 150 ft w of 2d Av, 15x100.5; Lincoln Trust Co. against Margaret F. Clancy and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

60TH ST, 347 East; Ernestine J. Sierck against Seal Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Hamilton, Gregory & Freeman.

97TH ST, 216 East; Irma Corvan against Gianovario Innella and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bandler & Haas.

97TH ST, 214 East; Flora V. Bandler against Gianovario Innella and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bandler & Haas.

131ST ST, n s, 100 ft w of Boulevard, 50x99.11; Harlem Savings Bank against Adam S. Sands and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. S. Clinch.

138TH ST, 519 West; Harry Horwitz against Isaac Levy and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. B. Marx.

227TH ST, s s, 130 ft e of Barnes Av, 25x114; Ludwig Thonges and others against Henrietta L. Higgins and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Seyfarth, Gunkel & Seyfarth.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

When you buy
Real Estate you ought to get a marketable title. Better consult us before you close it.
LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

Wm. A. White & Sons
Real Estate
Management Rentals Sales
62 Cedar Street

MASON AND PLASTERER,
Every description; also whitewashing. Low estimates furnished.
LEIVE, 351 West 59th St.

J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO
Manager of Estates
Brokers. Appraisers.
105 West 40th St., nr. B'way. Tel. 876 Bryant.
J. Romaine Brown. A. P. W. Kinnan.

OWNER WILL SACRIFICE 10-family house, fully rented, in private house block. Easy terms.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 62 Cedar St.

West Side.

TWO COLD-WATER 5-STORY TRIPLES, with stores, on the busiest thoroughfare uptown, south side of Manhattan St., near Amsterdam Av. and Subway station. A location that is bound to boom on account of the demand. Will sell for what the property is worth to-day and not what it is going to be worth. Guaranteed rents, $7,086. Price, $71,000. Terms to suit. E. A. FAIRBANKS, 271 West 125th St.

Handsome brownstone house, near Greenwich Av.; three-story basement; rent $900 per annum; $2,500 will buy. Duross Co., 155 W. 14th.

East Side.

NEAR PARK AVENUE in the nineties; 25x100. Vacant—Suitable for Garage. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 62 Cedar St.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Beautiful House Near Water
L. I. Sound; 32 minutes from Penn. Sta.; water-front rights to fine bathing beach; near station; dock for your yacht or motor boat; electricity and gas; cement sidewalks and sewerage; very select and refined neighborhood; title perfect. Descriptive booklet mailed on request. HENRY, 146 E. 34th St., N. Y.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Plot 70x200, excavated, not restricted; vicinity Tremont-Crotona Avs.; make offer. Telephone 1545 Stuyvesant.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Kensington,
Great Neck
Write or telephone 5,600 Murray Hill for booklet of new houses now being completed.
Rickert-Finlay Realty Co.
45 West 34th Street

HOUSE SACRIFICE $5,950
Will dispose of my beautiful new house, built by day's work and cost me $7,500, including all improvements, gas, electricity, parquet floors, running water, beamed ceilings, large wardrobes and many other special features; located in a large plot of ground and attractive avenue in private residential park; 24 minutes to Herald Square or Battery on the Pennsylvania Tunnel line, three minutes' walk from depot; sell on very easy terms, small deposit, or will rent with privilege of purchasing and apply rent payments on purchase. Call, write or 'phone. WM. C. MURRAY,
Phone 4070 Beekman. 150 Nassau St., City.

Investors and Developers.
Have most desirable large acreage tract on Long Island for sale. Edwin C. Hill, 1 West 34th Street, New York City.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

ONLY ONE TARRYTOWN
New Grand Central Electric Railroad to Tarrytown by Thanksgiving. We offer at attractive figures excellent large house, with garage and stable; lot 100x200. Easy terms. Price $16,000. Duross, 155 West 14th, New York City.

IN PICTURESQUE LARCHMONT, on the Sound side of, and three minutes' walk from station, we have an established, exclusive home colony; our style of proposition enables you to join us on a small initial payment, and balance like rent. For information communicate with Larchmont Park Colony, 47 West 42d St., New York City.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

TRADES TRADES TRADES
First-class exchanges anywhere. Send full details. Box "Ruth 18," 3,013 3d Av.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

A $48,000 STOCK FARM FOR $20,000. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

The Homeseeker's Opportunity
For a profitable farm home, look to Vermont. Productive and improved farms can be purchased at very reasonable prices. Ideal climate, fine water, good roads, and unsurpassed school and social advantages. Near the great Boston and New York markets. Vermont surpasses most of the great agricultural states of the West in per-acre production of staple crops. Big FREE book of information, "Homeseekers' Guide" to
VERMONT FARMS
may be had by writing Guy W. Bailey, Sec. of State, Publicity Dept., Essex Junction, Vermont.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

Queens.

ELMHURST, L. I.
Modern large country house. Sub-divided into 10 dwellings, each containing 9 rooms, tiled bath. Hardwood trim throughout with parquet floors. Lawns surround building. Steam heat, hot and cold water supply included in rent.
$60 PER MONTH
10 MINUTES TO HERALD SQUARE.
25 MINUTES BY TROLLEY TO NEW YORK OR BROOKLYN.
THE CORD MEYER CO.
62 William St., N. Y. City—Elmhurst, L. I.
Tel. 1961 John. 700 Newtown.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

PERMANENT COUNTRY HOMES
ON D., L. & W. R. R., 750 FEET ELEVATION. FARE LESS THAN 15 CENTS. COOL IN SUMMER, DELIGHTFUL IN WINTER. SUPERB SCENERY, HEALTHFUL SPLENDID NEIGHBORHOOD. ACTUAL LAKE RIGHTS.
$4,250—Has 7 large rooms, one tiled bath and extra toilet in cellar. Semi-bungalow.
6,500—Has 10 rooms, two baths. Three stories, exceptionally located.
7,500—Has 10 rooms, two baths. Three stories and sleeping porch. Superb views.
8,500—Has 9 large rooms, two baths. Three stories. Large grounds.
HOUSES ARE SUBSTANTIALLY CONSTRUCTED. HARDWOOD TRIM; PARQUET FLOORS; ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES, SUCH AS ELECTRIC LIGHTS, STEAM HEAT, ETC.
Exceptional terms to responsible purchasers.
Write or phone for cuts and plans.
FRANK H. ERISMAN,
2 Maiden Lane, N. Y. City.
Room 1003.
Tel. 1522 Cort.

NEW ENGLISH MANOR HOUSE
built on one acre of beautiful shaded land, short distance from D., L. & W. R. R. station, less than one hour from Broadway. Healthful mountain air, 900 ft. elevation. Cool in Summer. Delightful in Winter. Overlooking two lakes. Splendid neighborhood.
ACTUAL WATER RIGHTS
House has 14 rooms, 8 baths. All modern conveniences, such as hot and cold water, steam heat, electric light, &c. Can be purchased at low figure on easy terms.
Address Opportunity, P. O. Box 537, New York City.

Handsome private dwelling, 7 rooms, modern conveniences, including furnace heat, hot water supply, gas, and electricity; plot, 50x100, delightfully located on the Palisades, within three minutes of Public Service trolley connecting with 42d or 130th St. ferries to city; $27.50. Write or call, A. W. Dexter, office corner of Grant Av. and Public Service trolley, Grantwood, N. J.

An apartment of five rooms in new two-family brick house, with all modern improvements; located beneath the Palisades, opposite Grant's Tomb, with only 5c. fare to city; $25. Write or call, A. W. Dexter, office corner of Grant Avenue and Public Service trolley, Grantwood, N. J.

Raise chickens on our little farms, 100x565; room enough to raise 1,000 of them, besides having a garden and large yard around your house; within ten minutes' walk of trolley and railroad depot, Fanwood, N. J.; $10 cash secures one; balance very easy payments; send for particulars and free tickets to visit property. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Do you want a bungalow? Have you seen Fanwood, N. J.? We are building several there; we will build one for you on very easy payments; beautiful home sites, large shade trees, only a few minutes from depot and trolley. You can buy a large plot for a home, upon payment of $5 per month. Let us send you particulars; we furnish free tickets to visit property. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

A village farm, 6 acres; house, 9 rooms, bath, steam heat; barn, chicken houses for 1,000, brooder house; fruit; convenient. Particulars, photos, Quackenbush, 212 Broadway, corner Fulton St., New York.

Old-fashioned house, with ample grounds, suitable for raising chickens, &c.; has steam heat, hot water, and bath; splendid location on Hudson, with 5c. fare to city; moderate price and terms. M 18 Times.

Morristown, N. J., properties for sale or rent. Eugene V. Welsh, Morristown, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

A.A.A.—We still have a number of desirable furnished apartments for rent. Write or call.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72d St., near Broadway

ONE FOUR-ROOM APARTMENT, Furnished or Unfurnished. A la carte restaurant in building.
SCHUYLER ARMS
307 West 98th St. Phone 3964 River.

The Sevillia Apartment Hotel 117 West 58th St.
Handsomely Furnished 2 Room Apartment and Bath, southern exposure.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES. TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

TO BROKERS:
100-foot LOFTS
TO LET.
BEST LOCATION IN NEW MERCANTILE DISTRICT
20-22-24-26 West 22d St.
NEAR 5th AVE.
JUST COMPLETED.
16-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING
SPLENDID LIGHT AND EXCEPTIONAL TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES.
SILK REALTY CO.,
31 Nassau St. Tel. 8795 Cortlandt.

LIGHT LOFTS
New Fireproof Building, 40x94;
Two Elevators; Steam Heat.
291-293 Seventh Av.
between 26th and 27th Streets.
C. F. BEDELL CO., Broadway & 87th St.

$15 MONTH UP, 109 Broad St
Exceptionally LIGHT AND CHEERFUL
OFFICES
MODERN FIREPROOF BUILDING.

Will sublet 2,140 feet of the most desirable office space in Manhattan on exceptional terms; only responsible firms need apply. Room 1,532, 17 Battery Place.

21st St., 48 and 50 West.—Store, basement, and lofts; permanent light, four sides; immediate possession; free to February. Duross, 155 West 14th St.

Lafayette and Walker Sts.—Lofts 60x80; light three sides; steam heat, electric lights, electric service; low rents. Colwell Seadle.

2 lofts, modern bldg., 236 5th Av.; pass. and frgt. elevators; moderate rent. Apply Supt. or A. J. Rich & Co., Singer Bldg.

BUILDINGS, STORES, LOFTS
AND OFFICES TO LET
ANYWHERE DOWNTOWN AND ON ALL THOROUGHFARES
WM. H. WHITING & CO.
41 PARK ROW TEL 5900 CORT

To Sublet at a Sacrifice
Bargain price, only 37 cents sq. ft.
Fifth Floor, 28 to 30 West 20th,
Cheapest rent below 23d St.
Regular price of similar lofts 70 cents sq. ft. Apply to Superintendent on premises.

Broadway and 39th St. Bldg.
SMALL AND LARGE
LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
Harris & Vaughan, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

S. W. Cor. Madison Av. and 60th St.—Elegant corner store fitted up for florist; suitable any business; $45; electric light.

Light office, 25x25; workshop, 25x50; steam heat; private entrance. 46 West 43d St.

Office; light on 3 sides; 563 sq. feet; $75; fireproof building. Apply janitor, 7 W. 38th St.

Christmas Books
Holiday Book Number
The New York Times
December 3d
One hundred books of travel, sport, adventure, fiction, and gift books for old and young. Essays and reviews by notable writers on literary topics.
Best List for Book Buyers

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Lower Duties on Embossed Greaseproof Paper and Kippered Herring.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday sustained a claim filed by the C. D. Stone Company, regarding the classification of supercalendered and embossed greaseproof paper. The merchandise was assessed for duty at the rate of 4½ cents a pound as paper having a surface design. The contention of the importers was that the duty should be at the rate of 2 cents a pound as greaseproof or parchment paper. This contention is upheld by the board, and the Collector reversed.

The board reversed the Collector's assessments made on imported kippered herring entered by A. M. Compton. The herring was assessed at the rate of 30 per cent. and claimed to be dutiable at one-half cent per pound. Judge Chamberlain sustains this claim together with a similar contention raised by H. B. Ritchie.

The following claims were unsupported by evidence at the trial and are overruled: George Siell, John Darling & Co., The Powers, Weightman & Rosengarten Company, F. H. G. Fromm & Co., S. H. Levin's Sons, T. Y. Woodside & Co., and George Borgfeldt & Co.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

7,636. RUBBER SHOES AND BOOTS.—An American Consular officer reports that an inquiry has been received requesting the name of an American dealer in rubber shoes and boots having a European representative from whom he could obtain a supply of such articles.

7,637. MACHINERY FOR MAKING HEMP SPECIALTIES.—A German business man writes to the Bureau of Manufactures that he is about to equip his factory with the latest and most modern machinery, and would like to get in touch with American manufacturers of the following: Machinery for making square and round ropes of manila, schleiss, and Colonial hemp, cotton, &c., for all purposes; wrapping twine of all kinds, such as manila, standard, and Colonial cords, Russian, Italian, single and double cords for straw presses; packing material, as well as all hemp manufactures, oakum, and absorbent material, wrapping and packet twine and cord.

REVENUE CUTTER ORDERS.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Following were the orders issued to-day in connection with the revenue cutter service:

Nov. 20—Capt. of Engineers J. H. Chalker, assigned as fleet engineer New York division; Second Lieut. of Engineers W. H. Doron, from the Tuscarora to the Woodbury; Third Lieut. R. L. Lucas, from the Mackinac to the Mowhak; Second Lieut. J. H. Cronell, from the Morrill to the Onondaga; Second Lieut. L. L. Bennett, from the Tuscarora to the Yamacraw; Second Lieut. L. T. Chalker, from the Patrol to the Seminole; Second Lieut. P. H. Harrison, to the Winona.

Nov. 21—Third Lieut. J. M. Trilck, Jr., from the Seneca to the Gresham.

Nov. 23—First Lieut. of Engineers W. M. Prall, from the Mackinac to the Seminole.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—First Lieut. J. L. Walsh, Ordnance Department, from New York to Dover, N. J.

Major C. Reichman, General Staff, and Major W. J. Snow, Third Field Artillery, to Pittsburgh for the annual meeting National Guard Association of Pennsylvania Dec. 8 and 9.

First Lieut. E. F. Graham, Fifteenth Cavalry, on completion of the duty assigned to him, return to Fort Riley, Kan.

Majors F. R. Day, Thirtieth Infantry, and W. H. Hay, Tenth Cavalry, to Fort Leavenworth, Kan., by Jan. 5, for special course in tactics.

Major T. Q. Ashburn, Coast Artillery, to Seattle on Jan. 10, relieving Major J. P. Hains, Paymaster.

Major C. Lynch, Medical Corps, to New York on official business.

Capt. H. D. Wise, Ninth Infantry, from Albany, N. Y., to New Rochelle, N. Y.

First Lieut. J. Blyth, Thirtieth Infantry, to Fort Logan, about Jan. 1, relieving First Lieut. L. H. McKinlay, Sixth Field Artillery, of recruit duty.

First Lieut. F. B. Maynard, Medical Reserves, from Fort Snelling, Minn., and First Lieut. J. M. Hewitt, Medical Corps, from Fort Leavenworth, Kan., and sail Jan. 5 for the Philippines.

First Lieut. G. R. Clayton, Medical Reserves, relieved from active duty.

Major D. M. King, Ordnance Department, to Cincinnati on official business.

Major G. W. Ruthers, Commissary, retired from active service, effective March 10.

The Navy.

Capt. W. M. McLean, to Army War College, Washington, D. C.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Barry and Albany, at Nanking; New Orleans, at Shanghai; Iroquois, at Mare Island; Glacier, at Tiburon; Florida, Panther, Celtic, Petrel, and Stringham, at Hampton Roads; Vulcan and Bagley, at Norfolk; Caesar and Missouri, at Philadelphia; Sterling, at New London; Oregon, at Santa Barbara, and Justin, at San Diego.

Sailed—Chester, from Marseilles from Gibraltar; Bailey, from navy yard, New York, for Annapolis; Washington and North Carolina, from Hampton Roads for Santo Domingo City; Wheeling, from Port Limon for Santo Domingo City; Worden, Dahlgren, Shubrick, Stockton, and Wilkes, from Norfolk for Charleston; Eagle, from Guantanamo for survey grounds; Peoria, from Guantanamo to assist steamship Prinz Joachim; Waban, from Guantanamo for Santiago de Cuba.

The flag of the Commander in Chief, United States Asiatic fleet, has been temporarily transferred from the Albany to the Rainbow.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES. | TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

"There's a Reason" for Our Slogan, LOWEST RENT IN MANHATTAN

It's a simple reason:—We bought the entire block bounded by Washington, Barrow, Morton and Greenwich sts. at a sinfully low price. The contract price for the group of splendid, eight story buildings now covering the entire block was also sinfully low. These be the reasons why we are enabled to offer an eight story building, 101x100, of the best and most modern fireproof construction, equipped with a 100% automatic sprinkler system, at the

LOWEST RENT IN MANHATTAN

So broad an assertion as the

LOWEST RENT IN MANHATTAN

must need have goodly evidence to back it up. We have it. The building 200x100 on the Washington st. half of this block we leased from the plans to the mail order firm of Bellas Hess & Co. They sought larger quarters and an ideal building at a minimum rent. In this building they found what they sought, incidentally saving $45,000 per annum in rent. The General Electric Company ended its quest for the same object, viz., a high class building at a low rental, by leasing a similar building, 100x100, we built for them on a corner opposite this block. Last week the Simpson Crawford Company leased one-fourth of this block, 100x100, at Morton and Greenwich sts. All these firms, of national reputation, were eagerly sought as tenants, but in the face of keenest competition they leased our buildings for no reason other than that they are ideal buildings at the

LOWEST RENT IN MANHATTAN

Having rented three-fourths of this block, we now offer the remaining building to lease, southwest corner Greenwich and Barrow sts., one block from the Christopher st. stations of the 9th av. "L" road and Hudson tunnel. The building is eight stories, and high, dry basement, 101x100 feet; equipped with a thoroughly approved automatic sprinkler system—fire preventing, insurance saving and business protecting; three large Otis elevators; floors of 200 to 300 pounds carrying capacity; underwriters' doors throughout; dustless, waterproof cement floors; large windows, affording the maximum of light; fireproof in the best sense of the word; commodious interior and exterior stairways; shipping platform 200 feet long; steam heat, gas, electric light and power; convenient to shipping. This ideal building is to lease at $19,000 net per annum, the

LOWEST RENT IN MANHATTAN

Concerns needing large space, but not quite as much as this building contains, can rent most readily one or more surplus floors. We will consider for tenants the assumption of their unexpired leases of present quarters. The building is always open for inspection. Full details of the owner, ST. JOHN'S PARK REALTY CO. WILLIAM D. KILPATRICK, President, at the building; telephone, 3409 Spring. JAMES H. CRUIKSHANK, Secretary, 50 Pine St.; telephone, 2271 John.

P. S.—The fireproof qualities of the building can be judged by the insurance rate of 8 1-3 cents per $100 on the building of Messrs. Bellas Hess & Co., on the Washington st. half of the block, occupying 200x100.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Stadium View
445 Riverside Drive, nr. 116 St.
New 12-story fireproof building.
6 and 7 Rooms, 2 Baths,
$1,300 and $1,500.

Concord Hall
Riverside Drive, Cor. 119th St.
Corner fireproof Apartments in the most attractive location on the Drive.
7, 8 and 9 Rooms, 2 Baths and Extra Lavatories, $1,200-$1,600.

The Cherbourg
South Cor. 92 St. & C. P. West
Modern light Apartments, one block from "L." Excellent location, overlooking the Park. All large, sunny outside rooms.
9 and 10 Rooms, 2 Baths,
$1,600-$2,400.

Cathedral Court & Park View
229-237 West 110th St., Opposite Central Park.
Elegant Apartments overlooking Central Park. Convenient to Subway and Elevated. Very desirable location.
7 Rooms and 2 Baths, $950.
McVickar, Gaillard Realty Co.,
444 Columbus Av., near 81st St.

606 West 137th St.
SUBWAY STATION
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
Every Modern Improvement
5, 6 and 7 Rooms
$45 to $65 per month

Hague Apartments
547 Riverside Drive
overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.
High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.
APARTMENTS, $700 to $1,200.

SOUND VIEW TEN STORY FIRE PROOF
NEW BUILDINGS
3-4-5-6 ROOMS
$45 to $100 Mo.
Convenient to Sub. & L.
NORTHWEST CORNER 140 St. & Convent Ave.

THE ORINDA
530 WEST 157th ST.
Elevator apartment, adjoining Broadway Subway station; three choice apartments left, 5, 6, 7 rooms and 2 baths; very liberal concessions; $540 and $796 per annum.
BERLIN RENTING AGENCY,
on premises.

3 ROOMS.
Corner house, all improvements, electric light, hardwood trim, shower bath, &c.; all rooms facing street.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
2 blocks from Subway. Rents $26-$29.
S. E. Corner 169th and Audubon Av.

TILBURY COURT
719-723 W. 180th Street
4 and 6 room apartments.
Very Reasonable Rent
Extra large, all latest improvements; elevator service day and night. Apply Superintendent.

West Side.

IVY COURTS
210, 220, 230 West 107th St.
Subway, surface and "L."
Ivy Courts an apartment house Strictly under the management of the Owners means the best service and attention to you; liveried hall, elevator and telephone, day and night.
Large, Bright, Outside Rooms; Unusual Closets
5, 6, 7 Rooms, $600-$960.
Electricity furnished from our own plant at a nominal charge.
Agent on premises.

MOOYER & MARSTON
477 FIFTH AVENUE, COR. 41ST ST.
9 West 46th St.
New, light, attractive apartment, 2 rooms, bath, and kitchenette. Will decorate to suit; moderate rent.
146 East 39th St.
Attractive light studio apartment, 2 rooms and bath; meals served by Supt. if desired. Rent $60 per month.

BERKELEY ARMS
326-332 West 95th Street.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
Concessions,
5, 6, 7 rooms.
SUBWAY EXPRESS STATION.
Rents $50 to $75.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.
TELEPHONE 4174 RIVERSIDE.

SONOMA
BROADWAY AND 55TH ST.
Only One 5-Room Apartment Left
Extra large rooms and high ceilings: will decorate to suit; extra concessions; this apt. must be seen to be appreciated; all light. Supt. on premises.

THE METROPOLITAN
S. W. COR. 88TH ST. & BROADWAY
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION.
Seven and eight rooms and foyer, generous closets; separate laundries and drying rooms; complete night and day service.
ELECTRIC LIGHT FREE

NEW BACHELOR APARTMENT
31 WEST 58TH ST.
All night elevator service. Phones in each room. Valet service.
Meals all hours.
E. DE FOREST SIMMONS, 2 East 58th St.

AM COMPELLED TO GO SOUTH, and will sublet my beautiful apartment of seven large, cheerful rooms and 2 baths for remainder of my lease, (2 years to run.) Am paying $1,300, but will sacrifice if necessary to responsible person who will take over my lease. Call any time. Mrs. Donald's apartment, 312 West 93d St., near Riverside Drive.

76 WEST 92D ST.
7 rooms and bath; all improvements; $40; 9 rooms and bath, ground floor, $45; refined locality, close to "L" station.

AT A GREAT SACRIFICE
To Sublet, Manhattan Square Hotel, 50 W. 77th, Beautiful Apartment 5 Rooms, 2 Baths, Furnished or Unfurnished. Ehrich, 468 Fifth Av.

The Sevillia Apartment Hotel, 117 West 58th St.
Very desirable unfurnished apartment of 3 rooms and bath; overlooking Central Park.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

East Side.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.
FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

LA CASA BLANCA
55 East 76th St.
NEAR MADISON AV.,
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS,
Concessions,
7-8 and 11 rooms.
Rents $900 to $1,700.
WHITE ENAMEL WOODWORK, PARQUET FLOORS.
SUPT., ON PREMISES. TELEPHONE 1690 LENOX.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof
43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av.
Seven rooms, 1 and 2 baths....$1,100 to $1,700
Two and three rooms and bath....$420 to $800
All improvements; resident Superintendent.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

THE LEXINGTON,
144-146-148 East 22d St.
To lease, attractive large apartments, 6 rooms and bath. All-night elevator service. Electric light, telephone.
MODERATE RENT.
Reference, lease. Superintendent on premises.
WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,
927 Broadway. Telephone 5929—Gramercy.

45 FIFTH AVENUE,
Between 11th and 12th Sts.
Attractive apartment; 7 large, light rooms and bath; possession.
RENT, $1,250.
Hall service. Opposite First Presbyterian Church. Apply Superintendent on premises, or WILLIAM HENRY FOLSOM,
927 Broadway. Tel. 5929 Gramercy.

39 EAST 27th STREET High Class **KITCHENETTE** Fireproof Apartments
2 or 3 attractive rooms, large kitchenette and bath; maid service.
RENTS FROM $600.
Housekeeping Suite 6 rooms, $1,250.

THE BLYTHEBOURNE,
1,481 Madison Av., southeast corner 99th St.; beautiful corner apartment, seven outside rooms; bath; perfect condition; $60 monthly; high-class elevator and private telephone service day and night; electricity; all improvements. Apply to Superintendent.

GRAMERCY COURT,
152 East 22d St., near Lexington Av.—High-class elevator Apartments, 4 and 5 rooms, baths and showers; rents moderate.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

BACHELOR APT'S 2 and 3 rooms and bath.
AT 13 EAST 36TH ST. NEAR 5TH AV.
Electric light and service included. Telephone.

REDUCED RENTS. APARTMENTS, two or three rooms and bath, $50 up; rent includes chamber service.
177 Madison Av., at 34th St.

BRONX.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS.
5 elegantly finished rooms, large dining room and wardrobe. All modern improvements; residential section of the Bronx, near public and Morris High schools. Small select families desired.
948-50-52 TRINITY AVE., Near 163d St.
RENT $22 UP.
Apply on premises.

THE WILLOW APARTMENTS
NEW BUILDINGS
193d St. and Marion Av.
Two 6-room apartments on a floor.
Each apartment extends from street to yard.
2 Blocks from Fordham Road, 3d Ave. "L" and N. Y. C. R. R. Stations.

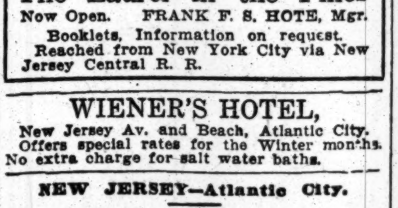
Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

RESORTS.

1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

COUNTRY LIFE WITHIN A HALF HOUR OF THE GRAND CENTRAL.
HOTEL GRAMATAN
LAWRENCE PARK. BRONXVILLE, N. Y.



Automobiling, riding, driving, beautiful walks, best tennis courts in Westchester County.
The most PICTURESQUE and SPORTY GOLF COURSE near New York. An ideal Fall and Winter home for the New York business man.
HOTEL GRAMATAN, INC., Props.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD, N. J.
an attractive Fall, Winter and Spring resort among the Pines, offering a dry, healthful climate, social advantages and every opportunity for outdoor recreations. The ideal place to seek freedom from the cities' discomfort.
THE LAUREL HOUSE
Now Open. A. J. MURPHY, Mgr.
The Laurel in the Pines
Now Open. FRANK F. S. HOTE, Mgr.
Booklets, Information on request.
Reached from New York City via New Jersey Central R. R.

WIENER'S HOTEL,
New Jersey Av. and Beach, Atlantic City.
Offers special rates for the Winter months.
No extra charge for salt water baths.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Marlborough-Blenheim
Atlantic City, N. J. Josiah White & Sons Co.
ATLANTIC CITY
is at its best during its famous Autumn Season.

Ask Mr. Foster. | Free information, Flatiron Arcade, B'way & 23d St.

BERMUDA.

Princess Hotel, Bermuda
THE IDEAL WINTER RESORT.
Opens December 4. Accommodates 400. Outdoor life all Winter. Beautiful drives, saddle riding, tennis, golf, yachting, sea bathing. FINE NEW SWIMMING POOL.
Only two days from New York by fast, luxurious steamers, sailing twice a week.
HOWE & TWOROGER, Mgrs., Hamilton, Bermuda.

SCHOOLS.

Be independent; learn best profession, hairdressing, manicuring, facial, scalp treatment; day, evening, private instruction. Mlle. Koppel's Parisian Parlors, 158 West 34th.

SPANISH EAST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 151 EAST 86TH ST.

Be a traveling salesman; earn while you learn; write for particulars of our system. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y.

French thoroughly taught; pronunciation, conversation easily acquired; expert teacher. Write Abry, 120 West 64th St.

Mme. Bouche's School for ladies; French instruction, grammar, conversation, reading, dictation. 208 West 94th St.

AUCTION SALES.

David W. Biow & Co.
Tel. 2436-2437 Franklin. 13-15 Lispenard St.
Will sell on Monday, Nov. 27, 1911.
WITHOUT LIMIT OR RESERVE
$50,000 STOCK
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
Cloaks, Suits
DRESSES, SHIRTWAISTS
FUR COATS
FANCY FURS

Auction sale on Tuesday, Nov. 28, 10:30 A. M.—Will sell at public auction, rain or shine, to the highest bidder, 25 automobiles, pleasure and commercial; also chassis and 25 landaulet, limousine, touring, and runabout bodies; don't miss this sale, 100 auto tires, all sizes; also lot of supplies. Sale at 399-401 Carlton Av., Brooklyn, six blocks from Atlantic Av. Subway station.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

HOTEL ROLAND
59th St., Between Madison & Park Avs.,
Block from Grand Plaza
Entrance to Central Park.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY UP.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY UP.
AMERICAN PLAN
ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH AND MEALS, $2.50 PER DAY UP.
Temperance Hotel for Permanent and Transient Guests.

PHYSICAL CULTURE
RESTAURANTS
218 W. 42d St., 615 6th Av., 106 E. 23d St., 85 Bleecker St., 27 Beekman St., 220 Fulton St., 120 Pearl St., 2,078 7th Av., 37 W. 17th St. Bran.:—Boston, Phila., Pittsb'gh, Buff. & Chi. Try Nature's Diet to-day. Sir Henry Thompson said:—"More than half the disease embittering life is due to avoidable errors in diet." Take home a loaf of our famous Physical Culture Bread. Recommended by Physicians.

WHERE TO DINE.

Travelers' Co., 30 West 34th St. Tel. 2472 Murray.

LÜCHOW'S
106 to 112 East 14th St. Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE. TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.
Pilsener Genossenschafts-Brauerei
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910.

Herald Square Hotel 34 St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

Port Arthur Chinese Restaurant. Alc. Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

51-3-5 W. 35 St. Best Din., w. w., 65c. **MORETTI** Tel. 614 Murray. Lunch, w. w., 40c.

STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. Open all year. Vaudeville Tuesday and Friday.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

AT A TERM OF THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT Court held in and for the Northern District of New York on the 1st of November, 1911.—Present: Hon. George W. Ray, Judge.—EBEN H. GAY and another vs. HUDSON RIVER ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, Hudson River Water Power Company, Hudson River Electric Company, Hudson River Power Transmission Company, Ballston Spa Light and Power Company, Saratoga Gas, Electric Light and Power Company, Empire State Power Company, and Madison County Gas and Electric Company. EBEN H. GAY and another vs. HUDSON RIVER ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY.

On reading and filing the petition of George W. Dunn, Charles W. Andrews, and Milton De Lano, Receivers of the above-named defendants, dated November 1st, 1911, and on the bills of complaint in the above-entitled actions and the order of October 31st, 1908, and of the order of July 17th, 1909, appointing the above-named receivers, and on the other papers and proceedings herein, it is on motion of Abram J. Rose and George B. Curtiss, attorneys for said receivers,

Ordered, That said receivers be and they hereby are authorized, empowered, and directed to file with the clerk of this court an account of all money received by them and paid out by them since July 31st, 1911, down to and including the 31st day of October, 1911, and showing the balance on hand on that day; that they also file with said account the vouchers for the payments made by them, and that such account be verified by them and each of them.

It is further ordered, That within ten days after said account is filed that a copy of this order and of a notice of filing said account be published once in each week for three successive weeks in the following newspapers:

The Albany Evening Journal, published at Albany, New York.

The Utica Press, published at Utica, New York.

The Glens Falls Times, published at Glens Falls, New York.

THE NEW YORK TIMES, published at New York, New York.

Boston Daily Advertiser, published at Boston, Mass.

And also serve a copy of this order and of such notice of filing by mail on each of the attorneys who have appeared in these actions.

It is further ordered, That any person or party interested as creditor, stockholder, bondholder, or any of the defendants, or otherwise interested in these actions may within forty days after the filing of such account, file written objections thereto or to any item thereof. That such objection shall be verified and state in full and particular the ground of objection to the account or the items objected to, and shall also within said time be served by mail on said receivers addressed to them at Glens Falls, New York, and on their attorneys.

And it is further ordered, That if no objections are filed within forty days from the filing of said account, or if objections are filed to part thereof, then on filing proof of publication in the newspapers herein specified and of the mailing of the order and notice of filing as herein directed, then such account, if not objected to or such parts or items not objected to, shall stand approved, and confirmed, passed, settled, and allowed, and an order may be entered to that effect without notice. If objections are filed then an application may be made to the court for such order as may be proper. GEO. W. RAY, U. S. Judge.

ABRAM J. ROSE and GEORGE B. CURTISS, Attorneys for Receivers, 115 Broadway, New York City.

Notice is hereby given, that the account of the receivers directed to be filed by the foregoing order, and the vouchers in support thereof for payments made by them was filed in the office of the Clerk of the United States Circuit Court in the City of Utica, N. Y., on the 22d day of November, 1911.

GEO. W. DUNN,
CHARLES W. ANDREWS,
MILTON DE LANO,
Receivers.

ABRAM J. ROSE and GEO. B. CURTISS, Attorneys for Receivers.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, complainant, against METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY COMPANY and others, defendants.

In pursuance of Paragraph X of the decree of foreclosure and sale, entered on the mandate of the Circuit Court of Appeals in the office of the Clerk of this court on the 6th day of April, 1910, the sale heretofore duly advertised to take place on the 12th day of May, 1910, at the north main entrance of the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, County and State of New York, or at such place in said Court House as the sale might be adjourned to in pursuance of said decree, was duly adjourned to the 24th day of November, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon at the same place.

Said sale is with the approval of said court and on the consent of the solicitors for the complainant adjourned to December 29th, 1911, at the same time and place.

Dated New York, November 22d, 1911.
WILLIAM L. TURNER, Special Master.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee, successor to MORTON TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee, complainant, against METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY COMPANY and others, defendants.

In pursuance of Paragraph X of the decree of foreclosure and sale, entered herein in the office of the Clerk of this court on May 31st, 1910, the sale heretofore duly advertised to take place on the 1st day of July, 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the north main entrance of the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York and State of New York, or at such place in said Court House as the sale might be adjourned to in pursuance of said decree, was duly adjourned to the 24th day of November, 1911, at 2 o'clock P. M. at the same place.

Said sale is hereby with the approval of said court and the consent of the solicitors for the complainant adjourned to December 29th, 1911, at the same time and place.

Dated New York, November 22d, 1911.
WILLIAM L. TURNER, Special Master.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK.—BANKING DEpartment.—Notice to creditors of CARNEGIE SAFE DEPOSIT CO., New York, N. Y.:

Pursuant to the Provisions of Section 19 of the Banking Law of the State of New York, being Chapter 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended by Chapter 452 of the Laws of 1910, notice is hereby given to all persons who may have claims against Carnegie Safe Deposit Co., New York, N. Y., to present the same to the undersigned, Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, and make legal proof thereof at the office of the Carnegie Safe Deposit Co., No. 115 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on or before Jan. 6th, 1912.—Dated Sept. 29th, 1911. GEO. C. VAN TUYL, Jr., Supt. of Banks.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

JAMES J. DAVIS.—Whereas Henry L. Davis intends to apply, under the provisions contained in Section 2,664 of the Code of Civil Procedure for Letters of Administration of the goods, chattels, and credits, which were of James J. Davis, deceased. Now, therefore, pursuant to an order of Honorable Daniel Noble, Surrogate of Queens County, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of James J. Davis, late of Astoria, Long Island City, Queens County, deceased, to present the same to the Surrogate of Queens County, State of New York, at his office in Jamaica in said County, on or before the 15th day of December, 1911.

Dated November 8th, 1911.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of GEORGE HARRIS, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 15,537.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Kreiser, auctioneer, sells this day, Nov. 23, and 24, at 10:30 o'clock in the morning, on the premises of the bankrupt, at 15 East 28th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, the entire assets of the bankrupt, consisting of harness, parts of harness, pad cloths, fronts and rosettes, head collars, pillar reins, coach horns, manger chains, pole chains, dog collars, bench chains, sporting prints, typewriter, display horse, saddles, bridles, spurs, whips, crops, polo mallets, breeches trees, glove trees, hunting sets, pocket books, change purses, hunting flasks, safes, show cases, horse clothing, horse boot, roller, knee caps, mufflers, lap robes, livery collars, bandages, livery scarfs, gloves, brushes, clippers, desks, tables, &c., will be sold in suitable trade numbers.

Sale subject to the confirmation of the court.

Application for confirmation of the sale will be made before Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on November 27th, 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated New York, November 18th, 1911.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

WILLIAM L. RANDOLPH, Jr., Trustee.

BRADFORD W. HITCHCOCK, Attorney for Trustee, No. 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY CLARK and MARGARET CLARK, individually and as copartners under the firm name of WILLIAM H. CLARK, Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 15,625.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupts will be sold under the direction of Marshall S. Hagar, the trustee, at public auction, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at No. 24 Gold Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 6th day of December, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon. A general description of the property to be sold is as follows:

Stock of paper, stationery, &c., together with office fixtures, consisting of desk, typewriter, safe, and other office furniture. The said property may be inspected at the above premises on the 5th day of December, 1911, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from the sale, unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of the appraised value.

Dated New York, Nov. 23, 1911.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

CHARLES J. BRECK, Attorney for Trustee, 45 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of FRENCH-AMERICAN STORES COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order made by the Hon. Charles M. Hough, one of the Judges of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, made and entered on the 10th day of November, 1911, Charles Shongood, auctioneer, will sell at public auction on the 24th day of November, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, the property of the above-named bankrupt at premises No. 92 St. Nicholas Avenue, and immediately thereafter the property of the above-named bankrupt at 141st Street, corner Seventh Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York. The property consists of mirrors, tables, fountains, chairs, fixtures, and other furnishings appropriate to an ice cream parlor or coffee house.

WILLIAM BLAU, Receiver.

H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, N. Y. City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ELIZABETH S. C. SEAVEY, a Bankrupt.

Please take notice that Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, will sell at public auction, pursuant to order of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, on the 5th day of December, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of all of the interest of the said bankrupt in the estate of William H. Clement, deceased, under the will of the said William H. Clement, deceased, dated the 24th day of November, 1886, and thereafter and heretofore admitted to probate by the Probate Court of Warren County, Ohio.

For any further information apply to the attorney for the undersigned.

CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee, 165 Broadway, New York City.

HYRAM C. TODD, Attorney for Trustee, Town Hall, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of FRENCH-AMERICAN STORES COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to a direction made by the Hon. Charles M. Hough, one of the Judges of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, will sell for the account of Morris H. Petigor on the 24th day of November, 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, the fountain located at the place of business of the above-named bankrupt at 141st Street and Seventh Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and immediately thereafter the fountain located at the place of business of the above-named bankrupt at 860 Westchester Avenue, in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York.

WILLIAM BLAU, Receiver.

H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, N. Y. City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS J. LANG and ARTHUR MISSING, individually and as members of the firm of LOUIS J. LANG, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, Dec. 1, 1911, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 207 Columbus Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of canned goods, groceries, fixtures, horse and wagon, &c.

CHARLES L. BROOKHEIM, Receiver.

CARELL & HENKEL, Attorneys for Receiver, 64 William St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRY CARO, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Dec. 5, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 413-415 East 25th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of wooden mantels, mirrors, molding, lumber, shafting, belting, pulleys, safe, office partitions, stoves, &c. Inspection from 10 A. M. until 12 noon every day before sale.

CORNELIUS W. WICKERSHAM, Receiver, 43 Exchange Place, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH B. KISLINGER, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Nov. 24, 1911, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 87 Liberty St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of desks, safes, typewriter, letter press, chairs, fixtures, &c.

CLARENCE S. HOUGHTON, Receiver.

ENGEL BROTHERS, Attorneys for Receiver, 132 Nassau St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH BERLER, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Nov. 24, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 6 East 8th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, machines, fixtures, &c.

ABE COHEN, Receiver.

ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MEYER SANFT, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Nov. 29, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, fur coats, skins, safe, machinery, etc.

HENRY LESSER, Receiver.

MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York, —In Bankruptcy.— In the matter of THEO. J. GISBURNE COMPANY, Bankrupt. — Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Nov. 24, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 88-90 Gold St., 10th floor, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Monitor standing presses, safe, and other machinery used in a book binding concern.

EDMOND KELLY, Trustee.

WILLIAM R. PHELAN, Attorney for Trustee, 302 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of KROM MACHINE WORKS, Bankrupt.—No. 14,914.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that the Trustee herein has filed a petition in writing setting forth among other things the possession of the assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of castings, pulleys, shafting, belting, second-hand machinery, &c., located at No. 30 Rapelyea Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, and asks that a meeting of creditors be called to consider the sale of said property on sealed bids and for a lump sum.

You are hereby notified that a meeting of creditors will be held before me at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 29th day of November, 1911, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon to consider the sale of said property on sealed bids; the bids must be received by the Trustee at his office, No. 64 William Street, New York, N. Y., Room 98, on or before November 28th, 1911, and must be marked as follows: "Bid in the matter of Krom Machine Works." All bids must be accompanied by cash or certified check for at least 10 per cent. of the amount of the bid.

The Trustee reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Notice is hereby further given that if any and all bids are rejected at such meeting said property will be sold at public auction under the direction of William T. Little, Esq., Trustee, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at No. 30 Rapelyea Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, on the fourth day of December, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon.

The above property will be open for inspection at the above premises on November 27th and 28th, 1911, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any property from auction sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five percentum of the appraised value.

For further information apply to Messrs. Carell & Henkel, attorneys for Trustee, 64 William Street, New York, on any day prior to day of sale.

Dated New York, November 11, 1911.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,780.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MELVILLE ELLIS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Melville Ellis of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1911, the said Melville Ellis was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, Referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William St., Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

November 24, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 15,420.—FRANK E. ROSEN and LOUIS WOLF, individually, and as co-partners trading under the firm name of FRANK E. ROSEN & CO., alleged bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Frank E. Rosen and Louis Wolf, alleged bankrupts, have filed their petition for confirmation of composition, dated November 16th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 4th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the alleged bankrupts thereon. SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, November 20th, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 14,308.—CLARENCE W. MOTT and LEE A. OCHS, individually and as members of the firm of MOTT, OCHS & CO., Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Clarence W. Mott, bankrupt, has field his petition, dated November 17th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Tuesday, December 26th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, November 20th, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—CHARLES K. SCHWACH and ALFRED POTOSKY, individually and trading as SCHWACH & POTOSKY, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Charles K. Schwach and Alfred Potosky, individually and trading as Schwach & Potosky, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated July 11, 1911, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Tuesday, Dec. 26, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Nov. 21, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—EDWARD WEINSTEIN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Weinstein, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated Oct. 31, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Tuesday, Dec. 26, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Nov. 21, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SAMUEL LEVY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Levy, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated July 1, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Tuesday, Dec. 26, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Nov. 21, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JOSEPH L. WEBER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph L. Weber, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated Oct. 18, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Tuesday, Dec. 26, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Nov. 21, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern district of New York.—EDWARD H. BECK, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Edward H. Beck, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated November 3d, 1911, praying for the confirmation of a composition in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, December 4th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Nov. 23d, 1911.

To the creditors of David Grinberg and Adolph Morris, individually and as members of the co-partnership, doing business as MANHATTAN STORAGE CO.

An application for the appointment of a receiver of the assets and effects of the above named alleged bankrupts will be held before Hon. Charles M. Hough, District Judge, at his chamhbers on the 24th day of November, 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day. All creditors may attend at said time and may be heard regarding said application.

WILLIAMS, FOLSOM & STROUSE, Attorneys for petitioning creditors, office and Post Office address, 55 John Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. 98—Matter of Ironclad Mfg Co. 101—Same v. same. 107—H A Gould Co v. Pennsylvania Rubber Co. 108—Grauwiller v. Moses. 25—U S v. One trunk. 31—Von Bremen v. U S. 115—Mail and Express Co v. Life Pub Co. 20—Krauth v. Carter Co. 53—U S v. Wells. 54—Same v. Ireland. 55—Same v. Sully. 56—Same v. Dally. 75—In re Judson. 47—Drew v. U. S.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hough, J.—Jury calendar. 62—Ambrozawikus v. P & R Coal and Iron Co. 95—Atrata v. Penn Coal Co. 107—Lehtoner v. N Y, N H & H R R. 108—United States v. Holmes. 135—Seymour v. N Y, N H & H R R. 168—Boddicker v. Sayles. 179—Meyers v. N Y, N H & H R R. 193—Drabne v. Lukens I & S Co. 198—Huff v. N Y, N H & H R R. 69—Beagle v. Barrett. 77—Kurule v. Sullivan. 80—Orbach v. Erie R R. 166—U S v. Dickinson. 164—Daub v. Hill Dryer. 30—U v. Herbst. 44—Ippalito v. Village of Haverstraw. 4—Miller v. Penn R R. 9—Harper v. Kalem. 78—Museum of Fine Arts v. Stannard. 5—Meridan Coal Mining Co v. Skeele Coal Co. 36—Marqusee v. Hartford F I Co. 202—Lindsey v. Mexican Crude R Co. 201—Staiars v. Moran. 126—Braimann v. N Y, N H & H R R. 15—Potter v. Troy. 16—Clark v. Troy. 8—Jolline v. C P, &c, R R.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hand, J. Equity calendar. 29—Universal C & F Co v. Hunrath.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, —, J. Motion calendar. 1—Buller v. Annin. 2—Bernstein v. Danivitz. 3—Solar Light Co v. Elsenberg. 4—Am Metal Polish Co v. Satchell. 5—Belfield v. Dodge Pub Co. 6—Barnes v. Trees. 7—McKinnum v. Heinze. 8—Central Trust Co v. Third Av Ry. 9—Schmid v. Neuberger. 10—Rosoff v. Breakwater. 11—Irvine v. Kelley. 14—Morgan's Sons v. Howall Soap Co. 15—Irvine v. Mercantile Trust Co. 16—Williams v. Cobb. 17—Universal Button v. Brewer. 18—Archer v. Childs Co. 19—Same v. N Y City Ry. 20—Penn Steel Co v. N Y City Ry. 21—Munn & Co v. Brentanos. 22—Ohls v. Rio de Janiero. 23—Byerley v. Hastings Dev Co. 24—Same v. Harlem Cont Co. 25—Niver v. Hinds, Noble & Eldredge. 26—Rosoff v. Breakwater Co. 27—Dam v. Kirk La Shelle. 28—Consolidated v. Morgan & Wright. 29—Same v. Goodrich. 30—Same v. Republic. 31—Simon v. Am Tobacco Co. 32—Walkoff v. Isaacs. 33—Mack & Potter v. Davenport. 34—Hoge Mfg Co v. Atwater. 35—Johnson v. White. 36—Wolf v. Guardian F I Co. 37—Butler v. Annin & Co. 38—In re Anderson. 39—Fischer v. Dollwiger. 40—Same v. Wolkoff. 41—Same v. Averbeck. 42—Same v. Brunner.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Cohalan, J. Litigated motions. 1—Hall v. Hall. 2—In re Haven Av. 3 to 7—German Exchange Bank v. Addison. 8—Buchman v. Finn. 9—Chelsea Exchange Bk v. Levy Bldg Co. 10—Empire City Sav Inst v. Liberti. 11—In re Griffen Co. 12—Bainbridge v. La Forge. 13—In re Johnson. 14—Madison Trust Co v. Schiff. 15—Gerdes v. Gerdes. 16—Johnson v. Johnson. 17—In re Andrews & Marsh Mfg Co. 18—Rodd v. Potter. 19—Schoenmann v. Lausser Realty Co. 20—Robertson Sales Co v. Spiegel. 21—Excelsior Brew Co v. Farley. 22, 23—In re Kirkbride. 24—In re Curphey. 25—In re Curphey. 26—In re Washington Sav Bank. 27—In re European-American Bank. 28—In re Evans. 29—In re Donohue. 30—In re Toner. 31—Bokarsky v. Jackson. 32—Katzko v. Jackson. 33—Carhart v. Goetz & Co. 34—Railway Elec Power Co v. Westinghouse Machine Co. 35—In re Kellerman. 36—Mahon v. Ciuti. 37—Fallon v. Swartz. 38—In re Int Supply Co. 39—Kelsey v. Law Union and Rock Ins Co. 40—Kelsey v. Peoples Natl Fire Ins Co. 41—American Powdered Soup Co v. Bergstrom. 42—In re Currie. 43—Landeker v. Property Sec Co. 44—Keefer v. Keefer. 45—McEloy v. Goldstein. 46—Peters v. Miller. 47—In re Brombacher. 48—Kingsbury v. N Y Metalizing Co. 49—Williamson v. Williamson. 50, 51—Farrell v. Williams. 52—Gross v. Court of Special Sessions of Peace. 53—Kupfer v. Kupfer. 54—Nyon v. McIndoe. 55—Packard v. Brittan. 56—In re Ryan v. Weill. 57—In re Isaacs. 58—Cunningham v. Cunningham. 59—Weschler v. Starlight. 60—Gross v. Gross. 61—Reich v. Bliss Bldg Co. 62—Deiches v. La France Copper Co. 63—Van Dorn v. Bell. 64—Williams v. Lozier. 65—Rhinock v. Lozier Motor Co. 66—In re Gamp. 67—Colella v. Colella. 68—Wilcox v. Childs. 69—Wittnacht v. Masche. 70—Cambria Steel Co v. Mulcahy. 71—Lundihn v. Graves. 72—Castelli v. Burns. 73—Emos v. Emos. 74—Rockefeller v. Rockefeller. 75—Leonard v. Kross. 76—Osgoodby v. Osgoodby. 77—Lehan v. Sisters of Charity. 78—Hepner v. Hepner. 79—People v. Schmolzbach. 80—Werba v. Norworth. 81—Kanner v. Meyers. 82—Asensio v. Rollins. 83—Sims v. Owsley. 84—Hepner v. Hepner. 85—Cullin v. Cullin. 86—Schelling v. Western Elec Co. 87—Burkan v. Musical Quarter Co. 88—Budd v. Ruth. 89—People v. Gilbert. 90—Camp v. Camp. 91—Gage v. Liebert. 92—Birss v. McLean. 93—Walsh v. Post & McCord. 94—Kelleher v. Green. 95—Rudden v. Rudden. 96—Benguiat v. Benguiat.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Seabury, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Guy, J.—Motions. Preferred causes. 3871—Dooling v. Brook Av Cons Co. 3709—N Y Elec Lines Co v. Gaynor. 3609—Carnesolo v. Damm. 3686—Forman v. Young. 4044—Martinowitz v. Rubenstein. 3828—Teran, Mahoney & Munro v. McSweeney R Co. 4149—Hildebrand v. City of N Y. 4178—Traub v. Ferguson. 4154—Foy v. Salzano. General calendar. 1496—Cissel v. Giles. 1625—Bernheim v. Jenney. 2340—Marcantonio v. Staple Realty Co. 3100—Humpfner v. Humpfner. 3102—Maloney v. Oppenheim Realty Co. 3174—Clarke v. Precious Metal Corp. 3371—Remlein v. Schmidt. 3138—Weinert v. Eble. 3153—Potter v. Fitzgerald. 3337—Sweet v. Jackson. 3380—McDonald v. McDonald. 3386—Menne v. Pooschman. 3392—Faulhaber v. Faulhaber. 3439—Rives v. Bartlett. 433—Norment v. Wittmann. 713—Bracco v. Hart. 881—Beatty v. Guggenheim Expl Co. 2905—Benguidt v. Benguidt. 1220—Goeltz v. Ronner. 2997—Prout v. Eitenbenz. 2998—Rivara v. Donohue. 2820½—Plaia v. Plaia.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Marcus, J.—Criminal cases. 1—Ethel Conrad.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J. Inquest. 5133—Bloch v. Stommel. 5475—In re Kracht. 5394—Jatkowsky v. Werner. 4813—19th Ward Bank v. Kidd. 5144, 5145—Same v. Carnegie Trust Co. 4422—Salter v. Bronx Nat Bank. 5261—Kraft v. Rosenhirch. 5055—Am Blank Book Mfg Co v. Potdevin Mach Co. 5321—Browning King Co v. Chamberlin. 5333—Tieber v. Urbanski. 5485—Samarelli v. Samarelli. 5241—Allen v. Hymes. 5340—Seminole Dis & Dist Co v. Steinmann. 5427—Senner & Kaplan Co v. Fisher. 5007—Keepers v. M Hartley Co. 4894—Rourke v. Turrell. 5160—Mindler v. Strinskey. 5489—G J Mayer Malting Co v. Doliger. 5285—Loew v. Prendergast. 3037—Anglin v. Wormser. 4722—Cipuco v. Rubly. 4829—Louise & Co v. Cameron.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Sawyer, J.—1210—Cohen v. Long Island R R. 1211—Simon v. same. 416—Siegel v. B H R R. 456—Bennett v. Int R T Co. 447—Shanley v. same. 451—Sferrazza v. B U El R R. 448—Donnelly v. Joline. 457—Gross v. Whitridge. 472—Healy v. Central Park, N & E R R. 413—Mapon v. Int R T. 428—Rueseler v. Whitridge. 415—Friedman v. B H R R. 532—Gallo v. Linch.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—McCall, J.—2718—Byrne v. N Y Livery & Auto Co. 2730—Forglone v. same. 2740—Vergata v. Tedeschi. 2524—Guttman v. Boles. 2608—Cohen v. Boroschek. 2693, 694—Miller v. Kliphan. 2536—Skallo v. Stewart Auto Co. 2828—Jost v. Grosner. 2860—Farrell v. Herschman. 2881—Kearins v. Wills. 2916—Ball v. Benet. 2663—Horwitz v. United Metal Con, &c, Co. 2713—Ryan v. Fitzpatrick. 2766—Crear v. Wells Fargo Co. 2580—Woods v D Stephenson Brew Co. 2414—Hunn v. Fletcher-Stanley Co. 2774—Rothenstein v. Fleischer. 2835—Caracciolo v. T Hogan & Sons. 2940—Koster v. City of N Y. 2410—Gagliardi v. Godwin Const Co. 2741—Hayward v. Spencer. 2545—Cranston v. Polifeme. 2848—Smith v. U S Life Ins Co. 2904—Quinn v Whittle. 2956—Abramowitz v. Krischer. 6232—Dick v. Steel & Masonry Const Co. 6233—Regan v. Champoli. 2799—Johnson v. McLaughlin. 2743—Harley v. Jacobson. 2829—Andrews v. Mungo. 2915—Allman v. Keldany. 2958—Beaumont v. Borden. 1312—Bellusci v. Williams. 2819—O'Keefe v. Clark. 2836—White v. Arnbelter. 2161—Post v. Lockwood Trade Journal Co. 834—Smart v. Erlacher. 2520—Lawrence v. Farrell. 2605—Fleming v. City of N Y. 2508½—Mencke v. Haffen. 2726—Jetter v. City of N Y. 1469—Milligan v. 5th Av Coach Co. 2714—Doty v. City of N Y. 2765—Beck v. Droste. 2706—Kaplan v. Mendetz. 1236—Armshow v. Waldo. 5403—De Prima v. Consumers' Brew Co. 5408—Allen Kingston Motor Car Co v. Consol Nat Bank. 185—Hind v. Hallman. 1642—R Reis & Co v. Heidelberg. 2100—Man Storage & Ware Co v N Y & L I Traction Co. 2137, 2138—Radusky v. Shaffer. 1420—Applegate v. Wanamaker. 2296—Donohue v. Callanan. 218—Mayer v. Etheller. 2439—Nixon v. McIndoe. 110—Levy v. Penn R R Co. 2373—Kolbrener v. Bob. 2256—Weisz v. City of N Y. 5646—Doleman v. City of N Y. 433—Jenkins v. Phoenix Const Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Newburger, J. 2576—Wilson v. Dotson. 3240 Solotoroff v. Altheimer. 3289—Toomey v. P. Coleman Co. 3332—Baker v. Dietz. 3363—Quentin v. Heines. 2533—Langdon v. Slack. 2092—Gray Litho Co v. Danner. 601—Tweedie Trading Co v. Schmidt. 2465—Mileti v. Int R T. 3231—Miner v. Comml Credit Agency. 3305—Pattison v. City of New York. 1570—Schultze v. Huttlinger. 271—Aetna Life Inc Co v. Genl Supply & Const Co. 3078—Navarre Hotel & Imp Co v. Am. Appraisal Co. 4624—Jones v. Gould. 4078—Eppley v. Kennedy. 1268—Tooker v. Reynolds. 2878—Davis v. Marshall. 4381—City of New York v. Am Mfg Co. 748—Atkins v. Trowbridge. 3299—Rainey Pier Co v. Nat Surety Co. 3292—Fruit Auction Co v. Saitta. 3174—Bremer v. City of New York. 3182—Walton & Wheeler v. Bowman. 3188—Sire v. Odell. 3222—Callahan v. Carpenter. 3229—Hellman v. Adams. 3243—Kloth v. Silverman. 3247—Christy Moir Co v. Fryer. 3248—Sea Cliff Hotel Co v. Punde. 3262—Rothstein v. Phila Cas Co. 3263—Bank of America v. Nathan. 3227—Simpson v. Reed. 3280—Wesslau v. L I R R Co. 3282—Jordan v. General Lumber Co. 3283—Mead v. same. 3291—Moses v. Stern. 3294—Aperson v. Eliner. 3301—Shoneman v. 14th St Store. 3304—Warner v. Nelson. 3313—Colwell Lead Co v. Wortzman. 3315—Spence v. Walker. 3338—De Marco v. City of New York. 3345—Lopolstadt v. Kann. 3347—Gen Elec Imp Co v. Murray. 3348—W. J. Lemp Brew Co v. Sinell. 3350—Delevanti v. Lasky. 3359—Menard v. Superior Mfg Co. 3360—Schildkraut v. Powers. 3362—La France Motor Co v. Allen. 3364—Goldstein v. Mendelsohn. 3367—Raiman v. Hickson. 3371—Dietrich v. Giant Const Co. 564—Ward v. Textile Commission Co. 3258—Shirk v. Braker. 3219—European-American Bank v. McCaffery Water Motor & Power Co. 3309—Same v. American Concrete Co.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Motion calendar. Mary L Donnelly, Louis Peckins, August C Krehbiel, Ferruccio A Vivanti, Joseph B Hart, Henrietta Davis, Hannah Michael, Alexander Miller, Elizabeth Beck, Marcus Nathan, Hermann Komlos, Frank Work, Mandel S Luks, Joseph Cosentino, Reginald H Threet, Helene Schreiber, David Mark, Daniel Shea, Albert E Veale, James Carr, Ann E Schneider, Frank C Heehan, Henry P Heylman, Anna C Smillie, Ellen Kelly, Alexander Miller, John J Vogts, Jacob Rubino, Ellen M Pike, James S Inglis, William J Sheehy, Sigmund Hirsch, Clara Howe, Alexander McDonald, Harman H Steffens, John Henry, John C Haug, Julian F Burke, William Tell, Raffaele Novelino, Charles Gulden, Jr, Edward Marrin, Marks Block, Giovann Reppeto, Giuseppe Lippi, Julius H Wolff, Fred Damm, Peter Kehr, Biene Ottenberg, Mary M Morgan, John C Van Schaack, Eugene L Katzenmayer, Edward G. Peters, Mary Bernard, Lena Kolsch, Sylvester Knight, Anna C Smillie, Bridget Donnelly, Maria Kunkel, Mary Bell, Bridget McGinnity, Bridget McGinnity, Josephine B Chambers, Hannah Michael, Estate of Ruth Wagner, Estate of John C Wilmerding, Jr. Wills for probate. Gottlob A Schweizer, James O'Neill, Laura M Cooper, Raphael Moses, Peter J Crotty, Marcus Kempner, Margaret L Zbrowski, Eliza Klauber, William Bean, Fanny Florsheim, Harriet F Harding.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., La Fetra, J.; Part II., Lynch, J.; Part III., Green, J.; Part V., Finelite, J.; Part VII., Delehanty, J.; Part VIII., Smith, J. Calendar called in Trial Term, Part III. room. 4010—Kaplan v. Lieberman. 2941—Dreglinger v. Schwartz. 4573—Aarons v. Grosky. 7381½—Walnut Hill Bank v. Nat Reserve Bank. 3174—Blier v. Rosenberg. 1731—Brown v. Coates. 6643—First Co-op S & L Co v. Reinitz. 4741—Damico v. Engelberg. 816—Amanna v. Hodes Realty Co. 4655—Scharp v. Joline. 3890—Forman v. Cooke. 2078—Krower v. Katcher. 2370—Weitz v. Int R T Co. 2580—Manchester v. Cent Park, &c, R R. 1758—Singer v. Standard Fire Ins Co. 4290½—Weiner v. Schwade. 3256—Co-op Organization, &c, Co v. Knabe. 304—Stark v. Martin. 2836—Westereich v. Hirsh. 4477—A W Burnett & Co v. N Y C & H R R R. 4487—Friedman v. Madison. 4228—Bergen v. Bloomingdale. 4558—Strapkie v. Fed Iron Metal Co. 4677—Kolb v. Progressive Hat Co. 4667—Blumenthal v. Walbaum. 4540—Chesebrough v. West Union Tel Co. 4633—Fairclough v. Cowen. 1481—Sutten v. Int R T Co. 4714—Duffy v. Brown. 4418—Perlstein v. Klausner. 3963—Erts v. Everett Inv Co. 3964—Ledwin v. N Y Taxicab Co. 3987—Loan v. Keith & Proctor Amuse Co. 4020—Burke v. Woolverton. 4045—Trainer v. J Reilly & Sons Trucking Co. 4067—Balbo v. Mandece Const Co. 4106—Donnelly v. N Y Produce Exch Bank. 4109—Atlantic Broom Co v. Hauptman. 4110—Willett Press v. Schwab. 4114—Colarusso v. Shaw. 4117—Dussing v. Roebling Const. Co. 4118—Tuchfeld v. Blumenthal. 4119—Miller v. J King Optical Co. 4123—Edelman v. Fox. 4179—Lincoln v. O'Boyle. 4186—Witzky v. Linch. 3997—Bronx Derrick and Tool Co v. Londino.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—McAvoy, J. 3671—Lipper v. Cohen. 3663—Rosenkranz v. Starr. 3589—Forrester v. Corb. 3696—Magovitz v. Hayes. 3698—Cohen v. Solomon. 3716—Lustgarten v. Hecht. 3684—Steckler & Feder v. Levin & Levin Cont Co. 3691—Mason Cont Co v. Rosens Bros. 3608—Finkelstein v. Stack. 3694—Bennett v. Mackson-Richmond D Co. 3697—Bilowitz v. Michaels. 3703—Iroquois Door Co v. Hadden Realty Co. 3719—Itzeowitz v. Scher. 3710—Ellison Const Co v. Cotter. 3687—Newgold v. Hauf. 3600—Knick Silk Co v. Lowenstein. 3543—Thompson v. Alwold Realty Co. 3713—Wolff v. Saul. 3714—Schwartz v. Deinberg. 3718—Vreeland v. Pierce. 3606—Dix & Sons Co v. Prager. 2472—Evans v. Pelta. 3700—Kalmanowitz v. Sukovice. 3682—Whitney v. Logerwood Mfg Co. 3647—Silverstein v. Solinsky. 3493—Flynn v. Colonial Life Ins Co. 3683—Nat Printing, &c, Co v. Tangier Dev Co. 3723—Wolf v. Drow. 3726—Spencer v. Davis. 3728—Cumberland Trust Co v. Kenny. 3735—Fritz v. Associate Cont & Builders. 3717—Moses v. Passman Dauere Co.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J.—Mutual Trust Co, Westchester, v. Kranich—Henry Smith. Jarmulowsky v. Strenger—Henry M. Stevenson. Johnston v. Ringelstein—Townsend Morgan. Kronenberg v. Greenblatt—Frank H Hennessy. Goldston v. Goldston—Hon M Linn Bruce. Pieser v. Stanley Gallick Co—George B Walker.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Moskowitz v. Moskowitz—Isham Henderson.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J.—Elyar v. Zuelch—Edward D Dowling.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J.—Alice V Densmore v. Dorsa J Densmore—Leonard J Langbein. Park Mortgage Co v. Schwartz—Walter B Walker.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J.—Samuel Sidaroff v. Louis Frooks—Hyman Turchin.

CITY COURT—Donnelly, J.—Benjamin Flaum v. Usher Muremberg—Morris Leight. Isedore Kaufman v. Ella Schwartz—Isidor Greenbaum. Wiertz Silk Mfg Co v. Fannie Mayfer—Frank E Strife. Joseph Doelger v. Alberta Margarito—Charles J Lane.

CITY COURT—Schmuck, J.—Alexander Brough v. Charles M Hall—Philip J Dunn.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Crane, J.—736—Higgins v. N Y Dock Co. 1439—Loley v. Myers Realty Co. 1448—Bocassecca v. Bocassecca. 1475—Henry Elias Brew Co v. Boeger. 1480—Beekman v. Kulesha. 1483, 1484—Burhenne v. Phoenix Devel Co. 1485—Stehle v. Stehle. 1486—Reilly v. Lonergan. 1346—Newton Co v. Erickson. 1384—Donlon v. Donlon. 1399—Hershfield v. Posner. 883—Huyler v. Smith. 1331—Cicala v. Schwenk Realty Co. 1410—Patten v. Patten. 1429—Lopardo v. Tolve. 132—Bauer v. Bauer. 1654—Dreyer v. Reisman. 1414—Prince v. Gluck. 1352—Rudich v. Rudich. 1398—Saunderson v. Lieberman. 1351—Rosenstein v. Rosenstein. 1038—Eller v. Eller. Highest number reached on regular call, 1496.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Hirschberg, Burr, Thomas, Woodward, and Rich, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar. 884, 885—Smith v. Cockcroft & Burns. 480—Schroeder v. Young. 978—Bilicki v. S I Shipbuilding co, reargument. 1009—O'Brien v. Erie R R. 291 N E—Matter of Union Bank. 292 N E—Matter of Union Bank. 467—Tompkins v. Barnes. 923—Billings v. Shaw.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Marean, J.; Part II., Garretson, J.; Part IV., Clark, J.; Part V., Blackmar, J.; Part VI., Jaycox, J.; Part VII., Maddox, J. 2520—Eckert v. B H R R. 1845, 1846—Jordan v. Warnecke. 2081—Heslin v. Rodgers. 1720—Searles v. Nassau R R. 1080—Hohnaber v. Mantel. 2247—Wardrobe v. Duffy. 1218—Ryan v. Johnson et al. 1979—Goldberg v. Nassau R R. 1217—Halvorsen v. Inter-State Lighterage Co. 2225—Campbell v. Hirsch. 2452—Smith v. B H R R. 1969, 1970—Hassett v. Schmadeke. 2490—Lafayette Trust Co v. Samovitz. 2122—McGrane v. Nassau R R. 1797, 1798—Dunlap v. same. 5461—McGrath v. Overland Sales Co. 2273—Dunn v. B H R R. 1753—McGronen v. Greenwald. 1705—Buckingham v. Williams. 1828—Stannard v. Enternan. 2602—Schultis v. Waterbury Co. 1345—Herman v. Krajewski Pesant Co. 891—Carafa v. B H R R et al. 1569—Carey v. Nassau R R. 1514—Lehman v. Bklyn Elev R R. 2587—Schilling v. Cross, Austin & Ireland. 1807—Schacht v. Mueller. 1328—Ubert v. Schonger. 2674—Beier v. Bklyn Elev R R. 2675—Terhune v. B H R R. 2680, 2681—Morris v. Nassau R R et al. Highest number reached on regular call, 2722.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Kelly, J.; Part II., Putnam, J. 432—McIntyre, as administratrix, v. L I R R Co. 189—Goetz, as administratrix, v. Duffy, individually and as executor. 191—Loewe, as administratrix, v. same. 381—De Angelis v. Somers. ..—Bachelor v. Degnon. ..—Same v. same. 149—Weissmann v. Sohmer and another. 389—Spinella v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. 443—Younge v. B H R R Co. 445—McKenna v. Miller, Inc. 447—Spear et al v. 35 Per Cent Automobile Supply Co. 448—Rosselle v. B, Q Co & Sub R R Co. Remainder of calendar passed until Monday, Nov. 27, 1911. Highest number reached on calendar, 470.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Humphrey, J. 2882—People v. Frank James. 3331—Same v. Charles Molinenski. 3332—Same v. Joseph Molinenski. 3320—Same v. Hyman Sarofsky. 3321—Same v. Harry Rosenstein. 3374—Same v. Jacob Podell.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Mills, J. 59—Kinsler v. McNenny. 60—Cheers v. V E Cons Co. 173—Cassidy v. N Y C & H R R Co. 159—Cowan v. Mooney.

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Pension—Patrolman Timothy J. Callaghan, 13th Precinct, on his own application, at $700 per annum. Appointed Feb. 7, 1881.

Appointments as Probationary Patrolmen—Carl A. Abramson, William J. Ahearn, Charles W. Brown, Jr., Joseph R. Cahill, Michael Coleman, William V. Gierie, Lester J. Henry, Charles F. Jahns, Joseph V. Lawless, Denis J. A. Mahoney, Francis Miele, Daniel T. McCarthy, Jr., James C. McMahon, Michael Neary, Morrison R. Sanders, Amilcare Squassoni, Francis E. Timmons, Patrick Walsh, John B. Ahearn, Arthur A. Apol, John J. Burggraf, Sylvester Clauer, William H. Daniels, John J. F. Hanigan, Frank L. Hogan, William Klenk, Charles Leff, Daniel Mandel, Frank J. McCarron, Edward M. McGarry, James V. McNamara, John F. Reim, Francis J. Smith, Walter F. J. Sullivan, and William A. Turk.

Transfer—Patrolman A. B. Ennis, Detective Bureau to 149th Precinct, and designation as Sergeant, revoked.

Assignments—Lieuts. Charles A. Place, 63d Precinct, to command 174th Precinct for twenty days; William W. Duggan, 164th Precinct, to command 290th Precinct during illness of Capt. E. Gallagher; Charles J. Fahey, 281st Precinct, to command 282d Precinct for ten days.

Dismissed from the force—Patrolman Harry Bertini, 5th Precinct.

NEW BANK EXAMINER.

A. T. Campbell Put in Charge of the New York District.

George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., State Superintendent of Banking, has named A. T. Campbell of Brooklyn to succeed the late Melburn W. Hutchins as examiner in charge of the metropolitan district, with headquarters in this city.

Mr. Campbell has been connected with the Banking Department for nearly fourteen years. For ten years he was an up-State examiner. During the panic in 1907 he was transferred to the metropolitan district and has since then been one of the general examiners connected with the New York office.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The western area of low barometric pressure continues eastward and Thursday night extended from Ontario to the east portion of the Gulf of Mexico. It has been attended by snows and rains.

In all other parts of the country the weather remained fair.

The temperature is considerably higher in Atlantic States and the Upper Ohio Valley, and is decidedly lower in the Mississippi States. It is rising again in the Northwest.

Indications are that there will be rains or snows Friday in the Atlantic States from Florida to New England, followed by fair weather in those districts Saturday.

In all other parts of the country the weather will be fair Friday and Saturday.

The temperature will fall Friday night and Saturday throughout the Atlantic States, and will rise Friday and Saturday in the Mississippi Valley.

Winds along the New England Coast will be brisk south shifting to west; Middle and South Atlantic Coast, moderate to brisk south, shifting to northwest.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have brisk south shifting to west winds, overcast weather and rain to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York and Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain in south, rain or snow in north portions Friday, colder at night; Saturday fair and colder; brisk southern shifting to northwest winds.

New Jersey—Rain Friday, probably followed by clearing and colder in the afternoon; Saturday fair and colder; brisk south, shifting to northwest winds.

Northern New England—Rain or snow Friday; Saturday fair and colder; brisk south shifting to northwest winds.

Southern New England—Rain Friday, colder at night; Saturday fair and colder; brisk south shifting to northwest winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	39	30	4 P. M.	47	47
6 A. M.	37	30	6 P. M.	46	46
9 A. M.	38	35	9 P. M.	44	44
12 M.	46	42	12 P. M.	44	44

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 38; for the corresponding date last year it was 42; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 41.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 30; at 8 P. M. it was 44. Maximum temperature, 48 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 28 degrees at 5 A. M. Humidity, 78 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 69 per cent. at 8 P. M.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Kaufmann Brothers, Pittsburgh, Penn.; E. A. Tobey, shoes; 200 Fifth Avenue.

Twelfth Street Store, Chicago, Ill.; J. A. Walsh, notions, laces, neckwear, handkerchiefs, and umbrellas; 215 Fourth Avenue.

Spibek, H., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. Spibek, dresses; 31 Union Square.

Hamburger, A., & Sons, Los Angeles, Cal.; E. L. Woods, cloaks, suits, waists, and furs; 215 Fourth Avenue.

Wald, Lewis & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; D. Reins, ladies' furnishing goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; W. H. Crumbley, white goods and handkerchiefs; 454 Broome Street.

Reid & Hughes Dry Goods Company, Waterbury, Conn.; A. S. Lyall, laces, hosiery, and gloves; 75 Spring Street.

Miller Brothers Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.; A. Mathis, notions, laces, ribbons, hosiery, and gloves; 70 Franklin Street; Hotel Gregorian.

Pulver, W. H., Oswego, N. Y.; general merchandise; W. P. Wallace, dry goods; Hotel Navarre.

Cobb & Pothin, Providence, R. I.; E. D. Cobb, millinery; The Hermitage.

Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; W. H. Byrne, notions; 31 Union Square; Elks Club.

Sage, Allen & Co., Hartford, Conn.; E. D. Babcock, cloaks and suits; 75 Spring Street.

Stevens, C. A., & Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; S. Willard, cloaks and suits; 40 East Twenty-second Street.

Hofmayer Dry Goods Company, Albany, Ga.; P. B. Hofmayer, notions and furnishing goods; 75 Leonard Street; Hotel Great Northern.

Flint & Kent, Buffalo, N. Y.; G. W. Horn, laces and trimmings; 31 Union Square.

Clawson & Wilson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; C. Swiegert, hats and caps; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Broztell.

Columbus Dry Goods Company, Columbus, Ohio; E. R. Graves, merchandise manager; The Breslin.

Shillito, John, Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; Gus Schiller, domestics, woolens, and prints; 346 Broadway.

Scowcroft, John, & Sons Companay, Ogden, Utah; J. Scowcroft, dry goods; 72 Leonard Street.

Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss Lavery, ribbons; Broadway and Thirty-second Street.

Sisson Brothers & Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; B. F. Welden, laces and trimmings; Hotel Imperial.

Martin, W. S., Company, Rockford, Ill.; H. L. Wortham, ladies' ready to wear; 69 Fifth Avenue.

Slattery, E. T., Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss M. Drury, costumes and waists; Miss C. E. Kane, suits; Hotel Wolcott.

Hale, J. M., Company, Los Angeles, Cal.; L. R. Davis, cloaks, suits, and millinery; 395 Broadway.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN WANTED to handle a strong line of popular-priced skirts for Southern territory. H 137 Times.

SALESMAN, former manufacturer, has trade, wishes popular line cloaks and suits. M 16 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED by leading skirt house for States west of Chicago. H 138 Times.

Guide for Buyers.

1 *line*, 1 *year*, $116.80; 6 *mos.*, $61.88; 3 *mos.*, $32.76; 1 *mo.*, $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 122 5th Av.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 Months for $5

and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed to apply if purchased. WE SELL rebuilt machines, guaranteed for one year, at a saving of 50% to 75%. Send for catalogue.

TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St.,
7 Doors from B'way.
Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.
345 Broadway,
Cor. of Leonard St.
Tel. 5408 Franklin.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

DESKS
Roll and Flat Top.
Chairs, Filing Cabinets.
Office Partition.
HAMBURGER, 33 E. 20th St.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

Thanksgiving Day Excursion
TO BERMUDA By Twin-Screw S. S. "OCEANA."
Leave New York Nov. 25th, Return Dec. 1st.
Tickets, Hotels and all Expenses Included.
BERMUDA-ATLANTIC LINE, 290 B'way, N. Y.

CLARK'S ORIENT CRUISE

Magnificent S. S. "Arabic" leaves Feb. 8, rates $400 up, including shore excursions; 71 enchanting days. Stop-over privileges. Final Round the World Tour this season leaves Jan. 20; $2,150. FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., N. Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

"CHRISTMAS SHIPS"
OF THE
NORTH GERMAN LLOYD

Take you to Nuremberg, where you can see Santa Claus making toys for the whole world. Tuesday and Thursday sailings for

LONDON — PARIS — BREMEN

Friedrich der Grosse, November 30, Prinz Fried. Wilhelm, December 9, at 10 A. M. The last "Christmas Ship" is the Kronprinz Wilhelm, leaving New York December 14, at 10 A. M.

Mediterranean Christmas Ships

Are the Koenig Albert, December 2, and Berlin, December 9, at 11 A. M., stopping at Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples and Genoa.

Cruise to Black Sea and Caucasus. From Genoa April 28 to May 29, 1912—$200 up.

Cruise to Polar Regions. From Bremen July 18 to Aug. 15, 1912—$125 up.

OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 Broadway, New York

The Great White Fleet

OUR big, airy, comfortable steamers to Jamaica and the Panama Canal are constructed especially for *tropical* travel. Every room is an outside room and many have private baths. The ship is your hotel during the entire cruise of 21 days—both at sea and in port—and there are two days in which to inspect the marvels of the great enterprise at Panama. Sailings every Thursday from Pier 16, E. R., N. Y.

$125 covers everything on the Cruise. To Jamaica only and back, $85.50.

United Fruit Company
STEAMSHIP SERVICE
17 Battery Pl. Tel. 1025 Rector, N. Y.
Or any Steamship Ticket Agency.

Cook's Nile Steamers

Cairo to Luxor and the First Cataract.

Egypt	Dec. 26	Egypt	Jan. 16
Arabia	Jan. 2	Arabia	Jan. 23
Rameses the Gt.	Jan. 9	Rameses the Gt.	Jan. 30

and weekly thereafter, connecting with service for the Second Cataract, Khartoum, Uganda, &c. In addition, Cook's Express Steamers sail every Monday and Friday. Luxurious dahabeahs and special steamers for charter to families and private parties.

Tickets and Tours for Independent Travellers Everywhere, with or without Hotels, etc.

THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Av.,
2,389 Broadway, New York.
COOK'S TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES ARE GOOD ALL OVER THE WORLD.

Go To Bermuda $10 Up Round Trip

Tours Inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates. Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 5530 tons, sails December 2d, 13th, 23d.

Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy. Fastest, newest, and only Steamer landing passengers direct from steamer on to the dock in Bermuda.

For illustrated pamphlets apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, 264 and 553 5th Av., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. CO. Ltd., Quebec.

NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
URANIUM S.S. CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON AND PARIS.
1ST CABIN, ALL OUTSIDE, $50.00 & UP.

Volturno	Nov. 23	Uranium	Dec. 21
Campanello	Dec. 7	Volturno	Jan. 4

Uranium S. S. Co., Ltd., 13 B'way, N. Y.

FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES LISBON NAPLES NICE MARSEILLES
Weekly Sailings (approx.) Special Winter Voyages.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

"LOW'S LIST OF SAILINGS" FREE.
ALL OCEAN PASSAGES
Tickets and Berths All Lines. Regular Rates.
LOW'S OFFICIAL STEAMSHIP AGENCY, 1123 B'way, N. Y. Tel. 1308—Mad. Sq.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., ft. Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:00 P. M. Strs. PLYMOUTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., week days, 5:00 P.M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NEW HAVEN LINE Lv. Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M.; week days only. Str. CHESTER W. CHAPIN.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Lv. Pier 27, E. R., week days only 11:00 A. M. Str. NAUGATUCK.

Tickets, &c., at 171 Broadway. Transfer Tourist Offices and Piers.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO'S
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
"The Popular Searchlight Route."

PEOPLES LINE To Albany — Str. C. W. Morse and Adirondack. Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M. daily (Sunday excepted.)

CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy — New Str. Trojan and Rensselaer. Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday excepted.) Stops at Albany in both directions. Excellent cuisine and service.

Rooms Warm and Comfortable.
ROUND TRIP $2.50

JOY LINE $2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE
Week days Po'keepsie & Kingston.
Daily from Newburgh from Pier 24, N. R., foot Franklin St. Telephone 405 Franklin.

"The Public Be Pleased."

COLONIAL LINE. Boston via Boat and Rail, $2.50; Providence direct $1.60. Weekdays and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot of West Houston St. Berths free. 'Phones Spring 9491 and 9492.

Advertise Lost articles in the Lost and Found columns of The New York Times. Finders seeking owners of lost belongings turn to the Lost column of The Times first.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS

THE LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD
NEW S. S. OLYMPIC SAILS FROM NEW YORK DEC. 9

Philadelphia, Nov. 25, 9:30 A. M. | Oceanic, Nov. 25, 12:00 Noon
Vaderland, Nov. 25, 10:00 A. M. | St. Louis, Dec. 2, 9:30 A. M.

American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.

Philadelphia	Nov. 25	†Olympic (new)	Dec. 9
St. Louis	Dec. 2	New York (Fri.)	Dec. 15

†White Star Line Steamer.

Atlantic Transport
NEW YORK—LONDON Direct. Pier 58, N. R.

Minneapolis	Dec. 2, 7:30 AM	Minnehaha	Dec. 16
Minnetonka	Dec. 9, 10:30 AM	Minnewaska	Dec. 23

Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
LONDON, PARIS VIA DOVER—ANTWERP.

Vaderland	Nov. 25	Zeeland	Dec. 18
Finland	Dec. 2	Lapland (new)	Dec. 20

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.

Oceanic	Nov. 25, noon	Olympic (new)	Dec. 9
*St. Louis	Dec. 2, 9:30 AM	Oceanic	Dec. 16

*American Line Steamer.

NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.

Cedric	Dec. 7, noon	Laurentic	Dec. 20
Baltic	Dec. 14, noon	Celtic	Dec. 28

NEW YORK & BOSTON RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria.

Romanic	Nov. 25, noon	Cretic	Dec. 3
Adriatic	Dec. 2, noon	Canopic	Dec. 12

CRUISES WEST INDIES $150 Upward — PANAMA CANAL — 31 DAYS SOUTH AMERICA Jan. 20 Feb. 24
White Star Line's New S. S. "Laurentic"
Largest and Finest in the Trade.

WHITE STAR LINE
To The RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar,
Algiers and Villefranche
The Largest British Mediterranean Steamers
"ADRIATIC" ☆ "CEDRIC"
Dec. 2—Jan. 10—Jan. 24—Feb. 21—Mar. 6
Detailed Itineraries on Request
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, 9 Broadway, New York

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

CRUISES DE LUXE
To The ORIENT
Grand Cruise
By the palatial cruising
S. S. "VICTORIA LUISE" (16,500 TONS)
LEAVING NEW YORK JAN. 30, 1912,
to PORTUGAL, SPAIN, the MEDITERRANEAN and the ORIENT.
78 Days—$325 AND UP.
Also Cruises to West Indies, South America, Around the World Italy and Egypt, etc.

CHRISTMAS SAILINGS
To HAMBURG via PLYMOUTH and CHERBOURG.
S. S. MOLTKE (12,500 TONS)
SAILS NOV. 25, 9 A. M.

LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG

MOLTKE	Nov. 25,	9 A. M.
§PENNSYLVANIA	Dec. 2,	2 P. M.
§PATRICIA	Dec. 7,	11 A. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC.	Dec. 12,	11 A. M.

†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. §Hamburg direct. Second cabin only.

☞ SPECIAL THROUGH TICKETS TO SCANDINAVIAN POINTS. ☜

DIRECT Service PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
Tourist Department for Trips Everywhere.

Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
The Ideal Way to
the Playground of the World by
S. S. CINCINNATI
DEC. 7, JAN. 25, MARCH 7.
S. S. HAMBURG
JANUARY 4.
Special Trip to Italy and EGYPT
S. S. Kaiserin Aug. Vic.
February 14

Calling at FUNCHAL (12 h'rs), GIBRALTAR (4 h'rs), ALGIERS (8 h'rs), VILLEFRANCHE (14 h'rs), GENOA (20 h'rs), NAPLES (8 h'rs), PORT SAID (5 days), Returning to New York via NAPLES and GIBRALTAR.

Passengers carried to any of these ports. Ample time for sightseeing.
Write for Booklets of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

CUNARD LINES
Fastest, Finest, Largest Quadruple-Screw Turbine Steamships in the World

LUSITANIA NOV. 29, 9 A. M. DEC. 27, 9 A. M. — MAURETANIA DEC. 16, 4 P. M. JAN. 10, 9 A. M.

Special Christmas Sailing of the
S. S. MAURETANIA, DEC. 16, at 4 P. M.

CAMPANIA DEC. 6, 10 A. M. JAN. 3, 10 A. M. — CARMANIA DEC. 13, 10 A. M. JAN. 17, 10 A. M.

LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD.

Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, east-bound

CANADIAN SERVICE—PORTLAND, LONDON
Regular sailings of Steamers Carrying One Class Cabin (II) and Third Class Passengers only.

CRUISES to EGYPT

CALLING AT MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, VILLEFRANCHE or GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE, FIUME, ALEXANDRIA
Write for itinerary. Sailing hour noon.

IVERNIA	Nov. 30	CARONIA	Jan. 6	LACONIA	Feb. 3
PANNONIA	Dec. 16	FRANCONIA	Jan. 20	CARONIA	Feb. 20
		CARMANIA	Mar. 2		

A la carte service without extra charge. Stopovers permitted.
PIERS FOOT W. 14TH ST., NORTH RIVER. OFFICES, 24 STATE ST., OPPOSITE BATTERY.

Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies S.S. Lines
CLYDE LINE—MALLORY LINE—PORTO RICO LINE—WARD LINE.

CRUISE TO AND
AROUND PORTO RICO
A SAILING EVERY SATURDAY

Plan to enjoy this wonderful trip to and around the "Island of Enchantment" on one of our big, swift steamers equipped with every ocean comfort.

SIXTEEN DAYS, $110

The steamer is your hotel during the entire tour and the rate, $110, covers every expense from New York to and around the Island, touching at the principal ports and returning to New York. Send for illustrated booklets and further details.

NEW YORK AND PORTO RICO STEAMSHIP CO., Gen'l Office, 11 Broadway, New York.

NEW FAST MAIL TWIN-SCREW STEAMSHIPS OF 10,000 TONS DISPLACEMENT, SAILING FROM NEW YORK—

CUBA — Thursday and Saturday for HAVANA, connecting for ISLE OF PINES. Fortnightly direct sailings to NAVAL STATION, SANTIAGO and CIENFUEGOS.

MEXICO — Each Thursday for VERA CRUZ, each Friday for TAMPICO, making connections for MEXICO CITY and all points in the interior of Mexico.

BAHAMAS — Weekly sailings for NASSAU. First cabin fare $25 and up; new steamships, excellent cuisine.

NEW YORK AND CUBA MAIL STEAMSHIP CO., Gen'l Office, Pier 14, East River, New York

AGWI

CITY TICKET OFFICE, 290 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France.)
Sailing Every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.

*La Savoie	Nov. 30	*La Provence	Dec. 21
*La Lorraine	Dec. 7	*La Savoie	Dec. 28
*La Touraine	Dec. 14	*La Lorraine	Jan. 4

*Twin Screw Steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3:00 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
†ROCHAMBEAU (New) Nov. 25
†Quadruple Screw Steamer.
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
California..Nov. 25, 10 AM | Columbia..Dec. 9, 10 AM
Caledonia...Dec. 2, 3 PM | Cameronia.Dec. 16, 3 PM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

BERMUDA ROUND TRIP $10, $15 & UP
By the S. S. "TAGUS."
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
22 State St., N. Y.; Thos. Cook & Son, 245 and 2389 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Av., N. Y.
OR ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENT.

25 DAYS' TRIP To Cuba Hayti Jamaica Panama Colombia Costa Rica
WEEKLY SAILINGS
By Prinz Steamers (5,000 Tons)
OF THE
ATLAS SERVICE
NEXT SAILING
NOV. 24, 12 NOON.
PRINZ SIGISMUND.
$140 AND UP

The PRINZ steamers offer all the comforts and conveniences of our well-known transatlantic liners. They are especially adapted for this service. EXCELLENT CUISINE AND SERVICE.
Send for particulars.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, New York.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC

Between New York & ALGIERS, ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA, KAISER FRANZ JOSEF I. (new), MARTHA WASHINGTON, etc. Sailing schedule 1912 in print, furnished on application. First-class, $70 up. Thru Bookings Dalmatia, Levant, Orient, India, China, Japan.

PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents,
17 Battery Place, N. Y. City.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:57 | Sun sets..4:36 | Moon sets..7:17

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:35	10:04	3:15	4:05
Governors Island	9:55	10:25	3:50	4:50
Hell Gate	11:45	12:15	5:30	6:30

Arrived—Thursday, Nov. 23.

SS Lusitania, Liverpool, Nov. 18.
SS Friedrich der Grosse, Bremen, Nov. 11.
SS Mexico, Havre, Nov. 4.
SS Santa Clara, Brodreso, Nov. 16.
SS Metapan, Kingston, Nov. 18.
SS Sarnia, Kingston, Nov. 17.
SS Antilla, Tampico, Nov. 15.
SS Iroquois, Jacksonville, Nov. 20.
SS Strathdon, St. Lucia, Nov. 16.
SS El Paso, New Orleans, Nov. 17.
SS Francisco, Boston, Nov. 22.
SS Porto Rico, Baltimore, Nov. 21.
SS Millinocket, Stockton, Nov. 21.
SS Melrose, Boston, Nov. 22.
SS Porto Rico, Baltimore, Nov. 21.
SS Goldsboro, Atlantic City, Nov. 21.

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
Prinz Sigismund, Inagua	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Allianca, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Camaguey, Tampico	——	12:00 M.
Dunstan, Para	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Philadelphia, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Moltke, Hamburg	6:00 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Oceanic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Rochambeau, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.
Drumeldrie, Argentina	3:00 A.M.	6:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sarnia, Inagua	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Oruba, Jamaica	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
El Cid, New Orleans	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Oceana, Bermuda	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
El Mundo, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
Florizel, Newfoundland	11:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Indian Prince, Brazil	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Tapajoz, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Sildra, Paramaribo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Mesaba, London	——	9:00 A.M.
Vaderland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Concho, Tampa	——	12:00 M.
Germania, Naples	——	12:00 M.
California, Glasgow	——	10:00 A.M.
Duca d'Aosta, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Glayson, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Santa Rosalia, Rio Janeiro	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Kursk, Rotterdam	——	——
Mexico, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.
Vienna, Argentina	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Katahdin, Brunswick	——	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
St. Michael	Algiers	Nov. 2
Baltico	Almeria	Nov. 4
Argentina	Patras	Nov. 2
Curityba	Nipe	Nov. 16
Ultonia	Fiume	Nov. 4
Kansas City	Swansea	Nov. 8
Javary	Barbados	Nov. 15
Florizel	Halifax	Nov. 21
Santurce	Porto Rico	Nov. 17
Morro Castle	Vera Cruz	Nov. 16
Zulia	Curacao	Nov. 16
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Nov. 21
El Norte	Galveston	Nov. 19
Colon	Cristobal	Nov. 18
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Savoie	Havre	Nov. 18
Tennyson	Barbados	Nov. 19
Pennsylvania	Hamburg	Nov. 11
Adriatic	Liverpool	Nov. 18
Prinz Willem IV	St. Marc	Nov. 20
Schuylkill	Port Said	Nov. 1
San Marcos	Galveston	Nov. 18
Calabria	Palermo	Nov. 11
DUE SUNDAY.		
Caledonia	Glasgow	Nov. 18
Sant' Anna	Naples	Nov. 14
Hudson	Corunna	Nov. 14
Prins Willem IV	Haiti	Nov. 21
Christopher	Para	Nov. 14
Seminole	Turks Island	Nov. 21
Tennyson	Barbados	Nov. 20
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Nov. 23
Concho	Key West	Nov. 22

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Cymric, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 1,080 miles east of Sandy Hook at 12:35 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier if not delayed, early Monday.

SS Adriatic, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 1,101 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8:30 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Sunday afternoon.

SS Savoie, incoming from Havre, was reported 1,210 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11:30 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-morrow.

SS Caledonia, incoming from Glasgow, was reported 1,075 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8:20 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, early Sunday.

SS Argentina, incoming from Trieste, was reported 715 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7:15 P. M. yesterday.

SS Pennsylvania, incoming from Hamburg, was reported 345 miles east of Sandy Hook at 4:45 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-day.

By United Wireless.

SS Momus, New Orleans, was 60 m s e of Tortugas at 8 P. M., 23d.

SS Seguranca, Cienfuegos, was 45 m from Nassau at noon, 23d.

SS Colon, Cristobal, was 235 m s of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 23d.

SS Morro Castle, Vera Cruz, was 590 m s and Scotland Lightship at noon, 23d.

SS Zulia, Mayaguez, was 184 m s of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 23d.

SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, was 35 m s of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 23d.

SS Tennyson, South American ports, was 650 miles s of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 23d.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Mont Vontoux, at Bordeaux, Nov. 20.
SS Clan Maclachan, at Beira, Nov. 20.
SS Carpathear, at Genoa, Nov. 23.
SS Dorothy, at Talachuano, Nov. 23.
SS Erroll, at Singapore, Nov. 23.
SS Seneca, at Shanghai, Nov. 23.
SS Dalton Hall, at Suez, Nov. 23.
SS Themistocles, at Piraeus, Nov. 15.
SS Hellig Olav, at Copenhagen, Nov. 23.
SS Thomas, at St. Michaels, Nov. 23.

Sailed.

SS St. Louis, from Queenstown, Nov. 23.
SS Africana, from Kavala, Nov. 18.
SS Minnetonka, from London, Nov. 23.
Duca degli Abruzzi, from Naples, Nov. 22.
SS Cedric, from Liverpool, Nov. 23.

Passed.

SS Bretagne, New York for Havre, signalled Brow Head.
SS Kioto, New York for Hongkong, passed Gibraltar.
SS Ameole, New York for London, passed Lizard.
SS Noordam, New York for Rotterdam, passed Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Marama	Nov. 24	6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Nov. 30	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Korea	Dec. 1	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, New Zealand, and Australia (via San Francisco)—Aorangi	Dec. 8	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of India	Dec. 8	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti and Marquesas (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Dec. 23	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

SPECIAL—Used upright pianos from $50 upward; self-playing pianos, $350 up; easy payments. WINTERROTH, 105 EAST 14TH ST. 14 WEST 125TH ST.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

Algeria.

THE
Excelsior Hotel
Algiers, North Africa.
The most modern hotel building in Town. Numerous Suites, with private baths and lavatory, hot and cold water to every room. French Restaurant, Auto Garage, Concerts, etc. CHAS. SWOBODA, Manager, late of the bathing establishment at Hammam R'Irha, N. Algiers.

France.

PARIS.—Mme. Guerard, 78 Rue Michel-Ange; excellent pension for ladies; modern comfort; best references. Inquire of Prof. Guerard, Stanford University, California.

Lost

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Evening of Nov. 22, black leather bag containing legal papers left in front of Edison Co. power station on West Park Avenue near Fordham railroad station. Reward will be paid for return of bag and contents to E. A. Allen, 65 West 190th St., Bronx, N. Y. City.

LOST—Sealskin coat, with blue fox collar and cuffs, outside Madison Square Garden, between 2:15 and 3:30, from a victoria; liberal reward; no questions asked. Miss Carney, 341 Madison Av., northeast corner 44th St.

LOST—On Lackawanna ferryboat, 23d St. Ferry, 7:15 Thursday evening, Nov. 23, a woman's grip containing articles of value to owner. Finder will be rewarded if bag is returned to J. L. L., 37 Times.

LOST—Pocketbook, containing $120 and other papers, between 564 Broadway and 37 Grant Square, Brooklyn, Monday evening and Wednesday morning. Return W. O. Andrews, 564 Broadway; reward.

LOST.—Diamond pendant, single stone; also chain, Wednesday, 130th St., 5th and Madison Avs., Madison Av. car, or 59th St. Reward. Matheson, 10 East 130th St.

LOST—Nov. 27, chamois bag with jewelry, Grand Central Station, through 42d St.; reward. Leland, office Hotel Endicott, Columbus Av. and 81st St.

LOST—On Wednesday morning, between 19th and 53d Sts., pearl scarfpin, pear shaped; finder will be liberally rewarded by returning to 37 West 53d St.

LOST—Monday, Nov. 20, steamer trunk on 30th St., between Broadway and Fifth Av.; liberal reward for return; no questions asked. Willis, Holland House.

LOST—Nov. 14, between Waldorf, Mouquin's, and Republic Theatre, black jet bracelet, gold inlaid; liberal reward. 'Phone Dr. Hall, 4800—Col.

LOST—Tuesday, Subway, legal envelope containing letters, &c., of J. H. Clos; suitable reward. R. H. Hahn, 120 Broadway. 'Phone, 1678—Cortlandt.

LOST—Gold insignia Society Cincinnati between 44th St. and Staten Island; liberal reward. Return to Chandler Smith, 69 Broad St., N. Y.

LOST.—Mink muff with tails, 8th Av. car, from 85th St., Gimbel's or Macy's, Nov. 22, 3 and 5 P. M. Suitable reward. Baruch, 783 Beck St., Bronx.

LOST.—String gold beads, Broadway, between 110th and 112th Sts., Riverside Drive, 110th to 135th. Tennant, 400 Riverside Drive. Reward.

LOST.—Diamond and pearl pin, Sunday afternoon, vicinity of Mount Morris Park; reward. Return J. S. Holmes, 25 Mount Morris Park West.

LOST—Monday afternoon, between 43d and 57th, on 5th Av., gold mesh purse, name engraved inside. Liberal reward returned 512 5th Av.

LOST.—Tan bag with red lining, neighborhood 42d St., Broadway, 5 P. M., Tuesday. Return bag and receive reward, 243 West 75th St.

LOST—Small gold chain purse, between 52d and 59th on 5th Av., west side, or on 52d St. Reward given to finder. H 144 Times.

LOST—Nov. 22, mink muff in Amsterdam Av. between 68th and 72d Sts.; reward; no questions asked. Call 216 West 70th St.

LOST—A bar pin, sapphires and pearls, probably in Central Park West; reward. Report to G. B. Norton, 320 Broadway.

LOST.—Package of feathers; left in ladies' waiting room, Grand Central Station; reward. Aldrich, 775 Garden St., Bronx.

LOST.—Diamond butterfly, with ruby eyes; suitable reward will be paid. I. B., 200 West 70th St.

LOST—Wallet; please return black pocketbook to 1,133 Broadway; name inside; keep half money.

LOST.—Small gold tassel. Liberal reward. Mrs. Banon, Hotel Willard, West 76th St.

$100 REWARD and no questions asked for return of one pear-shaped drop diamond earring, lost Wednesday night, Nov. 22, between New Theatre and Waldorf-Astoria Hotel. T. Kirkpatrick & Co., 334 5th Av.

$100 REWARD
for pear-shaped pearl scarfpin, lost Wednesday morning, between 5th Av. and 39th St., 19th St. and Broadway, and 53d St. and 5th Av., to Black, Starr & Frost, 438 5th Av.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST,
on Wednesday,
FOX TERRIER,
with 2 brown spots on back, and brown head, wearing collar marked "I. M. Braman," Eden Hill, Poughkeepsie, with Poughkeepsie dog license No. 148; liberal reward. Return to 321 Clinton Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Boston brindle terrier, without collar; had red sweater on; white chest, bat ears; answers "Buddy," around West End Av., Broadway, or 100th St.; reward. 314 W. 100th.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND—A gold chain and pendant; owner may have same by identifying it and paying for this advertisement. A. H. Young, Blue List Department, Evening Mail.

FOUND, Nov. 22—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Apply 9 Morris St.: 2D AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, photograph, shirt, bag, scarf, wood, saw. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, handbag, two pocketbooks, purse, two books, mitts, letter, one glove, pair slippers, shoes, cap, overalls, shirt, clothing, nightgown, muff, drill, box, level, chisels. 6TH AV. ELEVATED—Cane, handbag, pocketbook, money, spectacles, eyeglasses, pin, pair gloves, papers, books, cards, jumper, clothes, glove, pair gloves, kettle, case, knife, handkerchief, mitts, chisel, can, pail. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Grate, book. SUBWAY—Two umbrellas, dress suit case, satchel, pin, charm, three pairs eyeglasses, handbag, mesh bag, two purses, money order, bottle, photos, books, pair gloves, odd glove, shoes, muslin, dress, coat and apron, collar, feathers, electrotype, thermometer.

FOUND, Nov. 22—BROOKLYN R. T. Apply 168 Montague St.: Lunch box, newspaper clippings, white cloth, school books, box of candy, rubber belting, overalls, music book, overalls and towels, bracelet, dry goods, sundries, flannel shirt, package tailor trimmings, lady's pin, satchel, baby's bonnet, eyeglasses, eyeglass clip, muff, muff and cape, pocketbooks, umbrellas.

FOUND, Nov. 22.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. (Hudson Tubes). Apply 137 Christopher St.: Letters, stockings, trousers, books, umbrella.

FOUND, Nov. 22—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Package, bag, gray sweater, railroad ticket, muff, coat.

FOUND, Nov. 22—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Grip, three packages.

FOUND, Nov. 22—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Five packages, handbag, card case, two pairs of gloves, pocketbook.

FOUND, Nov. 22—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: ON TRAINS—Package, paper box, book. WAITING ROOM—Wire trace, package of lunch.

FOUND, Nov. 22—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Pair gloves, eyeglasses, pin box, package of collars, package of silks, bunch of keys, mesh bag, satchel, pads, handbag, muff and collarette, muff, pin, pair gloves, package of stationery.

FOUND, Nov. 22—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Watch rim, picture, pair gloves, pipe and tobacco, pair slippers, safety razor, pair rubbers, brick, lady's umbrella, umbrella. LONG ISLAND DIVISION—Muff, coat, pair gloves, purse, bundle.

Business Opportunities

20c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Client has established haberdashery business in prominent hotel; $10,000 stock; handsome fixtures; will sacrifice complete to quick purchaser. E. B. Levy, Attorney, 246 Broadway.

Partners secured for sound, reliable enterprises; stores and businesses bought and sold; inspect my lists. P. Rothenstein, 150 Nassau St.

Business Notices

20c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Multigraph typewritten letters, delivered promptly; samples submitted; addressing; filling in; classy signatures; work must be best produced, satisfactory to you. Telephone 1382 Cortlandt. William Gray, 93 Nassau St.

Partner, $3,000, new manufacturing business; no competition. Y 223 Times Downtown.

For Sale

20c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Beautiful diamond rings, perfect stones. Call from 10 to 2, 12 West 60th St., Apartment No. 1.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

SALESLADIES.—Must have retail store experience; $2 for Saturdays. Call Weisbecker, 270 West 125th St.

WANTED.—An experienced French maid; the best of New York references required; must know how to do hair, thoroughly capable, good needle woman; does not object to country or traveling; permanent position. Permanent, M 7 Times.

WANTED—General maid, who can cook and will wash and iron for family of four in an apartment; must have city reference. H 122 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN WANTED to handle a strong line of popular-priced skirts for Southern territory. H 137 Times.

GOOD POSITION open to capable men to handle mechanical device; some technical knowledge and good appearance necessary; age not over 30; write stating experience and salary. Z 201 Times Downtown.

MUNICIPAL CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
299 Broadway, New York.
Public notice is hereby given that applications are being received for the position of DRIVER, DEPARTMENT OF STREET CLEANING,
at the office of the Labor Bureau, on the ground floor of the Criminal Courts Building, corner of White and Centre Sts., from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.; Saturdays, 9 A. M. to 12 M.
Wages, $800 a year; 25c. an hour extra for Sunday.
Hours of work, 8; no grooming of horses.
Protection of Civil Service; pension fund when disabled, after 20 years' service or after age of 60 years.
Applicants must be citizens of the United States, and must present their naturalization papers at the time of filing applications.
FRANK A. SPENCER, Secretary.

OPPORTUNITY for young man with cost accounting experience in printing office or on newspaper composition; night work. State fully experience, age, and salary expected. H 140 Times.

SALESMEN.—Fruit and vegetable; must have retail store experience; $2.50 for Saturday. Call Weisbecker, 270 West 125th St.

SALESMAN WANTED by leading skirt house for States west of Chicago. H 138 Times.

SALESMEN, experienced on sample cards. Atlas Sample Card Co., 266 Canal St.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED.—Office boy; some experience with telephone switchboard preferred. Address in own handwriting. K 294 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ARE YOU TROUBLED ABOUT DETAILS? Put them in the hands of a capable, trustworthy woman who can relieve you of all responsibility in regard to the management of the office and the care of your personal accounts; also efficient correspondent, with or without dictation. H 142 Times.

ATTENDANT, lady, gentleman, or child; chamberwork, sewing, assist grown child; country preferred; A1 references; wages, $30. B. C., 119, 617 6th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography and typewriting; moderate salary; good references. Bookkeeper, 89 Delancey St.

EDUCATED, refined young woman, perfect 36 figure, of good appearance, would like occupation of from four to five hours a day.; understands stenography and typewriting, (Remington and Smith-Premier.) A. K. D., 2,101 8th Av.

GOVERNESS.—North German, 12 years' experience, desires situation to teach children and take entire charge; exceptional references. L. H., 235 East 60th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined, capable woman; exceptional ability, seeks position; highest references. E. R., 3,525 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER.—Employed part time, seeks outside work; experienced, capable; knowledge of Spanish. 119 Nassau St., Room 334.

STENOGRAPHER, Telephone Operator.—Normal education; 6 years' electrical experience; $15. Lillian Burns, 3,115 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; can assist with bookkeeping, general office work; salary $10. L 171 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 3½ years' experience, desires permanent position with reliable firm; good references. Y 32 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent and ambitious; two years' experience; $10; best references. K 218 Times Downtown.

WINDOW and HOUSECLEANER. — Day, hour. Acmem, 148 West 53d. Phone 7987 Columbus.

YOUNG LADY, 16 years, desires position as bookkeeper or stenographer; eight months' experience; excllent reference from present employer; willing to start with small salary. X Y Z, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone, 660 East New York.

YOUNG MARRIED WOMAN desires position as governess or companion. Y 36 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT (public,) and auditor; expert in all lines; cost systems, periodical audits, investigations, systematizations; corporation, mercantile, estate, and general accounting. Auditor, K 289 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit, loss, business statements. George Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988 Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT (degree) desires additional work; any books, any time. P. O. Box 225 Madison Square.

ACCOUNTANT, 15 years' experience; books opened, audited, and closed; moderate charge. M 24 Times.

ADVERTISING.—If your work is not so extensive as to warrant employing an advertising manager, but still you want what you have attended to with intelligence and skill, address Writer, H 132 Times.

A GENTLEMAN wishes to find a situation for his coachman, who has lived with him for many years; an excellent city and country driver, understanding perfectly the care of horses, harnesses, and carriages; perfectly honest and sober. Address Joseph Hughes, 805 Fifth Av.

AUTOMOBILE draftsman and checker, with experience in both water, air-cooled, pleasure, and commercial cars; would like change; now employed by well-known auto manufacturing company. Y 29 Times.

A YOUNG MAN, German speaking, of good education, with good hand, desires position in office. Address 436 West 23d St.

BOOKKEEPER, first-class man, wants position with large concern; reliable, experienced accountant, head bookkeeper; office and factory systems. K 272 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—24; thoroughly experienced; good education; excellent references. K 280 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, Hollander, 36, married, thorough mechanic, careful driver, desires position private or commercial; neat appearance; strictly sober, polite; best city references. Peter Van Steeden, 723 East 163d St., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR, young Frenchman, 25, wishes position in good private family; references. Write Stanley, care Mrs. Remy, 110 E. 74th St.

COLLEGE GRADUATE desires position with reputable firm; chances for advancement; excellent references. K 291 Times Downtown.

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.—Young man, 24, will sit in February examination, wishes to connect himself with certified public accountant's office; chance for a man who knows his business; four years' experience; at present with Frank Broaker. Address Accountant, Y 218 Times Downtown.

EXPERT STENOGRAPHER DESIRES EVENING WORK. JAECKLE, H 106 TIMES.

GARDENER, first class, life experience, all branches: Greenhouse, kitchen garden, shrubs, lawns, &c.; good references; married; age 44; three children. M. D., 161 West 36th St., New York.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

GENTLEMAN GOING SOUTH for the Winter recommends his thoroughly reliable and competent chauffeur for the Winter months; expert mechanician and accustomed to drive in New York City. Address Box 254, Southampton, L. I.

HUSTLING MAN, 25, married, for office or outside; highly recommended. K 298 Times Downtown.

INSIDE and OUTSIDE MAN.—Situation in family; driving and care of horses, carriages, and general work as required; go anywhere; references. McDonald, 242 West 12th St.

MAN, married, good painter and carpenter; understands care of buildings and like work; needs job. K 242 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young man (18) wishes position as office assistant; knowledge bookkeeping and typewriting. K 261 Times Downtown.

PAINTER.—Young man, experienced, desires work, day or contract. Painter, 104 East 11th St.

PROFESSIONAL COLLEGE STUDENT desires position tutoring; cashiering, assistant bookkeeper; salesman; week days, after 3; Saturday; Sundays fully. Stern, 238 East 118th St.

SALESMAN, 28, single, road and city experience, would like to connect with reliable concern; salary or salary and commission. K 262 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced traveling West, Middle West, desires side line skirts or waists. M 27 Times.

SALESMAN, 25, would like to work three evenings a week. K 251 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, with knowledge of all shipping, desires position; excellent references. K 271 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER.—Do you require the services of an ambitious, energetic and capable young man? Salary no object. Will make good if given a trial. Service, 1731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone, 660 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—Age 28; ten years' experience; exceptionally good references; rapid, accurate, not afraid of work; salary, $15. Y 221 Times Downtown.

STEWARD or assistant steward; references best; 5th Av. and Broadway experience; hotel or restaurant. J. McFall, 285 West 150th St.

SOUTH AMERICA TRAVELER.
A young man with good experience in South America and Central America. Spanish, reliable and trustworthy, desires to engage with a house of dry goods or as advertiser. First-class references. Apply, by letter, to Traveler, 794 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

VALET.—An experienced man is looking for a position as traveling or visiting valet; can produce first-class references. Address 234 East 52d St.

YOUNG MAN, who has been traveling for the past five years and previous to that was employed in the business office of metropolitan newspaper, wishing to re-enter newspaper work, seeks an opportunity that offers advancement when worth and ability are proved; willing to start at the bottom, and give faithful and conscientious service. Address Y 33 Times.

YOUNG MAN, at present Secretary and bookkeeper manufacturing company, seeks opening in an accounting office; highest references. K 297 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (35) wishes position to attend invalid gentleman; best references. E. Berghman, 226 West 48th St.

YOUNG MAN, 20, typist, office assistant, correspondent, wants position; experienced. H 131 Times.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co., (Agency,)
STENOGRAPHERS. 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

At Mrs. Malberg's Swedish Employment Agency, 115 East 26th St., formerly 352 4th Av.; reliable servants, for private families. Established 1881.

COLE EMP. AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av., Tel. 8875 Madison.—Reliable help; nice trade solicited.

COOKS, HOUSEWORKERS, CHAMBERmaids, firemen, porters, elevator boys. Porter's Agency, 142 West 133d. 94 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

HOUSEWORK.—Newly landed, very neat Danish girl; good plain cook. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

LAUNDRESS.—Experienced; thoroughly competent; can do shirts and collars; $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

MISS MILLER'S AGENCY, 56 West 39th St. Murray Hill 5582—High-class servants; references investigated.

NEAT, experienced, and reliable colored help; city, country. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288—Morningside.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem—6370.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

43D ST., 123 WEST.—Nicely furnished, warm rooms; all conveniences.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms; including board, $9 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartment, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793 Bryant.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Desirable large room; private bath; also small room; telephone exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first class; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Two large rooms; table guests; references.

57TH ST., 142 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, with private bath; other rooms; excellent table board.

57TH ST., 397 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; excellent table. Telephone 214 Columbus.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Large room, beautifully furnished; private residence; electricity; attentive service; Southern cooking; private bath; dressing room; also smaller room.

68TH ST., 72-74 WEST.—Warm rooms, comfortably furnished; private baths; substantial table; telephone; references.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL ROOMS, BATHS; FAMILIES ACCOMMODATED.

70TH ST., 30 WEST.—Large, sunny room, small room; bath, every convenience; board; select.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-story room; steam heat; hot-water supply; room telephone.

70TH ST., 269 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; 'phone, near Subway; board optional.

122 WEST 71ST ST.
FRONT ROOM WITH BOARD.

72D, 131 WEST.—Attractive large front rooms; southern exposure; private bath; references.

72D, 159 WEST.—Large and hall rooms; suite or separately; parlor dining room; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, small, medium rooms; suitable for two; parlor dining room; telephone.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive, warm rooms, suitable two; private bath; parlor dining; references; telephone.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Desirable large room, with bath; also small room; excellent table; table guests; references.

76TH, 110 WEST.—Attractive accommodations, single or double; electric lights; excellent table; table guests.

76TH, 108 WEST.—Opportunity secure medium room; steam; 'phone; excellent board; exceptional house; references.

76TH ST., 113 WEST.—Medium-sized rooms; first-class house; parlor dining; table guests accommodated.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

76TH ST., 243 WEST.—Large second-story room; private bath; parlor dining room; reference.

76TH, 239 WEST.—Large room, twin bed, private bath; excellent table; other rooms; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Most delightful large front room, near Subway, "L"; few table guests.

81ST ST., 265 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, sunny rooms, with excellent board; elevator; table board; references. V. & R.

50-52 WEST 82D.
Attractive rooms; baths; electricity. 'Phone Schuyler 8397.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Warm, sunny rooms; singly or en suite; homelike surroundings; excellent Southern cooking.

83D, 5 WEST.—Desirable suite, singly; private baths; table and house appointments the best.

92D, 54 WEST.—Superior accommodations; large, small rooms; private bath; references; telephone 9939 River.

93D, 113 WEST.—Large and small rooms; exceptional table; table guests; convenient L, Sub.

93D ST., 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single rooms; table a specialty.

94TH ST, 144 WEST.—Desirable double and single rooms; parlor dining; telephone; table guests; moderate.

(100TH,) WEST END AV., 828.—Attractive rooms; private modern home; superior board; table guests.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; baths; bachelors, couples; table guests; references.

104TH ST., 61 WEST.—Double front room, $21; other rooms; refined, exclusive patronage; excellent table; references exchanged; table guests accommodated; Subway, elevated.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

126TH ST., 62 WEST.—Large front room, well heated, conveniences; excellent board; also single room; table guests; telephone.

127TH ST., 216 WEST.—Large and small rooms, nicely furnished, good table; reference.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Elegant rooms; private baths; electricity; table guests; references; 'phone Audubon 7217.

142D ST., 512 WEST.—Cheerful, large, small rooms; steam heated; 'phone; excellent board optional.

144TH ST., 467 WEST.—Desirable rooms; southerly exposure; running water; excellent board; table guests.

472 WEST 144TH ST.
FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD.

149TH, 544 WEST, (Near Broadway, Riverside.)—First class rooms and board; high class hotel accommodations; boarding house prices. Telephone 2757 Audubon.

149TH ST., 558 WEST.—Private house; beautiful rooms, suitable two; all conveniences; home cooking; telephone.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD.
122 WEST 71ST ST.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel, elegant rooms, single, en suite; newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

Refined American lady having beautiful, select home, West 87th St., offers superior board to gentleman or couple; references. Telephone 6290 Riverside.

SURPRISING RATES
For two people, elegant suite of parlor, bedroom, and bath; electric-lighted, steam-heated, private telephone; finely appointed; includes delicious meals. Within 35 minutes of Herald Square or the downtown district. Location of this new, high-class family hotel furnished free at my office, V. K. Garland, Room 32, 4 West 33d St., opposite Waldorf.

WEST END AV., 762, (97th St.)—Cheerful rooms, excellent table; fine location; table guests; phone.

East Side.

16TH ST., 133 EAST.—Large room; southern exposure; hot water, heat; 2 gentlemen; references.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—Large and connecting hall room, second floor; table guests; references exchanged.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine large and single rooms, suites or separate; elevator, steam heat; parlor dining room; excellent table; American.

IRVING PLACE, 53, GRAMERCY DISTRICT.—Nicholas Fish mansion; attractive those desiring quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast in rooms; references.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; Winter rates; attractive, homelike; log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

New Jersey.

Couple with artistically furnished home would like few congenial people; private bath; electricity; well heated; moderate. Telephone 671 R. Irvine, 83 Clark Place, E., Mountain Station, Orange, N. J.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25, (near 9th.)—Refined surroundings; medium sized front room; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming rooms; bachelors; sunny basement, suitable studio, students; electricity; references.

9TH ST., 81 WEST.—Very desirable, well furnished, single rooms; southern exposure; references.

13TH ST., 104, (west of 6th Av.)—Desirable accommodations; excellent rooms; adjoining bathrooms; gentlemen.

20TH ST., 345 WEST.—Parlor for business, and other rooms to let.

23D ST., 431 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms, every convenience, suitable two, $4; single, $2.50; gentlemen.

38TH ST., 51 WEST, (5th and 6th Avs.)—Bachelor suites; service; small; $2.50 up; doctor's office.

42D, 322 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; heated; tiled bath; $2, upwards; gentlemen; references. Hughes.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath, running water; southern exposure; gentlemen; reference.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large and small rooms to let; all conveniences; for gentlemen.

329 WEST 48TH.
Scrupulously clean, warm rooms; best furnishings; porcelain bath tubs; every convenience.

46TH ST., 63 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; private bath; gentlemen; references; with owner.

57TH, 102 WEST.—Large and small rooms or en suite; bachelors; private family; every modern convenience; exceptional locality; moderate terms; references.

57TH ST., 432 WEST.—Single, double rooms; well heated; convenient Subway, "L"; electricity; telephone; board.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Furnished double rooms; gentleman or couple; bath and 'phone; Subway convenient.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large, sunny room, adjoining bath; steam heat; electric light; telephone.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only; references.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Second-story room; private bath, hot-water supply; room telephone.

70TH ST., 262 WEST.—Bright, sunny room; well heated.

139 WEST 71ST ST.
Docter's office; parlor floor; recently vacated; electricity.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Beautifully furnished one and two room bachelor apartments; private bath; telephone.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

71ST ST., 73 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large rooms, private bath, hot water, $5-$7 weekly.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room for gentleman; private house.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive large and single rooms; baths; southern exposure; Subway express, "L."

75TH ST., 253 WEST.—Newly furnished room, twin beds; private bath; private house; references; gentlemen.

76TH ST., 119 WEST.—Attractive back parlor; suitable doctor or bachelor quarters; dressing room; reasonable.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Sunny front room; also back room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Large room on second floor; also single room; electric lights; telephone.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Large front room, private bath, electric light, also medium room; reference.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Comfortable small room, bathroom same floor; private family; 7965—Schuyler.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Elegant parlor-floor rooms, with extension; suitable doctor or dentist.

78TH, 114 WEST.—Large sunny room, with dressing room adjoining; bath; also single room; moderate.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable single, double rooms; heated; hot water; near "L" and Subway.

78TH ST., 160 WEST.—Newly furnished, large room; southern exposure; private bath; scrupulously clean.

78TH ST., 168 WEST.—Elegant rooms; all improvements; private family; Subway; excellent table; board optional.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms in attractive private house; breakfast optional; references; telephone.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—Comfortable large and small rooms will be offered to those appreciating cleanliness and attention in quiet American home; exceptional terms for Winter.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large room and bath; southern exposure, electric lights, telephone; reasonable rates.

82D, 148 WEST.—Well-furnished room; dressing room attached, bath adjoining; suitable two; 'phone.

82D, 110 WEST.—Select gentlemen, families; large room; provide bath; small; home cooking; optional.

83D ST., 127 WEST.—Large, sunny room, suitable studio or family; also medium; refined; moderate.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable front room, adjoining bath; large single room; $3.50. Anderson.

85TH ST., 140 WEST.—Neat, finely furnished large, small rooms; private house; telephone; skylight room.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Handsome back parlor; private bath; clean, warm, select; every convenience; all cars.

92D, 51 WEST.—Large and small, sunny rooms; running water; bath adjoining; moderate; telephone.

93D, 157 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; convenient Subway, L; private family; gentlemen only.

97TH ST., (west of Broadway.)—Select two-room suite; high-class elevator apartment; every comfort and convenience. Telephone 6780 River, Apt. 1B.

96TH ST., 301 WEST, (West End Av.)—Sunny front room; gentleman; Subway one block. Petersen.

96TH ST., 111 WEST.—Comfortable bedroom; all conveniences; Subway, "L"; $2.50. Bannigan.

101ST ST., 331 WEST.—Private family offers room overlooking Riverside to refined party; board? Gaston.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house, near Riverside Drive; nicely furnished room; all conveniences; home comforts; telephone.

102D, 211, (corner Broadway.)—Medium outside sunny room; private family; moderate; suitable party. Fradkin.

213 WEST 105TH ST.
Large front room, suitable two; telephone.
Thomson

106TH ST., 225 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive, sunny parlor and alcove; also large room; conveniences. Winans.

107TH ST., 220 WEST.—Attractively furnished room; southern exposure; elevator; private family; references. Apartment 35.

111TH ST., 57 WEST.—All conveniences; 'phone, elevator, steam heat; Subway and "L"; moderate rates. Powers.

112TH ST., 504 WEST, (Cathedral Heights.)—Sunny room, first-class elevator apartment house; telephone; radiator; Broadway Subway; New Englanders; references; reasonable. Foster.

115TH, 604 WEST.—Two front rooms; one block Subway express; conveniences. Hoag.

414 WEST 118TH ST.
Large, small rooms; elevator; Subway. Smith.

119TH ST., 422 WEST.—Newly furnished, sunny rooms; elevator; telephone; reasonable. Call at Apt. 1.

122D ST., 509 WEST.—Choice, newly furnished outside rooms, $4-$6; elevator; board optional. Howell.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Handsome suite, outside sunny rooms; elevator; 'phone. Apartment 51.

123D ST., 526 WEST.
Neat small room, $2. Reynolds.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—High-class outside rooms; running water; river view; meal accommodations. Pierson.

142D ST., 611 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms; all improvements; private family; reasonable.

CLAREMONT AV., 175, (near Riverside.)—Select room, $5 weekly, $1 daily; private family. Cotton.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 481, near 118th St.—Several beautiful rooms; board optional. Apt. 28.

REFINED, STRICTLY PRIVATE FAMILY offers exceptionally desirable room in high-class apartment facing Drive; references. Ultra, M 10 Times.

ROOM for lady, near Columbia University; exceptional references. Telephone evenings 5120 Morningside. Apartment 62.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view Stuyvesant Park; references; telephone; steam heat; breakfast optional.

17TH ST., 113 EAST.—Suite, large, clean, heated; parlors; also smaller rooms; running water; telephone.

29TH ST., 48 EAST.—DESIRABLE ROOMS; PRIVATE HOUSE; REFERENCES.

33D, 15 EAST.—SINGLE FURNISHED ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Attractive rooms; gentlemen; references.

59TH ST., 56 EAST.—Room, with private bath and hallboy service, at reasonable and attractive rates. Roland.

92D, 129 EAST.—Large or small room; every convenience; excellent neighborhood; private residence; 'phone.

MADISON AV., 295.—Attractively furnished large and medium rooms; gentlemen; select.

MADISON AV., 276, 278, 295.—Elegant rooms, private baths; splendid location; reasonable.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

52d St., 30 West.—Six-story American basement brownstone dwelling, just remodeled in most modern style, with electric elevator; room telephones, &c.; size 22x100; restricted, insuring light and air; for sale or rent. C. C. Bull, 27 William St.

95th St., 46 and 48 West.—Three-story and basement private dwellings for rent; open for inspection. W. J. Taylor, 5 East 42d St.

Bronx.

2,447 Walton Av., Near Fordham Road.—Beautiful house, 7 rooms, bath, furnace; $35 monthly. Inquire 2,439 Walton Av.

Personal

40 cents per agate line each insertion.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ARticles of separation having been signed between GEORGE A. HUHN and ALYCE M. HUHN, his wife, under which ample financial provision has been made for the wife, the undersigned will not be responsible for any bills or indebtedness contracted by his wife, Alyce M. Huhn.
(Signed) GEORGE A. HUHN.
Philadelphia, Nov. 23d, 1911.

I am no longer responsible for any debt contracted by my wife, Mrs. Valentine Rammeboo after date. G. RAMMEBOO.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

DR. ENRICO D'AMBROSIO of 340 East Sixteenth Street has filed a petition to get rid of a deficiency judgment for $4,645, and he has no assets.

EUGENE H. BAUM, dentist of 46 West 129th Street, has filed a petition with liabilities $2,427 and no available assets. The liabilities are $1,792, deficiency judgment, and $635 loans.

ABRAMOWITZ & KRANTZ.—Judge Hough has appointed Albert Falck receiver for Abramowitz & Krantz, manufacturers of furs at 11 Great Jones Street, bond $500. The liabilities are $2,500.

JACOB RASSNER.—A petition has been filed against Jacob Rassner, jobber in diamonds and jewelry at 12 Dutch Street, by Morris D. Hirsch, a creditor, for $525. The liabilities are $20,000 and assets $1,000.

STAR CANDY COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Star Candy Company, at 124 Third Avenue, by these creditors: Peter T. Caparell, $920; Edward J. Kobert, $568, and John Chiotis, $150. The assets are $4,000.

SAMUEL ELROFF.—A petition has been filed against Samuel Elroff, wholesale jeweler at 71 Nassau Street, by these creditors: Michael H. Marks, $358; Morris D. Hirsch, $38, and Louis J. Kampler, $294. The liabilities are $10,000 and assets $750.

NATHAN HARRIS.—A petition has been filed against Nathan Harris, dealer in dress goods, silks and satins, at 154 Ridge Street, by these creditors: H. B. Claflin Company, $300; Mortimer Mallinger, $200, and Champion Silk Company, $79. The liabilities are $15,000 and assets $5,000. Judge Hough appointed Henry B. Singer receiver and authorized him to continue business twenty days.

CITY AND SUBURBAN DELIVERY COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the City and Suburban Delivery Company of New York, at 390 and 392 Mosholu Parkway South, by these creditors: August W. Rabe, $1,151; Herman H. Gerken, $2,329, and Edward C. Striffler, $49. The liabilities are more than $10,000 and assets estimated at $5,000. Judge Hough appointed William Henkel, receiver and authorized him to continue business for ten days.

Judgments.

These judgments, for amounts more than $100, were filed yesterday, the first named being that of the debtor:

Blair, William J.—Bernheim Distilling Co., $106.
Blackburn, Joseph E.—Audubon National Bank of New York, $25,267.
Battelle, Thomas P.—I. C. Thurm et al., $119.
Brown, Pierre M., John P. Manning, and Reginald D. Taylor, executors—First National Bank of Jamaica, N. Y., $7,732.
Coffin, E. C.—W. C. Reid, $1,156.
Crooke, Robert L.—G. D. Waas, $975.
Constantine, Raeffael—V. Farrisinelli, $183.
Clark, Nanny J.—N. B. Moore, Jr., $168.
Cirolli, Andrea, and George Benedetto, (not summoned)—W. W. Smith, $271.
Charlton, William—D. P. Nichols, costs, $108.
Dietrich, John—American Dimalt Co., $166.
Debus, Jacob—O. M. Arkenburgh, $494.
Dougherty, William A.—L. Fried et al., $181.
Fromm, Joseph—N. Y. Edison Co., $114.
Freedman, Barnett—M. Brukenfeld, $133.
Friedberger, Walter—Babcock Electric Carriage Co., $640.
Fihrer, Rebecca—N. Shaffer, $264.
Ferguson, Benjamin, and Oscar Klenberg—I. Arker, $161.
Goldberg, Harris, John, (not summoned,) and Joseph, (not summoned)—I. R. Kafke, $217.
Giehl, Anna—J. Daniels, $342.
Groll, Frederick W.—I. Martin, $12,266.
Groll, Frederick E.—Same, $9,767.
Gordon, James R.—F. S. Geost, $2,969.
Gilmartin, John, and John Dowell, (not summoned)—G. H. Bruck et al., $190.
Geiss, Harry S.—Louis Amberg & Son, $110.
Grimaldi, Francesco, and Antonio Cunillo—People, &c., $500.
Husson, Susan H.—C. V. Gabriel, $155.
Irving, James A.—Dimock & Fink Co., $135.
Jacobson, Lily L.—Greenhut-Siegel Cooper Co., $102.
Jensen, Anton—F. A. Richmond, $234.
James, Morgan T.—Modern Fireproofing and Reconstruction Co., $164.
Jacobowitz, Morris—J. Keck, costs, $109.
Kreky, Clementine—J. Jaburg et al., $170.
King, Alfred A.—T. G. Patterson, $228.
Kahn, Edward U.—N. J. Miller et al., $306.
La Salla, May, and Max Bernow—People, &c., $500.
Locke, Charles E.—Bank of Gowanda, $1,649.
Leahy, John M.—William A. Miles & Co., $531.
Leivit, Jacob, Harris Beles, and Wolf Kastner—I. Goldowitz et al., $302.
Lipschitz, Herman, and Max Weber, (not summoned)—W. B. Shomo, $259.
Lichenstein, Otto—S. M. Katz, $225.
Moore, Frank J.—L. J. Carey, $1,453.
Muller, Conrad, Jr., Nine Muller, Owen J. Clinton, and Mary J. Clinton—C. Cannatella, $413.
McGovern, Philip—Bernheim Distilling Co., $171.
Marcus, Bernard, Max Marcus, Jacob Granowitz, Samuel Cohen, Joseph J. Bernstein, Samuel Harris, and Abraham Alpern—W. L. Cohn, $403.
Manolakes, Stavres—Samies & Co., $169.
Morris, Adolph—L. Burgheim, $297.
Martling, Nelson P.—Adirondack Trust Co., $111.
McLarney, James J., Vincent, executors; Benjamin R. Lummis, trustee—H. Schwartzkopf, $3,005.
McAuliffe, Nellie—W. G. Ford, $116.
Miller, James A., Jr.—F. W. Coon, $6,163.
Norton, Gordon—F. N. Du Bois et al., $173.
Follock, Simon O., and Hermen Feinberg—Central Syndicate, $487.
Palmer, J. Curtis—B. Strubel, $317.
Ross, Jacob, and Rudolph Pollak—People, &c., $1,000.
Ross, Reas, and Rudolph Pollak—Same, $500.
Rasmussen, Robert T.—Trautman Tire Co., $134.
Robinson, Andrew J.—N. Morris, et al., $307.
Rudolph, William H.—A. W. Fredo, $1,345.
Same—Same, $1,339.
Roth, Richard—E. Brann, costs, $118.
Stokes, George D., and James J. Hines—People, &c., $500.
Small, Leroy J.—J. Johnson, $292.
Smith, Fitzhugh—R. F. B. Seaman, $851.
Schmidt, Charles—N. T. Swezey's Sons & Co., $175.
Schollo, Annie—R. L. Graham, $204.
Schollo, Joseph, Sr.—Same, $235.
Swan, H. Tilden—W. G. Douglas, $194.
Stevenson, Joseph—Mott Haven Co., $3,452.
Spiegel, Louis—Michael E. Paterno Realty Co., $125.
Sanders, Joseph—Greenhut-Siegel Cooper Co., $156.
Samese, Nathan—D. E. Alexander, $125.
Sharkey, Thomas M.—Adirondack Trust Co., $327.
Salvatore, Vincinguerra—P. Giacobbe, $119.
Shapiro, Albert, Barnet Maggin, Jacob Maggin, and Louis I. Lehman, (not summoned)—D. Sax, $122.
Stevenson, Joseph—S. D. Stevenson, $7,225.
Van Brunt, William T.—E. F. Hurlbert, $612.
Uhlfelder, Simon, and Abraham Weinberg—W. H. Sands et al., $9,039.
Same—B. A. Sands, $8,898.
Same—American Mortgage Co., $3,277.
Wannop, Joseph—C. Peterson, $312.
Weinberg, Gustave—Century Tire Co., $227.
Weeks, Henry T.—National Bridge Works, $266.
Wenck, Frederick A.—Carpenter & Corcoran, $370.
Woodcock, Mylo E.—S. H. Shadboldt, $2,656.
Superior Asbestos Co.—A. Langstadter, $106.
Zeilingold, Abraham M.—Market and Fulton National Bank, $211.
N. Y. Building and Improvement Co.—L. Jacob et al., costs, $125.
Brook Construction Co.—H. W. Johns-Manville Co., $206.
People's One to Twenty-five Cent Department Stores—A. Ernsthal et al., $129.
Wemlinger Steel Piling Co.—Wormser-Goodman Construction Co., $255.
Hoffman-Youmans Paper Mills—Maurice O'Mara Co., $374.
Leary, John, (not summoned,) Alfred Schwarz, (not summoned,) and S. M. Marcus—O. Mills et al., $460.
Allis-Chalmers Co.—J. L. Elliott, costs, $[illegible].
Louvre Realty Co.—State Investing Co., $3,14[illegible].
Same—Same, $3,081.
Same—Same, $1,283.
Real Construction Co., (not summoned,) Hyman D. Baker, Robert Arnstein, and Isaac Cohen—I. Berg, $272.
J. A. Noone Lumber Co.—Citizens' Bank, $[illegible].
James Reilly's Sons Co.—P. B. Noylan, $10[illegible].
Gingold Realty Co., Abraham J. Goldstein, Moses A. Goldstein, Harry Ginsburg, and Parshelsky Brothers, (not summoned)—J. H. Warbelowsky, $319.
Fifth Avenue Coach Co.—W. H. Mims, $[illegible].
Lobel Andrews Co.—E. Kulinski, $748.
Edinboro Construction Co.—B. Strobel, $[illegible].
Van Norden Construction Co.—A. Hogen[illegible] et al., $1,286.
Dacorn Realty Co., Ralph W. Davis, John S. Davis, and George E. Cohn—Hinkle Iron Co., $722.
Automatic Platen Press Co.—F. Lansing, $16,764.
Builders' Marble Works, J. Ensign Fuller, and Samuel Keller—Philip Kramer Diamond and Jewelry Co., $1,055.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date when judgment was filed.

Schless, Nathan J.—West Side Construction Co., Oct. 26, 1910, $177.
McCrum, Lloyd G.—E. F. Easts, Oct. 6, 1910, $2,589.
Picone Realty Co.—Webster Iron Works, Nov. 9, 1911, $711.
Burnham, Frederick K.—R. Jacobs, June 29, 1911, $1,049.
Pollak, Rudolph—People, &c., Nov. 22, 1911, $500.
Smith, Charles, and Margaret T. Johnston—Otis Elevator Co., Sept. 28, 1911, $151.
Stanton, Nora—G. J. Anderson et al., June 29, 1911, $253.
Harlib, Michael—L. Harlib, June 27, 1911, $[illegible].
Dalton, John—City of N. Y., May 19, 1910, (canceled,) $193.
Peto Realty Co., Isaac Grossman and Jacob Weingarten—Fullerton Electric Co., April [illegible], 1911, $392.
Balteransky, Louis—J. Gottesfeld, Nov. [illegible], 1911, $270.
Gilroy, Eugene C.—S. Lathrop, June 15, 1911, (reversed,) $701.

HOME TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Further information regarding the following Home Trade Opportunities may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to.

355. NAVY DEPARTMENT SUPPLIES.—The Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, will receive bids until Nov. 28, 1911, for the supply of raw linseed oil, Schedule 4,080. Tenders are invited until Dec. 5, 1911, for furnishing the following supplies: Firms interested therein should make application to the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, giving the schedules desired by number: Schedule 4,087, iron or steel bands and bolts, black pipe, galvanized steel pipe, rubber dredging sleeves, plumbers' supplies; Schedule 4,090, iron bolts and rivets, galvanized iron buckets, boatswains' calls, steel files, needles, copper rivets, wood screws, squilgees, and handles; Schedule 4,091, corn brooms, air hose, upper deck fire hose, artificial leather, rawhide lacing leather, rigging leather, billiard cloth, sheet lead, sheet tin; Schedule 4,094, black metal buckles, cap leathers, soap powder, clothes stops, dress canvas, lining canvas, Italian canvas, sleeve lining cloth, black silk ribbon, three-cord black silk, cotton thread, linen thread, sheet wadding; Schedule 4,092, plastic magnesia cement, magnesia pipe covering, hair felt, flanges for steel tubing, rubber hose, leyden jars, wick asbestos packing, corset lacing packing, scoop shovels, manganese bronze; Schedule 4,088, white ash, mahogany, North Carolina pine, white pine, yellow pine, spruce; Schedule 4,095, nickel, hot-rolled steel, pig tin, nitric and sulphuric acid; Schedule 4,089, muriatic acid, putty, sal ammoniac, turpentine substitute, dry white zinc; Schedule 4,093, tinned bacon, smoked hams, tinned hams, tinned lard, salt pork, rice, tinned tomatoes. Bids will be received until Dec. 12, 1911, for the following: Schedule 4,082, traveling crane; Schedule 4,083, surface condenser; Schedule 4,103, universal milling machine; Schedule 4,102, car puller; Schedule 4,084, transformer and spark gaps; Schedule 4,081, tinned corn, tinned lard, tinned peaches, raisins, rice, syrup, tinned tomatoes. Proposals will be accepted until Dec. 19 for the following articles. Schedule 4,098, twist drills, chain blocks, machinists' dies, hardware, hinges, expanding mandrels, reamers, machinists' bench vises, pipe wrenches; Schedule 4,099, steel bolts and nuts, pig iron, asbestos mill board, cotton-covered magnet wire, castor oil; Schedule 4,100, composition pipe fittings, iron pipe fittings, iron pipe, composition valves, composition unions, steam gauges; Schedule 4,096, lead pipe, candles, charcoal, linoleum, brass voice tubes, sheet zinc; Schedule 4,085, jerseys, khaki leggings, Turkish cotton bath towels, bathing trunks; Schedule 4,101, laundry soap; Schedule 4,097, rivet marine cement, raw linseed oil, paints, and plumbago. Bids will be received until March 5, 1912, for furnishing 20,000 yards of blue serge at the navy yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., Schedule 4,086.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

IRVING PLACE, 55.—Large, sunny basement front room; bath; electric light; breakfast served if desired; references. Inquire 53 Irving Place.

Three rooms, bath; private house; $33; couple at business desired; references. L 131 Times.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

83d St., 2 West.—Apartment to sublet, unfurnished; seven rooms, bath; corner; beautiful view overlooking Central Park; elevator, telephone; all rooms light; rent reasonable. Compton

507 West 140th St.—Five and six rooms; rents $30 to $40; an up-to-date home in a refined neighborhood; liberal concessions. Apply janitor or Bert G. Faulhaber & Co., Broadway and 156th St.

At 50th St.—832 6th Av., six rooms, range, laundry, tubs; to private family only; rent $28.

West Side.

19TH, 118 EAST.—Studio and bachelor apartment; private bath; steam, electricity; north light; adjacent to National Arts; furnished or unfurnished; reasonable.

Five elegant large rooms, high-class elevator apartment. 41 Convent Av., 130th St. 8 E.

Unfurnished Apartments Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Bachelor apartment above 23d St., and below 59th St., in good neighborhood; not less than four rooms and bath. Address H 66 Times.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 848, (cor 127th.)—Very handsome furnished five, six rooms; elevator; telephone; electricity; linen; silver; $55 monthly upward; beautifully furnished room; use bath, kitchen; $5, $6.

Furnished Bachelor's Apartment.—Large parlor, beedroom and bath, to let from Dec. 21 to April 21 at $70 per month; best proof of responsibility required. Apply janitor, 14 West 45th St., 3 to 6 o'clock.

High class elevator apartment; select neighborhood; five large rooms and bath, $90 per month; references. 526 West 113th St. Apartment 23.

For Rent—Five rooms, beautifully furnished; outside, sunny; river view; $75 per month. 620 Riverside, corner 139th St.

23D ST., 20 EAST (Madison Square South.) Suite two rooms, bathroom, by month.

Furnished Apartments Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Wanted.—By mother and daughter, parlor, bedroom, and bath, furnished or unfurnished, in neighborhood of Columbia College. Address M 22 Times.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 69c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

Knabe mahogany upright piano, like new; will sell at great sacrifice. 316 West 42.

Real Estate For Sale or To Let

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Manhattan.

To close estate interest—For sale, sacrifice, 100-foot modern apartment; adjoining Broadway, vicinity 110th St.; completely leased. Choice, 282 Times Downtown.

Handsome brownstone house, near Greenwich Av.; three-story basement; rent $900 per annum; $2,500 will buy. Duross Co., 155 W. 14th.

Estate offers 15 per cent. investment in five-story cold water tenement with store; East 5th St.; asking $25,000; assessed value $25,000; little cash required. Derschuch, 150 Broadway.

Long Island.

Have most desirable large acreage tract on Long Island for sale. Edwin C. Hill, 1 West 34th St., New York City.

New York State.

Old-fashioned house with ample grounds, suitable for raising chickens, &c.; has steam heat, hot water, and bath; splendid location on Hudson, with 5c. fare to city; moderate price and terms. M 18 Times.

New Jersey.

Do you want a bungalow? Have you seen Fanwood, N. J.? We are building several there; we will build one for you on very easy payments; beautiful home sites, large shade trees, only a few minutes from depot and trolley. You can buy a large plot for a home, upon payment of $5 per month. Let us send you particulars; we furnish free tickets to visit property. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Handsome private dwelling, 7 rooms, modern conveniences, including furnace heat, hot water supply, gas, and electricity; plot 50x100; delightfully located on the Palisades, within three minutes of Public Service Trolley, connecting with 42d or 130th St. ferries to city; $27.50. Write or call A. W. Dexter, office corner of Grant Av. and Public Service Trolley, Grantwood, N. J.

Raise chickens on our little farms, 100x565; room enough to raise 1,000 of them, besides having a garden and large yard around your house; within ten minutes' walk of trolley and railroad depot, Fanwood, N. J.; $10 cash secures one; balance very easy payments; send for particulars and free tickets to visit property. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

An apartment of five rooms in new two-family brick house, with all modern improvements; located beneath the Palisades, opposite Grant's Tomb, with only 5c. fare to city; $25. Write or call, A. W. Dexter, office corner of Grant Av. and Public Service trolley, Grantwood, N. J.

A village farm, 6 acres; house, 9 rooms, bath, steam heat; barn, chicken houses for 1,000, brooder house; fruit; convenient. Particulars, photos. Quackenbush, 212 Broadway, corner Fulton St., New York.

Morristown, N. J., properties for sale or rent. Eugene V. Welsh, Morristown, N. J.

New England.

City family expended $5,000 on buildings within two years; half mile from tide water; modern machinery, engine, vehicles and tools included; in village, between Boston and Portsmouth; 70 acres; $2,000 worth timber; 150 apple trees; other fruit; spring water; two-story house, 14 rooms, bath, open plumbing, hardwood floors, 11 master's rooms, 3 rooms for help; piazzas; good repair; price, $6,300, part cash. Photos and inventory at Chapin Farm Agency, 294 Washington St., Boston.

CANAL AMENDMENTS MAY BE CARRIED

All the Other Constitutional Changes Voted Down at the Last Election.

SALARY INCREASES BEATEN

Heavy Up-State Vote Against More Pay for Governor and Legislators—City Vote to Save Canal Plans.

Reports from up-State indicate that only an unusually heavy vote in their favor will save any of the Constitutional amendments submitted to the voters at the recent election. Those most likely to be carried, if any, are the amendment prohibiting the sale of canal lands by the State, and the proposition for a $19,800,000 bond issue, the proceeds to be used for establishing terminals for the new 1,000-ton Barge Canal, which is approaching completion.

Of all the Constitutional amendments, none was more strongly resented up-State than the one involving an increase in the salary of legislators. They now receive $1,500 a year and certain traveling expenses. Through the Constitutional amendment, which passed a Republican Legislature before it was approved by the Democratic Legislature this year, it was proposed to raise the salary of Senators to $3,500, and of Assemblymen to $3,000 and to increase very materially their allowance for traveling to and from their homes during the sessions. Semi-official reports from twenty-three up-State counties show an adverse majority against increasing the lawmakers' pay, of approximately 76,000. This is larger than the indicated majority against any of the other amendments.

A large adverse majority against the proposition to raise the Governor's salary from $10,000 to $20,000 is also reported from the twenty-three up-State counties where the canvassers have been at work on the tabulation of the vote. From the reports it would appear that these twenty-three counties had voted against the salary increase for the Governor by an aggregate adverse majority of something like 64,000.

About the same adverse majority was registered against Amendment No. 5, which would have taken from the Appellate Division in the respective Judiciary districts the power to designate Supreme Court Justices to sit in Special Term and to fix the time for such sittings as well as make rules for them. Had the amendment been passed the power would have been transferred to the Supreme Court Justices themselves.

Amendment No. 3, which would have added two new County Judges in Kings, was defeated in the twenty-three counties heard from, by something like 61,000. The amendment providing for excess condemnation of property taken for public uses, in order to enable municipalities to benefit from increase in property values growing out of public improvements, was defeated in the twenty-three counties by an adverse majority aggregating upward of 66,000.

The expectation that the Constitutional amendment prohibiting the sale of canal lands and the proposition for the $19,800,000 canal terminal bond issue may have been passed is based on the belief that this city has given a large vote in favor of them and that Erie County and Niagara, both "canal counties," have done well. Reports already received show that only five up-State counties so far heard from have given majorities for the two propositions affecting the Barge Canal. They are "canal counties," namely: Monroe, Clinton, Rensselaer, Albany, and Oneida. The aggregate majority for the amendment against the sale of canal lands in those counties was 7,115, and that for the canal terminal bond issue nearly 16,000. Other counties touched by the Barge Canal, such as Cayuga, Oswego, Saratoga, Ontario, Montgomery, and Yates, voted against both propositions.

The net adverse majority against the canal land amendment in the twenty-three up-State counties is reported as about 42,000, and against the bond issue, about 31,500. It is not thought unlikely that this city, where shipping would benefit largely through the all-State water route, has given a sufficient majority for the two canal measures to overcome the adverse vote up-State.

A New
ARROW
Notch COLLAR
Easy to put on, easy to take off, easy to tie the tie in.
Cluett, Peabody & Company, Makers, Troy, N. Y.

"Clothes From Maker to Wearer"

"The Smartest $25 Overcoats at $15"—Moe Levy

This is not a sale nor a bolstered price argument—It's an actual value based on the comparison of my $15 clothes with those shown by the regular retailer at $25.

I can give you a $25 suit or overcoat for $15—because I manufacture the clothes in my own workrooms and save you the profit that the regular retailer has to pay the wholesale manufacturer.

Then, again, I save thousands of dollars a year in rent, because my store is located on Walker Street, away from the great high-rent districts. Buying clothes from me is simply buying the best made, best styled garments without the manufacturer's profit and high rental cost added to the price. You won't find such advanced styles elsewhere because the regular retailer must buy his stock six months in advance and he shows only "safe" styles. Because I own my manufacturing plant, I can adopt the most advanced styles of the finest custom tailors in a week's time.

Come to 119-125 Walker Street and let me prove to you the advantages I offer you. There is no speculation here—all you need be interested in is the choosing of the garment. I guarantee positive satisfaction—courtesy, accommodation, service, and $25 clothes for $15, or your money back.

Open Evenings Until 9 o'clock **Moe Levy** Open Saturdays Until 11 P. M.

(My Only Store) 119-125 Walker St., 3 Blocks East of Broadway, New York

The home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

Thanksgiving

WE have good reason to be thankful for the year just past.

It has seen an increase in our business,—a substantial increase. Those who know us and who have bought of us have good cause to be thankful, too.

Because we have helped them reduce the cost of living; helped in this way: We have insisted that Hart, Schaffner & Marx give us the greatest possible value in every garment they make for us. So they have.

Suits and Overcoats of their make that we are selling at $18, $20, $22.50 and $25 are actually the same in fabric and workmanship that others sell for from $5 to $10 more. Custom tailors can hardly equal our more expensive garments—at double our prices. For instance—those at $35, $40, $45 and $50.

Nor are these just "catch-penny" advertising statements. They are the simple truth. We want you to be skeptical and,—FAIR. We want you to come here to-day and prove to your own satisfaction that what we say is even understating our case.

Suits $18 to $50 Overcoats $15 to $65

Furnishings

MEN'S Furnishers generally charge for their name. We don't. Any article of Haberdashery bought here looks like a good deal more than its price.

Hats

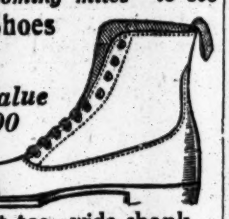
AS HATTERS we have been known for years as givers of unordinary value. So we are. Witness our Wallach Hats at $2. Our Stetsons at $3.50, $5 and $8.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings)
1195 Broadway Just below 29th St.
246-248 West 125th St. (Open Evenings)

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.
Styles worth "coming miles" to see
Fall Russet Shoes $3.98
Wonderful Value Worth $6.00
On new English flat last



Low heel, flat toe—wide shank
1,000 Pairs of Samples at $2.60
Several New Lots—Russet & Black
All are from makers of $4.00 shoes.

Wear Red=Man COLLARS.
All Styles.
EARL & WILSON.

A Wholesome Dainty 92

Lindt Chocolate is the ideal confection for young and old because of its extreme delicacy of flavor and rich nutritious qualities.

Lindt Chocolate
Rod. Lindt fils.

Lindt superiority manifests itself at the first taste.
Imported in Cakes and Wafers at $1. per pound at the best stores everywhere.
All Sizes, 5c.—$1.
Chas. Spitz, Mgr. 18-20 W. 21st St. New York

When 2069 New York Dentists prescribe
Vernas Lotion
Its merit is established
VERNAS is a general antiseptic, relieving disorders of the mouth, throat and mucous membrane. Its taste a delightful sensation.
Buy VERNAS today

ASTOR B'way, 45th. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-morrow & Wed. 2:15. Wed. Mats. 50c-$1.50.
"Catches on like a house afire."—Eve. Sun.
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK in the nihilistic play with a musical dress, THE RED WIDOW.
Seats Selling 10 Weeks in Advance.

GEO. M. Cohan Theatre, B'way & 43d St. Mts. Tom'w&Thurs. 2:15.
AMERICA, THE GREATEST DRAWING CARD IN COHAN and his own Company in
Best Farce Ever Set to Music.
The Little Millionaire.

GRAND Opera Ho. 25c to $1. Mat. To-morrow
23 St. 8th Av. Francis Wilson "The Bachelor's Baby."
Next Week—ALICE LLOYD, "Little Miss Fix-It."

CENTURY (Formerly New Theatre) 62d and 8th Ave. Phone 8800 Col.
Evgs. 8 Sharp; Mats. Sat., Wed., Thanksgiving at 2.
THE 8TH WONDER OF THE WORLD.
THE GARDEN OF ALLAH
Seats on Sale to Dec. 30. Prices 50c. to $2.50.

WALLACK'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Sat., Wed., Thanksg'g.
GEORGE ARLISS in DISRAELI
"Triumph for author and actor."—Eve. Sun.

NATIONAL HORSE SHOW

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
November 24, 25: Morning, Afternoon and Evening.
Opens daily 9 AM.
International Events
Daily Concerts
Seats in two upper galleries are not reserved
LAST Horse Show in the GARDEN
U. S. Officers vs. English, Belgian, Dutch and Canadian Military Contests. Hunters, High Jumping, Four-in-Hands, Tandems, Ladies' Saddle Horses, Draught Horses, Stallions, ADMISSION $1

ELMENDORF CARNEGIE HALL, 57 ST.
SUNDAY NIGHT at 8:30 Prices $1.50,
MONDAY MATINEE at 3:30 $1, 75c & 50c.
"FLORENCE & VENICE"

HIPPODROME
6 Av., 43-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8.
AROUND THE WORLD
Series of Earth Embracing Spectacles.
NEXT SUNDAY EVENING. (Seats Now.)
"A VANISHING RACE" Story of INDIAN Tribal Life
TOLD BY EDWARD S. CURTIS Beautiful Colored Slides, Wonderful Dissolving Views and Vivid Motion Pictures.
Orch. of 22. Pop. Prices

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th St. 'Phone 411 Columbus. MAT. TO-M'W Best Seats $1
Special Matinee Thanksgiving Day
BIG NEW MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT,
"VERA VIOLETTA"
WITH GABY DESLYS, ANNETTE KELLERMANN AND WONDERFUL STAR CAST.
SUNDAY NIGHT BIG CONCERT.

DALY'S B'way and 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Wed., Thanksg'g 2:15
VIOLA ALLEN
with Henry Kolker and Exceptional Company, in THE LADY of COVENTRY A Love Romance.
Sun—"Altogether lovely. Miss Allen's success greater than in any of her recent plays."

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'way and 6th Av. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat., Thanksg'g
THE IRISH PLAYERS
"Blanco Posnet" and "The Well of the Saints." Next week, Seats Now—Mon., Tues., Wed. & Wed. Mat., Tksg'g Mat. and Night, "The Jail Gate" and "The Playboy of the Western World"; Fri. and Sat. Mat. and Night, "The Building Fund," "Kathleen ni Houlihan," and "The Workhouse Ward."

LYRIC, 42d, W. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. Last Mt. Tom'w 2:15
—THE DRAMA PLAYERS— Donald Robertson, Dir.
To-night, "THE THUNDERBOLT."
MON., Nov. 27 Seats Now on Sale. Henry W. Savage will offer
LITTLE BOY BLUE
A Romantic Operetta with a Notable Cast.

Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way & 35th Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Wed., Thanksg'g.
Lew Fields Presents THE WIFE HUNTERS with Emma Carus.

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evgs. 8:10. Mats. Sat., Wed., Thanksgiving.
VIENNESE OPERETTA The Kiss Waltz

Playhouse 48th St., E. of B'way. Phone 2628 Bry. Evs. 8:10. Mats., Sat. Wed., Thanksg'g.
Bought and Paid For
THE BIGGEST PLAY OF OUR TIME.

William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Tues., Tksg'g.
Bunty Pulls the Strings

39TH ST. Thea. 39th, near B'way. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Sat., Wed., Thanksg'g 2:20.
THE MILLION
"A Sure Cure for the Blues."—Times.

BROADWAY B'way & 41st St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Wed., Thanksg'g.
LEW FIELDS Presents THE NEVER HOMES

MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th St. & 8th Av. EVENINGS AT 8 SHARP
Last 2 Weeks. Mats. Sat., Wed. & Thanksg'g 2 Sharp.
E. H. SOTHERN AND JULIA MARLOWE
In Shakespearean Repertoire. 25c. to $1.50.
To-night, "Romeo and Juliet"; Sat. Mat., "The Merchant of Venice"; Sat. Night, "Twelfth Night." NEXT WEEK—Mon. Evg. and Wed. Mat., "Macbeth"; Tues. Evg., "Hamlet"; Wed. Evg., "Taming of the Shrew"; Thurs. (Thanksgiving) Mat., "Taming of the Shrew"; Thurs. Evg., "As You Like It"; Fri. Evg., "Merchant of Venice"; Sat. Mat., "Romeo and Juliet"; Sat. Evg., "Twelfth Night."

WEST END. 125th, W. of 8th. Av. Evgs. 8:15.
A Long, Lingering Laugh, OVER NIGHT Next Mat. Sat. 2:15.
Next Week—Mme. SIMONE in THE WHIRLWIND

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
TO-NIGHT at 8, (Double Bill,) CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA and PAGLIACCI. Mmes. Destinn, Alten, Maubourg, Mattfeld; MM. Caruso, Martin, Scotti, Gilly, Bada. Conductor, Sturani.
SAT. MAT. at 1:45, LOHENGRIN. Mmes. Fremstad, Matzenauer; MM. Jadlowker, Weil, Witherspoon, Hinshaw. Conductor, Hertz.
SUN. EVG. at 8:30—POP. PRICE CONCERT The Celebrated Pianist, De Pachmann MME. GLUCK MR. WITHERSPOON Entire Metr. Opera Orchestra. Conductor, Pasternack.
NEXT WEEK: MON. EVG. at 8:15, LOBETANZ. Mmes. Gadski, Sparkes, Case; MM. Jadlowker, Witherspoon, Hinshaw, Ruysdael, Murphy. Con., Hertz.
WED. EVG. at 8, LA GIOCONDA. Mmes. Destinn, Orridge, Wickham; MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola Conductor, Toscanini.
THURS., THANKSGIVING MATINEE at 1, PARSIFAL. Mme. Fremstad; MM. Burrian, Amato, Witherspoon, Goritz, Hinshaw, Reiss, Murphy. Con., Hertz.
THURS. EVG. at 8:15, IL TROVATORE. Mmes. Gadski, Orridge; MM. Martin, Gilly, Rossi, Audisio, Missiano. Conductor, Sturani.
FRI. EVG. at 8, KOENIGSKINDER. Mmes. Farrar, Wickham, Fornia; MM. Jadlowker, Goritz, Didur, Reiss. Conductor, Hertz.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
TO-MORROW EVG. at 8, IL TROVATORE. Mmes. Gadski, Orridge (debut); MM. Martin, Amato, Rossi, Audisio, Missiano. Conductor, Sturani.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

PHILHARMONIC
—Society of New York—
JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor.
CARNEGIE HALL.
THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:30.
Parsifal, Prelude & Glorification; Good Friday Spell; Funeral March from Mahler 5th Symp.; Beethoven, "Eroica."
50c. to $2. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.
Sunday Aft. at 3, 50c. to $1.50, Tschaikowsky "Pathetique," Mauen—Saint-Saens—Liszt. Soloist, LEO SCHULZ.

SYMPHONY CONCERTS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.
Walter Damrosch............Conductor
First Concert, Sat., Nov. 25, at 2:30
Classic German
Symphony, (Pastoral,) Romanze in G, (Violin Solo,) Beethoven, Overture "Oberon," Weber. Tickets at Office, 1 W. 34th St., & Carnegie Hall.

MINER'S 8TH AVE. BOWERY BRONX
BARGAIN MATINEE EVERY DAY.
WHIRL OF MIRTH. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.
Moulin Rouge Burlesquers. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.
THE PACEMAKERS. WRESTLING TO-NIGHT

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evs. 8:15
DAVE MARION—Dreamland Burlesquers.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St., Evs. at 8:20 Mats. To-m'w, Wed., Thur. 2:15
LAST 8 NIGHTS—LAST 4 MATS.
JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success, A SINGLE MAN.

LYCEUM Broadway & 45th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs. at 2:15.
LAST 11 TIMES
Miss Billie Burke in the comedy, THE RUNAWAY
"Best role Miss Burke ever had."—Eve. Sun.

PARK 59th St. & B'way, Columbus Circle Ev. 8:10. Mat. To-m'w, Wed., Thurs.
The Quaker Girl With CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

HUDSON 44th St., near B'way. Eve. 8:25. Mats. To-m'w, Wed. & Thurs.
"One of the best plays ever written."—Times.
HELEN WARE in a new drama, THE PRICE

HARRIS West 42d St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs. 2:15.
ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER

FULTON FORMERLY FOLIES BERGERE, 46 Street, near B'way.
NEXT MONDAY EVE. (Seats Now.)
WILLIAM COLLIER in TAKE MY ADVICE.

Knickerbocker B'y, 38th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs. 2:15
"SIREN WALTZ INTOXICATES."—Alan Dale
DONALD BRIAN in New York's Pet Musical Comedy Triumph, THE SIREN
Cast of 100, with Julia Sanderson, Frank Moulan, Will West, Elizabeth Firth, Alan Mudie.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w, Wed., Thur. 2:15
"That great big human and humorous play."
PASSERS-BY

GARRICK 35th St. near B'way. SEATS NOW ON SALE.
NEXT MONDAY NIGHT AT 8:15.
WM. H. CRANE in a new comedy, THE SENATOR KEEPS HOUSE.
EXTRA MATINEE THANKSGIVING DAY.

New Amsterdam W. 42d. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w, Wed. & Thurs.
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe.
THE PINK LADY

LIBERTY W. 42d St. near B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w, Wed. & Thurs. 2:15.
DUSTIN & WILLIAM FARNUM
in a new American play by Edward Peple,
THE LITTLEST REBEL

GAIETY 46th St. & B'way. Eves. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w, Wed. & Thurs. 2:15.
Thomas A. Wise & John Barrymore in the American Farcical Comedy UNCLE SAM

NEW YORK B'way-45th St. Orch. 8 sharp. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs. 2.
KITTY GORDON in the operatic triumph, THE ENCHANTRESS

JOE WEBER'S B'way, 29th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w, Wed., Thur. 2:15
THE WIFE DECIDES A Comedy Drama by Thos. McKean.

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Thur. 2:15.
"Scores a laughing Hit."—American.
THE THREE ROMEOS
A New American Musical Comedy.

BELASCO 44th St., near B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Thanksgiving 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN

HARVARD-YALE.
Tickets at Tyson's, Broadway and 25th St., 1,122 Broadway;) 'phone 5530 Madison.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Mabel Hite, Laddie Cliff, Valerie Bergere & Co., "The Bathing Girls," etc.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Montgomery & Moore, Jos. E. Howard & Mabel McCane, "Leading Lady."

BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St. Daily Mat. 25c. Carrie De Mar, "The Bandit," Wilfred Clarke & Co., and others.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. BURLESQUE Evgs. & Sat. Mat. 25c.-$1. THE COLUMBIA BURLESQUERS. Smoking Matinee To-day 15c, 25c. & 50c.

Opera Ticket OFFICE, 1,431 Broadway. Entrance on 40th St.
Choice Seats all parts of house. Tickets for to-night's Performance. 'Phone 7522 & 8188 Bry.

Hurtig & Seamon's W. 125th Mat. Daily The Crackerjacks AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.
Next Week............................THE BON TONS

5TH AVE. B'way. 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. Maclyn Arbuckle, Walter C. Kelly, Florentine Singers, others.

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42 St. Evs. 25c. to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c Bender, Coombs & Morgan; McIntyre & Heath in a new act, and 15 other acts.

Irving Place Theatre To-night, "Merry Widow"; Sat. Mat., "The Waltz King"; Sat. Eve., "Boccaccio." Extra Mat. Thanksgiving Day.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. Orchestral Concerts. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. ELMO, the Magician. Aft. and Eve.

Olympic East 14th St. Mat. To-day. Seats 25c. THE BIG GAIETY CO.

Academy OF MUSIC. 10, 20 & 30c. The Galley Slave

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. MAT. DAILY. 25c. NORA BAYES & JACK NORWORTH, McMahon & Chappelle, O'Brien, Havel & Kyle, and others.